EXPIRATION DATE - September 30, 2030



WPDES PERMIT

STATE OF WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

PERMIT TO DISCHARGE UNDER THE WISCONSIN POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM

WESTERN LAKE SUPERIOR SANITARY DISTRICT

is permitted, under the authority of Chapter 283, Wisconsin Statutes, to discharge from a facility located at

2626 COURTLAND STREET, DULUTH, MINNESOTA

to

THE GROUNDWATER OF THE LAKE SUPERIOR DRAINAGE BASIN IN DOUGLAS COUNTY, WI, VIA LAND APPLICATION

in accordance with the effluent limitations, monitoring requirements and other conditions set forth in this permit.

The permittee shall not discharge after the date of expiration. If the permittee wishes to continue to discharge after this expiration date an application shall be filed for reissuance of this permit, according to Chapter NR 200, Wis. Adm. Code, at least 180 days prior to the expiration date given below.

e Secretary				
	BalkLudwig tter Field Supervis	or		

PERMIT TERM: EFFECTIVE DATE - October 01, 2025

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1 Land Application Requirements

1.1 Sampling Point(s)

The discharge(s) shall be limited to land application of the waste type(s) designated for the listed sampling point(s) on Department approved land spreading sites or by hauling to another facility.

Sampling Point Designation				
Sampling Point Location, Waste Type/Sample Contents and Treatment Description (as applicable)				
001	Representative samples of the biosolids cake shall be collected from the centrifuge belt conveyor prior to land application in a manner and at a time appropriate for the specific test.			

1.2 Monitoring Requirements and Limitations

The permittee shall comply with the following monitoring requirements and limitations.

1.2.1 Sampling Point (Outfall) 001 - BIOSOLIDS CAKE

	Monitoring Requirements and Limitations				
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Notes
Solids, Total		Percent	1/2 Months	Composite	
Arsenic Dry Wt	Ceiling	75 mg/kg	1/2 Months	Composite	
Arsenic Dry Wt	High Quality	41 mg/kg	1/2 Months	Composite	
Cadmium Dry Wt	Ceiling	85 mg/kg	1/2 Months	Composite	
Cadmium Dry Wt	High Quality	39 mg/kg	1/2 Months	Composite	
Copper Dry Wt	Ceiling	4,300 mg/kg	1/2 Months	Composite	
Copper Dry Wt	High Quality	1,500 mg/kg	1/2 Months	Composite	
Lead Dry Wt	Ceiling	840 mg/kg	1/2 Months	Composite	
Lead Dry Wt	High Quality	300 mg/kg	1/2 Months	Composite	
Mercury Dry Wt	Ceiling	57 mg/kg	1/2 Months	Composite	
Mercury Dry Wt	High Quality	17 mg/kg	1/2 Months	Composite	
Molybdenum Dry Wt	Ceiling	75 mg/kg	1/2 Months	Composite	
Nickel Dry Wt	Ceiling	420 mg/kg	1/2 Months	Composite	
Nickel Dry Wt	High Quality	420 mg/kg	1/2 Months	Composite	
Selenium Dry Wt	Ceiling	100 mg/kg	1/2 Months	Composite	
Selenium Dry Wt	High Quality	100 mg/kg	1/2 Months	Composite	

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Monitoring Requirements and Limitations					
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Notes
Zinc Dry Wt	Ceiling	7,500 mg/kg	1/2 Months	Composite	
Zinc Dry Wt	High Quality	2,800 mg/kg	1/2 Months	Composite	
Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl		Percent	1/2 Months	Composite	
Nitrogen, Ammonium (NH ₄ -N) Total		Percent	1/2 Months	Composite	
Phosphorus, Total		Percent	1/2 Months	Composite	
Phosphorus, Water Extractable		% of Tot P	1/2 Months	Composite	
Potassium, Total Recoverable		Percent	1/2 Months	Composite	
PFOA + PFOS		μg/kg	Annual	Calculated	Report the sum of PFOA and PFOS. See PFAS permit sections for more information.
PFAS Dry Wt		Annual	Grab	Perfluoroalkyl and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances based on updated DNR PFAS List. See PFAS Permit Sections for more information.	
PCB Total Dry Wt	Ceiling	50 mg/kg	Once	Composite	See the Sludge Analysis for PCBs permit section.
PCB Total Dry Wt	High Quality	10 mg/kg	Once	Composite	See the Sludge Analysis for PCBs permit section.
Municipal Sludge Priority Pollutant Scan			Once	Composite	As specified in ch. NR 215.03 (1-4), Wis. Adm. Code

