

WPDES PERMIT

STATE OF WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES permit to discharge under the wisconsin pollutant discharge elimination system

Richland Center Renewable Energy LLC

is permitted, under the authority of Chapter 283, Wisconsin Statutes, to discharge from a facility located at 24520 Cty Hwy RC, Richland Center, WI 53581 24520 County Hwy RC Richland Center, WI 53581 to The Pine River in Richland County Via Outfall 001 at 43.312°N, 90.370°W

in accordance with the effluent limitations, monitoring requirements and other conditions set forth in this permit.

The permittee shall not discharge after the date of expiration. If the permittee wishes to continue to discharge after this expiration date an application shall be filed for reissuance of this permit, according to Chapter NR 200, Wis. Adm. Code, at least 180 days prior to the expiration date given below.

State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources For the Secretary

By

Brett Schmidt Acting Wastewater Section Manager

Date Permit Signed/Issued

PERMIT TERM: EFFECTIVE DATE - January 01, 2025

EXPIRATION DATE - December 31, 2029

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1 SURFACE WATER REQUIREMENTS	1
1.1 SAMPLING POINT(S)	1
1.2 MONITORING REQUIREMENTS AND EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS	1
1.2.1 Sampling Point (Outfall) 001 - Discharge to Pine River	1
2 LAND APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS	8
2.1 SAMPLING POINT(S)	8
2.2 MONITORING REQUIREMENTS AND LIMITATIONS	9
2.2.1 Sampling Point (Outfall) 002 - Digester Sludge from RCRE	9
2.2.2 Sampling Point (Outfall) 003 - Mixed Liquid/Sludge from RCRE	11
2.2.3 Sampling Point (Outfall) 004 - Process WW - Schreiber West; 005- Liquid Waste - Schreiber East	13
2.2.4 Sampling Point (Outfall) 006 - Aeration Tanks Sludge RCRE	14
3 SCHEDULES	17
3.1 LAND APPLICATION MANAGEMENT PLAN	17
3.2 ANNUAL WATER QUALITY TRADING (WQT) REPORT	17
3.3 PH CONTINUOUS SAMPLER	17
4 STANDARD REQUIREMENTS	19
4.1 REPORTING AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	19
4.1.1 Monitoring Results	19
4.1.2 Sampling and Testing Procedures	19
4.1.3 Recording of Results	19
4.1.4 Reporting of Monitoring Results	20
4.1.5 Records Retention	20
4.1.6 Other Information	20
4.1.7 Reporting Requirements – Alterations or Additions	20
4.2 SYSTEM OPERATING REQUIREMENTS	20
4.2.1 Noncompliance Reporting	21
4.2.2 Bypass	21 21
4.2.3 Scheduled Bypass 4.2.4 Controlled Diversions	21
4.2.5 Proper Operation and Maintenance	22
4.2.6 Operator Certification	22
4.2.7 Spill Reporting	22
4.2.8 Planned Changes	22
4.2.9 Duty to Halt or Reduce Activity	23
4.3 SURFACE WATER REQUIREMENTS	23
4.3.1 Permittee-Determined Limit of Quantitation Incorporated into this Permit	23
4.3.2 Appropriate Formulas for Effluent Calculations	23
4.3.3 Effluent Temperature Requirements	23
4.3.4 Visible Foam or Floating Solids	24
4.3.5 Surface Water Uses and Criteria	24
4.3.6 Total Residual Chlorine Requirements	24
4.3.7 Compliance with Phosphorus Limitation	25
4.3.8 Additives	25
4.3.9 Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) Monitoring Requirements	26
4.3.10 Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) Identification and Reduction	26
4.4 LAND APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS	26
4.4.1 General Sludge Management Information 4.4.2 Land Application Characteristic Report	26 26
4.4.3 Annual Land Application Report	20
4.4.4 Other Methods of Disposal or Distribution Report	27
A TO THE METHOUS OF DISPOSAL OF DISTIDUIDON REPORT	27

WPDES Permit No. WI-0064718-03-0 Richland Center Renewable Energy LLC

4.4.5 Land Application Site Approval	27
4.4.6 Operating Requirements/Management Plan	27
4.4.7 Chloride Requirements for Liquid Wastes and By-Product Solids	27
4.4.8 Nitrogen Requirements for Liquid Wastes and By-Product Solids and Sludges	28
4.4.9 Ponding	28
4.4.10 Runoff	28
4.4.11 Soil Incorporation Requirements	28
4.4.12 Field Stockpiles	29
4.4.13 Additional Requirements from ch. NR 214, Wis. Adm. Code	29
5 SUMMARY OF REPORTS DUE	30

1 Surface Water Requirements

1.1 Sampling Point(s)

The discharge(s) shall be limited to the waste type(s) designated for the listed sampling point(s).

	Sampling Point Designation			
Sampling Point Number	Sampling Point Location, Waste Type/Sample Contents and Treatment Description (as applicable)			
001	OUTFALL: Discharge from the WWTF to the Pine River of treated sanitary wastes, organic wastes, and process wastewater from dairy product manufacturing. Composite samples shall be collected from a 24-hour flow proportional and refrigerated composite sampler located at the sand filter building. Grab samples shall be collected from a sample port in the effluent discharge pipe located at the sand filter building. Continuous temperature monitoring shall be measured via an in-line probe. Flow shall be continuously measured via an in-line magmeter located immediately after the composite sampler.			

1.2 Monitoring Requirements and Effluent Limitations

The permittee shall comply with the following monitoring requirements and limitations.

	Monitoring Requirements and Effluent Limitations				
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and	Sample	Sample	Notes
		Units	Frequency	Type	
Flow Rate		MGD	Daily	Continuous	
BOD ₅ , Total		mg/L	3/Week	24-Hr Flow	
				Prop Comp	
BOD ₅ , Total	Daily Max	284 lbs/day	3/Week	Calculated	
BOD ₅ , Total	Monthly Avg	142 lbs/day	3/Week	Calculated	
Chloride		mg/L	4/Month	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	Monitoring 4x month on consecutive days. Monitoring only effective January 1st, 2026 through December 31st, 2026.
Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH ₃ -N) Total	Daily Max	14 mg/L	3/Week	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	
Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH ₃ -N) Total	Monthly Avg	10 mg/L	3/Week	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	This limit is effective April through September annually.
Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH ₃ -N) Total	Monthly Avg	11 mg/L	3/Week	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	This limit is effective October through March annually.
Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl		mg/L	Quarterly	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	
Nitrogen, Nitrite + Nitrate Total		mg/L	Quarterly	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	

1.2.1 Sampling Point (Outfall) 001 - Discharge to Pine River

	Monitoring Requirements and Effluent Limitations				
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Notes
Nitrogen, Total		mg/L	Quarterly	Calculated	Total Nitrogen shall be calculated as the sum of reported values for Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen and Total Nitrite + Nitrate Nitrogen.
Phosphorus, Total	Monthly Avg	1.0 mg/L	3/Week	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	Limit effective throughout the permit term, as it represents a minimum control level. See Water Quality Trading (WQT) sections for more information
Phosphorus, Total		lbs/day	3/Week	Calculated	Report daily mass discharged using Equation 1a. in the Water Quality Trading (WQT) section.
WQT Credits Used (TP)		lbs/month	Monthly	Calculated	Report WQT TP Credits used per month using Equation 2c. in the Water Quality Trading (WQT) section. Available TP Credits are specified in Table 2 and in the approved Water Quality Trading Plan.
WQT Computed Compliance (TP)	6-Month Avg	0.075 mg/L	Monthly	Calculated	Compliance with the six- month average limit is evaluated at the end of the six-month period on June 30 and Dec 31.
WQT Computed Compliance (TP)	Monthly Avg	0.225 mg/L	Monthly	Calculated	Report the WQT TP Computed Compliance value using Equation 4a. in the Water Quality Trading (WQT) section. Value entered on the last day of the month.

Donometer		ring Requiremen			Notos
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Notes
WQT Computed Compliance (TP)	6-Month Avg	0.74 lbs/day	Monthly	Calculated	Report the WQT TP Computed Compliance value using Equation 4b. in the Water Quality Trading (WQT) section. Compliance with the six- month average limit is evaluated at the end of the six-month period on June 30 and Dec 31.
WQT Credits Used (TP)	Annual Total	106.6 lbs/yr	Annual	Calculated	The sum of total monthly credits used may not exceed Table 2 values listed below.
Suspended Solids, Total		mg/L	3/Week	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	
Suspended Solids, Total	Daily Max	347 lbs/day	3/Week	Calculated	
Suspended Solids, Total	Monthly Avg	178 lbs/day	3/Week	Calculated	
Temperature Maximum		deg F	Daily	Continuous	Monitoring only effective January 1st, 2026 through December 31st, 2026.
pH (Maximum)	Daily Max	9.0 su	Daily	Continuous	Grab samples allowed until continuous sampler is installed per compliance schedule.
pH (Minimum)	Daily Min	6.0 su	Daily	Continuous	Grab samples allowed until continuous sampler is installed per compliance schedule.
E. coli	Geometric Mean - Monthly	126 #/100 ml	Weekly	Grab	Limit Effective May through September annually.
E. coli	Monthly Avg	10 Percent	Monthly	Calculated	Limit Effective May through September annually. See the E. coli Percent Limit section below. Enter the result in the DMR on the last day of the month.
Chlorine, Total Residual	Daily Max	38 µg/L	5/Week	Grab	
Chlorine, Total Residual	Monthly Avg	38 µg/L	5/Week	Grab	
Acute WET		TUa	See Listed Qtr(s)	24-Hr Flow Prop Comp	

Monitoring Requirements and Effluent Limitations					
Parameter	Parameter Limit Type Limit and Sample Sample Notes				
		Units	Frequency	Туре	
Chronic WET	Monthly Avg	10 TUc	See Listed	24-Hr Flow	
			Qtr(s)	Prop Comp	

1.2.1.1 Phosphorus Water Quality Trading (WQT)

The permittee may use water quality trading to demonstrate compliance with WQBELs for total phosphorus (TP) of 0.225 mg/L monthly average and 0.075 mg/L 6-month average and 0.74 lbs/day 6-month average. Pollutant reduction credits for total phosphorus are available as specified in Water Quality Trading Plan **WQT-2023-0010** or approved amendments thereof.

