WATER QUALITY TRADING PLAN

June 6, 2022



City of Shullsburg Wastewater Treatment Facility

WPDES Permit No. WI-0028321-08-1 780 West Water Street Shullsburg, Wisconsin 53586

Prepared by:

Delta 3 Engineering, Inc.

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Project Number: D21-007

TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	Executive Summary	_1
II.	Background	_2
III.	Location and Description of Credit Generation Sites	4
IV.	Methods for Nonpoint Source Load Reduction	_6
V.	Trade Timeline	<u>9</u>
VI.	Inspection and Reporting	_10
VII.	Certification	_12

Attachments

- 1) Notice of Intent to Conduct Water Quality Trading
- 2) Water Quality Trading Checklist
- 3) Location & Topography Map
- 4) Sanitary Sewer Map
- 5) Wastewater Treatment Facility Flow Schematic
- 6) HUC-12 Watershed Map
- 7) Wetland Map
- 8) Soils Map and Testing Data
- 9) Current State of Eroding Streambanks Documentation
- 10) NRCS Streambank Erosion Estimator Report
- 11) Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Plan
- 12) WQT Plans and Specifications

I. <u>Executive Summary -</u>

This Water Quality Trading Plan summarizes the City of Shullsburg's (City) plan to utilize Water Quality Trading (WQT) for compliance with the final total phosphorus limit as provided in the Wisconsin Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (WPDES) Permit #WI 0028321-08-1. The Wastewater Treatment Facility (WWTF) treated 0.1812 MGD in 2020 and 0.1650 MGD in 2021. The WWTF had an average effluent Total Phosphorus (TP) concentration of 0.07 mg/L in 2021. The WWTF plans to continue chemical Phosphorus treatment and offset 107 lbs. of TP with WQT Credits in order to help consistently meet the final annual six-month average limit of 0.075 mg/L and a monthly average limit of 0.22 mg/L.

NRCS Streambank Erosion modeling methods were used to calculate the total phosphorus credits that would be generated based on the installation of best management practices (BMPs). These credits will be used in order to reduce the amount of chemical the WWTF uses to treat wastewater for Total Phosphorus.

As demonstrated in modeling results from Table 1.1, the WWTF has the ability to register approximately 107 credits. The WWTF intends to monitor TP credit usage and intends to perform construction of additional BMPs as needed for future effluent TP to comply with WPDES Permits Limits. A new Water Quality Trading Plan will be submitted at that time for new BMP practices and credit production.

Reach	Lateral Recession Rate (ft/yr.)	Current Phosphorus Loading (lbs./yr.)	Proposed Phosphorus Loading (lbs./yr.)	Proposed Phosphorus Reductions (lbs./yr.)	Trade Ratio	Proposed Phosphorus Credits
1 (Right)	0.35	116	0	116	3:1	39
2 (Right)	0.20	130	0	130	3:1	43
3 (Right)	0.45	75	0	75	3:1	25
					Total	107

<u>Table 1.1 – Modeling Results</u>

NOTE:

Trade Ratio = (Delivery + Downstream + Equivalency + Uncertainty – Habitat Adjustment):1 **Delivery** = 0 (Trading within same HUC-12 Watershed)

Downstream = 0 (All trades are upstream of Outfall 001)

Equivalency = 0 (Not necessary of Total Phosphorus)

Uncertainty: *Streambank Stabilization without Habitat Restoration* = 3

II. <u>Background -</u>

The purpose of this Water Quality Trading Plan (Plan) is to describe the City's use of Water Quality Trading to offset effluent phosphorus and allow the WWTF to reduce the amount of chemical used in order to comply with the total phosphorus limits as provided in the City's WPDES Permit #WI-0028321-08-1. Along with the Water Quality Trading Plan, the Notice of Intent to Conduct Water Quality Trading is provided in Attachment #1, dated June 6, 2022, while the Water Quality Trading Checklist Form 3400-208 is provided in Attachment #2.

The City of Shullsburg (City) is located along State Trunk Highway '11' in the southern portion of Lafayette County in Southwest Wisconsin. The City owns and operates a Wastewater Treatment Facility (WWTF) which serves a population of approximately 1,226 residents.

The City is comprised primarily of commercial and residential development. The City is situated between along the Shullsburg Branch. The City has many rolling hills with the grade typically sloping between 5% and 15%. Elevations in the area range from approximately 905' \pm at the WWTF to 1,058' \pm at the Water Tower, which is located at the south end of the City. The topography of the area is shown in Attachment #3.

The existing sanitary sewer collection consists of approximately 231 sanitary manholes; eight (8) sanitary sewer cleanouts/lampholes; 44,160 feet of eight-inch (8") sanitary sewer; 2,880 feet of 10" sanitary sewer; and 3,680 feet of 12" sanitary sewer. One (1) lift station is utilized throughout the system along with approximately 1,140 feet of four-inch (4") sanitary force main to assist with the delivery of wastewater to the WWTF. Please refer to Attachment #4 – Sanitary Sewer Map for location of sanitary sewer collection system components.

The City of Shullsburg owns and operates a WWTF that utilizes a standard activated sludge treatment system. Wastewater enters the WWTF by first passing through the headworks, which consists of a vertical screen and a bypass bar screen. Wastewater then proceeds to the primary clarifier, rotating biological contactors, and aeration tanks. Activated sludge is settled out in the final clarifier and chemical is added prior to the clarifier for Total Phosphorus treatment. Activated sludge is either returned to the head of the process for further treatment or wasted to aerobic digestors and stored prior to land application on DNR approved sites. The current WWTF treats 0.1650 MGD on an annual average with a design flow of 0.2885 MGD. Please see Attachment #5 for the WWTF flow schematic. The City of Shullsburg's WWTF has two (2) receiving water and effluent discharge locations: the Shullsburg Branch (001) and Tributary of Shullsburg Branch (Outfall 002) (Galena River Watershed, GP01 – Grant-Platte River Basin).

The monthly average influent and effluent flows and loadings at the WWTF for 2020/2021 are provided in Table 2.1 and Table 2.2.

Month	Flow BOD5 Suspended Solids		BOD ₅		Total Phosphorus		Total Phosphorus	
	(MGD)	(mg	g/L)	(mg	μ/L)	(mg	g/L)	(lbs./day)
	Effluent	Influent	Effluent	Influent	Effluent	Influent	Effluent	Effluent
Jan. ('20)	0.1811	207	6	263	7	-	0.07	0.1
Feb. ('20)	0.1840	161	5	559	8	-	0.08	0.12
Mar. ('20)	0.2019	230	5	367	8	-	0.09	0.15
Apr. ('20)	0.1723	294	6	415	9	-	0.18	0.26
May ('20)	0.1581	265	5	386	14	-	0.07	0.09
June ('20)	0.1671	209	11	299	17	-	0.11	0.15
July ('20)	0.2069	175	11	274	11	-	0.06	0.10
Aug. ('20)	0.1744	255	6	380	5	-	0.11	0.16
Sept. ('20)	0.1760	214	2	425	5	-	0.05	0.07
Oct. ('20)	0.1775	336	2	777	4	-	0.04	0.06
Nov. ('20)	0.1833	350	2	1280	4	-	0.04	0.06
Dec. ('20)	0.1912	242	2	283	6	-	0.06	0.10
Annual Average =	0.1812	245	5	476	8	-	0.08	0.12

Table 2.1 – 2020 Monthly Averages

Table 2.2 – 2021 Monthly Averages

	Flow	BOD ₅		Suspende	ed Solids	To Phosp	tal horus	Total Phosphorus
	(MGD)	(mg	g/L)	(mg	;/L)	(mg/L)		(lbs./day)
	Effluent	Influent	Effluent	Influent	Effluent	Influent	Effluent	Effluent
Jan. ('21)	0.1781	374	2	913	6	-	0.06	0.09
Feb. ('21)	0.1802	348	2	503	6	-	0.08	0.12
Mar. ('21)	0.1644	286	2	243	9	-	0.08	0.11
Apr. ('21)	0.1617	252	2	211	7	-	0.08	0.11
May ('21)	0.1515	281	3	466	4	-	0.06	0.08
June ('21)	0.1556	272	5	430	4	-	0.06	0.08
July ('21)	0.1526	309	2	474	3	-	0.04	0.05
Aug. ('21)	0.1524	255	5	378	5	-	0.07	0.09
Sept. ('21)	0.1535	150	4	231	5	-	0.05	0.06
Oct. ('21)	0.1672	239	3	204	4	-	0.04	0.06
Nov. ('21)	0.1816	198	3	251	4	-	0.21	0.32
Dec. ('21)	0.1809	220	3	261	5	-	0.06	0.09
Annual Average =	0.1650	265	3	380	5	-	0.07	0.10

To reduce effluent TP, the City has made efforts to optimize TP reduction at the WWTF. The City also enforces industrial discharge permits with White Hill Cheese and the Shullsburg

Creamery. Currently, the City has been able to maintain an average Total Phosphorus effluent of 0.07 mg/L which is well within the WPDES limit of 0.22 mg/L. However, the WWTF has had difficulties consistently meeting the six-month average limit of 0.075 mg/L. Additionally, the City wishes to reduce the amount of chemical used for Total Phosphorus treatment.

Additionally, the City has investigated watershed compliance alternatives such as Water Quality Trading (WQT) and Adaptive Management (AM). According to the Surface Water Integrated Monitoring System database, as stated in the City's Water Quality Based Effluent Limit (WQBEL), the Shullsburg Branch is considered to be impaired water due to TP. As stated in the WQBEL, a background TP concentration of 0.116 mg/L is assumed for the Shullsburg Branch based on a weighted average from 18 monitoring stations in the surrounding HUC 8 Watershed. The weighted average was almost double the applicable Water Quality Standard (WQS) of 0.075 mg/L. Following discussion with the County and initial investigation, the City elected to move forward with WQT. Utilizing the results from PRESTO, the watershed of the WWTF has a nonpoint source ratio of 17:83 at the point of discharge and is considered to be nonpoint-source dominated. Therefore, the City intends to perform WQT projects upstream of the outfall but within the City's Hydrological Unit Code – 12 (HUC-12) watershed #070600050303 as provided in Attachment #6.

For the proposed Water Quality Trading Plan, it was determined that the City would be able to generate 107 credits per year. WQT credits were calculated using the NRCS Streambank Erosion modeling methods.

III. Location and Description of Credit Generation Sites -

The City discharges to the Shullsburg Branch (Outfall 001) and Tributary of Shullsburg Branch (Outfall 002). Both receiving waters are part of the Galena River Watershed, GP01 – Grant-Platte River Basin. As mentioned previously, the City intends to perform WQT projects within the Village's HUC-12 #070600050303. The City plans to perform streambank stabilization which will utilize grading and/or riprap to prevent the erosion of sediment from the streambanks. Projects will occur on private property. Streambank stabilization will not only prevent sediment from entering the stream, but will also prevent phosphorus, nitrogen, and other pollutants from discharging to the Shullsburg Branch. See Figure 3.1 for additional project location information.

