Engineering Report

Water Quality Trading Plan

Prepared For

VPP GROUP, LLC NORWALK | WISCONSIN

REVISED: OCTOBER 4, 2018 REVISED: SEPTEMBER 19, 2018 REVISED: SEPTEMBER 7, 2018 AUGUST 16, 2017

McM. No. V0948-9-17-00615

Prepared By

CHAD T. OLSEN, P.E., BCEE



1445 McMAHON DRIVE | NEENAH, WI 54956 Mailing P.O. BOX 1025 | NEENAH, WI 54957-1025 PH 920.751.4200 FX 920.751.4284 MCMGRP.COM

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McMAHON ASSOCIATES, INC.

NEENAH, WISCONSIN

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I. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This Water Quality Trading Plan details VPP Group, LLC's (referred to hereafter as 'VPP') plan to comply with their Total Phosphorus (TP) Water Quality-Based Trading Effluent Limitation (WQBEL), as specified in their Wisconsin Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (WPDES) Permit No. WI-0052931-08-0. VPP intends to work with the Monroe County Land Conservation Department (referred to hereafter as the 'County') to undertake a stream bank restoration project at Moore Creek to generate Phosphorus (P) credits for Water Quality Trading (WQT). The County will design improvements and bid out construction work on behalf of VPP. VPP or Monroe County will hire a contractor for the project.

II. BACKGROUND

The Moore Creek runs eastwards, and is located southwest of the VPP facility. The banks of the river are not used for any purpose at this time. Figure II-1 illustrates the location of Moore Creek relative to the VPP facility.

Figure II-1: Location Of Moore Creek Relative To VPP



Under VPP's current WPDES permit, a 6-month average TP limit of 0.075 mg/L will need to be met during the next Permit term.

VPP will, more than likely, not be able to consistently meet the TP limit with their existing facilities. The effluent data from the past 2.5-years is summarized in Table II-1. During the period of May 2015 to October 2015, the effluent TP exceeded the WQBEL for P. As such, acquiring credits to Trade to offset their P effluent discharge will allow them to achieve compliance.

Table II-1: 6-Month Avg. Effluent P (May 2015 - April 2017)

Time Period	Avg. Effluent P	Avg. Effluent TP
	mg/L	lbs./day
May 2015 - October 2015	0.141	0.065
November 2015 - April 2016	0.073	0.034
May 2016 - October 2016	0.053	0.023
November 2016 - April 2017	0.055	0.026

VPP intends to acquire credits by reducing the soil erosion from a non-point source, which has been identified as the banks of the Moore Creek located southwest of the facility. By designing improvements to the stream bank, the reduction in soil erosion subsequently leads to less P being leached into the Creek. This reduction will generate the required credits for compliance. VPP owns the rights to the land adjacent to the Creek, south of Wilton Road, which will allow them to perform the necessary modifications to reduce soil erosion.

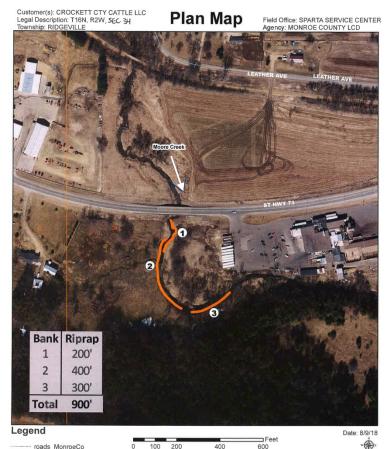


Figure II-2: Streambank Segments

VPP partnered with the County for this project. Soil samples were collected on August 10, 2018 from potential degradation sites along the bend in the riverbank, located southwest of the facility. A copy of the results is included in Appendix #2. The results revealed the concentration of P in the soil, which was used to calculate the amount of P that could be saved by reducing erosion. It was determined that improving the south bank of Bank Segment #3 would be sufficient to generate the required pollutant reduction credits. Once the project is installed, it will be maintained perpetually and keep providing credits in the future.

Figure II-2 illustrates various stream segments that could be restored, with Bank Segment #3 highlighted in the yellow box.

Engineering Report

Monroe Sections Rock Riprap Table II-2 shows the calculation for yearly P losses due to erosion of Bank Segment #3. This is based on the NRCS erosion calculator combined with soil P concentration.

Table II-2: Projected P Loss From Erosion Of Stream Banks

			Erosion	Volume	Mass	Soil P	
Bank Segment	Length	Width	Rate	Loss	Loss	Conc.	P Loss
	feet	feet	feet/yr.	cu.ft./yr.	tons/yr.	%	lbs./yr.
#3	300	6.0	0.50	900	49.5	0.03	29.7
Est. Soil Weight, I	bs./cu.ft.		110				
Soil Texture: Gra	vel						

The stream bank lateral recession rate was determined by the County using NRCS guidance included in Appendix #3.