Other Sludge Requirements			
Sludge Requirements	Sample Frequency		
List 3 Requirements – Pathogen Control: The requirements in List 3 shall be met prior to land application of sludge.	Annual		
List 4 Requirements – Vector Attraction Reduction: The vector attraction reduction shall be satisfied prior to, or at the time of land application as specified in List 4.	Annual		

1.2.1.1 List 2 Analysis

If the monitoring frequency for List 2 parameters (see below) is more frequent than "Annual" then the sludge may be analyzed for the List 2 parameters just prior to each land application season rather than at the more frequent interval specified.

1.2.1.2 Changes in Feed Sludge Characteristics

If a change in feed sludge characteristics, treatment process, or operational procedures occurs which may result in a significant shift in sludge characteristics, the permittee shall reanalyze the sludge for List 1, 2, 3 and 4 parameters (see below) each time such change occurs.

1.2.1.3 Multiple Sludge Sample Points (Outfalls)

If there are multiple sludge sample points (outfalls), but the sludges are not subject to different sludge treatment processes, then a separate List 2 analysis shall be conducted for each sludge type which is land applied, just prior to land application, and the application rate shall be calculated for each sludge type. In this case, List 1, 3, and 4 and PCBs need only be analyzed on a single sludge type, at the specified frequency. If there are multiple sludge sample points (outfalls), due to multiple treatment processes, List 1, 2, 3 and 4 and PCBs shall be analyzed for each sludge type at the specified frequency.

1.2.1.4 Sludge Which Exceeds the High Quality Limit

Cumulative pollutant loading records shall be kept for all bulk land application of sludge which does not meet the high quality limit for any parameter. This requirement applies for the entire calendar year in which any exceedance of Table 3 of s. NR 204.07(5)(c), Wis. Adm. Code, is experienced. Such loading records shall be kept for all List 1 parameters for each site land applied in that calendar year. The formula to be used for calculating cumulative loading is as follows:

[(Pollutant concentration (mg/kg) x dry tons applied/ac) \div 500] + previous loading (lbs/acre) = cumulative lbs pollutant per acre

When a site reaches 90% of the allowable cumulative loading for any metal established in Table 2 of s. NR 204.07(5)(b), Wis. Adm. Code, the Department shall be so notified through letter or in the comment section of the annual land application report (3400-55).

1.2.1.5 Sludge Analysis for PCBs

The permittee shall analyze the sludge for Total PCBs once during the permit term. The results shall be reported as "PCB Total Dry Wt". Either congener-specific analysis or Aroclor analysis shall be used to determine the PCB concentration. The permittee may determine whether Aroclor or congener specific analysis is performed. Analyses shall be performed in accordance with Table EM in s. NR 219.04, Wis. Adm. Code and the conditions specified in Standard Requirements of this permit. PCB results shall be submitted by January 31, following the specified year of analysis.