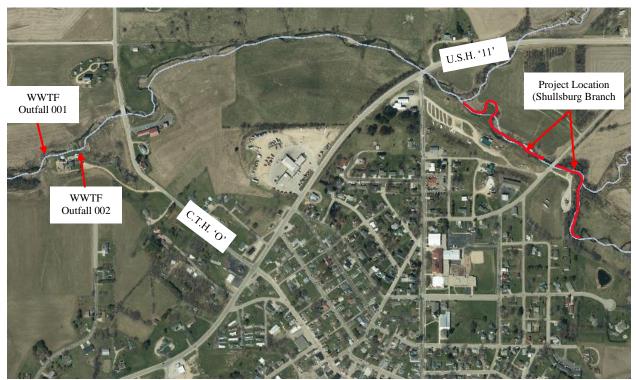


Figure 3.1 – Project location in relation to Outfall 001 and Outfall 002

IV. Methods for Nonpoint Source Load Reduction -

The City would like to acquire 107 WQT trading credits for a safety factor in the event that effluent credits are lost or the WWTF discharges additional mass of TP. The Plan identifies trading practices that will reduce TP runoff by more than 322 lbs. and will utilize a 3:1 trade ratio for upstream trades. The WQT practices identified for this Water Quality Trading Plan has the ability to generate approximately 107 TP credits/year indefinitely as long as trading practices are maintained.

A. Methods Used to Generate Load Reductions

For streambank stabilization, the City has the ability to generate TP load reductions through streambank grading and/or riprapping of approximately 1,740 lineal feet of streambank.

Streambank Stabilization will be performed as per NR 328 *Shore Erosion Control Structures in Navigable Waterways and* NRCS 580 *Streambank and Shoreline Protection.* Streambank shaping and/or riprapping will eliminate the discharge of sediment to the stream. The streambank stabilization project will occur within HUC-12 #070600050303 in order to generate TP credits. Standard Plans and Specifications for the Project Site will be provided by a Professional Engineer. The City will also acquire all required permits and authorizations for the Projects.

To register credits, the City has entered into trade agreements with Property Owners pursuant to s. 283.84(1)(b), Wis. Stats.

B. History of Project Site

The Project Site is planned within the Galena River Watershed along the Shullsburg Branch. No mapped wetlands will be impacted by the WQT Project as indicated in Attachment #7 – Wetland Map.

The project location is planned on private property along Shullsburg Branch. Adjacent land use consists of agriculture cropland, manicured lawn, and a campground. The vegetative cover is primarily grass and brush.

The streambanks have experienced significant erosion as the Shullsburg Branch has been cleared for agricultural use. The banks are bare with slumps, rills and sever vegetative overhang throughout. Severe erosion indicators such as undercuts, slumps, tree roots, and fallen trees are readily visible throughout the site. The erosion indicators demonstrate the lateral recession rate is Severe (0.3-0.5 ft/yr) based on the NRCS Recession Rate Table.

C. Model Used to Derive Load Reductions

NRCS Streambank Erosion modeling methods were used to calculate the total phosphorus credits that would be generated based on the installation of BMPs. These credits will be used to demonstrate compliance with the final total phosphorus limit as proposed in the WPDES Permit. Modeling results are provided in Table 4.2. If the Plan or model inputs change during construction, the City will submit to the DNR the revised models and calculations to more accurately reflect and number of credits generated.

Table 4.2 Would Results						
Reach	Lateral Recession Rate (ft/yr.)	Current Phosphorus Loading (lbs./yr.)	Proposed Phosphorus Loading (lbs./yr.)	Proposed Phosphorus Reductions (lbs./yr.)	Trade Ratio	Proposed Phosphorus Credits
1 (Right)	0.35	116	0	116	3:1	39
2 (Right)	0.20	130	0	130	3:1	43
3 (Right)	0.45	75	0	75	3:1	25
					Total	Total

	Table 4	.2 – Mo	deling]	Results
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NOTE:

Trade Ratio = (Delivery + Downstream + Equivalency + Uncertainty – Habitat Adjustment):1 **Delivery** = 0 (Trading within same HUC-12 Watershed)

Downstream = 0 (All trades are upstream of Outfall 001)

Equivalency = 0 (Not necessary of Total Phosphorus)

Uncertainty: Streambank Stabilization without Habitat Restoration = 3

Soil testing has been completed to determine TP concentrations within the soil. Soil sampling was performed approximately every 100 - 150 feet and included the use of a soil sampler which pulled ³/₄" cores at 8" depth. Approximately six (6) cores were taken at each sampling location to provide a representative sample. Soils maps and soil testing data is provided in Attachment #8. An onsite evaluation has been conducted to estimate stream bank recession rate. The data, narrative, and photos documenting the current state of eroding stream banks are provided in Attachment #9.

With the collected data, the NRCS Streambank Erosion Estimator was used to calculate TP loss from each reach of the eroding streambank. The modeling data for the NRCS Streambank Erosion Estimator is available in Attachment #10. The streambank grading and/or riprap design will eliminate streambank recession thus eliminating TP inputs within the Project areas.

Shullsburg Branch has experienced agricultural development within the watershed and has issues caused by sedimentation which was included in Wisconsin DNR evaluation for *Platte River Region*. Streambank improvements will reduce sediment which is the primary cause for habitat degradation in the Shullsburg Branch.

D. Operation and Maintenance

An Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Plan is provided in Attachment #11. The O&M plan describes how the Stream Stabilization Practices will be operated and maintained. The O&M Plan also addresses response procedures for Practice Registration, Noncompliance Notification, and Notification of Trade Agreement Termination.

As previously mentioned, the City is planning to perform streambank stabilization by implementing BMPs along the Shullsburg Branch streambanks. The stabilization practices will be installed and maintained per the Plans and Specifications as provided in Attachment #12. BMPs are to follow NR 328 Shore Erosion Control Structures in Navigable Waterways and NRCS 580 Streambank and Shoreline Protection. Restoration landscaping and seeding will be installed following construction and will be closely monitored for a minimum of two (2) growing seasons to ensure the new seeding grows and erosion is not prevalent. Weeds and invasive vegetation growth will be addressed if present.

The BMPs will be inspected annually by a licensed Professional Engineer to ensure that the BMPs are functioning as intended in order to meet the requirements of this WQT Plan.

V. <u>Trade Timeline –</u>

Schedule for Installation of the above mentioned trading practices for Total Phosphorus Credit Generation for TP compliance is provided in Table 5.1 below.

Item	Completion Timeline
Site Investigation	Summer 2021
Conceptual Design	Spring 2022
Final Design	Summer 2022
Construction Permits	Summer 2022
DNR Review of Final Design	Summer 2022
Construction of BMPs	Fall 2022
Phosphorus Credit Registration	Winter 2022
Use of Phosphorus Credits (Ongoing for Permit Compliance)	January 1, 2023

Table 5.1 – Trade Timeline

Credits will be used by the City beginning January 1, 2023. Credits will continue as long as the trading practices are maintained as outlined in this WQT Plan.

VI. <u>Inspection Reporting</u> –

A. Tracking Procedures

The City will track credits used monthly. The City will report credit usage to the DNR on a monthly basis in the Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs). The annual report will summarize the 12 months of credit usage and credit generation. The City will report to DNR any concern that they have that may result in a need to modify the trade agreement and/or this trade plan. For example, a need to generate additional credits based on discharge.

B. Inspection

Inspection of the BMPs shall occur during construction phase to ensure they are installed per the design and meet all applicable codes and permits. Once completed, inspections of the established BMPs shall occur each month at a minimum or following heavy rain events. A licensed professional engineer will perform an annual certification to ensure the practice is performing as designed and the City remains in compliance.

The inspection reports will include:

- i. Name and contact information of the inspector
- ii. Inspection Date
- iii. Relevant standards set forth in the Design Plan or Operation and Maintenance Plan
- iv. Issues identified
- v. When and how any issues identified were addressed
- vi. When and how any issues identified will be addressed in the future

Inspection reports generated during each routine or after rain event inspection will be included with the Annual Water Quality Trading Report submitted by the City to DNR. Annual inspections by a professional engineer will typically occur in April or May. This time of year is ideal for evaluating the condition of BMPs as it follows the freeze/thaw which poses the greatest potential for changes to the BMPs. Minimal vegetation cover will allow for adequate visual inspection.

C. Management Practice Registration Form

The City will file a completed registration form 3400-207 for Water Quality Trading Management Practice Registration separately from this Plan.

D. Annual Water Quality Trading Report Submittal

The following shall be submitted to the DNR by January 31 of each year:

- i. The number of pollutant reduction credits (lbs./month) used each month of the previous year to demonstrate compliance;
- ii. A summary of the annual inspection of the practice that generated any of the pollutant reduction credits used during the previous year, this inspection shall be completed by a licensed Professional Engineer;
- iii. All monthly inspection reports;

- iv. Identification of noncompliance or failure to implement any terms or conditions of this permit with respect to water quality trading that have not been reported in discharge monitoring reports;
- v. A list of all noncompliance and the correction measures and timing to address the issues throughout the year; and
- vi. An updated WQT plan if management practices have or will change.

E. Monthly Certification of Management Practices

Each month, the City will certify that the BMPs are maintained and operating in a manner consistent with this Water Quality Trading Plan or provide a statement noting noncompliance with this Plan. The monthly Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) will include the following statement as a certification of compliance when the Credit Generating Practice is operating in a manner consistent with the Plan:

"I certify that to the best of my knowledge that the management practices identified in the approved water quality trading plan as the source of phosphorus credits is installed, established and properly maintained."

F. Notification of Failure to Generate Credits

The City will notify DNR by telephone call to DNR's regional wastewater compliance engineer within 24 hours or next business day of becoming aware that phosphorus credits used or intended for use by City are not being generated as outlined in this Water Quality Trading Plan.

The City will submit a written notification within five days after the City recognizes that the phosphorus credits are not being generated as outlined in the Trading Plan. DNR may waive the requirement for submittal for a written notice within five days and instruct the City to submit the written notice with the next regularly scheduled monitoring report required by City's WPDES Permit.

The written notice will contain a description of how and why the TP credits are not being generated as outlined in the Water Quality Trading Plan, the steps taken or planned to prevent reoccurrence of the identified problems and the length of time anticipated it will take to address the issue.

The City will work to rectify the problem as laid out in the Operation and Maintenance Plans.

G. Conditions under which Management Practices May Be Inspected

Any DNR authorized officer, employee, or representative has the right to access and inspect the credit generating practice so long as the City's trade agreement with the property owner(s) and this Water Quality Trading Plan remain in effect.

VII. <u>Certification –</u>

The undersigned hereby certifies that this Water Quality Trading Plan is accurate and correct to the best of his knowledge.

