## **Permit Fact Sheet**

## **General Information**

Permit Number:	WI-0060925-11-0				
Permittee Name:	Stone Lake Sanitary	Stone Lake Sanitary District			
Address:	P.O. Box 193				
City/State/Zip:	Stone Lake WI 548'	Stone Lake WI 54876			
Discharge Location:	Stone Lake Road, Stone Lake, Wisconsin (SW½ - NE¼ of Section 13; T39N-R10W)				
Receiving Water:	The Groundwater within the Trego Lake and Middle Namekagon River Watershed in the St. Croix River Drainage Basin in Washburn County				
Discharge Type:	Existing seasonal di	scharges			
Design Flow(s)	Annual Average	0.03 MGD			
Significant Industrial Loading?	No				
Operator at Proper Grade?	Yes				
Approved Pretreatment Program?	N/A				

# **Facility Description**

Stone Lake Sanitary District owns and operates a domestic wastewater treatment system. The plant designed to treat 30,000 gallons per day, currently treats an average of 14,000 gallons per day (2019- 2023 data). The treatment system consists of two clay-lined stabilization ponds operated in series. In each pond naturally occurring bacteria already in the wastewater treat the waste stream by metabolizing the organic matter. From the ponds the treated water (called effluent) is discharged intermittently to a seepage cell. Due to the large capacity of the stabilization ponds and pond leakage effluent is discharged to the seepage cells on average two days each year in October. The sandy soil in the bottom of the seepage cell continues to treat the water as it percolates through the soil eventually reaching groundwater. There are three monitoring wells located around the seepage cells that can be used to assess any groundwater impacts of the discharge.

# **Substantial Compliance Determination**

There have been no formal enforcement actions, effluent exceedances, or missed samples during the permit term.

After a desk top review of all discharge monitoring reports, CMARS, CMOM, and a site visit on June 23, 2023, by Arthur Ryzak, WDNR, the Stone Lake Sanitary District has been found to be in substantial compliance with their current permit.

Compliance determination entered by Arthur Ryzak, Compliance Engineer, on June 30, 2023.

	Sample Point Designation							
Sample Point Number	Discharge Flow, Units, and Averaging Period	Sample Point Location, Waste Type/Sample Contents and Treatment Description (as applicable)						
701	INFLUENT An average of 0.014 MGD (2019-2023 data)	Representative influent samples shall be collected at the main lift station, located on Division Street.						
001	<b>EFFLUENT</b> An average of 0.296 MGD during periods	Representative samples shall be collected at the end of the						

	Sample Point Designation					
Sample Point Number	Discharge Flow, Units, and Averaging Period	Sample Point Location, Waste Type/Sample Contents and Treatment Description (as applicable)				
	of discharge. On average two days each October (2019-2023 data)	discharge pipe into the seepage cell.				
002	SLUDGE Sludge has not been removed from the facility.	Sludge samples shall be collected from the two stabilization ponds at a time and in a manner that will provide a representative sample for analysis. Removal of sludge from the ponds is not anticipated during this permit term.				

Sample Point Designation For Groundwater Monitoring Systems					
Sample Pt & Well Name	Comments				
802 (MW 2)	Non-point of standard down gradient well located northwest of the seepage cell.				
803 (MW 3)	Non-point of standard side gradient well located south of pond 2.				
804 (MW 4)	Upgradient well used to calculated PALs located east of pond 1.				

# 1 Influent – Monitoring Requirements

# **Sample Point Number: 701-INFLUENT TO PLANT**

	Mo	onitoring Requi	rements and Li	mitations	
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Notes
Flow Rate		MGD	Daily	Total Daily	
BOD5, Total		mg/L	2/Month	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	
Suspended Solids, Total		mg/L	2/Month	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	
Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl		mg/L	Monthly	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	
Nitrogen, Organic Total		mg/L	Monthly	Calculated	Organic nitrogen = TKN (mg/L) - Ammonia nitrogen (mg/L)
Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH3-N) Total		mg/L	Monthly	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	

# **Changes from Previous Permit:**

Influent limitations and monitoring requirements were re-evaluated for the proposed permit term and no changes were required in this permit section. Sampling requirements and frequencies are the same as the previous permit.