1.2.1.6 Lists 1, 2, 3, and 4

List 1 TOTAL SOLIDS AND METALS

See the Monitoring Requirements and Limitations table above for monitoring frequency and limitations for the List 1 parameters

Solids, Total (percent)

Arsenic, mg/kg (dry weight)

List 1 TOTAL SOLIDS AND METALS

See the Monitoring Requirements and Limitations table above for monitoring frequency and limitations for the List 1 parameters

Cadmium, mg/kg (dry weight)

Copper, mg/kg (dry weight)

Lead, mg/kg (dry weight)

Mercury, mg/kg (dry weight)

Molybdenum, mg/kg (dry weight)

Nickel, mg/kg (dry weight)

Selenium, mg/kg (dry weight)

Zinc, mg/kg (dry weight)

List 2 NUTRIENTS

See the Monitoring Requirements and Limitations table above for monitoring frequency for the List 2 parameters

Solids, Total (percent)

Nitrogen Total Kjeldahl (percent)

Nitrogen Ammonium (NH4-N) Total (percent)

Phosphorus Total as P (percent)

Phosphorus, Water Extractable (as percent of Total P)

Potassium Total Recoverable (percent)

List 3 PATHOGEN CONTROL FOR CLASS B SLUDGE

The permittee shall implement pathogen control as listed in List 3. The Department shall be notified of the pathogen control utilized and shall be notified when the permittee decides to utilize alternative pathogen control.

The following requirements shall be met prior to land application of sludge.

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Parameter	Unit Limit		
	MPN/gTS or		
Fecal Coliform*	CFU/gTS	2,000,000	
OR, ONE OF THE FOLLOWING PROCESS OPTIONS			
Aerobic Digestion	Air Drying		
Anaerobic Digestion	Composting		
Alkaline Stabilization	PSRP Equivalent Process		
* The Fecal Coliform limit shall be reported as the geometric mean of 7 discrete samples on a dry weight basis.			

List 4 VECTOR ATTRACTION REDUCTION

The permittee shall implement any one of the vector attraction reduction options specified in List 4. The Department shall be notified of the option utilized and shall be notified when the permittee decides to utilize an alternative option.

One of the following shall be satisfied prior to, or at the time of land application as specified in List 4.

Option	Limit	Where/When it Shall be Met
Volatile Solids Reduction	≥38%	Across the process

List 4 VECTOR ATTRACTION REDUCTION

The permittee shall implement any one of the vector attraction reduction options specified in List 4. The Department shall be notified of the option utilized and shall be notified when the permittee decides to utilize an alternative option.

One of the following shall be satisfied prior to, or at the time of land application as specified in List 4.

Option	Limit	Where/When it Shall be Met
Specific Oxygen Uptake Rate	≤1.5 mg O ₂ /hr/g TS	On aerobic stabilized sludge
Anaerobic bench-scale test	<17 % VS reduction	On anaerobic digested sludge
Aerobic bench-scale test	<15 % VS reduction	On aerobic digested sludge
Aerobic Process	>14 days, Temp >40°C and Avg. Temp > 45°C	On composted sludge
pH adjustment	>12 S.U. (for 2 hours) and >11.5 (for an additional 22 hours)	During the process
Drying without primary solids	>75 % TS	When applied or bagged
Drying with primary solids	>90 % TS	When applied or bagged
Equivalent Process	Approved by the Department	Varies with process
Injection	-	When applied
Incorporation	-	Within 6 hours of application

1.2.1.7 Daily Land Application Log

Daily Land Application Log

Discharge Monitoring Requirements and Limitations

The permittee shall maintain a daily land application log for biosolids land applied each day when land application occurs. The following minimum records must be kept, in addition to all analytical results for the biosolids land applied. The log book records shall form the basis for the annual land application report requirements.

Parameters	Units	Sample Frequency
DNR Site Number(s)	Number	Daily as used
Outfall number applied	Number	Daily as used
Acres applied	Acres	Daily as used
Amount applied	As appropriate * /day	Daily as used
Application rate per acre	unit */acre	Daily as used
Nitrogen applied per acre	lb/acre	Daily as used
Method of Application	Injection, Incorporation, or surface applied	Daily as used

^{*}gallons, cubic yards, dry US Tons or dry Metric Tons

1.2.1.8 Sludge Monitoring for PFAS

Sampling shall occur for perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl compounds (PFAS) listed in the table below and as indicated in sampling point sections above. Monitoring shall occur at each sample point when sludge is generated regardless of the end use (i.e. land applied, hauled to another facility, landfilled).