City of Shullsburg Wastewater Treatment Facility

By: 2 As

Verne Jackson Mayor City of Shullsburg 190 N. Judgement Street P.O. Box 580 Shullsburg, WI 53586 Telephone: (608) 965-4424 Email: mayor@cityofshullsburg.org

Notice: Pursuant to s. 283.84, Wis. Stats., and ch. NR 217 Wis. Adm. Code, this form must be completed by any WPDES permittee that is using water quality trading as a method of complying with a permit limitation. Failure to complete this form would not result in penalties. Personal information collected will be used for administrative purposes and may be provided to requesters to the extent required by Wisconsin's Open Records Law (ss. 19.31 - 19.39, Wis. Stats.).

Applicant Inform	nation					
Permittee Name		Permit Number	Facilit	y Site Number		
City of Shullsb	urg	WI- 0028321-08-1				
Facility Address			City		State 2	ZIP Code
780 West Wate	r Street		Shullsburg		WI	53586
Project Contact N	Vame (if applicable)	ddress	City		State 2	ZIP Code
Jordan Fure (D	elta 3 Eng.)	75 South Chestnut Street	Platteville		WI	53818
Project Name			I		• •	
Proposed 2022	Streambank Improv	ements - Shullsburg Brancl	h			
Receiving Water		arameter(s) being traded	HUC 12	(s)		<u> </u>
Shullsburg Bra		otal Phosphorus	070600	• •		
	Ι.	ource dominated watershed?	O Point source do			
		//topic/surfacewater/presto.htm	0			
Credit Generato				dominateu		
	type (select all that	Permitted Discharge (non-N	194/CAEO) M Urban non	naint source disc	harde	
apply):			• •			
		Permitted MS4		I nonpoint source	aischar	ge
		Permitted CAFO	🔲 Other - Sp	ecify:		
Are any of the cr	edit generators in a dif	ferent HUC 12 than the applic	ant? () Yes; HUC 12:			
			• No			
			O Unsure			
Are any of the cr	edit generators downs	tream of the applicant?	O Yes			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<u> </u>			
			No			
			O Unsure			
Will a broker/exc	hange be used to facil	itate trade?	Yes; Name:			
			No			
			O Unsure			
Point to Point T	rades (Traditional N	lunicipal / Industrial Discha				
Discharge Type	Permit Number	Name	Contact Address	is the point so currently in co	mplianc	
				permit require	ments?	
Traditional				() Yes		
O MS4				O N₀		
O CAFO				O Unsure		
O Traditional				O Yes		
O MS4				O No		
⊖ CAFO				O Unsure		
Traditional				() Yes		
O MS4				Ŏ No		
O CAFO				O Unsure		
O Traditional						
O MS4				O N₀		
				O Unsure		
() Traditional				O Yes		
MS4				O N₀		
() CAFO				O Unsure		
\mathbf{U}	1		1			

Point to Nonpoint Trades (Non-permi	ted Agricultural	, Non-Permitted Urban, etc.)
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List the practices that will be used to generate credits: The City intends to perform streambank stabilization. The construction will occur upstream of Outfall 001.

Method for quantifying credits generated:	Monitoring	
	Modeling, Names: NRCS Streambank Erosion Estimator	
	Other:	

Projected date credits will be available:

The preparer certifies all of the following:

- I am familiar with the specifications submitted for this application, and I believe all applicable items in this checklist have been addressed.
- I have completed this document to the best of my knowledge and have not excluded pertinent information.

Signature of Preparer Date Signed 1,12022 6

Authorized Representative Signature

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision. Based on my inquiry of those persons directly responsible for gathering and entering the information, the information is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

Signature of Authorized Representative Date Signed

Form 3400-208 (1/14)

Page 1 of 3

Notice: Pursuant to s. 283.84, Wis. Stats., this form must be completed by any WPDES permittee that intends to pursue pollutant trading as a method of complying with a permit limitation. Failure to complete this form would not result in penalties. Personal information collected will be used for administrative purposes and may be provided to requesters to the extent required by Wisconsin's Open Records Law (ss. 19.31 - 19.39, Wis. Stats.).

Applicant Infe						
Permittee Nam		Permit Number			Facility Site Number	
City of Shulls	sburg	WI- 0028321-08-1				
Facility Addres				City		State ZIP Code
780 West Wa	iter Street		2	Shullst	ourg	WI 53586
•	t Name (if applicable)			City		State ZIP Code
	(Delta 3 Eng.)	875 South Chestnut Street	I	Plattev	ille	WI 53818
Project Name						
		ovements - Shullsburg Branc	h			
Receiving Wat		Parameter(s) being traded			UC 12(s)	
Shullsburg B		Total Phosphorus		07	70600050303	
	ator Information					
	or type (select all that					
apply):		Permitted MS4	\triangleright	🖞 Agri	cultural nonpoint source	discharge
		Permitted CAFO			er - Specify:	:
Are any of the	credit generators in a	different HUC 12 than the applic	ant? 🔿 Yes;	HUC 1	2:	
			• No			
Are any of the	credit generators dow	instream of the applicant?	() Yes			
			No			
Will a broker/e	xchange be used to fa	cilitate trade?		linoludo	description and contact inf	ormation in MOT plan
				(Include	description and contact init	onnadon in wigi planj
			• No			
Point to Poin	t Trades (Traditiona	l Municipal / Industrial, MS4, C	CAFO)			
Are each of the requirements?		enerators identified in this sectio	n in complianc	e with i) Yes
requirements					С) No
Discharge Type	Permit Number	Name	Contact Info	ormatio	n Trade Ag	reement Number
O Traditional						
Õ MS4						
🔿 CAFO						
Traditional						
O MS4						
O CAFO						
O Traditional						
MS4						
O CAFO						
-						
O MS4 O CAFO]					
O Traditional						
O MS4						
🔿 CAFO						

Water Quality Trading Checklist Form 3400-208 (1/14) Page 2 of 3

Form 3400-208	(1/14)
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Point to Point Trades Does plan have a narra		/ Industrial, MS4, CAFO) col	nt.		Plan Section
a. Summary of discharge and existing treatment including optimization			() Yes	O No	
b. Amount of credit being generated			⊖ Yes	() No	
c. Timeline for credits a	nd agreements		() Yes	() No	
d. Method for quantifyin	g credits		() Yes	() No	
e. Tracking and verifica	tion procedures		() Yes	O No	
f. Location of credit gen	erator in proximity to rece	eiving water and credit user	⊖ Yes	O No	
g. Other:	······	·······	⊖ Yes	O No	
Point to Nonpoint Tra	des (Non-Permitted Ur	ban, Agricultural, Other)			
Discharge Type	Practices Used to Generate Credits	Method of Quantification	Trade Agree Number	ment	Have the practice(s) been formally registered?
 Urban NPS Agricultural NPS Other 	Streambank Stabilization	NRCS Streambank Erosion Estimator			 O Yes ● No Only in part
O Urban NPS O Agricultural NPS O Other					 ○ Yes ○ No ○ Only in part
Urban NPS Agricultural NPS Other					○ Yes○ No○ Only in part
OUrban NPS Agricultural NPS OOther					 ○ Yes ○ No ○ Only in part
O Urban NPS O Agricultural NPS O Other					 ○ Yes ○ No ○ Only in part
O Urban NPS Agricultural NPS O Other				,	 ○ Yes ○ No ○ Only in part
 Urban NPS Agricultural NPS Other 					 ○ Yes ○ No ○ Only in part
 ◯ Urban NPS ◯ Agricultural NPS ◯ Other 					 ○ Yes ○ No ○ Only in part
Does plan have a narra	tive that describes:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			Plan Section
a. Description of existin	g land uses		• Yes	⊖ No	Section IV
b. Management practices used to generate credits			• Yes	O No	Section IV
c. Amount of credit being generated			• Yes	⊖ No	Section IV
d. Description of applic	able trade ratio per agree	ment/management practice	• Yes	⊖ No	Section IV
e. Location where cred	its will be generated		• Yes	⊖ No	Section III
f. Timeline for credits a	nd agreements		• Yes	() No	Section V
g. Method for quantifying credits			• Yes	O No	Section IV

,

Water Quality Trading Checklist

Form 3400-208 (1/14) Page 3 of 3

Does plan have a narrative that describes:			Plan Section
h. Tracking procedures	• Yes	() No	Section IV
i. Conditions under which the management practices may be inspected	• Yes	O No	Section VI
j. Reporting requirements should the management practice fail	• Yes	O No	Section VI
k. Operation and maintenance plan for each management practice	Yes	O No	Section IV
I. Location of credit generator in proximity to receiving water and credit user	• Yes	O No	Section III
m. Practice registration documents, if available	() Yes	No	
n. History of project site(s)	• Yes	() No	Section IV
o. Other:	() Yes	() No	
The preparer certifies all of the following:		0.10	

I am familiar with the specifications submitted for this application, and I believe all applicable items in this checklist have been
addressed.

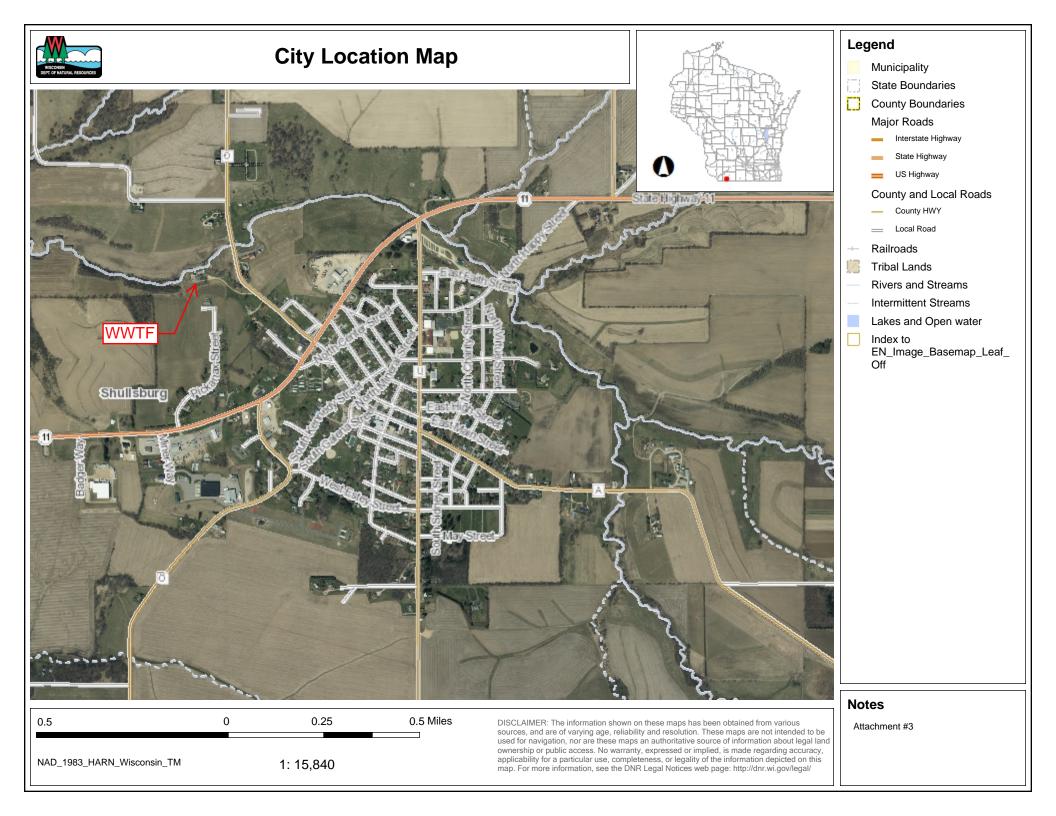
I have completed this document to the best of my knowledge and have not excluded pertinent information.