III. TRADE RATIO

WQT must result in an improvement in water quality. As such, the Department Of Natural Resources (DNR) established a Trade ratio that determines the number of credits that must be generated for a WQT. The Trade ratio equation is:

Trade Ratio = (Delivery + Downstream + Equivalency + Uncertainty - Habitat Adjustment):1

A discussion of each factor is considered below:

A. <u>Delivery Factor</u>

The Delivery Factor accounts for the distance between Trading partners and the impact the distance has on the transport of traded pollutant in surface waters. As both the credit generator and VPP are located in the same HUC-12 watershed, the Delivery Factor equals 0.

B. <u>Downstream Trading Factor</u>

A Downstream Trading Factor is needed when the credit generator is located downstream from the credit user's point of standards application. Since bank is located upstream of VPP's point of discharge, Downstream Trading Factor equals 0.

C. <u>Equivalency Factor</u>

The Equivalency Factor accounts for Trading partners discharging different forms of a pollutant. The restoration project would directly result in a reduction of P concentration into the river; thus, the Equivalency Factor equals 0.

D. <u>Uncertainty Factor</u>

The Uncertainty Factor compensates for the multiple sources of uncertainty that occur in the generation of credits by non-point sources. The County proposes to conduct a stream

bank restoration project that will contribute to aquatic habitat restoration. Looking at Table 4, Page 20, of the *Guidance for Implementing Water Quality Trading* in WPDES Permits published by the Wisconsin DNR, this corresponds with an Uncertainty Factor of 2.

E. Aquatic Habitat Adjustment Factor

By reducing soil erosion, the aquatic habitat will be improved and have increased water quality. The reach of stream that encompasses the 900 lin.ft. of eroding stream bank consists of runs that have a small 3 to 4-inch cobble bottom, and pools are primarily silt and sand. There is very little habitat within this reach due to vertical banks without vegetation, pool depth is not adequate to provide depth protection from predators and very little woody habitat is available. There are a few trees overhanging the water and one root wad that could provide some cover. Overall depth is the limiting factor on the entire reach.

This factor is accounted for in the Uncertainty Factor; thus, the Aquatic Habitat Adjustment Factor is 0.

Therefore, equating all these factors: Trade Ratio = (0 + 0 + 0 + 2 - 0):1 = 2:1

F. <u>Credits Required</u>

The effluent TP for May 2015 to October 2015 was recorded as 0.065 lbs./day. To determine the credits required, the allowable discharge as stipulated by the WPDES is calculated as shown.

```
Allowable Limit = 0.055 mgd * 8.34 * 0.075 mg/L = 0.034 lbs./day
```

Where 8.34 is a conversion factor to convert to lbs./day.

The total amount of P required for Trading is:

```
P Required For Trading = (0.065 – 0.034) lbs./day* 365 days/year = 11.3 lbs./year
```

Including a safety factor of 1.2, the required P for Trading is 13.5 lbs./year, rounded up to 14 lbs./year. Applying the Trade ratio, the required P credits are:

```
P Credits Required = P Required For Trading * Trade Ratio = 14 lbs./year * 2 = 28 lbs./year
```

Referring to Table II-2, by stabilizing Stream Segment Area #3, the amount of P saved would be 29.7 lbs./year, which meets the 28 lbs./year criteria.

G. Schedule For Stream Bank Restoration

The project will be implemented in the fall of 2018 or early 2019.

H. Operation & Maintenance Of The Stream Bank Restoration

The stream bank restoration project will be maintained per the recommendations of the County. A copy of the Draft Operation & Maintenance Plan is included at the end of Appendix #4.

I. <u>Inspection & Reporting</u>

1. Monthly Certification:

Each month, VPP will certify that the stream bank restoration project is operated and maintained in a manner consistent with this Water Quality Trading Plan. Such a certification may be made by including the following statement as a comment on the Monthly Discharge Monitoring Report:

I certify that management practices identified in the approved Water Quality Trading Plan as the source of pollutant reduction credits are installed, established and properly maintained.

2. Inspections:

- VPP will observe the restoration project annually to confirm the practice is still in place. VPP Group will also observe the restoration project after flood events.
- b. The DNR will have the right to access and inspect the stream bank.

3. Annual Water Quality Trading Report:

When WQT is being used to demonstrate compliance with WQBEL's, VPP shall report to the DNR by January 31st of each year with the following information:

- a. The number of pollutant reduction credits (lbs./month) used each month of the previous year to demonstrate compliance;
- b. The summary of the annual inspection of the stream bank and the status of the project;
- c. Identification of non-compliance or failure to implement any terms or conditions of WPDES Permit No. WI-0052931-08-0 with respect to WQT that have not been reported in discharge monitoring reports.

4. Reporting:

- a. VPP shall notify the DNR within 7-days in the event that the stream bank restoration project does not generate the pollutant reduction credits as defined in the Water Quality Trading Plan.
- b. VPP shall provide the DNR written notice within 7-days of the Trade Agreement upon which the approved Water Quality Trading Plan is being amended, modified or revoked. This notification shall include the details of any amendment or modification, in addition to the justification for the change.