 Table 2. Available Phosphorus Credits per WQT-2023-0010

Year	Available TP Credits (lbs/yr) – Total
2025	106.6
2026	106.6
2027	106.6
2028	106.6
2029*	106.6

*In the event that this permit is not reissued prior to the expiration date, 106.6 lbs/yr of credit will be available in subsequent year(s).

Only those pollutant reduction credits established by a water quality trading plan approved by the Department may be used by the permittee to demonstrate compliance with the WQBELs identified in this subsection. If the permittee wishes to use pollutant reduction credits not identified in an approved water quality trading plan, the permittee must amend the plan or develop a new plan and obtain Department approval of the amended or new plan prior to use of the new pollutant reduction credits. Prior to Department approval, the amended or new water quality trading plan will be subject to notice and opportunity for public comment. Any change in the number of available credits requires a permit modification.

In the event pollutant reduction credits as defined in the approved water quality trading plan are no longer generated, the permittee shall comply with the WQBELs for TP contained in this subsection. The sum of available credits shown in Table 2 may be used to demonstrate compliance for a given year.

1.2.1.2 Demonstrating Compliance with TP WQBELs Using Water Quality Trading

Use the following methods to demonstrate compliance with the TP WQBELs contained in the Water Quality Trading subsection above.

TOTAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGED (TP)

Use the following equations to calculate the amount of pollutant discharged for Monthly Avg TP [lbs/day].

TP Discharged [lbs/day] = TP Discharged [mg/L] \times Daily Flow [MGD] \times 8.34	(Eq. 1a.)

Monthly $Avg = \Sigma$ daily results $\div \#$ of results

WQT CREDITS USED (TP)

Use the following method to calculate the credits to be used expressed as a mass in lbs/month: WQT TP Credits Needed [lbs/day] = (Monthly Avg TP [mg/L] – 0.075 [mg/L]) × Monthly Avg Flow [MGD] × 8.34

(Eq. 1b.)

WPDES Permit No. WI-0064718-03-0 Richland Center Renewable Energy LLC

(Eq. 2a.)

WQT TP Credits Needed [lbs/day] = Monthly Avg TP [lbs/day] - 0.74 lbs/day (Eq. 2b.)

When the "Monthly Avg TP" discharged is greater than both 0.075 mg/L and 0.74 lbs/day, select the greater of the two values from Equation 2a or 2b to be used in Equation 2c below.

Note: When the TP discharge is less than 0.075 mg/L AND 0.74 lbs/day as a monthly avg, report 0 (zero) as the "WQT Credits Used (TP)".

WQT TP Credits Used [lbs/month] = WQT TP Credits Needed [lbs/day] × # of days of discharge/month (Eq. 2c.)

WQT COMPUTED COMPLIANCE (TP)

Use the following method to demonstrate compliance with TP WQBELs expressed as a concentration in mg/L:

WQT TP Computed Compliance [mg/L] = Monthly Avg TP $[mg/L] - [WQT TP Credits Needed [lbs/day]* \div (Monthly Avg
Flow [MGD] × 8.34)]*Greater of either Equation 2a or 2b, the value used for Equation 2c.$

Use the following method to demonstrate compliance with TP WQBELs expressed as a mass in lbs/day:

WQT TP Computed Compliance [lbs/day] = Monthly Avg TP [lbs/day] – WQT TP Credits Needed [lbs	s/day]**
	(Eq. 4b.)
**Greater of either Equation 2a or 2b, the value used for Equation 2c	

Negative computed compliance values should be entered as zero - "0".

1.2.1.3 Additional Water Quality Trading Requirements

When using water quality trading to demonstrate compliance with WQBELs for TP, the permittee shall comply with the following:

• Failure to implement any of the terms or conditions of the approved water quality trading plan is a violation of this permit.

• Each month the permittee shall certify that the nonpoint source management practices installed to generate pollutant reduction credits are operated and maintained in a manner consistent with that specified in the approved water quality trading plan. Such a certification may be made by including the following statement as a comment on the monthly discharge monitoring report:

I certify that management practices identified in the approved water quality trading plan as the source of pollutant reduction credits are installed, established and properly maintained.

• At least once a year the permittee or the permittee's agent shall inspect each nonpoint source management practice that generates pollutant reduction credits to confirm the implementation of the management practice and their appropriate operation and adequate maintenance.

• The permittee shall notify WDNR by telephone within 24 hours or next business day of becoming aware that pollutant reduction credits used or intended for use by the permittee are not being implemented or generated as defined in the approved trading plan. A written notification shall be submitted to the Department within 5 days regarding the status of the permittee's pollutant reduction credits.

• The permittee shall provide WDNR written notice within 7 days of the trade agreement upon which the approved water quality trading plan is based being amended, modified, or revoked. This notification shall include the details of any amendment or modification in addition to the justification for the changes.

• The permittee shall not use pollutant reduction credits for the demonstration of compliance when pollutant reduction credits are not being generated.

1.2.1.4 Water Quality Trading Reopener Clause

Under any of the following conditions as provided by s. 283.53(2), Wis. Stats. and ss. NR 203.135 and 203.136, Wis. Adm. Code, the Department may modify or revoke and reissue this permit to modify or eliminate permit terms and conditions related to water quality trading:

- The permittee fails to implement the water quality trading plan as approved;
- The permittee fails to comply with permit terms and conditions related to water quality trading;

• New information becomes available that would change the number of credits available for the water quality trade or would change the Department's determinations that water quality trading is an acceptable option.

1.2.1.5 Submittal of Permit Application for Next Reissuance and Pollutant Trading Plan

The permittee shall submit the permit application for the next reissuance at least 6 months prior to expiration of this permit.

The permittee has submitted a Water Quality Trading Plan that was approved by WDNR on January 3, 2024. If the permittee intends to pursue pollutant trading to achieve compliance in a future permit term, an updated water quality trading plan is due with the application for the next reissuance. If system upgrades will be used in combination with pollutant trading the permittee shall submit plans for any system upgrade.

1.2.1.6 Effluent Temperature Monitoring

For monitoring temperature continuously, collect measurements in accordance with s. NR 218.04(13). This means that discrete measurements shall be recorded at intervals of not more than 15 minutes during the 24-hour period. Report the maximum temperature measured during the day on the DMR.

1.2.1.7 Continuous pH Monitoring

The permittee shall maintain the pH of the discharge within the range of 6.0 to 9.0 standard units (s.u.) except excursions are permitted subject to the following conditions:

- The pH is monitored continuously;
- The total time during which the pH is outside the range of 6.0 to 9.0 s.u. shall not exceed 446 minutes in any calendar month;
- No individual pH excursion outside the range of 6.0 to 9.0 s.u. shall exceed 60 minutes in duration;
- No individual pH excursion shall be outside the range of 4.0 to 11.0 s.u.; and
- On a daily basis, the permittee shall report the minimum and maximum pH, the total time that the pH is outside the range of 6.0 to 9.0 s.u. and the number of pH excursions outside the range of 6.0 to 9.0 that exceed 60 minutes in duration.

1.2.1.8 E. coli

The monthly limit for *E. coli* shall be expressed as a geometric mean. In calculating the geometric mean, a value of 1 is used for any result of 0.

1.2.1.9 *E. coli* Percent Limit

No more than 10 percent of *E. coli* bacteria samples collected in any calendar month may exceed 410 #/100 ml. Bacteria samples may be collected more frequently than required. All samples shall be reported on the monthly discharge monitoring reports (DMRs). The following calculation should be used to calculate percent exceedances.

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\frac{\# \text{ of samples greater than } 410 \#/100 \text{mL} \times 100 = \% \text{ Exceedance}}{\text{Total } \# \text{ of samples}}
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1.2.1.10 Additives

The permittee shall maintain a record of the dosage rate of all additives used on a monthly basis. The additives may be changed during the term of the permit following procedures in the 'Additives' subsection of the Standard Requirements.

1.2.1.11 Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) Testing

Primary Control Water: The Pine River

Instream Waste Concentration (IWC): 10%

Acute Mixing Zone Concentration: N/A

Dilution series: At least five effluent concentrations and dual controls must be included in each test.