## **Explanation of Limits and Monitoring Requirements**

Influent monitoring is needed to assess loading to the facility and treatment performance. The parameters and sampling frequency are appropriate for a land treatment system (s. NR 206.09(2), Wis. Adm. Code).

# 2 Land Treatment – Monitoring and Limitations

## Sample Point Number: 001- EFFLUENT TO SEEPAGE POND

	Mo	nitoring Requi	rements and Li	Monitoring Requirements and Limitations						
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Notes					
Flow Rate		MGD	Daily	Total Daily						
BOD5, Total	Monthly Avg	50 mg/L	2/Month	Grab						
Solids, Total Dissolved		mg/L	2/Month	Grab						
pH Field		su	2/Month	Grab						
Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl		mg/L	Monthly	Grab						
Nitrogen, Organic Total		mg/L	Monthly	Calculated	Organic nitrogen = TKN (mg/L) - Ammonia nitrogen (mg/L)					
Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH3-N) Total		mg/L	Monthly	Grab						
Nitrogen, Nitrite + Nitrate Total		mg/L	Monthly	Grab						
Chloride		mg/L	Monthly	Grab						
Nitrogen, Total		mg/L	Monthly	Calculated	Total nitrogen = TKN (mg/L) + (Nitrite + Nitrate) nitrogen (mg/L)					

# **Changes from Previous Permit:**

Effluent limitations and monitoring requirements were re-evaluated for the proposed permit term and the following changes were made from the previous permit. See additional explanation of limits under "Explanation of Limits and Monitoring Requirements" below.

The monitoring frequency for Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen, Total Organic Nitrogen, Total Ammonia Nitrogen, Total Nitrite + Nitrate Nitrogen and Total Nitrogen has been reduced from twice a month to monthly.

## **Explanation of Limits and Monitoring Requirements**

All requirements for land treatment of municipal wastewater are determined in accordance with NR 206 Wis. Adm. Code. The monitoring frequency and limits for Flow, BOD5, Suspended Solids, Dissolved Solids, Chloride and pH have not changed from the previous permit term. All categorical limits are based on NR 206.08(1) Wis. Adm. Code. More information on the limitations can be found in the "Stone Lake Sanitary District – Land Disposal System Evaluation Report, WPDES Permit # WI-0060925" memo dated May 2, 2024.

**BOD** – Limitations are consistent with facilities approved or modified prior to January 1, 1985 (NR 206.05 Wis. Adm. Code). Monitoring for BOD5 is included to track changes in wastewater characteristics and to assess the organic load discharged to the treatment system.

Nitrogen monitoring frequency – Approximately 25 years ago (6<sup>th</sup> reissuance) the department waived groundwater monitoring. To document compliance nitrogen monitoring (Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen, Total Organic Nitrogen, Total Ammonia Nitrogen, Total Nitrite + Nitrate Nitrogen and Total Nitrogen) was required twice a month. Groundwater monitoring is being reinstated this permit term; therefore, the monitoring frequency can be reduced to match the influent frequencies.

Sampling Frequency - The "Monitoring Frequencies for Individual Wastewater Permits" guidance document (April 12, 2021) recommends that standard monitoring frequencies be included in individual wastewater permits based on the size and type of the facility, in order to characterize effluent quality and variability, to detect events of noncompliance, and to ensure fairness and consistency in permits issued across the state. Guidance and requirements in administrative code were considered when determining the appropriate monitoring frequencies for pollutants that have final effluent limits in effect during this permit term. The department has determined at this time that the facility meets the guidance and no changes in the monitoring frequency is required this permit term.

# 3 Groundwater – Monitoring and Limitations

# 3.1 Groundwater Monitoring System for Stone Lake Groundwater Monitoring System

**Location of Monitoring system:** Located around the treatment units.

Wells to be Monitored: 802 (MW 2), 803 (MW 3), 804 (MW 4)

Well Used To Calculate PALs: 804 (MW 4)

Point of Standards Application Well(s): None of the identified wells meet the criteria to be a point of standard well.