J. <u>Practice Registration Documents</u>

A copy of the Draft Streambank Restoration Plan proposed by Monroe County is included in Appendix #4. Please note that VPP Group, LLC only intends to implement the restoration on Stream Bank Segment #3.

A Water Quality Trading (WQT) Agreement is in place between Crockett County Cattle, LLC and VPP Group, LLC. Crockett County Cattle, LLC and VPP Group, LLC are under the same ownership. Crockett County Cattle, LLC owns all the properties of the Owner's facilities. This Agreement requires Operation & Maintenance (O&M) and inspections of the streambank restoration to be carried out.

Α	a	g	e	n	d	ix	#	1
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WATER QUALITY TRADING CHECKLIST Form 8700

State of Wisconsin
Department of Natural Resources
101 South Webster Street
Madison, WI 53707

Water Quality Trading Checklist

Form 8700-nnn (R10/12)

Applicant Informat	tion		Horning II.	2000 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100				Maria de la companya
Permittee Name	UP, LLC		Permit Number WI- 0052931-08-0			Facility Site Number Unknown		
Facility Address	hway 71 East			City Nork	alk		State WI	ZIP Code ちゃんゃゃ
Project Contact Nai	me(if applicable) Ada	lress		City			State	Zip Code
Project Name								
Receiving Water Na Moore Cree			Parameter(s) being trade Total Phosphoru		ŀ	HUC 12 0국0국000 <i>6</i> 010 2	2	
Credit Generator In	nformation					ratinalista (m. 1945). 1970 - Britan Marian, partinalista (m. 1947).		
Credit generator ty	pe (check all that app	ly):	Permitted Discharge (Permitted MS4 CAFOs	non-MS4)	Agricu	permitted urban dis ultural nonpoint sou - Specify:	rce disch	arge k Restoration
Are any of the cred	it generators in a diff	erent I	HUC 12 than the applicant	:? ☐ Yes; ☑ No	HUC 12:			
Are any of the cred	it generators downsti	ream o	of the applicant?	☐ Yes ※ No				
Was a broker/excha	ange be used to facili	ate tr	ade?	☐ Yes (✓ No	include de	escription and conta	ct inform	ation in WQT plan)
Permitted Discharg	e Information (Trad	itiona	al Municipal/Industrial	Discharge, N	IS4, CAFO	D):		
Are each of the poi	nt sources identified	n this	section are in compliance	with their WI	OPES pern	nit requirements?		es Io
Discharge Type	Permit Number	Name	(Contact Inforn	nation	Trade	Agreem	ent Number
☐ Traditional ☐ MS4 ☐ CAFO								
☐ Traditional ☐ MS4 ☐ CAFO							N. P. C.	
☐ Traditional ☐ MS4 ☐ CAFO								
☐ Traditional ☐ MS4 ☐ CAFO								
☐ Traditional ☐ MS4 ☐ CAFO								

Does plan have a narra	ative that describes:		F	Plan Section -
a. Summary of	discharge and existing treatment		Yes No	
	redit being generated		Yes No	
	credits and agreements		Yes No	
	quantifying credits		Yes No	
	d verification procedures		☐ Yes ☐ No	
	credit generator in proximity to recei	ving water and credit user	Yes No	
g. Other:			Yes No	
PUBLISHED RECEIPED AND THE BUILDINGS AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY BEING AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY BEING AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY BUILDINGS OF THE PARTY BEING AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY BUILDINGS OF THE PARTY BUILD	rge Information (Non-permitted ι	 urban_agricultural_other):		
Туре		Method of Quantification	Trade Agreement Number	Have the practice(s) been formally registered?
☐ Urban NPS ☐ Agricultural NPS ☑ Other	Stream Bank Restoration	NRCS ension calculator combined with soil P concentration	NIA	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Only in part
Urban NPS Agricultural NPS Other				Yes No Only in part
☐ Urban NPS ☐ Agricultural NPS ☐ Other				☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Only in part
Urban NPS Agricultural NPS Other			,	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Only in part
☐ Urban NPS ☐ Agricultural NPS ☐ Other				☐ Yes☐ No☐ Only in part
Urban NPS Agricultural NPS Other				Yes No Only in part
Urban NPS Agricultural NPS Other				☐ Yes☐ No☐ Only in part
Urban NPS Agricultural NPS Other				☐ Yes☐ No☐ Only in part