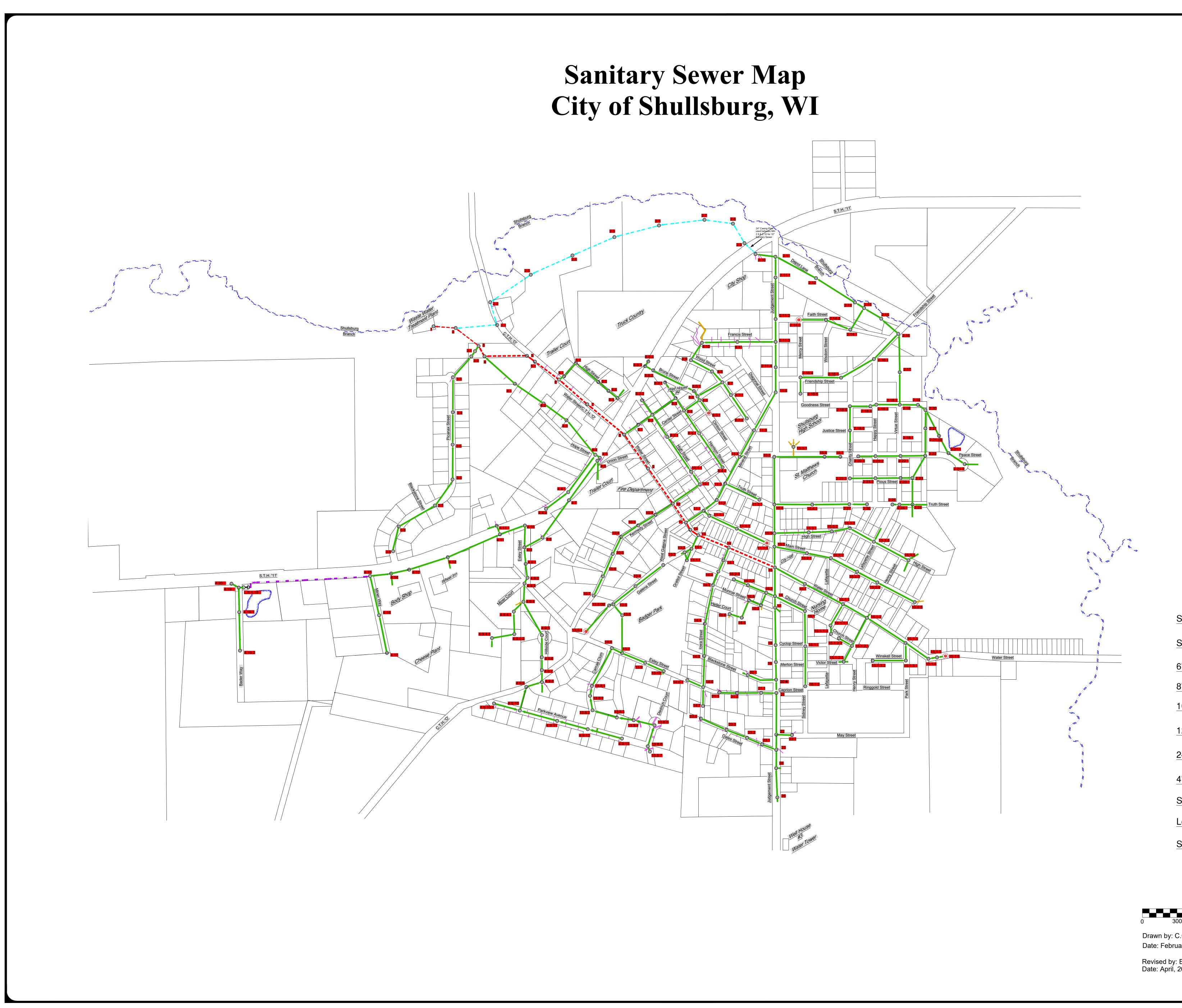
• I certify that the information in this document is true to the best of my knowledge.

Signature of Preparer	7	2.0)			Date S	igned				
Authonizod	ding	C. prospective	×	x 12	1 por teles and	G	10	1202	2	· · · ·	
Authorized Represen	tative Signatu	re									
I certify under penalty o	of law that this d	ocument and a	ll attachn	nents w	ere prepared un	der my	direction	n or suporule	ion Po	nod on 1	

inquiry of those persons directly responsible for gathering and entering the information, the information is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

Signature of Authorized Representative	Date Signed
Don breil	6-17-2022





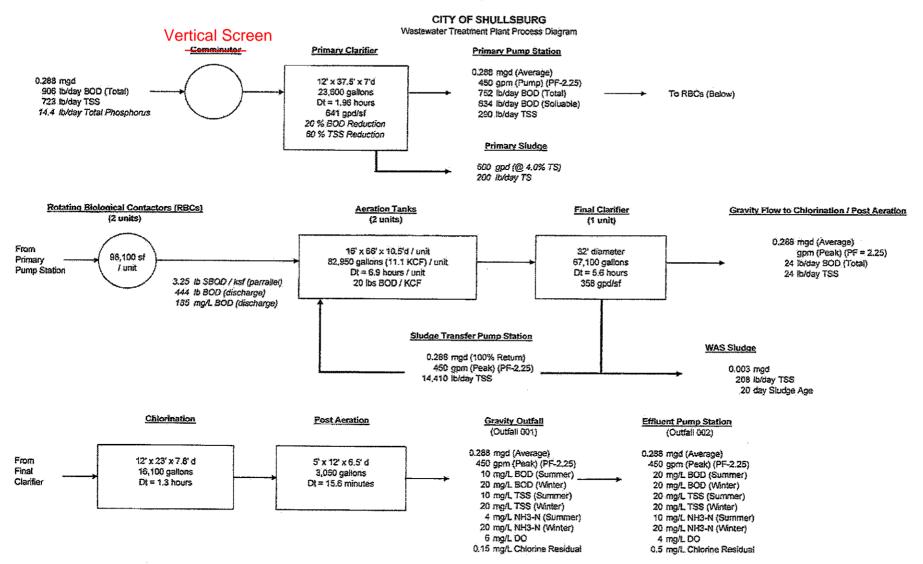
Drawn by: C Date: Febru Revised by: Date: April, 2