Parameter	Units	Preventative Action Limit	Enforcement Standard	Frequency
Depth To Groundwater	feet	****	N/A	2/Year
Groundwater Elevation	feet MSL	****	N/A	2/Year
Nitrogen, Nitrite + Nitrate (as N) Dissolved	mg/L	2.0	10	2/Year
Chloride Dissolved	mg/L	125	250	2/Year
pH Field	su	****	N/A	2/Year
Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl Dissolved	mg/L	****	N/A	2/Year

Nitrogen, Ammonia Dissolved	mg/L	0.97	9.7	2/Year
Nitrogen, Organic Dissolved	mg/L	****	N/A	2/Year
Solids, Total Dissolved	mg/L	****	N/A	2/Year

# **Changes from Previous Permit:**

Groundwater limitations and monitoring requirements were re-evaluated for the proposed permit term and the following changes were made from the previous permit. See additional explanation of limits under "Explanation of Limits and Monitoring Requirements" below.

- Groundwater monitoring has been reinstated for monitoring well 802, 803 and 804.
- Preventative Action Limits (PALs) and Enforcement Standards (ES) found in NR 140.10 Table 1 and NR 140.12 Table 2, Wis. Adm. Code have been included.

## **Explanation of Limits and Monitoring Requirements**

Groundwater limits and requirements are determined in accordance with ch NR 140 Wis. Adm. Code. Indicator parameter Preventative Action Limit (PAL) values are established per ch NR 140.20 Wis. Adm. Code. For more information, please refer to the "Stone Lake Sanitary District – Land Disposal System Evaluation Report, WPDES Permit # WI-0060925" memo dated May 2, 2024

Groundwater monitoring was waived in the 6th permit reissuance (approximately 25 years ago). This waiver was allowed because it was felt the effluent met groundwater standards. Even though the department can reduce groundwater sampling a full waiver from sampling is not an option (s. NR 206.10 Wis. Adm. Code). Therefore, sampling of all three monitoring wells is needed to determine compliance with ch. NR140 Wis. Adm. Code. Sampling guidelines can be found in the Groundwater Sampling Field Manual, PUBL-DG-038 96, WDNR Publication, 1996 (https://dnr.wisconsin.gov/sites/default/files/topic/DrinkingWater/Publications/DG038.pdf).

Because there isn't historic monitoring results, PAL and ES per ss. NR 140.10 and NR 140.12 Wis. Adm. Code have been applied for the parameters (Nitrite + Nitrate Nitrogen Dissolved, Dissolved Chloride, and Ammonia Nitrogen Dissolved). Indicator parameter groundwater limits and exemptions (including ACLs) will be calculated during the next permit reissuance using background groundwater sample results. Any exceedances will be evaluated in conjunction with the background groundwater sample results per s. NR 140.24 Wis. Adm. Code.

# 4 Land Application - Monitoring and Limitations

Municipal Sludge Description							
Sample Point	Sludge Class (A or B)	Sludge Type (Liquid or Cake)	Pathogen Reduction Method	Vector Attraction Method	Reuse Option	Amount Reused/Disposed (Dry Tons/Year)	
002	В	Liquid				cipated this permit term. If ule sections of the permit	
Does slu	dge manage	ement demonstra	te compliance? Yes				
Is addition	nal sludge	storage required	? No				
Is Radium-226 present in the water supply at a level greater than 2 pCi/liter? No, during the most recent set of samples (2023) the result was 0.988 pCi/L.							
If yes, sp	ecial monit	oring and recycl	ing conditions will be in	icluded in the pe	ermit to track a	ny potential problems in	

	Municipal Sludge Description						
Sample Point	Sludge Class (A or B)	Sludge Type (Liquid or Cake)	Pathogen Reduction Method	Vector Attraction Method	Reuse Option	Amount Reused/Disposed (Dry Tons/Year)	

land applying sludge from this facility

Is a priority pollutant scan required? No

Priority pollutant scans are required once every 10 years at facilities with design flows between 5 MGD and 40 MGD, and once every 5 years if design flow is greater than 40 MGD.