Does pla	n have a narrative that describes:			Plan Section
a.	Description of existing land uses	Yes	☐ No	2
b.	Management practices used to generate credits	⊀ Yes	☐ No	2
с.	Amount of credit being generated	术 Yes	☐ No	2
d.	Description of applicable trade ratio per agreement/managemen	t practice 🔀 Yes	☐ No	3
e.	Timeline for credits and agreements	🔀 Yes	☐ No	5
f.	Method for quantifying credits	🔀 Yes	☐ No	2
g.	Tracking procedures	🟋 Yes	☐ No	76
h.	Conditions under which the management practices may be inspe	cted 🔀 Yes	☐ No	46
i.	Reporting requirements should the management practice fail	 Yes	☐ No	7d
j.	Operation and maintenance plan for each management practice	▼ Yes	☐ No	T a
k.	Location of credit generator in proximity to receiving water and c	redit user 🔽 Yes	☐ No	2
1.	Practice registration documents, if available	🔨 Yes	☐ No	8
m.	History of project site(s)	Yes	☐ No	2
n.	Other:	☐ Yes	☐ No	
The pre	parer and owner certify all of the following:			
•	I am familiar with the specifications submitted for this application I have completed this document to the best of my knowledge and I certify that the information in this document is true to the best	d have not excluded pertin		necklist have been addressed.
Signatur	e of Preparer D	ate Signed	Partie and a common of the second and the second	

Append	lix	#2
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SOIL SAMPLE RESULTS

SOIL and FORAGE ANALYSIS LABORATORY

2611 Yellowstone Drive, Marshfield WI 54449 Phone 715-387-2523 ext 11 University of
Wisconsin
Madison/Extension

Corina Turriff VPP Group LLC PO Box 227 Norwalk WI 54648 Date8/23/18Account #558790Report #4253

Soil Analysis

Sample ID	P nitric/peroxide %	
1	0.03	
2	0.04	
3	0.03	
4	0.03	

Chad Olsen

From:

Bryce Richardson < Bryce.Richardson@co.monroe.wi.us>

Sent:

Wednesday, September 5, 2018 8:59 AM

To:

Chad Olsen

Subject:

RE: FW: Soil Total P Report 4253

Chad,

The 4 soil samples were taken on the following banks.

Bank #1 Sample #1

Bank #2 Sample #2 and #3 due to length of the bank.

Bank #3 Sample #4

All banks were very similar in height and rate of erosion so I combined the banks when calculating the soil loss on the spreadsheet.

From: Chad Olsen [mailto:COlsen@mcmgrp.com]
Sent: Monday, September 03, 2018 12:18 PM

To: Bryce Richardson

Cc: Bob Micheel; steve turriff; Paul Much; Nolan Knapp

Subject: FW: FW: Soil Total P Report 4253

Bryce,

Please see attached and email below to Bob Micheel. It looks like Bob is out till the 14th. Did you help with this project? Would you have time to talk tomorrow?

Thank you Chad Olsen McMahon (920) 751-4200

From: Chad Olsen

Sent: Monday, September 3, 2018 12:14 PM

To: 'Bob Micheel'

Cc: 'steve turriff'; Paul Much; Nolan Knapp **Subject:** RE: FW: Soil Total P Report 4253

Bob,

We need to submit an updated Trading Plan to DNR for VPP this week. I am having a hard time following your calcs below. How do the four soil samples (attached) correlate with the 3 stream segments in your Plan?

Do all three segments have the same eroding bank height and lateral recession rate? Please let me know if you have time to talk on Tuesday.

Thank you

Ap	pen	dix	#3
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NRCS STREAM BANK EROSION GUIDANCE

Stream bank erosion sometimes presents itself as a major occurrence in a given year, whereas the same bank may not erode significantly for a period of years if no major runoff events occur. Recession rates need to be calculated as an average of years when erosion does and does not occur. Recession rate is not calculated as the erosion occurring after a single event.

Use available resources to assist in the estimation of recession rate: use past and present aerial photography, old survey records, and any other information that helps to determine the bank condition at known times in the past. When such information is lacking or insufficient, field observations and professional judgment are needed to estimate recession rates.

It is often not possible to directly measure recession rates in the field. Therefore, the following table has been included which relates recession rates to narrative descriptions of banks eroding at different rates (Table from NRCS Wisconsin guidance).

Lateral Recession Rate (ft/yr)	Category	Description
0.01-0.05	Slight	Some bare bank but active erosion not readily apparent. Some rills but no vegetative overhang. No exposed tree roots.
0.06-0.2	Moderate	Bank is predominantly bare with some rills and vegetative overhang. Some exposed tree roots but no slumps or slips.
0.3-0.5	Severe	Bank is bare with rills and severe vegetative overhang. Many exposed tree roots and some fallen trees and slumps or slips. Some changes in cultural features such as fence comers missing and realignment of roads or trails. Channel cross section becomes U-shaped as opposed to V-shaped.
0.5+	Very Severe	Bank is bare with gullies and severe vegetative overhang. Many fallen trees, drains and culverts eroding out and changes in cultural features as above. Massive slips or washouts common. Channel cross section is U-shaped and stream course may be meandering.

^{***}The average annual recession rate is the thickness of soil eroded from a bank surface (perpendicular to the face) in an average year.