- Acute: 100, 50, 25, 12.5, 6.25% and any additional selected by the permittee.
- **Chronic:** 100, 30, 10, 3, 1% and any additional selected by the permittee.

WET Testing Frequency:

Acute tests are required three-times during the permit term:

• Acute: July 1st – September 30th, 2026; October 1st – December 31st, 2027; April 1st – June 30th, 2029.

Acute WET testing shall continue after the permit expiration date (until the permit is reissued) in accordance with the WET requirements specified for the last full calendar year of this permit. For example, the next test would be required in April 1st – June 30th, 2030.

Chronic tests are required annually during the following quarters:

• Chronic: April 1st – June 30th, 2025; July 1st – September 30th, 2026; October 1st – December 31st, 2027; January 1st – March 31st, 2028; April 1st – June 30th, 2029.

Chronic WET testing shall continue after the permit expiration date (until the permit is reissued) in accordance with the WET requirements specified for the last full calendar year of this permit. For example, the next test would be required in April 1st – June 30th, 2030.

Testing: WET testing shall be performed during normal operating conditions. Permittees are not allowed to turn off or otherwise modify treatment systems, production processes, or change other operating or treatment conditions during WET tests.

Reporting: The permittee shall report test results on the Discharge Monitoring Report form, and also complete the "Whole Effluent Toxicity Test Report Form" (Section 6, "*State of Wisconsin Aquatic Life Toxicity Testing Methods Manual, 2nd Edition*"), for each test. The original, complete, signed version of the Whole Effluent Toxicity Test Report Form shall be sent to the Biomonitoring Coordinator, Bureau of Water Quality, 101 S. Webster St., P.O. Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921, within 45 days of test completion. The Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) form shall be submitted electronically by the required deadline.

Determination of Positive Results: An acute toxicity test shall be considered positive if the Toxic Unit - Acute (TU_a) is greater than 1.0 for either species. The TU_a shall be calculated as follows: $TU_a = 100 \div LC_{50}$. A chronic toxicity test shall be considered positive if the Toxic Unit - Chronic (TU_c) is greater than 10.0 for either species. The TU_c shall be calculated as follows: $TU_c = 100 \div IC_{50}$.

Additional Testing Requirements: Within 90 days of a test which showed positive results, the permittee shall submit the results of at least 2 retests to the Biomonitoring Coordinator on "Whole Effluent Toxicity Test Report Forms". The 90-day reporting period shall begin the day after the test which showed a positive result. The retests shall be completed using the same species and test methods specified for the original test (see the Standard Requirements section herein).

2 Land Application Requirements

2.1 Sampling Point(s)

The discharge(s) shall be limited to land application of the waste type(s) designated for the listed sampling point(s) on Department approved land spreading sites or by hauling to another facility.

	Sampling Point Designation
Sampling Point	Sampling Point Location, Waste Type/Sample Contents and Treatment Description (as applicable)
Number	
002	SLUDGE: Permittee shall sample industrial cake sludge from the anaerobic digestion of high strength organic wastes at Richland Center Renewable Energy following the DAF and ultrafiltration membrane systems and prior to landspreading on Department approved sites via outfall 002. Grab composite samples shall be taken at the cake sludge storage building from multiple locations on the sludge pile. The composite grab sample shall consist of a series of at least 3 samples collected from the entire sludge depth, placed into a single container, and thoroughly mixed. Grab samples can also be collected at the discharge from the sludge press. Samples collected from the sludge press shall be collected with a minimum of a 1-hour interval separating sample events and thoroughly mixed. Sampling is required when the sludge is being actively landspread on approved sites during any month. The permittee is required to sample the sludge from Outfall 002 annually if all the sludge is hauled to another facility, landfilled, incinerated, or disposed of through an alternatively approved method.
003	MIX EMERGENCY OUTFALL: This outfall is intended for infrequent or emergency use when Outfall 002 is unavailable. Permittee shall sample the industrial mixed waste made up of waste activated sludge from the normal strength treatment train final clarifier and DAF units and food processing high strength wastewater not used for digester feed stored in the three high strength waste silos prior to land applying on department approved sites via Outfall 003. Grab composite samples shall be taken at the receiver stand sampling spigot, in the sludge storage room truck bay. Annual sampling of the waste is required when the waste is being actively land applied on approved sites. The permittee is not required to sample the waste if all the waste is hauled to another facility, landfilled, incinerated or discharged to an approved manure pit.
004	SCHREIBER WEST EMERGENCY OUTFALL: This outfall is intended for infrequent or emergency use when Outfall 002 is unavailable. Permittee shall sample the high strength industrial liquid wastewater composed of pasteurization, production byproducts and clean-up, clean-in-place systems, product fill overflow, lab sample disposal, and off-spec dairy product/ingredient wastes from Schreiber Foods Inc Richland Center West prior to land applying on department approved sites via Outfall 004. Grab composite samples shall be taken from offloading truck. Annual sampling is required when the waste is being actively land applied on approved sites. The permittee is not required to sample the waste if all the waste is hauled to another facility, landfilled, incinerated, or discharged to an approved manure pit.
005	SCHREIBER EAST EMERGENCY OUTFALL: This outfall is intended for infrequent or emergency use when Outfall 002 is unavailable. Permittee shall sample the industrial liquid waste composed of process wastewater, spoiled or spilled product and whey from Schreiber Foods Inc Richland Center East prior to land applying on department approved sites via Outfall 005. Grab composite samples shall be taken from offloading truck. Annual sampling is required when the waste is being actively land applied on approved sites. The permittee is not required to sample the waste if all the waste is hauled to another facility, landfilled, incinerated, or discharged to an approved manure pit.

Sampling Point Designation			
Sampling	Sampling Point Location, Waste Type/Sample Contents and Treatment Description (as		
Point	applicable)		
Number			
006	SLUDGE EMERGENCY OUTFALL: This outfall is intended for infrequent or emergency use when		
	Outfall 002 is unavailable. Permittee shall sample industrial sludge from the aeration tanks in the normal		
	strength treatment train at Richland Center Renewable Energy prior to landspreading on Department		
	approved sites via outfall 006. Grab composite samples shall be taken from multiple locations in the		
	tanks. The composite grab sample shall consist of a series of at least 3 samples collected from the entire		
	sludge depth, placed into a single container, and thoroughly mixed. Annual sampling is required when		
	the waste is being actively land applied on approved sites. The permittee is not required to sample the		
	sludge from Outfall 006 if all the sludge is hauled to another facility, landfilled, or incinerated.		

2.2 Monitoring Requirements and Limitations

The permittee shall comply with the following monitoring requirements and limitations.

	Monitoring Requirements and Limitations						
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Notes		
Solids, Total		Percent	Monthly	Grab Comp	Report on a dry weight basis.		
pH Field		su	Monthly	Grab			
Chloride		Percent	Monthly	Grab Comp	Report on a dry weight basis.		
Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl		Percent	Monthly	Grab Comp	Report on a dry weight basis.		
Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH ₃ -N) Total		Percent	Annual	Grab Comp	Report on a dry weight basis.		
Phosphorus, Total		Percent	Annual	Grab Comp	Report on a dry weight basis.		
Phosphorus, Water Extractable		% of Tot P	Annual	Grab Comp	Report on a dry weight basis.		
Carbon, Total Organic		Percent	Annual	Grab Comp	Report on a dry weight basis.		
Potassium, Total Recoverable		Percent	Annual	Grab Comp	Report on a dry weight basis.		
Arsenic Dry Wt		mg/kg	Annual	Grab Comp	Report on a dry weight basis.		
Copper Dry Wt		mg/kg	Annual	Grab Comp	Report on a dry weight basis.		
Cadmium Dry Wt		mg/kg	Annual	Grab Comp	Report on a dry weight basis.		
Lead Dry Wt		mg/kg	Annual	Grab Comp	Report on a dry weight basis.		

2.2.1 Sampling Point (Outfall) 002 - Digester Sludge from RCRE

WPDES Permit No. WI-0064718-03-0 Richland Center Renewable Energy LLC

Daily

Calculated

	Monitoring Requirements and Limitations						
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Notes		
Mercury Dry Wt		mg/kg	Annual	Grab Comp	Report on a dry weight basis.		
Molybdenum Dry Wt		mg/kg	Annual	Grab Comp	Report on a dry weight basis.		
Nickel Dry Wt		mg/kg	Annual	Grab Comp	Report on a dry weight basis.		
Selenium Dry Wt		mg/kg	Annual	Grab Comp	Report on a dry weight basis.		
Zinc Dry Wt		mg/kg	Annual	Grab Comp	Report on a dry weight basis.		