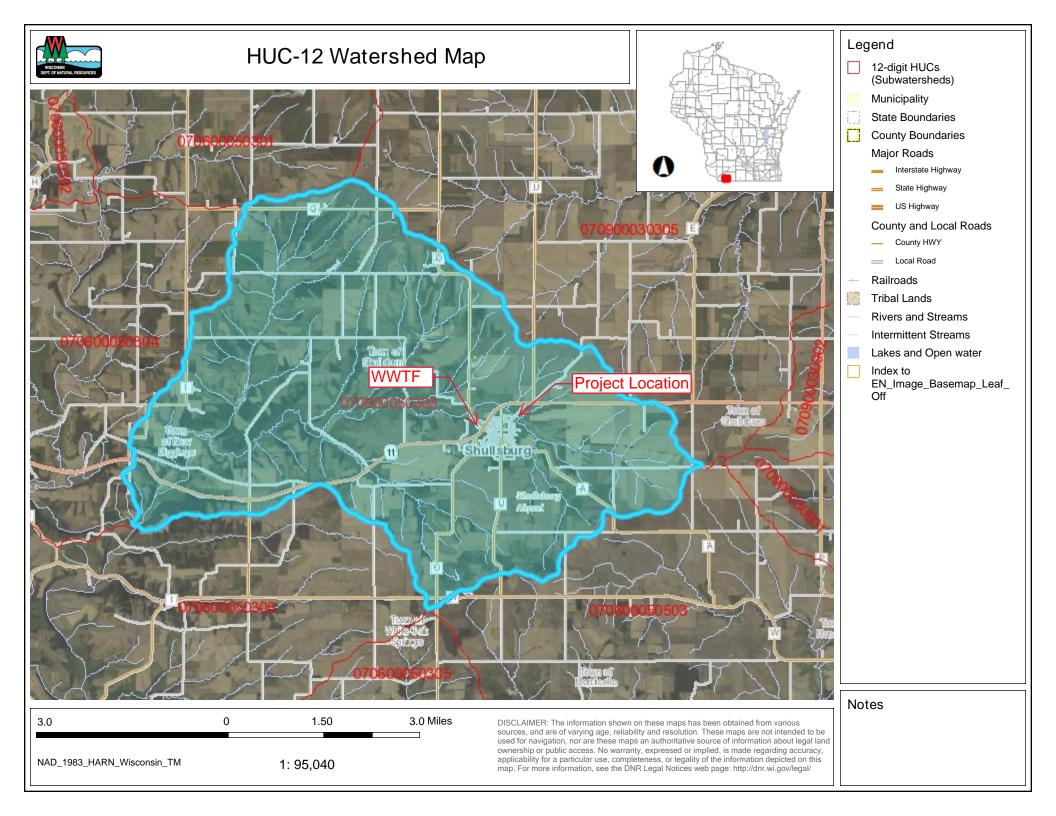


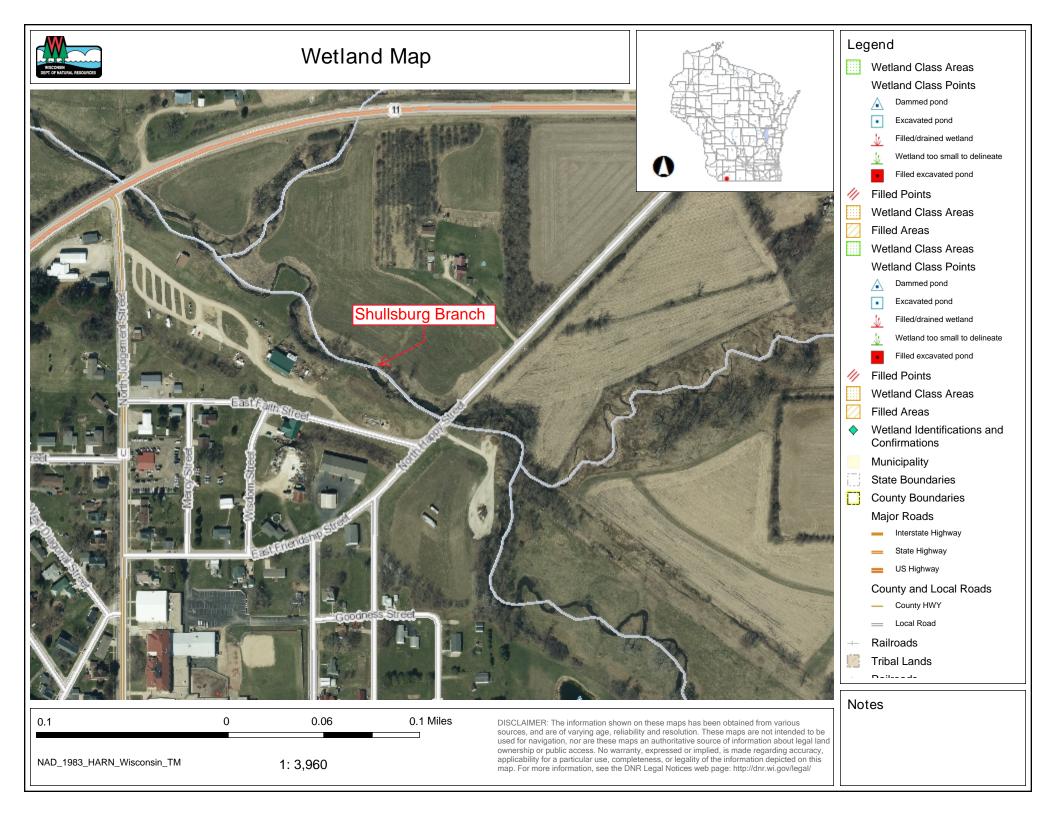
LEGEND

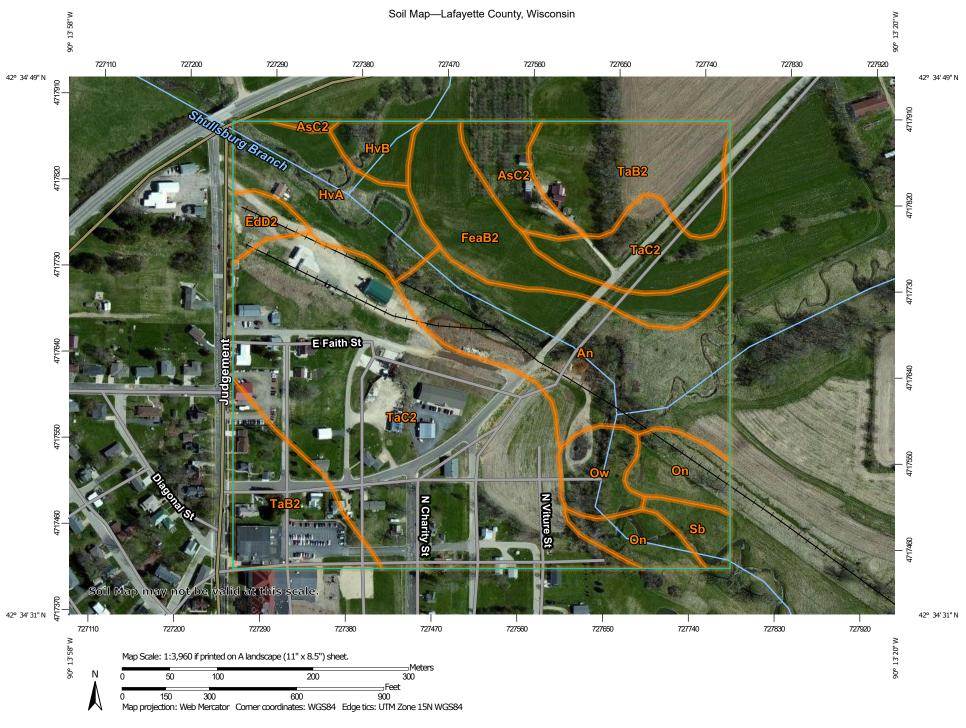
Sanitary Manhole	Manhole Nu	Imber
Sanitary Clean Out	🛞 Clean Out N	Jumber
6" Sanitary Sewer		
8" Sanitary Sewer		
10" Sanitary Sewer		
12" Sanitary Sewer		
24" Sanitary Sewer		
4" Sanitary Forcemain		
Street Right-of-Way		
Lot Line		
Sanitary Service		
300 600		LTA 3
C.Coyier uary 3, 2012	PROFESSIONAL CIVIL, MUNICIPAL, & STF GRANT WRITING • LAND DEVELOPMET	
/: B. Piotrowski	875 SOUTH CHESTNUT STREET PLATTEVILLE, WISCONSIN 53818	
, 2020	898 JACKSON STREET DUBUQUE, IOWA 52001	PHONE: (563) 542-9005
G:\Projects\Shulls	burg\Maps\SHULLSI	BURG.dwg_Overall-Sa

Figure 3









USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey National Cooperative Soil Survey

MAP L	EGEND	MAP INFORMATION
Area of Interest (AOI)	😑 Spoil Area	The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at
Area of Interest (AOI)	Stony Spot	1:15,800.
Soils	M Very Stony Spot	Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.
Soil Map Unit Polygons	w Wet Spot	Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause
Map Unit Lines		misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil
Soil Map Unit Points		line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed
Special Point Features	Special Line Features	scale.
() Blowout	Water Features Streams and Canals	Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map
Borrow Pit		measurements.
💥 Clay Spot	Transportation Rails	Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
Closed Depression	Interstate Highways	Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)
Gravel Pit	US Routes	
Gravelly Spot		Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Merca projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts
🙆 Landfill	distance and area. A projection that	distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as th Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more
Lava Flow	Local Roads	accurate calculations of distance or area are required.
Marsh or swamp	Background Aerial Photography	This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data
- <u></u>	, tonar i notography	of the version date(s) listed below.
~		Soil Survey Area: Lafayette County, Wisconsin
		Survey Area Data: Version 18, Sep 9, 2021
Perennial Water		Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.
Rock Outcrop		Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Dec 31, 2009—Ma
Saline Spot		5, 2016
Sandy Spot		The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were
Severely Eroded Spot		compiled and digitized probably differs from the backgrou
Sinkhole		imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.
Slide or Slip		
Sodic Spot		



Map Unit Legend

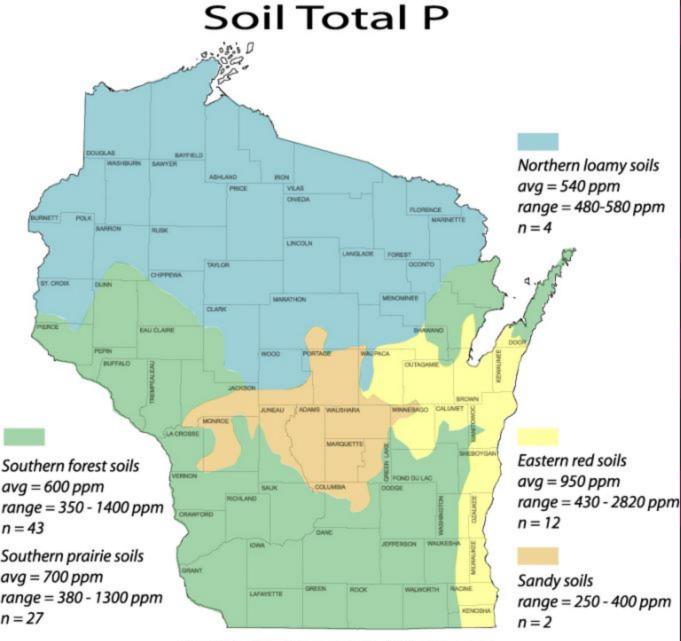
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
An	Arenzville silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	9.3	15.4%
AsC2	Ashdale silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	2.0	3.2%
EdD2	Edmund silt loam, 12 to 20 percent slopes, moderately eroded	0.9	1.4%
FeaB2	Festina silt loam, 1 to 6 percent slopes, moderately eroded	4.7	7.8%
HvA	Huntsville silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	4.5	7.4%
ΗvB	Huntsville silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	1.1	1.8%
On	Orion silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	3.0	5.0%
Ow	Ettrick silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, frequently flooded	1.7	2.8%
Sb	Sable silt loam, benches	0.9	1.5%
TaB2	Tama silt loam, driftless, 2 to 6 percent slopes, moderately eroded	9.2	15.3%
TaC2	Tama silt loam, driftless, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	23.2	38.3%
Totals for Area of Interest		60.5	100.0%



710 Commerce Drive PO Box 169 Watertown, WI 53094 920-261-0446 phone 920-261-1365 fax www.rockriverlab.com

Total Phosphorus Analysis 06/04/2021

Field ID	Sample ID	Total P (ppm)
Shulls	1	1789
Shulls	2	1152
Shulls	3	328.1
Shulls	4	655.2
Shulls	5	1600
Shulls	6	890.1
Shulls	7	699.4
Shulls	8	834.3
Shulls	9	1041
Shulls	10	1085
Shulls	11	738.6
Shulls	12	1016
Shulls	13	923.3



Organic soils: range = 1330 - 1350 ppm, n = 2

Attachment #9

ATTACHEMENT #9 TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	Introduction	_1
II.	Reach 1	1
III.	Reach 2	2
III.	Reach 3	3

I. <u>Introduction</u>

The lateral recession rate of the eroding bank is a critical component for the NRCS Streambank Erosion Estimator. The following documentation provides the justification for the lateral recession rates used in the NRCS Streambank Erosin Estimator. Lateral recession rate was estimated based on the photos provided, description, and on site evaluation. The following includes representative photos of the Project Extents to be stabilized through installation of Best Management Practices (BMPs).

II. <u>Reach 1</u>



Severe undercut with slump, vegetative overhang and exposed tree roots.



Moderate vegetative overhang and exposed tree roots.

III. <u>Reach 2</u>



Vegetative overhang and exposed tree roots. Old concrete curb and sidewalk had been placed at the stream corner in attempt to armor the channel. Water has scoured holes into the bank beneath the old concrete. The bank is planned for stabilization by grading to 6:1 slope and removal of the old concrete.



Vegetative overhang and exposed tree roots. Old concrete curb and sidewalk had been placed at the stream corner in attempt to armor the channel. Water has scoured holes into the bank beneath the old concrete. The bank is planned for stabilization by grading to 6:1 slope and removal of the old concrete.

IV. <u>Reach 3</u>



Severe undercut with slump, vegetative overhang, and exposed tree roots.



Severe undercut with slump, vegetative overhang, and exposed tree roots.



Severe undercut with slump, vegetative overhang, and exposed tree roots.



Severe undercut with vegetative overhang and exposed tree roots.



Severe undercut with vegetative overhang and exposed tree roots.



Severe undercut with vegetative overhang and exposed tree roots.