Αþ	þe	nuix	#4

DRAFT STREAMBANK RESTORATION PLAN

CONSTRUCTION PLAN

	·		− Us		
PRACTICE ST	REAMBANK PROTECTION	ON (580); STREAM I	HABITAT (395); OBST RMVL (50	0)
LANDOWNER -	CROCKETT CTY CAT	TTLE LLC		3.	
LANDOWNER AD	DDRESS - 19081 ST	HWY 71, NORWAL	K, WI 54648		
LANDOWNER PH	HONE - 608-823-7	2445 COUNTY -	_MONROE		
TOWNSHIP -	RIDGEVILLE	T16	_ N, R _ 2	w, sec. <u>34</u>	
FIELD OFFICE -	SPARTA	TELEPHONE	NO 608-2	269-8975	_
LOCATION MAP	LEATHER AVE	6 4 P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P			
DIGGERS HOTLINE	51 1		-	^	
onexistence of above or undergroigger's Hotline of the pending co andowner Agreement; I have ro meet these plans and specifications my responsibility to secure	le by the USDA, Natural Resources Co bund hazards does not relieve the own instruction. You will be liable for dam eviewed and understand the constructions may jeopardize any continuall necessary permits and licenses, on plans or specifications must be	ner of the property or the excav ages resulting from construction ruction plans and specification ed NRCS technical assistance	ator that is hired to on activities. (Call Digons and agree to comor program cost sha accordance with all	omplete construction, from nagers Hotline.) Ticket plete the work accordingly ring applied for. I understa local, state, and federal low	v. Failure and that vs.
therwise stated. Truck yardage, lo gency cost estimates are based or	stimate: Quantities are estimated to cose fill, shrinkage, etc., must be calcu n costs of similar projects and cost of the owner of the project, obtain multi	lated and compensated for by t materials at the time of the esti	he contractor prepari mate. Costs do not reí	ing a bid or constructing the p flect spikes in material or fuel	project.
Signed:			Date:		
Designed b	y: Christina Mus	lder	Date:	8/13/18	
Checked by	1: Buye Puchardre		Date:	8/13/18	
Approved b	/	ban	Date:	8/13/18	(20 h.::!4
	practices comply with applicable NI lect changes made during construct		specifications. The "f	euimeu construction plans	(as-Duilt
Construction Approve	395-I		Date:		_
Job Approv	al Class <u>585 - II</u>			Sheet 1 of	8

ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

		<u>;</u>		
ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	SHEET NUMBER	WI. CONSTRUCTION SPEC. OR JOB SHEET NUMBER
OBSTRUCTION REMOVAL	JOB	1	3,4	WI SPEC. 2
ROCK RIPRAP D50=8"	LN FT	900	3-5	WI SPEC. 1, 2, 9
INSTREAM LOG HABITAT	NO	1	3,4,10	WI SPEC. 9
SEED/MULCH	AC	0.5	3,4,7,8	WI-710
9				
83				

Quantities are estimated to the neat lines and grades of in-place materials shown on the construction plan unless otherwise stated. Truck yardage, loose fill, shrinkage, etc., must be calculated and compensated for by the contractor preparing a bid or constructing the project.

0	N	R	CS)
Natural Resou	irces Co	nservati	on Service	
United States	Departi	ment of	Agriculture	

ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

CLIENT:	CROCKETT	CTY	CATTLE LLC
COUNTY:	MONROE		

Designed _	CLM	Date 8/18	Drawing Nam WI-005
Drawn			Date
Checked _			5/09
Approved	BAK	8/18	_