PERFLUOROALKYLCARBOXILIC Acids (PFCAs)					
PFBA	Perfluorobutanoic acid				
PFPeA	Perfluroropentanoic acid				
PFHxA	Perfluorohexanoic acid				
PFHpA	Perfluoroheptanoic acid				
PFOA	Perfluorooctanoic acid				
PFNA	Perfluorononanoic acid				
PFDA	Perfluorodecanoic acid				
PFUnA	Perfluroroundecanoic acid				
PFDoA	Perfluorododecanoic acid				
PFTrDA	Perfluorotridecanoic acid				
PFTeDA	Perfluorotetradecanoic acid				
P	ERFLUOROALKYLSULFONIC Acids (PFSAs)				
PFBS	Perfluorobutane sulfonic acid				
PFPeS	Perfluroropentane sulfonic acid				
PFHxS	Perfluorohexane sulfonic acid				
PFHpS	Perfluoroheptane sulfonic acid				
PFOS	Perfluorooctane sulfonic acid				
PFNS	Perfluorononane sulfonic acid				
PFDS	Perfluorodecane sulfonic acid				
PFDoS	Perfluorododecane sulfonic acid				
	TELOMER SULFONIC Acids				
4:2FTSA	1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorohexane sulfonic acid				
6:2FTSA	1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorooctane sulfonic acid				
8:2FTSA	1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorodecane sulfonic acid				
PEI	PERFLUOROOCTANCESULFONAMIDES (FOSAs)				
PFOSA	Perfluroroctane sulfonamide				
NMeFOSA	N-Methyl perfluoroocatane sulfonamide				
NEtFOSA	N-Ethyl perfluorooctane sulfonamide				
PERF	PERFLUOROOCTANCESULFONAMIDOACETIC Acids				
NMeFOSAA	N-Methyl perfluoroocatane sulfonamidoacetic acid				
NEtFOSAA	N-Ethyl perfluorooctane sulfonamidoacetic acid				
NATIVE PER	FLUOROOCTANCESULFONAMIDOETHANOLS (FOSEs)				
NMeFOSE	N-Methyl perfluorooctane sulfonamideoethanol				
NEtFOSE	N-Ethyl perfluorooctane sulfonamidoethanol				
PERFLU	JOROALKYLETHERCARBOXYLIC Acids (PFECAs)				
HFPO-DA	Hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid				

ADONA	4,8-dioxa-3 <i>H</i> -perfluorononanoic acid			
PFMPA	Perfluoro-3-methoxypropanoic acid			
PFMBA	Perfluoro-4-methoxybutanoic acid			
NFDHA	FDHA Nonafluoro-3,6-dioxaheptaoic acid			
CHLORO-PERFLUOROALKYLSULFONATE				
9Cl-PF3ONS	9-chloroehexadecafluoro-3-oxanone-1-sulfonic acid			
11Cl-PF3OUdS	11-chloroelcosafluoro-3-oxaundecane-1-sulfonic acid			
PFEESA	Perfluroro(2-ethoxyethane)sulfonic acid			
TELOMER SULFONIC Acids				
3:3FTCA	3-Perfluoropropyl propanoic acid			
5:3FTCA	2H,2H,3H,3H-Perfluorooctanoic acid			
7:3FTCA	3-Perfluoroheptyl propanoic acid			

Note: If WDNR Lab Certification removes a particular compound from the reporting list above and upon receiving written communication from the department, reporting for that compound is no longer required.

1.2.1.9 Sampling and Reporting Sludge Samples for PFAS

Representative sludge samples shall be collected at each sample point as listed. At minimum, liquid sludge storage/digesters should be thoroughly mixed prior to sampling. Cake sludge samples should consist of seven equal size discrete samples and be collected from different areas and depths then composited into one sample for laboratory analysis.