# Sample Point Number: 002- SLUDGE

	Monitoring Requirements and Limitations						
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Notes		
Solids, Total		Percent	Once	Composite			
Arsenic Dry Wt	Ceiling	75 mg/kg	Once	Composite			
Arsenic Dry Wt	High Quality	41 mg/kg	Once	Composite			
Cadmium Dry Wt	Ceiling	85 mg/kg	Once	Composite			
Cadmium Dry Wt	High Quality	39 mg/kg	Once	Composite			
Copper Dry Wt	Ceiling	4,300 mg/kg	Once	Composite			
Copper Dry Wt	High Quality	1,500 mg/kg	Once	Composite			
Lead Dry Wt	Ceiling	840 mg/kg	Once	Composite			
Lead Dry Wt	High Quality	300 mg/kg	Once	Composite			
Mercury Dry Wt	Ceiling	57 mg/kg	Once	Composite			
Mercury Dry Wt	High Quality	17 mg/kg	Once	Composite			
Molybdenum Dry Wt	Ceiling	75 mg/kg	Once	Composite			
Nickel Dry Wt	Ceiling	420 mg/kg	Once	Composite			
Nickel Dry Wt	High Quality	420 mg/kg	Once	Composite			
Selenium Dry Wt	Ceiling	100 mg/kg	Once	Composite			
Selenium Dry Wt	High Quality	100 mg/kg	Once	Composite			
Zinc Dry Wt	Ceiling	7,500 mg/kg	Once	Composite			
Zinc Dry Wt	High Quality	2,800 mg/kg	Once	Composite			
Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl		Percent	Per Application	Composite			
Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH3-N) Total		Percent	Per Application	Composite			

	Mo	nitoring Requi	rements and Lir	nitations	
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Notes
Phosphorus, Total		Percent	Per Application	Composite	
Phosphorus, Water Extractable		% of Tot P	Per Application	Composite	
Potassium, Total Recoverable		Percent	Per Application	Composite	
PCB Total Dry Wt	Ceiling	50 mg/kg	Once	Composite	Required once in the 2026 calendar year.
PCB Total Dry Wt	High Quality	10 mg/kg	Once	Composite	
PFOA + PFOS		ug/kg	Once	Calculated	Report the sum of PFOA and PFOS. See PFAS Permits Sections for more information.

# **Changes from Previous Permit:**

Sludge limitations and monitoring requirements were re-evaluated for the proposed permit term and the following changes were made from the previous permit. See additional explanation of limits under "Explanation of Limits and Monitoring Requirements" below.

- List 1 (Metals), PCB and PFOA+PFOS monitoring is required during the second full year of the permit term (2026).
- Because it's recommended that List 2 (Nutrients) are monitored with the List 1 monitoring, they have been added to the table.
- Due to changes within the land application forms, the 3400-049 ("Characteristics Report"), 3400-052 ("Other Methods of Disposal") and 3400-055 (Annual Land Application") will need to be submitted each year.

# **Explanation of Limits and Monitoring Requirements**

Requirements for land application of municipal sludge are determined in accordance with ch. NR 204 Wis. Adm. Code. Ceiling and high-quality limits for metals in sludge are specified in s. NR 204.07(5). Requirements for pathogens are specified in s. NR 204.07(6) and in s. NR 204.07 (7) for vector attraction requirements. Limitations for PCBs are addressed in s. NR 204.07(3)(k).

**List 2 Nutrient monitoring** – Monitoring for list 2 (nutrients) is highly recommended at the same time as the monitoring of List 1 (metals) in the second full year of the permit (2026). Results will assist in the determination of the acres needed for land application of sludge should it be necessary. The number of acres needed is also required for the Sludge Management Schedule (see schedules for more information).

**PFAS** - The presence and fate of PFAS in municipal and industrial sludges is an emerging public health concern. EPA is currently developing a risk assessment to determine future land application rates and expects to release this risk assessment by the end of 2024. In the interim, the department has developed the "Interim Strategy for Land Application of Biosolids and Industrial Sludges Containing PFAS".