Daily Log – Monitoring Requirements and Limitations

All discharge and monitoring activity shall be documented on log sheets. Originals of the log sheets shall be kept by the permittee as described under "Records Retention" in the Standard Requirements section, and if requested, made available to the Department.						
Parameters	Limit	Sample Type				
DNR Site Number(s)	-	Number	Daily	Log		
Acres Applied	-	Acres	Daily	Log		

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Tons/Acre/Day

Annual Report – Summary of Monitoring Requirements and Limitations The Annual Report is due by January 31 st of each year for the previous calendar year. See the 'Annual Land Application Report' subsection in Standard Requirements.						
Parameters	Limit	Units	Reporting Frequency	Sample Type		
DNR Site Number(s)	-	Number	-	-		
Acres Land Applied	-	Acres	Annual	-		
Total Amount Per Site	-	Tons	Annual	Total Annual		
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen per Site	165, or alternate approved in writing	Pounds/Acre/Year	Annual	Calculated		
Total Chloride per Site	340	Pounds/Acre per 2 Years	Annual	Calculated		

2.2.1.1 Annual Site Nitrogen Loading

Application Rate

For details on nitrogen loading requirements, including approval of an alternate nitrogen pounds/acre/year site loading, see the "Nitrogen Requirements for Liquid Wastes, By-Product Solids and Sludges" paragraph in the Standard Requirements section of this permit.

2.2.1.2 Biennial Site Chloride Loading

For details on chloride requirements see the "Chloride Requirements for Liquid Wastes and By-Product Solids" paragraph in the Standard Requirements section of this permit.

2.2.1.3 Composite Sample

Grab composite samples shall be collected prior to landspreading which are representative of the sludge being discharged. Grab composite samples shall be created by combining at least three individual grab samples of equal volume taken at approximately equal intervals not exceeding one hour over a 3-hour period.

	Monitoring Requirements and Limitations						
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and	Sample	Sample	Notes		
		Units	Frequency	Туре			
Solids, Total		Percent	Annual	Grab Comp			
pH Field		su	Annual	Grab			
Chloride		mg/L	Annual	Grab Comp			
Nitrogen, Total		mg/L	Annual	Grab Comp			
Kjeldahl							
Nitrogen, Ammonia		mg/L	Annual	Grab Comp			
(NH ₃ -N) Total							
Phosphorus, Total		mg/L	Annual	Grab Comp			
Phosphorus, Water		% of Tot P	Annual	Grab Comp			
Extractable							
Potassium, Total		mg/L	Annual	Grab Comp			
Recoverable							
Carbon, Total		mg/L	Annual	Grab Comp			
Organic							

2.2.2 Sampling Point (Outfall) 003 - Mixed Liquid/Sludge from RCRE

Daily Log – Monitoring Requirements and Limitations

All discharge and monitoring activity shall be documented on log sheets. Originals of the log sheets shall be kept by the permittee as described under "Records Retention" in the Standard Requirements section, and if requested, made available to the Department.

		-		
Parameters	Limit	Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type
DNR Site Number(s)	-	Number	Daily	Log
Acres Applied	-	Acres	Daily	Log
Frozen Site Maximum Daily Loading Volume	6,800	Gal/Acre/Day	Daily	Calculated
Unfrozen Site Maximum Daily Loading Volume	13,500	Gal/Acre/Day	Daily	Calculated
Weekly Loading Volume	See NR 214 - Tbl 3	Inches/Week	Weekly	Calculated
Volume to Manure Pits	See NR 214.17(1)	Gallons/Day	Daily	Log

Daily Log – Monitoring Requirements and Limitations

All discharge and monitoring activity shall be documented on log sheets. Originals of the log sheets shall be kept by the permittee as described under "Records Retention" in the Standard Requirements section, and if requested, made available to the Department.					
Parameters	Limit	Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	
Manure Pit ID Number	-	Number		Log	

Annual Report – Summary of Monitoring Requirements and Limitations The Annual Report is due by January 31 st of each year for the previous calendar year. See the 'Annual Land Application Report' subsection in Standard Requirements.						
Parameters	Limit	Units	Reporting Frequency	Sample Type		
DNR Site Number(s)	-	Number	-	-		
Acres Land Applied	-	Acres	Annual	-		
Total Volume Per Site	-	Gallons	Annual	Total Annual		
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen per Site	165, or alternate approved in writing	Pounds/Acre/Year	Annual	Calculated		
Total Chloride per Site	340	Pounds/Acre per 2 Years	Annual	Calculated		
Total Volume to Manure Pits	-	Gallons	Annual	Total Annual		

2.2.2.1 Annual Site Nitrogen Loading

For details on nitrogen loading requirements, including approval of an alternate nitrogen pounds/acre/year site loading, see the "Nitrogen Requirements for Liquid Wastes, By-Product Solids and Sludges" paragraph in the Standard Requirements section of this permit.

2.2.2.2 Biennial Site Chloride Loading

For details on chloride requirements see the "Chloride Requirements for Liquid Wastes and By-Product Solids" paragraph in the Standard Requirements section of this permit.

2.2.2.3 Composite Sample

Grab composite samples shall be collected prior to landspreading which are representative of the sludge being discharged. Grab composite samples shall be created by combining at least three individual grab samples of equal volume taken at approximately equal intervals not exceeding one hour over a 3-hour period.

2.2.2.4 Discharge to Manure Pit(s)

Pursuant to s. NR 214.17(1), Wisconsin Administrative Code, an exemption may be granted in writing to certain provisions of NR 214 for discharges to manure pits, provided industrial wastes are less than 10 % of the mixture contained in the manure pit at the time it is landspread.

	Monitoring Requirements and Limitations						
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Notes		
pH Field		su	Annual	Grab			
Chloride		mg/L	Annual	Grab Comp			
Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl		mg/L	Annual	Grab Comp			
Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH ₃ -N) Total		mg/L	Annual	Grab Comp			
Phosphorus, Total		mg/L	Annual	Grab Comp			
Phosphorus, Water Extractable		% of Tot P	Annual	Grab Comp			
Potassium, Total Recoverable		mg/L	Annual	Grab Comp			
Carbon, Total Organic		mg/L	Annual	Grab Comp			

2.2.3 Sampling Point (Outfall) 004 - Process WW - Schreiber West; 005- Liquid Waste - Schreiber East

Daily Log – Monitoring Requirements and Limitations

All discharge and monitoring activity shall be documented on log sheets. Originals of the log sheets shall be kept by the permittee as described under "Records Retention" in the Standard Requirements section, and if requested, made available to the Department.

Parameters	Limit Units		Sample Frequency	Sample Type		
DNR Site Number(s)	-	Number	Daily	Log		
Acres Applied	-	Acres	Daily	Log		
Frozen Site Maximum Daily Loading Volume	6,800	Gal/Acre/Day	Daily	Calculated		
Unfrozen Site Maximum Daily Loading Volume	13,500	Gal/Acre/Day	Daily	Calculated		
Weekly Loading Volume	See NR 214 - Tbl 3	Inches/Week	Weekly	Calculated		
Volume to Manure Pits	See NR 214.17(1)	Gallons/Day	Daily	Log		
Manure Pit ID Number	-	Number		Log		

Annual Report – Summary of Monitoring Requirements and Limitations The Annual Report is due by January 31 st of each year for the previous calendar year. See the 'Annual Land Application Report' subsection in Standard Requirements.						
Parameters	Limit	Units	Reporting Frequency	Sample Type		
DNR Site Number(s)	-	Number	-	-		
Acres Land Applied	-	Acres	Annual	-		
Total Volume Per Site	-	Gallons	Annual	Total Annual		
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen per Site	165, or alternate approved in writing	Pounds/Acre/Year	Annual	Calculated		
Total Chloride per Site	340	Pounds/Acre per 2 Years	Annual	Calculated		
Total Volume to Manure Pits	-	Gallons	Annual	Total Annual		

2.2.3.1 Annual Site Nitrogen Loading

For details on nitrogen loading requirements, including approval of an alternate nitrogen pounds/acre/year site loading, see the "Nitrogen Requirements for Liquid Wastes, By-Product Solids and Sludges" paragraph in the Standard Requirements section of this permit.

2.2.3.2 Biennial Site Chloride Loading

For details on chloride requirements see the "Chloride Requirements for Liquid Wastes and By-Product Solids" paragraph in the Standard Requirements section of this permit.

2.2.3.3 Composite Sample

Grab composite samples shall be collected prior to landspreading which are representative of the sludge being discharged. Grab composite samples shall be created by combining at least three individual grab samples of equal volume taken at approximately equal intervals not exceeding one hour over a 3-hour period.

2.2.3.4 Discharge to Manure Pit(s)

Pursuant to s. NR 214.17(1), Wisconsin Administrative Code, an exemption may be granted in writing to certain provisions of NR 214 for discharges to manure pits, provided industrial wastes are less than 10 % of the mixture contained in the manure pit at the time it is landspread.

2.2.4 Sampling Point (Outfall) 006 - Aeration Tanks Sludge RCRE

Monitoring Requirements and Limitations						
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and	Sample	Sample	Notes	
		Units	Frequency	Туре		
Solids, Total		Percent	Annual	Grab Comp		
Nitrogen, Total		Percent	Annual	Grab Comp		
Kjeldahl				_		
Chloride		Percent	Annual	Grab Comp		
pH Field		su	Annual	Grab		

WPDES Permit No. WI-0064718-03-0 Richland Center Renewable Energy LLC

Monitoring Requirements and Limitations					
Parameter	Limit Type	Limit and Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	Notes
Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH ₃ -N) Total		Percent	Annual	Grab Comp	
Phosphorus, Total		Percent	Annual	Grab Comp	
Phosphorus, Water Extractable		% of Tot P	Annual	Grab Comp	
Potassium, Total Recoverable		Percent	Annual	Grab Comp	
Carbon, Total Organic		Percent	Annual	Grab Comp	

Daily Log – Monitoring Requirements and Limitations

All discharge and monitoring activity shall be documented on log sheets. Originals of the log sheets shall be kept by the permittee as described under "Records Retention" in the Standard Requirements section, and if requested, made available to the Department.