Attachment #10

NRCS Excel Workbook Estimating 'Other' Erosion Types June 2006

Annual soil loss predictions for conservation planning purposes are made with current soil loss prediction technology (RUSLE2). RUSLE2 estimates sheet, rill and interrill erosion. Erosion that is seasonal in nature and caused by concentrated flow, however, is not predicted by RUSLE2.

This workbook provides conservation planners with simple tools and processes to help estimate the amount of erosion occurring in ephemeral gullies, classic gullies and on streambank erosion sites.

Definitions:

<u>Rill Erosion</u>: consists of the removal of soil by concentrated water running through little streamlets, or headcuts. Detachment in a rill occurs if the sediment in the flow is below the amount the load can transport and if the flow exceeds the soil's resistance to detachment. As detachment continues or flow increases, rills will become wider and deeper. Rills may be of any size but are usually less than four inches deep. Rills are:

- <> generally parallel on the slope, but may converge,
- <> generally of uniform spacing and dimension,
- senerally appear at different locations on the landscape from year to year,
- <> generally shorter than ephemeral cropland gullies,
- <> usually end at a concentrated flow channel, or an area where the slope flattens and deposition occurs,
- <> are on the same portion of the slope that is used to determine the length of slope (L) for RUSLE2,
- many small, but conspicuous channels running in the direction of slope gradient

Rill erosion is considered in the RUSLE2 calculations.

<u>Ephemeral Gully Erosion</u>: Small erosion channels formed on crop fields as a result of concentrated flow of runoff water. These channels are routinely eliminated by tillage of the field but return following subsequent runoff events. Ephemeral Gullies are small enough to be eliminated (temporarily) with the use of typical farm tillage equipment and they:

- <> recur in the same area of concentrated flow each time they form,
- frequently form in well-defined depressions in natural drainage ways,
- <> are generally wider, deeper, and longer than the rills in the field,

Ephemeral Gullies are not calculated by the RUSLE2 program.

<u>Gully Erosion</u>: Permanent gullies are formed when channel development has progressed to the point where the gully is too wide and too deep to be tilled across. These channels carry large amounts of water after rains and deposit eroded material at the foot of the gully. They disfigure landscape and make the land unfit for growing crops. Gullies:

- may grow or enlarge from year to year by head cutting and lateral enlarging,
- <> often occur in depressions or natural drainage ways,
- <> may begin as ephemeral gullies that were left in the field untreated,
- <> may, over time, become partially stabilized by grass, weeds or woody vegetation,

Gully erosion is not calculated by the RUSLE2 program.

<u>Streambank Erosion</u>: The wearing away of streambanks by flowing water. The removal of soil from streambanks is typically caused by the direct action of stream flow and/or wind/wave action, typically occurring during periods of high flow. Streambank erosion:

<> is a natural process that generally increases when unprotected streambanks (e.g. no woody vegetation) are subject to the actions of flowing water and ice damage.

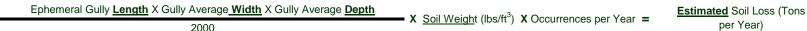
<> is a common occurrence on many Vermont river channels that are experiencing geomorphic adjustments

The soil loss from ephemeral gullies, gullies and streambank erosion areas can be estimated by calculating the volume of soil removed by erosion processes. The volume of soil loss can be multiplied by the typical unit weight of the soil (based on soil texture) which is eroded. Approximate soil unit weights are expressed below¹:

	Estimated Dry
Soil Texture	Density lb/ft ³
Gravel	110
Sand	105
Loamy Sand	100
Sandy Loam	100
Fine Sandy Loam	100
Sandy Clay Loam	90
Silt Loam	85
Silty Clay Loam	85
Silty Clay	85
Clay Loam	85
Organic	22

Procedure for estimating Ephemeral Soil Erosion:

The following formula will be used to calculate annual estimated ephemeral gully erosion:

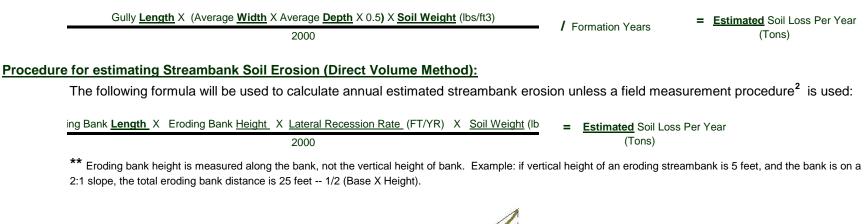


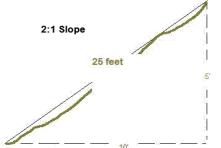
* Ephemeral gully erosion may reform multiple times per year, and under certain conditions it may not form in a given year. The voided volume which would be calculated after a runoff event is not necessarily representative of an annual rate, but is representative of only the specific event. This erosion can be calculated for individual storms and can be summed for a yearly estimate.

¹ Data from published soil surveys, laboratory data, and soil interpretation record are to be used where available. Parent materials, soil consistency, soil structure, pore space, soil texture, and coarse fragments all influence unit weight.

Procedure for estimating Gully Soil Erosion:

The following formula will be used to calculate annual estimated classic gully erosion:





***The average annual recession rate is the thickness of soil eroded from a bank surface (perpendicular to the face) in an average year.

Stream bank erosion sometimes presents itself as a major occurance in a given year, whereas the same bank may not erode significantly for a period of years if no major runoff events occur. Recession rates need to be calculated as an average of years when erosion does and does not occur. Recession rate is not calculated as the erosion occurring after a single event.

Use available resources to assist in the estimation of recession rate: use past and present aerial photography, old survey records, and any other information that helps to determine the bank condition at known times in the past. When such information is lacking or insufficient, field observations and professional judgement are needed to estimate recession rates.

It is often not possible to directly measure recession rates in the field. Therefore, the following table has been included which relates recession rates to narrative descriptions of banks eroding at different rates (Table from NRCS Wisconsin guidance).

Lateral Recession Rate (ft/yr)	Category	Description
0.01-0.05	Slight	Some bare bank but active erosion not readily apparent. Some rills but no vegetative overhang. No exposed tree roots.
0.06-0.2	Moderate	Bank is predominantly bare with some rills and vegetative overhang. Some exposed tree roots but no slumps or slips.
0.3-0.5	Severe	Bank is bare with rills and severe vegetative overhang. Many exposed tree roots and some fallen trees and slumps or slips. Some changes in cultural features such as fence corners missing and realignment of roads or trails. Channel cross section becomes U-shaped as opposed to V-shaped.
0.5+	Very Severe	Bank is bare with gullies and severe vegetative overhang. Many fallen trees, drains and culverts eroding out and changes in cultural features as above. Massive slips or washouts common. Channel cross section is U-shaped and stream course may be meandering.

² The best way to quantify streambank erosion is to measure it directly in the field. The basic procedure in measuring streambank erosion is to survey, flag, or in some way fix a "before" image of the channel you are evaluating in order to establish the baseline condition. Changes due to erosion can then be monitored over time by going back to the study area and re-measuring from the fixed reference points.

Channel cross-sections can be surveyed and plotted on a periodic basis to monitor change. Stakes or pins can be driven into channel banks flush with the surface. The amount of stake or pin exposed due to erosion is the amount of change at the streambank erosion site between your times of observation.

The time required to monitor a site often precludes this method of data collection. The Direct Volume Method can be used to estimate streambank erosion at your site.

Acknowledgements: This Excel workbook was created as a planning tool for use by conservation planners. The basic format and content of the tool is a compilation of various similar tools, processes and procedures employed by NRCS in several states including: Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Maryland, Michigan, Missouri, Nebraska, Oklahoma, South Dakota and Wisconsin. Some of the terminology in the 'Definitions' section of this Readme document closely mirrors these sources.

NRCS Streambank and Irrigation Ditch Erosion Estimator (Direct Volume Method)								
Farmer / Cooperator Name:	City of Shullsburg	Evaluated By:	L. Hoppman					
Tract Number:	Varies	Evaluation Date:	March 3, 2022					

Property Owner	Eroding Strmbnk Reach #; or Ditch Side/Bottom	Eroding Bank or Ditch Length (Feet)	Eroding Bank Height; or Ditch Bottom Width* (Feet)	Area of Eroding Strmbank or Ditch (FT ²)	Lateral or Ditch Bottom Recession Rate (Estimated) (FT / Year)	Estimated Volume (FT ³) Eroded Annually	Soil Texture	Approximate Pounds of Soil per FT ³	Estimated Soil Loss (Tons/Year)	Soil Total Phosphorus (ppm)	Estimated Phosphorus Loss (Pounds/Year)
Turpin & City of Shullsburg	1 (Right)	1,137	3.8	4,321	0.35	1,512.2	Silt Loam	85	64.3	903	116
City of Shullsburg	2 (Right)	171	25.0	4,275	0.20	855.0	Silt Loam	85	36.3	1,789	130
City of Shullsburg	3 (Right)	431	4.9	2,112	0.45	950.4	Silt Loam	85	40.4	934	75
				TOT	AL	3317.6			141.0		322

Attachment #11

Water Quality Trading Operation and Maintenance Plan

Introduction:

The Water Quality Trading (WQT) Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Plan is meant to be a working document and should be updated as new trading practices are implemented. Currently, the Operation and Maintenance Plan revolves around the Best Management Practice (BMP) construction along the Shullsburg Branch. The attached *BMP Inspection Form* should be completed during annual inspections of BMPs and following major storm events. Inspection forms shall be retained for at least five (5) years to ensure compliance with the WQT Plan.

Publicly Owned BMP:

City representative to complete inspection form annually and following major storm events. The form will then be provided to the Maintenance Supervisor following inspection. The City will address maintenance issues identified during inspection within 30 days. Substantial maintenance issues may require an extended timeframe for generation of plans, specifications, and a public bid process to perform the work. Inspections and O&M activities shall be reported in the annual WQT Report sent to the DNR.

Privately Owned BMP:

City representative to complete inspection form annually and following major storm events. The form will then be provided to the Maintenance Supervisor following inspection. The City will address maintenance issues identified during inspection within 30 days. Substantial maintenance issues may require an extended timeframe for generation of plans, specifications, and a public bid process to perform the work. Maintenance expenses will be incurred by either by the City or Private Property Owner depending on agreement with the City. The Private Property Owner will be allowed to perform maintenance activities at the expense of the Private Property Owner. Inspections and O&M activities shall be reported in the annual WQT Report sent to the DNR.

Quality Assurance:

Riprap gradation and composition shall be provided for each source of material. Streambank shaping and riprap shall be installed per the Lafayette County Land Conservation Department and NRCS Standards. Contractors to supply rock that is approved by the NRCS and meets criteria in Wisconsin Construction Spec.9.

Installation:

- Staking provided by the Engineer.
- Do not place riprap over frozen or spongy subgrade surfaces.
- Place riprap as indicated on Construction Plans. Do not dump rip-rap over the bank.
- Blend riprap with existing bank.
- Spread soil out in a layer of less than 4" and seed down. Do not spread soil in wetlands.
- All disturbed areas and soil must be seeded and mulched.