Collecting sludge data on PFAS concentrations from a wide range of wastewater treatment facilities will help protect public health from exposure to elevated levels of PFAS and determine the department's implementation of EPA's

recommendations. To quantitate this risk, PFAS sampling has been included in the proposed WPDES permit pursuant to ss. NR 214.18(5)(b) and NR 204.06(2)(b)9., Wis. Adm. Code.

Change in form submittal – In prior permit reissuances when it has been noted in the application that sludge would not be removed during the permit term, the department required sampling during the second year of the permit term and the sludge characteristic report (3400-049) would be generated only during that year. Due to moving to electronic submittal of forms via Switchboard, forms 3400-049 ("Characteristics Report"), 3400-052 ("Other Methods of Disposal") and 3400-055 ("Annual Land Application") will now be generated by the department and the permittee will be required to submit all three reports each year of the permit term. This change was adopted to provide the permittee flexibility because many lagoon desludging projects can be unexpected, are delayed or staggered over multiple years. Additionally, it is used to officially report that no land application of sludge has occurred, and annual submittal of the forms is required per the standard requirements section.

- Sludge analysis during the second year of the permit term has been included. There are check boxes available on the electronic forms to identify if desludging didn't occur.
- Sludge characteristics report (3400-049) at the top of the form check "yes" or "no" in the box identifying if any land application occurred that year. Complete the form if required or identify the year samples will be or have been taken in the comments section.
- 3400-052 ("Other Methods of Disposal") and 3400-055 ("Annual Land Application") The reports are technically 2 separate forms that are now combined in one location but separated onto two different tabs. If you answer "No" to both listed questions the forms are complete. If you need to answer "Yes" to either question the corresponding form tabs will go from gray to blue indicting information can be entered on the report.

## 5 Schedules

## 5.1 Well Locations

Required Action	<b>Due Date</b>
Record the location of each well: If global positioning system (GPS) data for the locations of each monitoring well are not available, the permittee will coordinate and obtain their measurement. These data shall be converted to latitude and longitude in a decimal degrees format. Data should show accuracy to one horizontal foot per NR 141.065(2) Wis. Adm. Code.	12/31/2024

# 5.2 Land Treatment Management Plan

A management plan is required for the land treatment system.

Required Action	<b>Due Date</b>
Land Treatment Management Plan Submittal: Submit an update to the management plan to optimize the land treatment system performance and demonstrate compliance with ch. NR 206, Wis. Adm. Code. The land treatment system shall be operated in accordance with the approved management plan.	12/31/2024

# 5.3 Lagoon Leakage Assessment

Required Action					
<b>Influent Flow Meter Calibration:</b> Submit a report of the standard operating procedures, including calibration, capable of taking consistent representative influent data.	03/31/2025				
Leakage Report: The permittee shall submit a report evaluating if the lagoons are leaking.	12/31/2025				

Evaluation of both influent and effluent data collected, supporting calculations, and determination of leakage rate.	
<b>Final Lagoon Leakage Report:</b> A written report summarizing the results of the evaluation shall be submitted to the department if the lagoon is found to have sub-standard leakage rate. The report shall include a final compliance plan for mediation of the lagoon system. If construction is planned this report shall include plans and specifications and/or facility plans.	12/31/2026

## 5.4 Sludge Management Plan

Required Action	<b>Due Date</b>
Submit a Sludge Management Plan: The permittee shall submit a management plan for approval if removal of sludge will occur during this permit term. The plan shall demonstrate compliance with ch. NR 204 Wis. Adm. Code and at minimum address 1) How and where is sludge sampled; 2) Available sludge storage details and location(s); 3)How will the sludge be removed with details on volume, characterization and how will the treatment plant continue to function during the drawdown; 4) Describe the type of transportation and spreading vehicles and loading and unloading practices; 5) Identify approved land application sites, apply for needed sites, site limitations, total acres needed and vegetative cover management; 6) Specify record keeping procedures including site loading; 7) Address contingency plans for adverse weather and odor/nuisance abatement; and 8) Include any other pertinent information such as other disposal options that may be used or specifications of any pretreatment processes	
Once approved, all sludge management activities shall be conducted in accordance with the plan. Any changes to the plan must be approved by the Department prior to implementing the changes. No desludging may occur unless approval from the Department is obtained. Daily logs shall be kept that record where the sludge has been disposed.	
The plan is due at least 60 days prior to desludging.	