Parameters	Limit	Units	Sample Frequency	Sample Type
DNR Site Number(s)	-	Number	Daily	Log
Acres Applied	-	Acres	Daily	Log
Application Rate	-	Tons/Acre/Day	Daily	Calculated

Annual Report – Summary of Monitoring Requirements and Limitations The Annual Report is due by January 31 st of each year for the previous calendar year. See the 'Annual Land Application Report' subsection in Standard Requirements.				
Parameters	Limit	Units	Reporting Frequency	Sample Type
DNR Site Number(s)	-	Number	-	-
Acres Land Applied	-	Acres	Annual	-
Total Amount Per Site	-	Tons	Annual	Total Annual
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen per Site	165, or alternate approved in writing	Pounds/Acre/Year	Annual	Calculated
Total Chloride per Site	340	Pounds/Acre per 2 Years	Annual	Calculated

2.2.4.1 Annual Site Nitrogen Loading

For details on nitrogen loading requirements, including approval of an alternate nitrogen pounds/acre/year site loading, see the "Nitrogen Requirements for Liquid Wastes, By-Product Solids and Sludges" paragraph in the Standard Requirements section of this permit.

2.2.4.2 Biennial Site Chloride Loading

For details on chloride requirements see the "Chloride Requirements for Liquid Wastes and By-Product Solids" paragraph in the Standard Requirements section of this permit.

2.2.4.3 Composite Sample

Grab composite samples shall be collected prior to landspreading which are representative of the sludge being discharged. Grab composite samples shall be created by combining at least three individual grab samples of equal volume taken at approximately equal intervals not exceeding one hour over a 3-hour period.

3 Schedules

3.1 Land Application Management Plan

Required Action	Due Date
Plan Update: Submit an update to the management plan to optimize the land application system	03/31/2025
performance and demonstrate compliance with ch. NR 214, Wis. Adm. Code.	

3.2 Annual Water Quality Trading (WQT) Report

Required Action	Due Date
Annual WQT Report: Submit an annual WQT report that shall cover the first year of the permit term. The WQT Report shall include:	01/31/2026
The number of pollutant reduction credits (lbs/month) used each month of the previous year to demonstrate compliance;	
The source of each month's pollutant reduction credits by identifying the approved water quality trading plan that details the source;	
A summary of the annual inspection of each nonpoint source management practice that generated any of the pollutant reduction credits used during the previous year; and	
Identification of noncompliance or failure to implement any terms or conditions of this permit with respect to water quality trading that have not been reported in discharge monitoring reports.	
Annual WQT Report #2: Submit an annual WQT report that shall cover the previous year.	01/31/2027
Annual WQT Report #3: Submit an annual WQT report that shall cover the previous year.	01/31/2028
Annual WQT Report #4: Submit the 4th annual WQT report. If the permittee wishes to continue to comply with phosphorus limits through WQT in subsequent permit terms, the permittee shall submit a revised WQT plan including a demonstration of credit need, compliance record of the existing WQT, and any additional practices needed to maintain compliance over time.	01/31/2029
Annual WQT Report Required After Permit Expiration: In the event that this permit is not reissued by the expiration date, the permittee shall continue to submit annual WQT reports by January 31 each year covering the total number of pollutant credits used, the source of the pollution reduction credits, a summary of annual inspection reports performed, and identification of noncompliance or failure to implement any terms or conditions of the approved water quality trading plan for the previous calendar year.	01/31/2030

3.3 pH Continuous Sampler

WPDES Permit No. WI-0064718-03-0 Richland Center Renewable Energy LLC

Required Action	Due Date
Installation of Continuous Sampler : A continuous pH sampler shall be installed by 03/31/2025.	03/31/2025

4 Standard Requirements

Chapter NR 205, Wisconsin Administrative Code (Conditions for Industrial Dischargers): The conditions in ss. NR 205.07(1) and NR 205.07(3), Wis. Adm. Code, are included by reference in this permit. The permittee shall comply with all of these requirements. Some of these requirements are outlined in the Standard Requirements section of this permit. Requirements not specifically outlined in the Standard Requirement section of this permit can be found in ss. NR 205.07(1) and NR 205.07(3), Wis. Adm. Code.

4.1 Reporting and Monitoring Requirements

4.1.1 Monitoring Results

Monitoring results obtained during the previous month shall be summarized and reported on a Department Wastewater Discharge Monitoring Report. The report may require reporting of any or all of the information specified below under 'Recording of Results'. This report is to be returned to the Department no later than the date indicated on the form. A copy of the Wastewater Discharge Monitoring Report Form or an electronic file of the report shall be retained by the permittee.

Monitoring results shall be reported on an electronic discharge monitoring report (eDMR). The eDMR shall be certified electronically by a responsible executive or officer, manager, partner or proprietor as specified in s. 283.37(3), Wis. Stats., or a duly authorized representative of the officer, manager, partner or proprietor that has been delegated signature authority pursuant to s. NR 205.07(1)(g)2, Wis. Adm. Code. The 'eReport Certify' page certifies that the electronic report form is true, accurate and complete.

If the permittee monitors any pollutant more frequently than required by this permit, the results of such monitoring shall be included on the Wastewater Discharge Monitoring Report.

The permittee shall comply with all limits for each parameter regardless of monitoring frequency. For example, monthly, weekly, and/or daily limits shall be met even with monthly monitoring. The permittee may monitor more frequently than required for any parameter.

4.1.2 Sampling and Testing Procedures

Sampling and laboratory testing procedures shall be performed in accordance with Chapters NR 218 and NR 219, Wis. Adm. Code, and completed by a laboratory certified or registered in accordance with the requirements of ch. NR 149, Wis. Adm. Code. Groundwater sampling shall be performed in accordance with procedures contained in s. NR 140.16, Wis. Adm. Code, and the WDNR publications, Groundwater Sampling Desk Reference (PUBL-DG-037-96) and Groundwater Sampling Field Manual (PUBL-DG-038-96). The analytical methodologies used shall enable the laboratory to quantitate all substances for which monitoring is required at levels below the effluent limitation and/or groundwater standard. If the required level cannot be met by any of the methods available in ch. NR 219, Wis. Adm. Code, then the method with the lowest limit of detection shall be selected. Additional test procedures may be specified in this permit.

4.1.3 Recording of Results

The permittee shall maintain records which provide the following information for each effluent measurement or sample taken:

- the date, exact place, method and time of sampling or measurements;
- the individual who performed the sampling or measurements;
- the date the analysis was performed;
- the individual who performed the analysis;
- the analytical techniques or methods used; and
- the results of the analysis.

4.1.4 Reporting of Monitoring Results

The permittee shall use the following conventions when reporting effluent monitoring results:

- Pollutant concentrations less than the limit of detection shall be reported as < (less than) the value of the limit of detection. For example, if a substance is not detected at a detection limit of 0.1 mg/L, report the pollutant concentration as < 0.1 mg/L.
- Pollutant concentrations equal to or greater than the limit of detection, but less than the limit of quantitation, shall be reported and the limit of quantitation shall be specified.
- For purposes of calculating fees under ch. NR 101, Wis. Adm. Code, a reporting limit of 2.0 mg/L for BOD₅ and 2.5 mg/L Total Suspended Solids shall be considered to be limits of quantitation.
- For the purposes of reporting a calculated result, average or a mass discharge value, the permittee may substitute a "0" (zero) for any pollutant concentration that is less than the limit of detection. However, if the effluent limitation is less than the limit of detection, the department may substitute a value other than zero for results less than the limit of detection, after considering the number of monitoring results that are greater than the limit of detection and if warranted when applying appropriate statistical techniques.
- If no discharge occurs through an outfall, flow related parameters (e.g. flow rate, hydraulic application rate, volume, etc.) should be reported as "0" (zero) at the required sample frequency specified for the outfall. For example: if the sample frequency is daily, "0" would be reported for any day during the month that no discharge occurred.

4.1.5 Records Retention

The permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings or electronic data records for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by the permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for the permit for a period of at least 3 years from the date of the sample, measurement, report or application, except for sludge management forms and records, which shall be kept for a period of at least 5 years.

4.1.6 Other Information

Where the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Department, it shall promptly submit such facts or correct information to the Department.

4.1.7 Reporting Requirements – Alterations or Additions

The permittee shall give notice to the Department as soon as possible of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility. Notice is only required when:

- The alteration or addition to the permitted facility may meet one of the criteria for determining whether a facility is a new source.
- The alteration or addition could significantly change the nature or increase the quantity of pollutants discharged. This notification requirement applies to pollutants which are not subject to effluent limitations in the existing permit.
- The alteration or addition results in a significant change in the permittee's sludge use or disposal practices, and such alteration, addition, or change may justify the application of permit conditions that are different from or absent in the existing permit, including notification of additional use of disposal sites not reported during the permit application process nor reported pursuant to an approved land application plan. Additional sites may not be used for the land application of sludge until department approval is received.