Note: If additional equipment is used for collecting sludge samples (i.e., shovels, compositing buckets, bottles, etc.), then a one-time equipment blank is recommended to be collected with the first sample. An equipment blank sample is collected by passing laboratory verified PFAS-free water over or through field sampling equipment before the collection of a representative sludge sample. The equipment blank result shall be reported on the annual Sludge Characteristics Form (3400-049) in the comment section when reporting PFAS concentrations in the sludge.

The permittee shall report each of the PFAS sludge monitoring results on the annual Sludge Characteristics and Monitoring Form (3400-049) as provided by the department. The permittee shall also report the summation of PFOS and PFOA on this same form. All results shall be reported in dry weight. The annual Sludge Characteristics and Monitoring Form (3400-049) are due January 31, of the year following the collection of the sludge samples.

The laboratory performing the analysis on any samples shall be certified for the applicable PFAS compounds in the solids matrix by the Wisconsin Laboratory Certification Program established under s. 299.11, Wis. Stats., and in accordance with s. NR 149.41, Wis. Adm. Code. The department may reject any sample results if results are produced by a laboratory that is not in compliance with certification requirements under ch. NR 149, Wis. Adm. Code.

1.2.1.10 PFAS Land Application Requirements

The department recommends the landspreading and/or land application of sludge be done in a manner consistent with the most recent version of the "<u>Interim Strategy for Land Application of Biosolids and Industrial Sludges containing PFAS</u>".

2 Standard Requirements

Chapter NR 205, Wisconsin Administrative Code: The conditions in ss. NR 205.07(1) and NR 205.07(2), Wis. Adm. Code, are included by reference in this permit. The permittee shall comply with all of these requirements. Some of these requirements are outlined in the Standard Requirements section of this permit. Requirements not specifically outlined in the Standard Requirement section of this permit can be found in ss. NR 205.07(1) and NR 205.07(2), Wis. Adm. Code.

2.1 Reporting and Monitoring Requirements

2.1.1 Sampling and Testing Procedures

Sampling and laboratory testing procedures shall be performed in accordance with Chapters NR 218 and NR 219, Wis. Adm. Code, and completed by a laboratory certified or registered in accordance with the requirements of ch. NR 149, Wis. Adm. Code. The analytical methodologies used shall enable the laboratory to quantitate all substances for which monitoring is required at levels below the effluent limitation and/or groundwater standard. If the required level cannot be met by any of the methods available in ch. NR 219, Wis. Adm. Code, then the method with the lowest limit of detection shall be selected. Additional test procedures may be specified in this permit.

2.1.2 Recording of Results

The permittee shall maintain records which provide the following information for each effluent measurement or sample taken:

- the date, exact place, method and time of sampling or measurements;
- the individual who performed the sampling or measurements;
- the date the analysis was performed;
- the individual who performed the analysis;
- the analytical techniques or methods used; and
- the results of the analysis.

2.1.3 Reporting of Monitoring Results

The permittee shall use the following conventions when reporting effluent monitoring results:

- Pollutant concentrations less than the limit of detection shall be reported as < (less than) the value of the limit of detection. For example, if a substance is not detected at a detection limit of 0.1 mg/L, report the pollutant concentration as < 0.1 mg/L.
- Pollutant concentrations equal to or greater than the limit of detection, but less than the limit of quantitation, shall be reported and the limit of quantitation shall be specified.
- For the purposes of reporting a calculated result, average or a mass discharge value, the permittee may substitute a "0" (zero) for any pollutant concentration that is less than the limit of detection. However, if the effluent limitation is less than the limit of detection, the department may substitute a value other than zero for results less than the limit of detection, after considering the number of monitoring results that are greater than the limit of detection and if warranted when applying appropriate statistical techniques.
- If no discharge occurs through an outfall, flow related parameters (e.g. flow rate, hydraulic application rate, volume, etc.) should be reported as "0" (zero) at the required sample frequency specified for the outfall. For example: if the sample frequency is daily, "0" would be reported for any day during the month that no discharge occurred.