# **Explanation of Schedules**

Well Locations - Accurate well information is needed to ensure the requirements of NR 140 Wis. Adm. Code are met.

**Land Treatment Management Plan -** A management plan is a required to update the plan that will outline changes to the land treatment system that will further optimize the efficiencies of the system.

**Lagoon Leakage Assessment** – The treatment pond appears to have been leaking over a long period of time. A study is required to determine to what extent the pond is leaking and to evaluate what repairs should be initiated by the sanitary district.

**Sludge Management Plan** - If the lagoons are to be de-sludged during this permit term a management plan is needed to show compliance with ch NR 204, Wis. Adm. Code. There are outlines available to assist in plan development.

## **Attachments:**

Water Flow Schematic created in February 2008

"Stone Lake Sanitary District – Land Disposal System Evaluation Report, WPDES Permit # WI-0060925" memo dated May 2, 2024

# **Expiration Date:**

# **Justification Of Any Waivers From Permit Application Requirements**

N/A - Land treatment facility

Prepared By: Sheri A. Snowbank Wastewater Specialist

**Date:** June 26, 2024

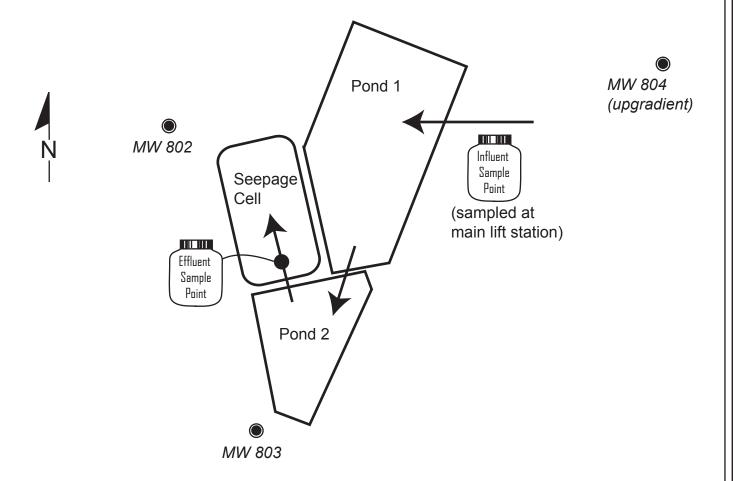
**Date updated based on Factcheck comments:** No comments (8/7/2024)

Date updated based on public notice comments:

Notice of reissuance was published in the Sawyer County Record, PO Box 919, Hayward, WI 54843-0919.

# Stone Lake Sanitary District Wastewater Treatment Plant

The Stone Lake wastewater treatmentfacility consists of two stabilization ponds operated in series and a seepage cell. There are 3 monitoring wells around the perimeter of the system although monitoring will not be required during this permit term. The diagram below shows the treatment units and sampling locations.



- represents monitoring well locations
- represents sample locations NOT TO SCALE

Design Data: Flow: 0.030 MGD BOD: 51 lbs/day

Suspended Solids: 66 lbs/day

Construction Yr: 1976

DATE:

May 2, 2024

FILE REF: 7204

TO:

File

FROM:

Woody Myers - WCR

SUBJECT:

Stone Lake Sanitary District - Land Disposal System Evaluation Report,

WPDES Permit # WI-0060925

### **Site Information**

Stone Lake Sanitary District, a municipal facility is located on Stone Lake Road, Stone Lake, Washburn County. Wastewater is currently treated and discharged to groundwater via absorption ponds (seepage cells) located in the E ½ of the NE ¼ of Section 13, T39N, R10W, Town of Stone Lake.