CONSTRUCTION NOTES

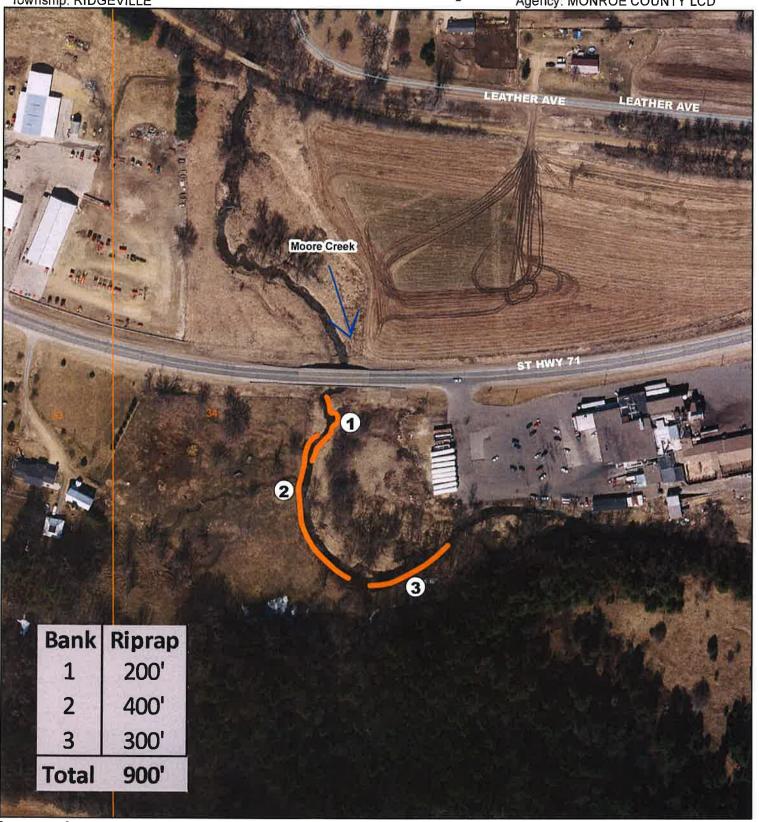
- 1. A preconstruction meeting shall be scheduled with Monroe County LCD personal, the contractor, and the landowner prior to construction start-up. Contractor shall notify the Sparta LCD Field Office (608-269-8975) at least one week prior to the start of construction.
- 2. Contact County Planning and Zoning Department and Local Township for possible permits. Landowner must receive the DNR and all other required permits prior to start of construction.
- 3. Contact Diggers Hotline at least 3 days prior to start of construction. (800) 242-8511 (811) or Diggers Hotline.com. Notification of affected utility companies is the responsibility of the contractor.
- 4. All estimated quantities are based on neat lines and grades unless otherwise stated. Technician will stake the project prior to construction.
- 5. Trees and other debris located along streambanks will be removed as directed by technician throughout length of project area. Trees and debris will be disposed of in an area agreed upon by the landowner and technician and then hauled off site or safely burned.
- 6. Rock riprap must be from a tested and approved quarry. Contractor must provide the technician with the proposed rock source quarry name prior to the start of construction to verify its approval.
- 7. Key in upstream and downstream ends of the rip rap. Provide smooth transition from bank slope face to rock face.
- 8. Technician must be on site during placement of in-stream log habitat.
- 9. Any remaining spoil from shaping streambanks will be spread evenly on adjacent land in a manner that allows water to drain freely. **Spoil shall not enter a wetland depression.**
- 10. All disturbed areas will be mulched and seeded according to seeding plan.
- 11. LCD personal will be on site regularly to ensure proper construction is being completed.
- 12. Contractor will be responsible for correcting problems which occur as the result of not following proper construction procedures.

Streambank Habitat (395)
Streambank Protection	(580)

Customer(s): CROCKETT CTY CATTLE LLC Legal Description: T16N, R2W, SEC 각 Township: RIDGEVILLE

Plan Map

Field Office: SPARTA SERVICE CENTER Agency: MONROE COUNTY LCD



Legend

roads_MonroeCo

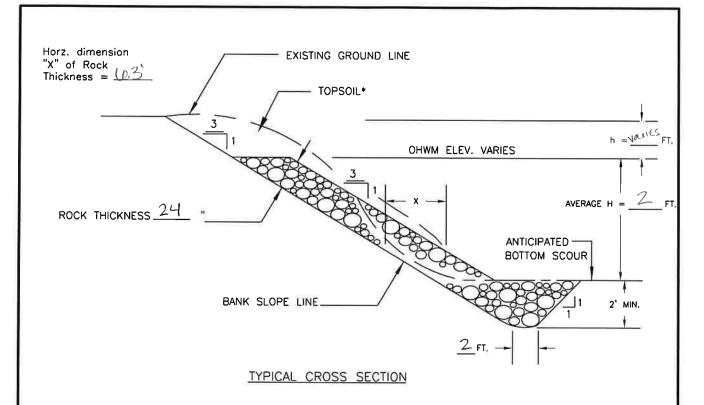
Monroe Sections

Rock Riprap

Feet 100 400 600 200

Date: 8/9/18





GRADATION OF ROCK

PERCENT PASSING BY WEIGHT	SIZE (INCHES)
100	16
60-85	12
25-50	8
5-20	4
0-5	2

QUANTITY ESTIMATE*

BANK SLOPING FOR RIPRAP	960	LIN. FT.
BANK SLOPING (SEEDING ONLY)	_	
ROCK FOR RIPRAP (WI CONST. SPEC. 9)	833	CU. YD.
SEEDING	0.5	ACRES

*ESTIMATED TO THE NEAT LINES AND GRADE

NOTES:

- 1. DOUBLE THE ROCK THICKNESS FOR A DISTANCE OF _____ FEET AT THE UPSTREAM AND DOWNSTREAM ENDS OF THE RIPRAP. BLEND THE ROCK SURFACE TO MATCH THE EXISTING STABLE BANK SURFACE.
- 2. * SPREAD TOPSOIL TO WITHIN 1' OF STREAM EDGE. TRACK ALL TOPSOIL PERPENDICULAR TO STREAM TO REDUCE EROSION.

THIS STANDARDIZED DESIGN MUST BE ADAPTED TO THE SPECIFIC SITE.

A NIDC	STRE		
	FILTE		
Natural Resources Conservation Service CLI			
United States Department of Agricult			

STREA	MBAI	٧K	PROTECT	ION	NO
FILTER	OR	GE(OTEXTILE	(PAI	RTIAL
	D.	A N 112	LICIOLIT'	١.	

