Certain activities in navigable waters are exempt from needing a permit under chapter 30, Wisconsin Statutes. Using this checklist, you can determine if your project qualifies for an exemption. Your dry fire hydrant is eligible for an exemption if your project will meet all the following conditions:

- The dry fire hydrant may not be located in an area of special natural resource interest (ASNRI) or within a public rights features (PRF)—see the Designated Waters Search on DNR’s website to determine if your waterway is an ASNRI, PRF or has another special designation.

- Erosion control measures shall meet or exceed the technical standards for erosion control approved by the department under subch. V of ch. NR 151. Any area where topsoil is exposed during construction shall be immediately sodded, seeded and mulched, covered with an erosion mat or riprapped to stabilize disturbed areas and prevent soils from being eroded and washed into the waterway.

  Note: These standards can be found at the following website: WDNR Technical Standards.

- Unless part of a permanent stormwater management plan, all temporary erosion and sediment control practices shall be removed upon final site stabilization. Areas disturbed during construction or installation shall be restored.

- Any grading, excavation and land disturbance shall be confined to the minimum area necessary for the construction and may not exceed 10,000 square feet.

- To protect fish habitat during spawning seasons, the dry fire hydrant may not be placed during the following time periods:
  (a) For trout streams and perennial tributaries to trout streams, September 15 through May 15.
  (b) For all waters not identified in (a) and south of State Highway 29, March 15 through May 15.
  (c) For all waters not identified in (a) and north of State Highway 29, April 1 through June 1.

- The dry fire hydrant may be placed and maintained only by a riparian, or by a municipality with the permission of the riparian.

- The dry fire hydrant shall be placed entirely within the riparian’s zone of interest.

- The dry fire hydrant may not be placed in a wetland or in a manner that adversely impedes surface or subsurface flow into or out of any wetland.

- The dry fire hydrant shall have a perforated inlet screen with cap on the inlet end.

- The dry fire hydrant shall be installed with the riser landward of the ordinary high water mark, except where installed on a bridge or culvert.

- A dry fire hydrant located in a lake, pond or flowage shall be installed so that the inlet pipe is at least 3 feet below the surface water level during normal low water level conditions. A dry fire hydrant located in rivers and streams shall be installed so that the inlet pipe is at least one foot below the surface water level during normal low water level conditions.

- The dry fire hydrant may not result in the permanent or temporary deposition of fill in any floodway or wetland.

- The dry fire hydrant may not result in the waterward extension of the upland.

- All equipment used for the project shall be designed and properly sized to minimize the amount of sediment that can escape into the water.

- A deposit of sand, gravel or stone may be associated with the placement of a dry fire hydrant provided the deposit is limited to the area underneath the structure and is less than 2 cubic yards.

- Dredging may be associated with the placement of a dry fire hydrant provided the dredging does not exceed 2 cubic yards.

- Endangered Resources Review: The applicant is not required, but is encouraged to request an endangered resources (ER) review letter before applying for the permit. Information on how to obtain a review can be found by visiting the website at http://dnr.wi.gov/topic/ERReview/Review.html. The applicant can also visit the NHI Public Portal, http://dnr.wi.gov/topic/ERReview/PublicPortal.html, to determine if a full ER Review is required. Read the ‘What is an ER Preliminary Assessment and what do the results mean?’ section to determine follow-up steps.

If your proposed project meets all of these conditions, the project is exempt from permitting. Keep a copy of this checklist for future reference. If your proposed project does not meet all of these conditions, submit a permit application to the Department. To obtain permit information search for it on our website at www.dnr.wi.gov under the topic “Waterway and Wetland Permits.”