## Land Disposal Effluent & Groundwater Evaluation Summary

## Table 1 Land Treatment Effluent Parameters and Limits Outfall 001 Absorption Ponds

		t Permit 60925-10	Proposed WI-0060	
Parameter	Limits and Units	Limit Type	Limits and Units	Limit Type
Flow Rate	- MGD		- MGD	
BOD <sub>5</sub>	50 mg/l	Monthly Avg	50 mg/l	Monthly Avg
Total Suspended Solids	- mg/l		- mg/l	
pH, Field	- su		- su	
Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl	- mg/l		- mg/l	
Nitrogen, Organic	- mg/l		- mg/l	
Nitrogen. Ammonia	- mg/l		- mg/l	
Nitrogen, Nitrite + Nitrate	- mg/l		- mg/l	
Total Dissolved Solids	- mg/l		- mg/l	
Chloride	- mg/l		- mg/l	
Nitrogen, Total	- mg/l		- mg/l	

No proposed permit changes

## **Table 2 Monitoring Wells**

Well	Current Permit WI-0060925-10		*Proposed Permit WI-0060925-11	
	Well Location	Well Designation	Well Location	Well Designation
802 (MW 2)	Not required		Down Gradient	Not Designated
803 (MW 3)			Side-gradient	Not Designated
804 (MW 4)			Up-gradient	Background

<sup>\*</sup> Proposed permit changes



**Table 3 Groundwater Quality Standards** 

Parameter	Current Permit WI-0060925-10			*Proposed Permit WI-0060925-11		
	PAL	ES	PAL	ES		
Depth to Groundwater			N/A	N/A		
Groundwater Elevation			N/A	N/A		
Nitrogen, Nitrite + Nitrate	Not Required		2.0 mg/l	10.0 mg/l		
Chloride			125 mg/l	250 mg/l		
pH, Field			- su	N/A		
Nitrogen Total Kjeldahl			N/A	N/A		
Nitrogen, Ammonia			0.97 mg/l	9.7 mg/l		
Nitrogen, Organic			- mg/l	N/A		
Total Dissolved Solids			- mg/l	N/A		

<sup>\*</sup> Proposed permit changes

### Geology

The bedrock under this facility is the undivided Trempealeau, Tunnel City and Elk Mound Groups. The Trempealeau Group includes the Jordan and St. Lawrence Formations, the Tunnel City Group includes the Lone Rock Formation and the Elk Mound Group includes the Wonewoc, Eau Claire and Mount Simon Formations. These groups are comprised of sandstone with minor occurrences of dolomite (Bedrock Geology of Wisconsin, Regional Map Series Northwest Sheet, Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey (WGNHS), 1987). Bedrock is anticipated to be greater than 200 feet below ground surface (bgs) (Depth to Bedrock in Wisconsin, WGNHS, 1973). The regolith consists of material ranging from fine gravel to sand. Surface soil primarily consists of the Rosholt sandy loam and the Keweenaw-Pence complex (USDA NRCS Web Soil Survey).

#### Hydrogeology

Depth to groundwater and groundwater elevations were not measure/calculated during this permit term. Regional groundwater is to the Northwest in this area of Washburn County (*Mean Elevation of Water Table*, Map, United States Department of Interior, 1968). The site is approximately 800 feet southeast of Godfrey Creek and 3,500 feet northeast of Little Stone Lake. There are three wells (municipal, other than municipal, private and high-capacity) within a 1,500-foot range of this facility's groundwater discharge.

## Land Disposal Effluent Quality and Loading Rates

The following table is the average flow (hydraulic loading), ammonia as nitrogen, chloride and BOD<sub>5</sub> loading summations for the Land Disposal System.