EXCAVATED KEYWAY

CLIENT: BANK HEIGHT)

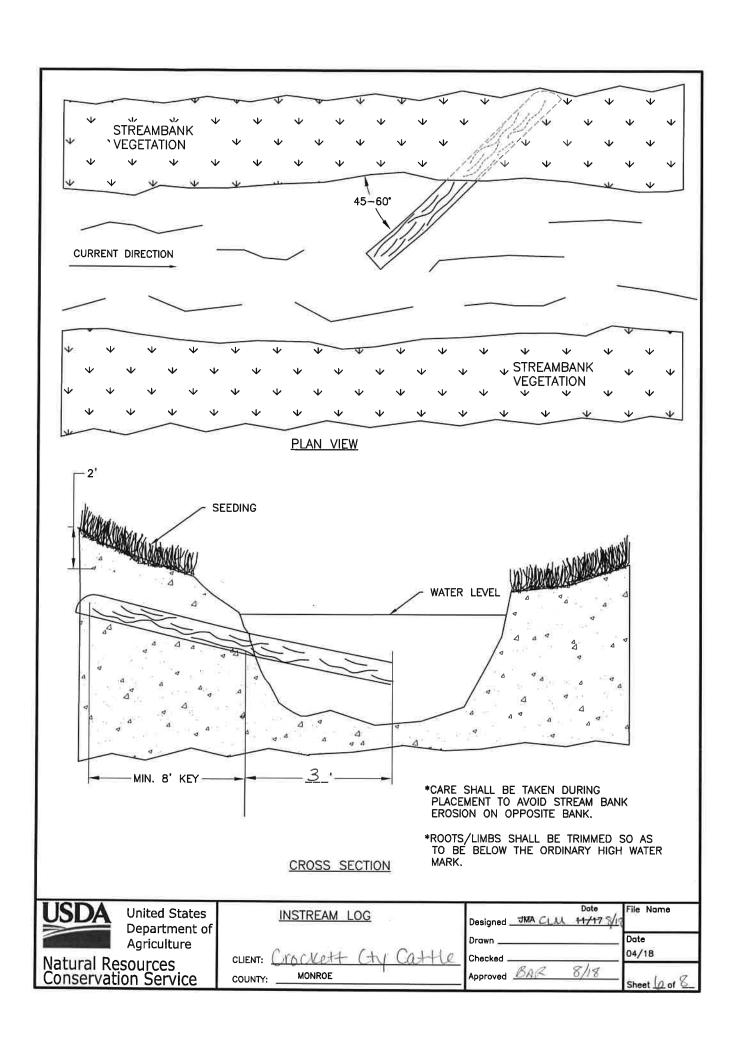
CLIENT: Monroe

Monroe

Designed <u>CLM</u>	Dote 8/18	File Name WI-404E
Orawn		Date 6/07
Approved BAR	8/18	Sheet 5 of 8

SITE

ALL



SEEDING DATES **CENTRAL** TIME PERIOD DATES TYPE OF SEEDING Spring April 15 through June 1 Permanent Summer June 2 Temporary * through see WI-710ss pg 2 Late Summer August 1 through August 21 Permanent Fall August 22 through see WI-710ss pg 2 Temporary * Late Fall November 1 Dormant **Snow Cover** through Winter **Snow Cover** through April 14 Not Allowed

MATERIALS

If no soil test is available, apply a minimum of 150 pounds of 20-10-10 fertilizer per acre. This is equivalent to 30 pounds nitrogen (N), 15 pounds phosphate (P205), and 15 pounds potash (K2O) per acre. Apply two tons of 80-89 lime or equivalent.

* Seed a temporary cover crop of	Winter Wheat	at _	120	# /ac (2	bu/ac)
A permanent seeding shall be comp	leted during the next	acceptable	time pe	eriod follov	ving	_
a temporary seeding.						

MINIMUM PURE LIVE SEED (PLS) 1 RATE PER ACRE AND TOTAL POUNDS OF SEED NEEDED

SEEDING MIX	9	LOCATIONS	DISTURBED		
l.	9		DISTURBED		
(DESIGN)		ACRES: 0.50			
SPECIES		RATE POUN			
Kentucky Bluegrass	3	3.3	1.7		
Creeping Red Fesc	ue	4.4 2.2			
Perennial Ryegrass		11.0 5.			
Winter Wheat		120.0	60.0		

SEEDING MIX	LOCATION	-
(AS-BUILT)	ACRES	
SPECIES	RATE	POUNDS
	10.04	

^{&#}x27;PLS ibs. =

(total % Germination / 100 * % Purity / 100) * Net Weight (lbs.)

Mulching Required Yes

ADDITIONAL SEED PERCENT: 10 %

Total % Germination may also be termed Total % Viable Seed on a tag. If a tag only shows % Germination, the user must include percentage of the seed that germinated during the lab test (% Germination) plus the percentage of hard and/or dormant seed. Hard seed and dormant seed are seeds that are still capable of germinating and producing a plant but did not germinate under the conditions of the test in the lab.