2.1.4 Records Retention

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The permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings or electronic data records for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by the permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for the permit for a period of at least 3 years from the date of the sample, measurement, report or application. All pertinent sludge information, including permit application information and other documents specified in this permit or s. NR 204.06(9), Wis. Adm. Code shall be retained for a minimum of 5 years.

2.1.5 Other Information

Where the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Department, it shall promptly submit such facts or correct information to the Department.

2.1.6 Reporting Requirements - Alterations or Additions

The permittee shall give notice to the Department as soon as possible of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility. Notice is only required when:

- The alteration or addition to the permitted facility may meet one of the criteria for determining whether a facility is a new source.
- The alteration or addition could significantly change the nature or increase the quantity of pollutants discharged. This notification requirement applies to pollutants which are not subject to effluent limitations in the existing permit.
- The alteration or addition results in a significant change in the permittee's sludge use or disposal practices, and such alteration, addition, or change may justify the application of permit conditions that are different from or absent in the existing permit, including notification of additional use of disposal sites not reported during the permit application process nor reported pursuant to an approved land application plan. Additional sites may not be used for the land application of sludge until department approval is received.

2.2 System Operating Requirements

2.2.1 Sludge Management

All sludge management activities shall be conducted in compliance with ch. NR 204 "Domestic Sewage Sludge Management", Wis. Adm. Code.

2.2.2 Proper Operation and Maintenance

The permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance includes effective performance, adequate funding, adequate operator staffing and training as required in ch. NR 114, Wis. Adm. Code, and adequate laboratory and process controls, including appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar systems only when necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit.

2.3 Land Application Requirements

2.3.1 Sludge Management Program Standards And Requirements Based Upon Federally Promulgated Regulations

In the event that new federal sewage sludge standards or regulations are promulgated, the permittee shall comply with the new sewage sludge requirements by the dates established in the regulations, if required by federal law, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the new federal regulations.

2.3.2 General Sludge Management Information

The General Sludge Management Form 3400-48 shall be completed and submitted prior to any significant sludge management changes.

2.3.3 Sludge Samples

All sludge samples shall be collected at a point and in a manner which will yield sample results which are representative of the sludge being tested, and collected at the time which is appropriate for the specific test. If the permittee monitors any pollutant more frequently than required by this permit, the results of such monitoring shall be included on the Characteristic Form 3400-49.

2.3.4 Land Application Characteristic Report

Each report shall consist of a Characteristic Form 3400-49 and Lab Report. The Characteristic Report Form 3400-49 shall be submitted electronically by January 31 following each year whether or not samples are analyzed. In years in which monitoring does not occur, the report shall be completed by checking on the form that monitoring/land application did not occur.

Following submittal of the electronic Characteristic Report Form 3400-49, this form shall be certified electronically via the 'eReport Certify' page by a responsible executive or municipal officer, manager, partner or proprietor as specified in s. 283.37(3), Wis. Stats., or a duly authorized representative of the officer, manager, partner or proprietor that has been delegated signature authority pursuant to s. NR 205.07(1)(g)2, Wis. Adm. Code. The 'eReport Certify' page certifies that the electronic report is true, accurate and complete. The Lab Report must be sent directly to the facility's DNR sludge representative or basin engineer unless approval for not submitting the lab reports has been given.

The permittee shall use the following convention when reporting sludge monitoring results: Pollutant concentrations less than the limit of detection shall be reported as < (less than) the value of the limit of detection. For example, if a substance is not detected at a detection limit of 1.0 mg/kg, report the pollutant concentration as < 1.0 mg/kg.

All results shall be reported on a dry weight basis.