4.2 System Operating Requirements

4.2.1 Noncompliance Reporting

The permittee shall report the following types of noncompliance by a telephone call to the Department's regional office within 24 hours after becoming aware of the noncompliance:

- any noncompliance which may endanger health or the environment;
- any violation of an effluent limitation resulting from a bypass;
- any violation of an effluent limitation resulting from an upset; and
- any violation of a maximum discharge limitation for any of the pollutants listed by the Department in the permit, either for effluent or sludge.

A written report describing the noncompliance shall also be submitted to the Department as directed at the end of this permit within 5 days after the permittee becomes aware of the noncompliance. On a case-by-case basis, the Department may waive the requirement for submittal of a written report within 5 days and instruct the permittee to submit the written report with the next regularly scheduled monitoring report. In either case, the written report shall contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause; the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times; the steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance; and if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the length of time it is expected to continue.

A scheduled bypass approved by the Department under the 'Scheduled Bypass' section of this permit shall not be subject to the reporting required under this section.

NOTE: Section 292.11(2)(a), Wisconsin Statutes, requires any person who possesses or controls a hazardous substance or who causes the discharge of a hazardous substance to notify the Department of Natural Resources **immediately** of any discharge not authorized by the permit. **The discharge of a hazardous substance that is not authorized by this permit or that violates this permit may be a hazardous substance spill. To report a hazardous substance spill, call DNR's 24-hour HOTLINE at 1-800-943-0003.**

4.2.2 Bypass

Except for a controlled diversion as provided in the 'Controlled Diversions' section of this permit, any bypass is prohibited and the Department may take enforcement action against a permittee for such occurrences under s. 283.89, Wis. Stats. The Department may approve a bypass if the permittee demonstrates all the following conditions apply:

- The bypass was unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage;
- There were no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities or adequate back-up equipment, retention of untreated wastes, reduction of inflow and infiltration, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if adequate back-up equipment should have been installed in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgment to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventive maintenance. When evaluating feasibility of alternatives, the department may consider factors such as technical achievability, costs and affordability of implementation and risks to public health, the environment and, where the permittee is a municipality, the welfare of the community served; and
- The bypass was reported in accordance with the 'Noncompliance Reporting' section of this permit.

4.2.3 Scheduled Bypass

Whenever the permittee anticipates the need to bypass for purposes of efficient operations and maintenance and the permittee may not meet the conditions for controlled diversions in the 'Controlled Diversions' section of this permit, the permittee shall obtain prior written approval from the Department for the scheduled bypass. A permittee's written request for Department approval of a scheduled bypass shall demonstrate that the conditions for unscheduled bypassing are met and include the proposed date and reason for the bypass, estimated volume and duration of the bypass, alternatives to bypassing and measures to mitigate environmental harm caused by the bypass. The department may require the permittee to provide public notification for a scheduled bypass if it is determined there is significant public interest in the proposed action and may recommend mitigation measures to minimize the impact of such bypass.

4.2.4 Controlled Diversions

Controlled diversions are allowed only when necessary for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation provided the following requirements are met:

- Effluent from the wastewater treatment facility shall meet the effluent limitations established in the permit. Wastewater that is diverted around a treatment unit or treatment process during a controlled diversion shall be recombined with wastewater that is not diverted prior to the effluent sampling location and prior to effluent discharge;
- A controlled diversion may not occur during periods of excessive flow or other abnormal wastewater characteristics;
- A controlled diversion may not result in a wastewater treatment facility overflow; and
- All instances of controlled diversions shall be documented in wastewater treatment facility records and such records shall be available to the department on request.

4.2.5 Proper Operation and Maintenance

The permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance includes effective performance, adequate funding, adequate operator staffing and training as required in ch. NR 114, Wis. Adm. Code, and adequate laboratory and process controls, including appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar systems only when necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit.

4.2.6 Operator Certification

The wastewater treatment facility shall be under the direct supervision of a state certified operator. In accordance with s. NR 114.53, Wis. Adm. Code, every WPDES permitted treatment plant shall have a designated operator-incharge holding a current and valid certificate. The designated operator-in-charge shall be certified at the level and in all subclasses of the treatment plant, except laboratory. Treatment plant owners shall notify the department of any changes in the operator-in-charge within 30 days. Note that s. NR 114.52(22), Wis. Adm. Code, lists types of facilities that are excluded from operator certification requirements (i.e. private sewage systems, pretreatment facilities discharging to public sewers, industrial wastewater treatment that consists solely of land disposal, agricultural digesters and concentrated aquatic production facilities with no biological treatment).

4.2.7 Spill Reporting

The permittee shall notify the Department in accordance with ch. NR 706 (formerly NR 158), Wis. Adm. Code, in the event that a spill or accidental release of any material or substance results in the discharge of pollutants to the waters of the state at a rate or concentration greater than the effluent limitations established in this permit, or the spill or accidental release of the material is unregulated in this permit, unless the spill or release of pollutants has been reported to the Department in accordance with s. NR 205.07 (1)(s), Wis. Adm. Code.

4.2.8 Planned Changes

In accordance with ss. 283.31(4)(b) and 283.59, Stats., the permittee shall report to the Department any facility expansion, production increase or process modifications which will result in new, different or increased discharges of pollutants. The report shall either be a new permit application, or if the new discharge will not violate the effluent limitations of this permit, a written notice of the new, different or increased discharge. The notice shall contain a description of the new activities, an estimate of the new, different or increased discharge of pollutants and a description of the effect of the new or increased discharge on existing waste treatment facilities. Following receipt of this report, the Department may modify this permit to specify and limit any pollutants not previously regulated in the permit.

4.2.9 Duty to Halt or Reduce Activity

Upon failure or impairment of treatment facility operation, the permittee shall, to the extent necessary to maintain compliance with its permit, curtail production or wastewater discharges or both until the treatment facility operations are restored or an alternative method of treatment is provided.

4.3 Surface Water Requirements

4.3.1 Permittee-Determined Limit of Quantitation Incorporated into this Permit

For pollutants with water quality-based effluent limits below the Limit of Quantitation (LOQ) in this permit, the LOQ calculated by the permittee and reported on the Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs) is incorporated by reference into this permit. The LOQ shall be reported on the DMRs, shall be the lowest quantifiable level practicable, and shall be no greater than the minimum level (ML) specified in or approved under 40 CFR Part 136 for the pollutant at the time this permit was issued, unless this permit specifies a higher LOQ.

4.3.2 Appropriate Formulas for Effluent Calculations

The permittee shall use the following formulas for calculating effluent results to determine compliance with average concentration limits and mass limits and total load limits:

Weekly/Monthly/Six-Month/Annual Average Concentration = the sum of all daily results for that week/month/sixmonth/year, divided by the number of results during that time period. [Note: When a six-month average effluent limit is specified for Total Phosphorus the applicable periods are May through October and November through April, except in cases of Water Quality Trading, wherein the applicable periods are January through June and July through December.]

Weekly Average Mass Discharge (lbs/day): Daily mass = daily concentration (mg/L) x daily flow (MGD) x 8.34, then average the daily mass values for the week.

Monthly Average Mass Discharge (lbs/day): Daily mass = daily concentration (mg/L) x daily flow (MGD) x 8.34, then average the daily mass values for the month.

Six-Month Average Mass Discharge (lbs/day): Daily mass = daily concentration (mg/L) x daily flow (MGD) x 8.34, then average the daily mass values for the six-month period. [Note: When a six-month average effluent limit is specified for Total Phosphorus the applicable periods are May through October and November through April.]

Annual Average Mass Discharge (lbs/day): Daily mass = daily concentration (mg/L) x daily flow (MGD) x 8.34, then average the daily mass values for the entire year.

Total Monthly Discharge: = monthly average concentration (mg/L) x total flow for the month (MG/month) x 8.34.

Total Annual Discharge: = sum of total monthly discharges for the calendar year.

12-Month Rolling Sum of Total Monthly Discharge: = the sum of the most recent 12 consecutive months of Total Monthly Discharges.

4.3.3 Effluent Temperature Requirements

Weekly Average Temperature – If temperature limits are included in this permit, Weekly Average Temperature shall be calculated as the sum of all daily maximum results for that week divided by the number of daily maximum results during that time period.

Cold Shock Standard – Water temperatures of the discharge shall be controlled in a manner as to protect fish and aquatic life uses from the deleterious effects of cold shock pursuant to Wis. Adm. Code, s. NR 102.28. 'Cold Shock' means exposure of aquatic organisms to a rapid decrease in temperature and a sustained exposure to low temperature that induces abnormal behavior or physiological performance and may lead to death.

WPDES Permit No. WI-0064718-03-0

Richland Center Renewable Energy LLC

Rate of Temperature Change Standard – Temperature of a water of the state or discharge to a water of the state may not be artificially raised or lowered at such a rate that it causes detrimental health or reproductive effects to fish or aquatic life of the water of the state pursuant to Wis. Adm. Code, s. NR 102.29.