Additional native seeds may be required by permitting agencies. These addition are allowed.

Seed mixture shall meet all requirements of the WI weed laws.

Species identified as restricted or prohibited by law shall not be planted.

Certified seed shall be used, and the seeding rates will be based on pure live seed.

For dormant seedings, increase the seeds per square foot by 15%.

SEEDBED PREPARATION

Seedbed preparation shall immediately follow construction activities.

Prepare a fine, firm seedbed to a minimum depth of three inches. A seedbed is considered firm when a footprint penetrates 1/4 to 1/2 inch deep.

∧ NIDCC		INTRODUCED SPECIES SEEDING ESTABLISHMENT		CLM	Dat 8/10/18	File Name
	COOPERATOR	Crockett Cty Cattle LLC	Drawn Checked		0	WI-710SS pg 1 of 2 12-2016
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^{**} Companion Crop

SEEDING

Inoculate legumes with the specific inoculum for the species in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. When using a hydroseeder, five times the recommended rate of inoculant shall be added to the hydroseeder. Inoculant shall not be mixed with liquid fertilizer.

Seed may be broadcast or drilled as appropriate to the site.
Seed, fertilize, and lime as soon as possible after construction.
Seeding perpendicular to direction of flow is required to limit erosion.

Seed grasses and legumes no more than 1/4 inch deep.

Consider seeding at a lower rate and making 2 passes to ensure more uniform distribution.

TEMPORARY SEEDING OPTIONS

Select one of the following species for temporary cover if:

 The required seeds or plant stock are not available or the normal permanent seeding period for the species has passed

Forage Sorghum - 1/2 bushel per acre (May 15-July 15) Sorghum - Sudangrass Hybrid - 1 bushel per acre (May 15-July 15)

Sudangrass - 1 bushel per acre (May 15-July 15)

Winter Wheat - 2 bushels per acre (Aug 1-Oct 1)

Winter Cereal Rye - 2 bushels per acre (Aug 1-Oct 15)

Oats - 2 bushels per acre (Apr 1-Sept 1)

Annual Ryegrass - 20 Pounds per acre (Apr 1-Sept 1)

2) Triazine herbicide carryover will not allow establishment of permanent cover immediately.

Forage Sorghum - 1/2 Bushel per acre (May 15-July 15)

Sorghum - Sudangrass Hybrid - 1 Bushel per acre (May 15-July 15)

Sudangrass - 1 Bushel per acre (May 15-July 15)

DORMANT SEEDING

Seed is broadcast and incorporated, no-tilled, or drilled into the seedbed. Seedbed preparations and conditions are similar to conventional seeding.

MULCHING

Mulching shall be done immediately after seedbed preparation and seeding.

Mulch shall be applied immediately after final grading for areas seeded at a later date.

Mulch material shall be relatively free of disease, pesticides, chemicals, noxious weed seeds, and other pests and pathogens.

Spread straw and hay mulch uniformly and at the rate of 1.5-2.0 tons per acre (60-70 bales). This application results in a layer of 6 to 7 stems, 1 to 2 inches thick, and provides a minimum 70% ground cover. Some soil surface can be seen after the application. Crimping (disking), wood cellulose fiber, tackifiers, netting, pinning, or other acceptable methods of anchoring will be used if needed to hold the mulch in place.

If other mulch materials are used, the rate of application shall meet the manufacturer's recommendations.

∧ NIDCC	INTRODUCED SPECIES SEEDING ESTABLISHMENT		Designed	CLM	Dat 8/10/18	
Natural Resources Conservation Service United States Department of Agriculture	COOPERATOR	Crockett Cty Cattle LLC	Drawn Checked			WI-710SS Pg 2 of 2 12-2016
	COUNTY	MONROE	Approved	BAR	8/18	Sheet Xof X

Operation and Maintenance Plan Streambank and Shoreline Protection & Habitat Improvement

Cooperator: CROCKETT CTY CATTLE LLC Date: 8/13/18 By: Christina Mulder Title: Soil & Water Conservationist Project Location: T16N, R2W, Sec 34 I agree to the following for the next 20 years. 1. Check the riprap, habitat structures, plantings, at least once each year and immediately after severe floods. Rock removed or displaced shall be replaced as needed. Repair work shall take place during periods of low stream flow. 2. Logs, trees, driftwood, and other debris lodged in or near the riprap shall be removed. 3. Check for sloughing, erosion, or damage to vegetative cover. Damaged areas shall be graded, shaped, and re-vegetated as soon as possible 4. Immediately repair any vandalism, vehicle or livestock damage. 5. Livestock will be managed in the stream corridor to maintain vegetative cover and prevent erosion. 6. Eliminate all burrowing rodents and repair damage caused by them. Cooperator's signature: Date: I have discussed the maintenance guidelines with the above cooperator. Conservationist's signature: Date: _____