**Table 4 Land Treatment Disposal Loading Averages** 

Year	Flow (MGD)	Ammonia (mg/l)	Chloride (mg/l)	BOD5 (mg/l)
2023	0.339	2.4	33	16
2022	0.090	0.5	186	19
2021	0.094	11.9	69	21
2020	0.226	0.4	47	5
2019	0.769	1.4	5	3

### **Groundwater Monitoring System and Sampling Frequency**

All parameters are analyzed for the dissolved phase in groundwater. Established groundwater quality standards are found in Table 1 Public Health Groundwater Quality Standards s. NR 140.10 Wis. Adm. Code, and Table 2 Public Welfare Groundwater Standards s. NR 140.12 Wis. Adm. Code. The thresholds of these standards are the Enforcement Standard (ES) and the Preventative Action Limit (PAL).

**Table 5 Groundwater Monitoring Well Data** 

		E	levation (fee	et above m	sl)	Length (f	eet)	
Sample Point	Well Name	Casing Top	Ground Surface	Screen Top	Screen Bottom	Screen Length	Well Depth	Well Type
802	MW 2	1359.68					82.8	WT
803	MW 3	1360.82					86.2	WT
804	MW 4	1359.80					71.1	WT

All measurements in feet

WT-Water table Observation P-Piezometer O-Other

Groundwater sampling results are analyzed for each well to evaluate trends of the regulated compounds in groundwater and to calculate PALs for s. NR 140.22 Wis. Adm. Code Indicator Parameters and to evaluate potential exemptions under s. NR 140.28 Wis. Adm. Code. Groundwater samples were not collected during past permit terms.

## **Proposed Groundwater Monitoring Requirements**

Table 6 Groundwater Quality Sampling Frequency and Limits
Outfall 001 Permit WI-0060003-11

Sample Point	Well Name	*Sample Frequency	Well Designation
802	MW 2	Semi-annually	Not Designated
803	MW 3	Semi-annually	Not Designated
804	MW 4	Semi-annually	Background
*Parameter	PAL	ES	Source
Depth to Groundwater	N/A	N/A	Measured
Groundwater Elevation	N/A	N/A	Measured
Nitrogen, Nitrite + Nitrate	2.0 mg/l	10.0 mg/l	NR 140 Table 1
Chloride	125 mg/l	250 mg/l	NR 140 Table 2
pH, Field	N/A	N/A	Calculated
Nitrogen, Kjeldahl	N/A	N/A	Measured
Nitrogen, Ammonia	0.97 mg/l	9.7 mg/l	NR 140 Table 1
Nitrogen, Organic	N/A	N/A	Calculated
Total Dissolved Solids	N/A	N/A	Calculated

<sup>\*</sup> Proposed permit changes

## **Indicator Parameter PALs and Groundwater Exemptions**

Indicator parameter groundwater limits and exemptions (including ACLs) are calculated using background groundwater sample results. Because no sample results were collected a calculation is not possible. The ss. NR 140.10 and NR 140.12 Wis. Adm. Code PALs and ESs have been applied for the appropriate parameters. Any exceedances observed during the next permit term will be evaluated in conjunction with the background groundwater sample results per s. NR 140.24 Wis. Adm. Code.

#### **Conclusions**

In the past the facility had been given a waiver from collecting and analyzing groundwater samples. The three groundwater monitoring wells are still in place an appear to be competent. The department can reduce groundwater sampling if proper facility conditions exist, however a full waiver for sampling is not an option per s. NR 206.10 Wis. Adm. Code. Groundwater sampling is needed to determine compliance with ch. NR140 Wis. Adm. Code regulations.

The three groundwater monitoring wells should be sampled per *Groundwater Sampling Field Manual*, PUBL-DG-038 96, WDNR Publication, 1996, at the frequency and for the parameters listed in Table 6 of this report.

No changes to the effluent sampling parameters or their limits are recommended.

No indicator parameter PALs or exemptions could be calculated due to lack of sampling.

### **Compliance Schedule Recommendations**

The s. NR 206.07 (2)(h) 1. Wis. Adm. Code requires a land disposal management plan for facilities with land disposal systems. The facility should review their plan within 90 days of permit reissuance and any revisions should be submitted to the department for approval.

The groundwater monitoring well latitude/longitude need to be provided in decimal degrees. These should be provided to the department within 90 days after the permit reissuance.