4.3.4 Visible Foam or Floating Solids

There shall be no discharge of floating solids or visible foam in other than trace amounts.

4.3.5 Surface Water Uses and Criteria

In accordance with NR 102.04, Wis. Adm. Code, surface water uses and criteria are established to govern water management decisions. Practices attributable to municipal, industrial, commercial, domestic, agricultural, land development or other activities shall be controlled so that all surface waters including the mixing zone meet the following conditions at all times and under all flow and water level conditions:

- a) Substances that will cause objectionable deposits on the shore or in the bed of a body of water, shall not be present in such amounts as to interfere with public rights in waters of the state.
- b) Floating or submerged debris, oil, scum or other material shall not be present in such amounts as to interfere with public rights in waters of the state.
- c) Materials producing color, odor, taste or unsightliness shall not be present in such amounts as to interfere with public rights in waters of the state.
- d) Substances in concentrations or in combinations which are toxic or harmful to humans shall not be present in amounts found to be of public health significance, nor shall substances be present in amounts which are acutely harmful to animal, plant or aquatic life.

4.3.6 Total Residual Chlorine Requirements

When total residual chlorine (TRC) limit(s) or monitoring are included in a permit, the permittee shall comply with the following conditions:

- a) The permittee shall perform TRC monitoring required in this permit using an approved method from ch. NR 219, Wis. Adm. Code, which produces a detection limit that is less than or equal to the permitted limit or produces the lowest economically feasible detection limit if the approved methods cannot meet the permit limit. If the facility cannot achieve a detection limit less than or equal to the permit limit using the approved methods, contact the laboratory accreditation program for guidance.
- b) The permittee shall determine the limit of detection (LOD) as specified in s. NR 149.48 (2)(b), Wis. Adm. Code, or the permittee shall contact the laboratory accreditation program for information on how to determine a verified detection limit allowed just for TRC. If the verified detection limit is determined using the special procedure, then the LOD and limit of quantitation (LOQ) shall be set to be equal to the verified detection limit determined from this special procedure.
- c) The permittee shall determine compliance with the TRC limit(s) as follows:
 - 1. If the facility determines a statistical LOD as specified in s. NR 149.48 (2)(b), Wis. Adm. Code, and the measured TRC levels are less than the LOD, the permittee shall report the results as less than the LOD (<LOD). For this situation the LOQ shall be established at 3.33 times the LOD or at the concentration of the lowest standard in the calibration curve. TRC levels that are < LOD are in compliance with the TRC limit.
 - 2. If the facility determines the verified detection limit using the laboratory accreditation program special procedure, this verified detection limit shall be reported as the LOD and LOQ. If the

WPDES Permit No. WI-0064718-03-0

Richland Center Renewable Energy LLC measured TRC levels are less than the LOD, the permittee shall report the results as < LOD. TRC levels that are < LOD are in compliance with the TRC limit.

- 3. If the facility determines the statistical LOD as specified in s. NR 149.48 (2)(b), Wis. Adm. Code, and the measured TRC levels are greater than the statistical LOD but less than the LOQ, TRC levels are in compliance with the TRC limit except when the measured levels are consistently reported between the LOD and LOQ. When the measured TRC levels are consistently reported between the LOD and LOQ, the facility shall take action to determine the reliability of detected results (such as resampling and/or re-calculating dosages) and shall adjust the chemical feed system if necessary to reduce the chances of detecting levels between the statistical LOD and LOQ.
- 4. If the facility determines the statistical LOQ as specified in s. NR 149.48 (2)(b), Wis. Adm. Code, or determines the verified detection limit using the laboratory accreditation program special procedure, TRC measured levels that are greater than the statistical LOQ and the TRC limit, are not in compliance with the TRC limit. The permittee shall report the level as a limit exceedance.
- 5. If the facility determines the statistical LOD as specified in s. NR 149.48 (2)(b), Wis. Adm. Code, and the measured level is < LOD, then a "0" (zero) value may be substituted for any test result less than the statistical LOD when calculating the average or mass discharge values. Calculated values shall then be compared directly to the average or mass limits to determine compliance.
- 6. If the facility determines the verified detection limit using the laboratory accreditation program special procedure and the measured level is < LOD (set equal to the verified detection limit), then a "0" (zero) value may be substituted for any test result less than the LOD when calculating the average or mass discharge values. Calculated values shall then be compared directly to the average or mass limits to determine compliance.</p>

4.3.7 Compliance with Phosphorus Limitation

Compliance with the concentration limitation for phosphorus shall be determined as a rolling twelve-month average and shall be calculated as follows:

First, determine the pounds of phosphorus for an individual month by multiplying the average of all the concentration values for phosphorus (in mg/L) for that month by the total flow for the month in Million Gallons times the conversion factor of 8.34.

Then, the monthly pounds of phosphorus determined in this manner shall be summed for the most recent 12 months and inserted into the numerator of the following equation.

Average concentration of P in mg/L = $\underline{\text{Total lbs of P discharged (most recent 12 months)}}$ Total flow in MG (most recent 12 months) X 8.34

The compliance calculation shall be performed each month with a reported discharge volume after substituting data from the most recent month(s) for the oldest month(s). A calculated value in excess of the concentration limitation will be considered equivalent to a violation of a monthly average.

4.3.8 Additives

In the event that the permittee wishes to commence use of a water treatment additive, or increase the usage of the additives greater than indicated in the permit application, the permittee must get a written approval from the Department prior to initiating such changes. This written approval shall provide authority to utilize the additives at the specific rates until the permit can be either reissued or modified in accordance with s. 283.53, Stats. Restrictions on the use of the additives may be included in the authorization letter.

4.3.9 Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) Monitoring Requirements

In order to determine the potential impact of the discharge on aquatic organisms, static-renewal toxicity tests shall be performed on the effluent in accordance with the procedures specified in the "State of Wisconsin Aquatic Life Toxicity Testing Methods Manual, 2nd Edition" (PUB-WT-797, November 2004) as required by NR 219.04, Table A, Wis. Adm. Code). All of the WET tests required in this permit, including any required retests, shall be conducted on the Ceriodaphnia dubia and fathead minnow species. Receiving water samples shall not be collected from any point in contact with the permittee's mixing zone and every attempt shall be made to avoid contact with any other discharge's mixing zone.

4.3.10 Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) Identification and Reduction

Within 60 days of a retest which showed positive results, the permittee shall submit a written report to the Biomonitoring Coordinator, Bureau of Water Quality, 101 S. Webster St., PO Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921, which details the following:

- A description of actions the permittee has taken or will take to remove toxicity and to prevent the recurrence of toxicity;
- A description of toxicity reduction evaluation (TRE) investigations that have been or will be done to identify potential sources of toxicity, including the following actions:
 - a) Evaluate the performance of the treatment system to identify deficiencies contributing to effluent toxicity (e.g., operational problems, chemical additives, incomplete treatment)
 - b) Identify the compound(s) causing toxicity. Conduct toxicity screening tests on the effluent at a minimum of once per month for six months to determine if toxicity recurs. Screening tests are WET tests using fewer effluent concentrations conducted on the most sensitive species. If any of the screening tests contain toxicity, conduct a toxicity identification evaluation (TIE) to determine the cause. TIE methods are available from USEPA "Methods for Aquatic Toxicity Identification Evaluations: Phase I Toxicity Characterization Procedures (EPA/600/6-91/003) and "Toxicity Identification Evaluation: Characterization of Chronically Toxic Effluents, Phase I" (EPA/600/6-91/005F).
 - c) Trace the compound(s) causing toxicity to their sources (e.g., industrial, commercial, domestic)
 - d) Evaluate, select, and implement methods or technologies to control effluent toxicity (e.g., in-plant or pretreatment controls, source reduction or removal)
- Where corrective actions including a TRE have not been completed, an expeditious schedule under which corrective actions will be implemented;
- If no actions have been taken, the reason for not taking action.

The permittee may also request approval from the Department to postpone additional retests in order to investigate the source(s) of toxicity. Postponed retests must be completed after toxicity is believed to have been removed.

4.4 Land Application Requirements

4.4.1 General Sludge Management Information

The General Sludge Management Form 3400-48 shall be completed and submitted prior to any significant sludge management changes.

4.4.2 Land Application Characteristic Report

The analytical results from testing of liquid wastes, by-product solids and sludges that are land applied shall be reported annually on the Characteristic Report Form 3400-49. The report form shall be submitted electronically no

WPDES Permit No. WI-0064718-03-0

Richland Center Renewable Energy LLC

later than the date indicated on the form. Following submittal of the electronic Characteristic Report Form 3400-49, this form shall be certified electronically via the 'eReport Certify' page by a responsible executive officer, manager, partner or proprietor as specified in s. 283.37(3), Wis. Stats., or a duly authorized representative of the officer, manager, partner or proprietor that has been delegated signature authority pursuant to s. NR 205.07(1)(g)2, Wis. Adm. Code. The 'eReport Certify' page certifies that the electronic report form is true, accurate and complete. The permittee shall use the following convention when reporting sludge monitoring results: Pollutant concentrations less than the limit of detection shall be reported as < (less than) the value of the limit of detection. For example, if a substance is not detected at a detection limit of 1.0 mg/kg, report the pollutant concentration as < 1.0 mg/kg. All sludge results shall be reported on a dry weight basis.