2.3.5 Calculation of Water Extractable Phosphorus

When sludge analysis for Water Extractable Phosphorus is required by this permit, the permittee shall use the following formula to calculate and report Water Extractable Phosphorus:

Water Extractable Phosphorus (% of Total P) =

[Water Extractable Phosphorus (mg/kg, dry wt) ÷ Total Phosphorus (mg/kg, dry wt)] x 100

2.3.6 Monitoring and Calculating PCB Concentrations in Sludge

When sludge analysis for "PCB, Total Dry Wt" is required by this permit, the PCB concentration in the sludge shall be determined using either congener-specific analysis or Aroclor analysis. The permittee may decide which of these analyses is performed. Analyses shall be performed in accordance with the following provisions and Table EM in s. NR 219.04, Wis. Adm. Code:

- If congener-specific analysis is employed: All PCB congeners shall be delineated. Non-detects shall be treated as zero. The values that are between the limit of detection (LOD) and the limit of quantitation shall be used when calculating the total value of all congeners. All results shall be added together and the total PCB concentration by dry weight reported.
- If Aroclor analysis is employed, reporting protocols, consistent with s. NR 106.07(6)(e), should be as follows: If all Aroclors are less than the LOD, then the Total PCB Dry Wt result should be reported as less than the highest LOD. If a single Aroclor is detected, then that is what should be reported for the Total PCB result. If multiple Aroclors are detected, they should be summed and reported as Total PCBs. If the LOD cannot be achieved after using the appropriate clean up techniques, a reporting limit that is achievable for the Aroclors

or each congener for the sample shall be determined. This reporting limit shall be reported and qualified indicating the presence of an interference.

2.3.7 Annual Land Application Report

Land Application Report Form 3400-55 shall be submitted electronically by January 31, each year whether or not non-exceptional quality sludge is land applied. Non-exceptional quality sludge is defined in s. NR 204.07(4), Wis. Adm. Code. Following submittal of the electronic Annual Land Application Report Form 3400-55, this form shall be certified electronically via the 'eReport Certify' page by a responsible executive or municipal officer, manager, partner or proprietor as specified in s. 283.37(3), Wis. Stats., or a duly authorized representative of the officer, manager, partner or proprietor that has been delegated signature authority pursuant to s. NR 205.07(1)(g)2, Wis. Adm. Code. The 'eReport Certify' page certifies that the electronic report form is true, accurate and complete.

2.3.8 Other Methods of Disposal or Distribution Report

The permittee shall submit electronically the Other Methods of Disposal or Distribution Report Form 3400-52 by January 31, each year whether or not sludge is hauled, landfilled, incinerated, or exceptional quality sludge is distributed or land applied. Following submittal of the electronic Report Form 3400-52, this form shall be certified electronically via the 'eReport Certify' page by a responsible executive or municipal officer, manager, partner or proprietor as specified in s. 283.37(3), Wis. Stats., or a duly authorized representative of the officer, manager, partner or proprietor that has been delegated signature authority pursuant to s. NR 205.07(1)(g)2, Wis. Adm. Code. The 'eReport Certify' page certifies that the electronic report form is true, accurate and complete.

2.3.9 Approval to Land Apply

Bulk non-exceptional quality sludge as defined in s. NR 204.07(4), Wis. Adm. Code, may not be applied to land without a written approval letter or Form 3400-122 from the Department unless the Permittee has obtained permission from the Department to self-approve sites in accordance with s. NR 204.06(6), Wis. Adm. Code. Analysis of sludge characteristics is required prior to land application. Application on frozen or snow-covered ground is restricted to the extent specified in s. NR 204.07(3)(1), Wis. Adm. Code.

2.3.10 Soil Analysis Requirements

Each site requested for approval for land application must have the soil tested prior to use. Each approved site used for land application must subsequently be soil tested such that there is at least one valid soil test in the four years prior to land application. All soil sampling and submittal of information to the testing laboratory shall be done in accordance with UW Extension Bulletin A-2100. The testing shall be done by the UW Soils Lab in Madison or Marshfield, WI or at a lab approved by UW. The test results including the crop recommendations shall be submitted to the DNR contact listed for this permit, as they are available. Application rates shall be determined based on the crop nitrogen recommendations and with consideration for other sources of nitrogen applied to the site.