4.4.3 Annual Land Application Report

The annual totals for the land application loadings of liquid wastes, by-product solids and sludges to field spreading sites shall be submitted electronically on the Annual Land Application Report Form 3400-55 by January 31, each year whether or not waste is land applied. Following submittal of the electronic Annual Land Application Report Form 3400-55, this form shall be certified electronically via the 'eReport Certify' page by a responsible executive officer, manager, partner or proprietor as specified in s. 283.37(3), Wis. Stats., or a duly authorized representative of the officer, manager, partner or proprietor that has been delegated signature authority pursuant to s. NR 205.07(1)(g)2, Wis. Adm. Code. The 'eReport Certify' page certifies that the electronic report form is true, accurate and complete.

4.4.4 Other Methods of Disposal or Distribution Report

The permittee shall submit electronically the Other Methods of Disposal or Distribution Report Form 3400-52 by January 31, each year whether or not waste is hauled to another facility, landfilled, incinerated, or stored in a manure pit. Following submittal of the electronic Report Form 3400-52, this form shall be certified electronically via the 'eReport Certify' page by a responsible executive officer, manager, partner or proprietor as specified in s. 283.37(3), Wis. Stats., or a duly authorized representative of the officer, manager, partner or proprietor that has been delegated signature authority pursuant to s. NR 205.07(1)(g)2, Wis. Adm. Code. The 'eReport Certify' page certifies that the electronic report form is true, accurate and complete.

4.4.5 Land Application Site Approval

The permittee is authorized to landspread permitted liquid wastes, by-product solids and sludges on sites approved in writing by the Department in accordance with ss. NR 214.17(2) and 214.18(2), Wis. Adm. Code. Any site use restrictions or granting of case-by-case exceptions shall be identified in the approval letter. If the permittee wishes to have approval for additional sites, application shall be made using Land Application Site Request Form 3400-053. Complete information shall be submitted about each site, including location maps and soil maps, any soil analyses results and other information showing that the site complies with all application requirements and permit conditions. Spreading on a site may commence upon receipt of Department approval. If an existing spreading site is found by the Department to be environmentally unacceptable, a written notice will be issued to withdraw approval of that site.

4.4.6 Operating Requirements/Management Plan

All land application sites used for treatment of liquid wastes, by-product solids and sludges shall be operated in accordance with a Department approved management plan. The management plan shall be consistent with the requirements of this permit, ss. NR 214.17 (3) and (6), and NR 214.18 (3) and (6), Wis. Adm. Code. If operational changes are needed, the land application management plan shall be amended by submitting a written request to the Department for approval. A land application management plan shall be submitted for approval at least 60 days prior to land application.

4.4.7 Chloride Requirements for Liquid Wastes and By-Product Solids

The total pounds of chloride applied shall be limited to 340 pounds per acre per 2 year period. Calculate the chloride loading as follows:

WPDES Permit No. WI-0064718-03-0 Richland Center Renewable Energy LLC Wet Weight Solids: <u>lbs of solids X %solids X %chloride</u> = lbs chloride/acre acres land applied X 100 X 100

Liquid: $\underline{mg/L \text{ chloride } X \text{ (millions of gallons) } X 8.34} = \text{lbs chloride/acre}$ acres land applied

4.4.8 Nitrogen Requirements for Liquid Wastes and By-Product Solids and Sludges

NR 214.17(4) and NR 214.18(4) Wis. Adm. Code specify that the total pounds of nitrogen land applied per acre per year shall be limited to the nitrogen needs of the cover crop minus any other nitrogen added to the land application site, including fertilizer or manure. Nitrogen applied can be calculated on the basis of plant available nitrogen, as long as the release of nitrogen from the organic material is credited to future years. This permit requires that the Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen calendar year application amount shall not exceed 165 pounds per acre per year, except when alternate numerical nitrogen loading limits (consistent with the above sections of NR 214) are approved in writing via the Department's land application management plan approval. Calculate nitrogen loading as follows ("TKN" represents "Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen"):

Wet Weight Solids and Sludges: <u>lbs of solids X % solids X % TKN</u> = lbs TKN/acre acres land applied X 100 X 100

Liquid: $\underline{mg/L TKN X}$ (millions of gallons) X 8.34 = lbs TKN/acre acres land applied

4.4.9 Ponding

The volume of liquid wastes land applied shall be limited to prevent ponding, except for temporary conditions following rainfall events. If ponding occurs all land application shall cease immediately. The permittee shall land apply only the liquid wastes that are permitted.

4.4.10 Runoff

The volume of liquid wastes land applied shall be limited to prevent runoff. If runoff occurs all land application shall cease immediately. The permittee shall land apply only the liquid wastes that are permitted.

4.4.11 Soil Incorporation Requirements

- Liquid Sludge Requirements: The Department may require that liquid sludge be incorporated into the soil on specific land application sites when necessary to prevent surface runoff or objectionable odors. Requirements and procedures for incorporation of liquid sludge, when such incorporation may be necessary, shall be specified in the management plan or in specific site applications, subject to Department approval. The permittee shall comply with the requirements in the Department approved management plan, specific site-approval requirements and the terms and conditions of this permit.
- Cake Sludge Requirements: After land application, cake sludge shall be incorporated into the soil. The timing of such incorporation and other related requirements and procedures shall be specified in the management plan or in specific site applications, subject to Department approval. The permittee shall comply with the requirements in the Department approved management plan, specific site-approval requirements and the terms and conditions of this permit.
- Liquid Wastewater Requirements: The Department may require that liquid wastewater be incorporated or injected into the soil on specific land application sites when necessary to prevent surface runoff or objectionable odors. Requirements and procedures for injection or incorporation of liquid wastewater, when such injection or incorporation is necessary, shall be specified in the management plan or in specific site applications, subject to Department approval. The permittee shall comply with the requirements in the

WPDES Permit No. WI-0064718-03-0

Richland Center Renewable Energy LLC

Department approved management plan, specific site-approval requirements and the terms and conditions of this permit.

• By-Product Solids Requirements: The Department may limit the volume of by-products solids that are landspread on a specific site when necessary to prevent surface runoff or leaching of contaminants to groundwater and objectionable odors. By-product solids shall, after application, be plowed, disced, or otherwise incorporated into the soil. Requirements and procedures for the incorporation of byproduct solids into the soil shall be specified in the management plan or in specific site applications, subject to Department approval. The permittee shall comply with the requirements in the Department approved management plan, specific site-approval requirements and the terms and conditions of this permit.

4.4.12 Field Stockpiles

The permittee is encouraged to landspread the by-product solids or sludges as they are transported to the fields; but if it becomes necessary to stockpile solids in the fields, the stockpiles shall be spread within 72 hours or as specified in the approved management plan.

4.4.13 Additional Requirements from ch. NR 214, Wis. Adm. Code

The requirements of s. NR 214.17 (4)(c) [pathogen prohibition for human consumption crop fields], (4)(d)1 [no adverse soil effects], (4)(d)10 [allowable whey spreading rates], and (4)(e)1-3 [by-product solids spreading within agricultural practices and not cause contamination] for landspreading of liquid wastes and by product solids and s. NR 214.18 (4)(b),(d)-(h) [application, nutrient, pH, metals, and PCB limitations] for sludge spreading systems are included by reference in this permit. The permittee shall comply with these requirements.

5 Summary of Reports Due

FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY

Description	Date	Page
Land Application Management Plan -Plan Update	March 31, 2025	17
Annual Water Quality Trading (WQT) Report -Annual WQT Report	January 31, 2026	17
Annual Water Quality Trading (WQT) Report -Annual WQT Report #2	January 31, 2027	17
Annual Water Quality Trading (WQT) Report -Annual WQT Report #3	January 31, 2028	17
Annual Water Quality Trading (WQT) Report -Annual WQT Report #4	January 31, 2029	17
Annual Water Quality Trading (WQT) Report -Annual WQT Report Required After Permit Expiration	January 31, 2030	17
pH Continuous Sampler -Installation of Continuous Sampler	March 31, 2025	18
General Sludge Management Form 3400-48	prior to any significant sludge management changes	26
Characteristic Report Form 3400-49	no later than the date indicated on the form	26
Land Application Report Form 3400-55	January 31, each year whether or not waste is land applied	27
Other Methods of Disposal or Distribution Report Form 3400-52	by January 31, each year whether or not waste is hauled to another facility, landfilled, incinerated, or stored in a manure pit	27
Wastewater Discharge Monitoring Report	no later than the date indicated on the form	19

Report forms shall be submitted electronically in accordance with the reporting requirements herein. Any facility plans or plans and specifications for municipal, industrial, industrial pretreatment and non industrial wastewater systems shall be submitted to the Bureau of Water Quality, P.O. Box 7921, Madison, WI 53707-7921. All <u>other</u> submittals required by this permit shall be submitted to:

South Central Reg - Dodgeville, 1500 N. Johns Street, Dodgeville, WI 53533-2116