2.3.11 Land Application Site Evaluation

For non-exceptional quality sludge, as defined in s. NR 204.07(4), Wis. Adm. Code, a Land Application Site Request Form 3400-053 shall be submitted to the Department for the proposed land application site. The Department will evaluate the proposed site for acceptability and will either approve or deny use of the proposed site. The permittee may obtain permission to approve their own sites in accordance with s. NR 204.06(6), Wis. Adm. Code.

2.3.12 Class B Sludge: Anaerobic Digestion

Treat the sludge in the absence of air for a specific mean cell residence time at a specific temperature. Values for the mean cell residence time and temperature shall be between 15 days at 35° C to 55° C and 60 days at 20° C. Straightline interpolation to calculate mean cell residence time is allowable when the temperature falls between 35° C and 20° C.

2.3.13 Vector Control: Volatile Solids Reduction

The mass of volatile solids in the sludge shall be reduced by a minimum of 38% between the time the sludge enters the digestion process and the time it either exits the digester or a storage facility. For calculation of volatile solids reduction, the permittee shall use the Van Kleeck equation or one of the other methods described in "Determination of Volatile Solids Reduction in Digestion" by J.B. Farrell, which is Appendix C of EPA's *Control of Pathogens in Municipal Wastewater Sludge* (EPA/625/R-92/013). The Van Kleeck equation is:

$$VSR\% = \underbrace{VS_{IN} - VS_{OUT}}_{VS_{IN} - (VS_{OUT} \times VS_{IN})} \times 100$$

Where: $VS_{IN} = Volatile Solids in Feed Sludge (g VS/g TS)$ $VS_{OUT} = Volatile Solids in Final Sludge (g VS/g TS)$ VSR% = Volatile Solids Reduction, (Percent)

2.3.14 Landfilling of Sludge

General: Sewage sludge may not be disposed of in a municipal solid waste landfill unless the landfill meets the requirements of chs. NR 500 to 536, Wis. Adm. Code, and is an approved facility as defined in s. 289.01(3), Wis. Stats. Any facility accepting sewage sludge shall be approved by the Department in writing to accept sewage sludge. Disposal of sewage sludge in a municipal solid waste landfill shall be in accordance with ss. NR 506.13 and 506.14. Sewage sludge may not be disposed of in a surface disposal unit as defined in s. NR 204.03(63).

Approval: The permittee shall obtain approval from the Department prior to the disposal of sludge at a Wisconsin licensed landfill.

2.3.15 Sludge Landfilling Reports

The permittee shall report the volume of sludge disposed of at any landfill facility on Form 3400-52. The permittee shall include the name and address of the landfill, the Department license number or other state's designation or license number for all landfills used during the report period and a letter of acceptability from the landfill owner. In addition, any permittee utilizing landfills as a disposal method shall submit to the Department any test results used to indicate acceptability of the sludge at a landfill. Form 3400-52 shall be submitted annually by January 31, each year whether or not sludge is landfilled.

3 Summary of Reports Due

FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY

Description	Date	Page
General Sludge Management Form 3400-48	prior to any significant sludge management changes	10
Characteristic Form 3400-49 and Lab Report	by January 31 following each year whether or not samples are analyzed	10
Land Application Report Form 3400-55	by January 31, each year whether or not non-exceptional quality sludge is land applied	11
Other Methods of Disposal or Distribution Report Form 3400-52	by January 31, each year whether or not sludge is hauled, landfilled, incinerated, or exceptional quality sludge is distributed or land applied	11

Report forms shall be submitted electronically in accordance with the reporting requirements herein. Any facility plans or plans and specifications for municipal, industrial, industrial pretreatment and non industrial wastewater systems shall be submitted to the Bureau of Water Quality, P.O. Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. All other submittals required by this permit shall be submitted to:

Northern Region - Spooner, 810 W. Maple St, Spooner, WI 54801-1255