Practice Registration:

The purpose of the "Water Quality Trading Management Practice Registration" form is to report to DNR that a management practice identified in the trading plan has been properly installed and is established and effective. This information will be used to track implementation progress, verify compliance and

perform audits, as necessary. A registration form should be submitted for every management practice that has been identified in the trading plan. If practices are established prior to trading plan submittal, registration forms may be submitted with the trading plan. Otherwise, registration forms should be submitted during the permit term as practices become effective or with the annual report. A blank *Water Quality Trading Management Practice Registration Form 3400-207* is attached and should be submitted following implementation of the trading practice.

Tracking Procedures:

The City will track credits used monthly. The City will report credit usage to the DNR on a monthly basis in the Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs). The annual report will summarize the 12 months of credit usage and credit generation. The City will report to DNR any concern that they have that may result in a need to modify the trade agreement and/or this trade plan. For example, a need to generate additional credits based on discharge.

Inspections/Maintenance Considerations:

- A BMP Inspection Form is attached.
 - Site: As noted on Construction Plans
 - Condition of BMP: Excellent; Good; Fair; or Poor
 - Maintenance Estimate: Provide an estimate for how long the maintenance will take to complete or a dollar value for completion. This will help determine if the City will perform the work or if the City will hire another entity to perform the work.
 - Date Completed: Following completion of the required maintenance, input the date of completion.
 - Comments: Provide the required maintenance activity along with any other useful information. If the cell provided is not large enough for Comments, write "See Back of Sheet" and provide comments on the reverse side of the Form.
- Following installation, inspect the disturbed areas closely over the next few months to ensure that seeding grows.
- BMPs may settle or shift especially after flooding events or freeze/thaw.
- May need to control weed and brush growth.
- Inspect stabilized areas as needed.
- At a minimum, inspect after major storm events.
- If a BMP has been damaged, repair it promptly to prevent a progressive failure.
- If repairs are needed repeatedly at a location, evaluate the site to determine if the original design conditions have changed.

Routine Maintenance Items that can be performed by City:

- Evaluate BMP condition
 - o Reconstruct/replace BMPs that have settled, shifted, or washed out.
- Manage Vegetation
 - Remove invasive/noxious plants.
- Manage Garbage
 - Remove garbage and other debris that could otherwise impair the streambank stability.

Monthly Certification:

Each month, the City will certify that the BMPs are maintained and operating in a manner consistent with this Water Quality Trading Plan or provide a statement noting noncompliance with this Plan. The monthly Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) will include the following statement as a certification of compliance when the Credit Generating Practice is operating in a manner consistent with the Plan:

"I certify that to the best of my knowledge that the management practices identified in the approved water quality trading plan as the source of phosphorus credits is installed, established and properly maintained."

Annual Inspection:

An annual inspection of the BMPs will be performed by a licensed Professional Engineer to ensure that the BMPs are functioning as intended in order to meet the requirements of the WQT Plan.

Noncompliance:

The City will notify DNR by telephone call to DNR's regional wastewater compliance engineer within 24 hours or next business day of becoming aware that phosphorus credits used or intended for use by City are not being generated as outlined in this Water Quality Trading Plan.

The City will submit a written notification within five days after the City recognizes that the phosphorus credits are not being generated as outlined in the Trading Plan. DNR may waive the requirement for submittal for a written notice within five days and instruct the City to submit the written notice with the next regularly scheduled monitoring report required by City's WPDES Permit.

The written notification should include:

- Description of noncompliance and cause.
- Period of noncompliance including dates and times.
- Schedule for attaining compliance including time and steps toward compliance.
- Plan to prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance.

Notification of Trade Agreement Termination:

If a trade agreement or the trading plan needs to be terminated during the permit term, the permittee should submit a Notice of Termination to the wastewater engineer/specialist to inform DNR of the termination. DNR staff should use this information to determine if a permit modification is required due to the termination, the termination will result in non-compliance, or other permit actions are required due to the termination. When credits are reduced or eliminated for any reason, the permittee is still required to meet their WQBELs without any grace period. To prevent noncompliance with WQBELs, changes to trading plans must be addressed before credits are lost. Modifying the permit/trading plan will require at least 180 days. A blank *Notification of Water Trade Agreement Termination Form 3400-209* is attached and should be submitted to DNR prior to practice termination, no later than the submittal date of the annual report.

BMP Inspection Form

Date_____

Inspector_____

Reason for Inspection _____

Reach	Condition of BMP	Required Maintenance	Maintenance Estimate (Time or Cost)	Date Completed	Comments
1 (Right)					
2 (Right)					
3 (Right)					

State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources 101 South Webster Street Madison WI 53707-7921 dnr.wi.gov

Water Quality Trading Management Practice Registration

Form 3400-207 (R 1/14)

Notice: Pursuant to s. 283.84, Wis. Stats., this form must be completed by any WPDES permittee that is using water quality trading as a method of complying with a permit limitation. Failure to complete this form would not result in penalties. Personal information collected will be used for administrative purposes and may be provided to requesters to the extent required by Wisconsin's Open Records Law (ss. 19.31 - 19.39, Wis. Stats.).

Applicant Informatic	on			29.512-9 <u>2</u>						Na di Serveri
Permittee Name			Permit Number				Facility Site Nur	mber		
			WI-	A		100	l			
Facility Address						City			State	ZIP Code
Project Contact Name) (if applicable) Addr	ress			City			State	ZIP Code
Project Name						<u> </u>			L	<u> </u>
Broker/Exchange Inf	formation (if	anolio	cahle)							
Was a broker/exchange										2
Broker/Exchange Orga	anization Nam	າຍ		Contac	ot Name					
Address				Phone	Number	E	Email			
Trade Registration I	nformation (Use a	separate form for ea	ch trad	e agreer	ment)				i e e <u>King</u> ere
Туре	Trade Agree Number		Practices Used to Ger Credits			ated Load	Trade Ratio	Meth	od of C	Quantification
 Urban NPS Agricultural NPS Other 										
County	/	Closest	t Receiving Water Nam	ve	Land Pa	arcel ID(s)) Pe	arameter	r(s) beir	ing traded
The preparer certifie I have completed to			ng: e best of my knowledge		ave not ex	the second of the	pertinent informa	ation.	an Secto	
• I certify that the inf	formation in t	his doc	cument is true to the be	est of my	v knowled	lge.				
Signature of Preparer			<u></u>			-	te Signed			
inquiry of those persor	of law that thi ns directly res nd complete. I	is docur sponsibl I am aw	ument and all attachment ole for gathering and en ware that there are sign powing violations.	ntering th	he informa	nation, the	my direction or s a information is,	supervisi to the be	sion. Bas est of m	ny knowledge
Signature of Authorize	d Represent	itive	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Dat	te Signed			
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State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources 101 South Webster Street Madison WI 53707-7921 dnr.wi.gov

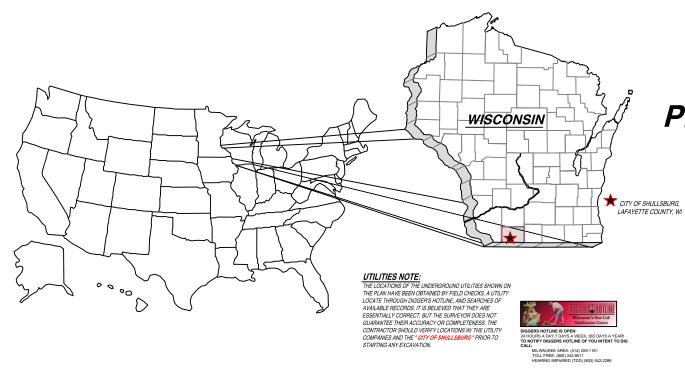
Notification of Water Trade Agreement Termination

Form 3400-209 (1/14)

Notice: Pursuant to s. 283.84, Wis. Stats., and ch. NR 217 Wis. Adm. Code, this form must be completed by any WPDES permittee that is using water quality trading as a method of complying with a permit limitation. Failure to complete this form would not result in penalties. Personal information collected will be used for administrative purposes and may be provided to requesters to the extent required by Wisconsin's Open Records Law (ss. 19.31 - 19.39, Wis. Stats.).

Applicant Information					1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 -			
Permittee Name		Permit Number			Facility Site Number			
		WI-				1		
Facility Address				City		State	ZIP Code	
						ZIP Code		
Project Contact Name (if applicable)	Address			City		State	ZIP COde	
Drain of Marga						<u> </u>		
Project Name								
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Trade Agreement number(s) to be ter	minateo	including affected la	nu parcer iD(s).					
			The states					
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Reason for termination								
Is this agreement being updated or re	nlocod?							
is this agreement being updated of re	placeur		() Yes					
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Will this termination result in non-com	pliance v	vith the effective limi	it 🔿 Yes	s; Name	: 			
or other permit requirements?			() No					
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The preparer certifies all of the fol	lowina:							
 I am familiar with the specification 	ns submit	tted for this applicate	on, and I believ	e all ap	licable items in this che	cklist h	ave been	
addressed.			·					
• I have completed this document t	o the bes	st of my knowledge a	and have not ex	cluded	pertinent information.			
Signature of Preparer				Da	ate Signed			
					J.			
Authorizod Donzacostative Cimet								
Authorized Representative Signat I certify under penalty of law that this	documer	and all attachmon	ts wore prenere	d under	my direction or supervis	ion Be	ased on my	
inquiry of those persons directly resp	nsihle fr	r and an allacinnen	ering the inform	ation. th	e information is, to the b	est of r	nv knowledge	
and belief, accurate and complete. I a	am award	that there are signi		for pub	nitting false information.			
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Attachment #12

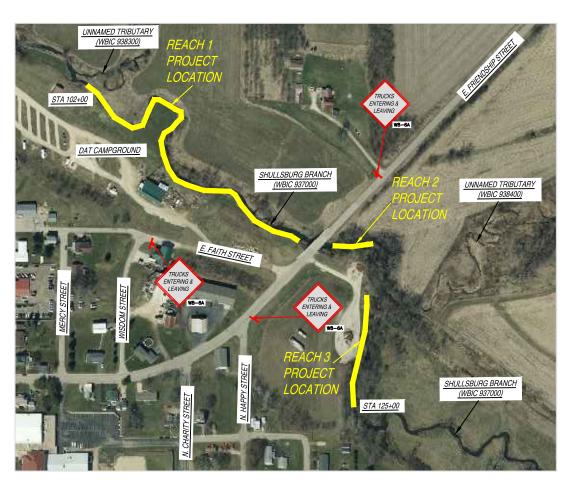


PROPOSED 2022 STREAMBANK IMPROVEMENTS -SHULLSBURG BRANCH

OWNER: CITY OF SHULLSBURG, WI

SHEET INDEX:

SHEET TITLE:	SHEET DESCRIPTION:
G000	TITLE SHEET & PROJECT LOCATION MAP
G001	LEGEND & GENERAL NOTES
C101	PLAN VIEW - REACH 1
C102	PLAN VIEW - REACHES 1 & 2
C103	PLAN VIEW - REACH 3
C201	DETAILS - EROSION CONTROL & NOTES
C202	DETAILS - STREAM BANK





PROJECT INFORMATION:

OWNER:	SANITARY SEWER UTILITY:	WATER UTILITY:	STREET AND STORM
CITY OF SHULLSBURG MS. MARSHA EINSWEILER - OLERK' TREASURER 190 N. JUDGEMENT STREET P.O. BOX 580 SHULLSBURG, WI 53586 (608) 965-4424	CITY OF SHULLSBURG MR. TOM KLEIBER 190 N. JUDGEMENT STREET P.O. BOX 580 SHULLSBURG, WI 53586 (608) 482-4636	CITY OF SHULLSBURG MR. JOSÉ TREJO 190 N. JUDGEMENT STRET P.O. BOX 880 SHULLSBURG, WI 53586 (608) 482-4536	CTTY OF SHULL SBUJ MR. DAVID TURPIN 190 N. JUDGEMENT STR P.O. BOX 580 SHULL SBUFG, WI 533 (600) 482-2736
	NATURAL GAS UTILITY:	CABLE TELEVISION UTILITY:	TELEPHONE & CAE
	WE ENERGIES MR. ADAM MARING N3025 14TH AVENUE MONROE, WI 53566 (902)-222-8862 (OFFICE) (600)-426-1715 (CELL)	MEDIACOM, LLC MR. ROB MCDONALD 3033 ASBURY ROAD DUBUQUE, IA 52001 CELL: (563)-213-1123	CENTURY MR. DOUG MC 135 N. BON PLATTEVILLE, (608) 482-3
	WE ENERGIES PAVING COORDINATOR 500 S. 116TH STREET WEST ALLIS, W15214 (800) 242-9137		

DATE OF ISSUE:

DATE OF REVISION:

ORM SEWER:

ELECTRIC UTILITY:

ULLSBURG D TURPIN MENT STREET DX 580 G, WI 53586

CITY OF SHULLSBURG MR. MELVIN KREUL / MR. NICK DOYLE 190 N. JUDGEMENT STREET P.O. BOX 580 SHULLSBURG, WI 53586 MELVIN: (608) 482-4736 NICK: (608) 482-3997

& CABLE TELEVISION:

ENTURYLINK DOUG MCGOWAN 35 N. BONSON TEVILLE, WI 53818 608) 482-5377

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PROPOSED 2022 STREAMBANK IMPROVEMENTS -	SHULLSBURG BRANCH	CITY OF SHULLSBURG, WI	PROJECT LOCATION: SHULLSBURG BRANCH - EAST OF JUDGMENT STREET OWNER: CITY OF SHULLSBURG; 190 N. JUDGEMENT ST; P.O. BOX 580; SHULLSBURG, WI 33586
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ENGINEER:

DELTA 3 rofessional call, municipal, & structural engineer grant writing • land development = planning &

875 SOUTH CHESTNUT STREET PHONE: (608) 348-5355 PLATTEVILLE, WISCONSIN 53818 888 JACKSON STREET PHONE: (563) 542-9005 DUBUQUE, IOWA 52001

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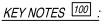
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SHEET NUMBER # 01 of 07

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	EX. U.GRD TELEPHONE UTILI EX. U.GRD FIBER OPTIC UTIL EX. OVERHEAD ELECTRIC EX. FENCE EX. RAILROAD TRACKS EX. CONTOUR EX. DRAINAGE SWALE		RIVER FLOW DIRECTION PROP. 4' DIA. SANITARY MANHOLE PROP. 5' DIA. SANITARY MANHOLE PROP. MANHOLE CHIMNEY REHABILITATION / TOP ADJUSTMENT PROP. SANITARY LIFT STATION

PROP. TYPE "X" CURB & GUTTER PROP. REVERSE-PITCH CURB & GUTTER PROP. HOT MIX ASPHALT PAVEMENT (DRIVEWAY) PROP. 4" CONCRETE SIDEWALK PROP. 6" CONCRETE PAVEMENT PROP. 8" CONCRETE PAVEMENT PROP. GRAVEL SHOULDER / DRIVEWAY EROSION MATTING (MILD SLOPES) EROSION MATTING (STEEP SLOPES) PROP. REGRADING AND LANDSCAPING PROP. RIP-RAP PROP. STORM STRUCTURES - PROFILE PROP. STORM PIPE(RCP) - PROFILE ZZZZ PROP. STORM PIPE(CMP OR HDPE) - PROFILE PROP. SANITARY STRUCTURE - PROFILE PROP. WATER MAIN PIPE - PROFILE ESSESSE PROP. CLAY LINER - PROFILE PROP. SANITARY SEWER FORCE MAIN - PROFILE PROP. SPOT REPAIR - PROFILE / PLAN VIEW PROP. CASING PIPE - PROFILE PROP. CLEARING AND GRUBBING PROP. BUILDING REMOVAL PROP. SIDEWALK REMOVAL PROP. PRESSURE-REDUCING VALVE STATION ٠ PROP. FIRE HYDRANT 0 PROP. WATER SERVICE 6 PROP. WATER SERVICE W/ VALVE BOX SLEEVE 8 PROP. WATER VALVE **3**4 PROP. WATER BEND - HORIZONTAL PROP. WATER BEND - VERTICAL -PROP. WATER BEND <5° 受 PROP. WATER TEE Ŧ PROP. WATER CROSS PROP. WATER REDUCER PROP. MJ PLUG \bigcirc PROP. 4' DIA. STORM MANHOLE PROP. 5' DIA. STORM MANHOLE PROP. INLET ۲ PROP. 4' DIA. INLET PROP. 6' DIA. INLET PROP. 4' DIA. CATCH BASIN- W/ 2'X3' CASTING PROP. 5' DIA. CATCH BASIN- W/ 2'X3' CASTING PROP. 6' DIA. CATCH BASIN- W/ 2'X3' CASTING PROP. 4'X6' CATCH BASIN W/2'X3' CASTING PROP. CURB OPENING CASTING PROP. 2'X3' CATCH BASIN PROP. ADJUSTED CATCH BASIN TOP PROP. WISDOT TYPE 8 INLET PROP. WISDOT TYPE 9 INLET PROP. CMP ENDWALL ¥// PROP. RCP ENDWALL

LEGEND



100 PROPOSED SILT FENCE FOR EROSION CONTROL. 101 PROPOSED SEDIMENT LOG FOR EROSION CONTROL 102 PROPOSED TRACKING PAD FOR EROSION CONTROL. 103 RE-GRADE YARD/DITCH LINE (MIN. SLOPE 1.0%). 104 PROPOSED EROSION MAT CLASS I, TYPE 'B'. 105 INSTALL TYPE 'D' INLET PROTECTION. 106 PROPOSED MAIL BOX RELOCATION. 107 ITEM TO REMAIN 108 CONTRACTOR TO REMOVE ITEM. 109 PROPOSED TURBIDITY BARRIER (TYP.) (SEE DETAIL - SHEET C203). 110 PROPOSED EROSION CONTROL REVÉGETATIVE MAT (ECRM). 111 REMOVE AND SALVAGE TO OWNER IN PRE-CONSTRUCTION CONDITION 112 REINSTALL STREET SIGN AS PER OWNER/WISDOT REQUIREMENTS. 113 PROPOSED STREAM BANK GRADING (2:1 SLOPE) WITH RIP-RAP TO TOP OF BANK (SEE DETAIL - SHEET C202). 114 PROPOSED STREAM BANK GRADING (6:1 SLOPE)(SEE DETAIL SHEET C202). 200 PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER (SIZE) 201 NEW SANITARY SEWER LATERAL [SIZE] 202 REPLACE EXISTING SANITARY SEWER LATERAL 203 RECONNECT EXISTING SANITARY SEWER LATERAL 204 CONNECTION TO EXISTING SANITARY SEWER PIPE/STRUCTURE. 205 REMOVE EXISTING SANITARY SEWER PIPE /STRUCTURE. 206 REHABILITATE SANITARY MANHOLE; SEE TABLE 'B'. 207 SANITARY SEWER SPOT REPAIR. 208 ABANDON AND CAP EXISTING SANITARY SEWER. 209 ABANDON EXISTING SANITARY SEWER LATERAL. 210 CONTRACTOR TO FIELD VERIFY SANITARY SEWER LATERAL LOCATION/ACTIVITY AND REPLACE ACCORDING TO ENGINEER. 300 PROPOSED WATER MAIN (SIZE). 301 NEW WATER SERVICE [SIZE]. 302 REPLACE EXISTING WATER SERVICE WITH 1" WATER SERVICE 303 RECONNECT EXISTING WATER SERVICE 304 DIRECTIONAL DRILL PROPOSED WATER SERVICE. 305 CONNECTION TO EXISTING WATER MAIN. 306 EXISTING HYDRANT TO BE REMOVED AND SALVAGED TO OWNER. 307 REMOVE EXISTING WATER MAIN VALVE BOX/STRUCTURE. 308 ADJUST EXISTING WATER MAIN VALVE BOX. 309 ABANDON, DRAIN, & CAP EXISTING WATER MAIN. 310 ABANDON EXISTING WATER SERVICE. 311 CONTRACTOR TO FIELD VERIFY WATER SERVICE LOCATION/ACTIVITY AND REPLACE ACCORDING TO ENGINEER. 400 PROPOSED STORM SEWER (SIZE) 401 CONNECT EXISTING ROOF DRAIN TO CURB OPENING 402 CONNECTION TO EXISTING STORM SEWER PIPE/STRUCTURE. 403 REMOVE EXISTING STORM SEWER PIPE/STRUCTURE. 404 ABANDON & CAP EXISTING STORM SEWER. 405 ADJUST EXISTING STORM STRUCTURE. 500 TREE & STUMP TO BE REMOVED (LESS THEN 12") 501 TREE & STUMP TO BE REMOVED (12" & GREATER) 502 SHRUB TO BE REMOVED. 503 CLEAR AND GRUB BRUSH LINE AS NECESSARY TO COMPLETE CONSTRUCTION. ALL CLEARING TO BE VERIFIED BY PROJECT ENGINEER. 504 REMOVE AND REINSTALL/REPLACE EXISTING LANDSCAPING, FENCE, RETAINING WALL, ETC. (IF NECESSARY).

- 505 REMOVE EXISTING LANDSCAPING, FENCE, RETAINING WALL, ETC.
- 506 POLE/PEDESTAL TO BE SECURED BY UTILITY COMPANY DURING
- CONSTRUCTION
- 507 POLE TO BE RELOCATED BY UTILITY COMPANY.
- 508 GUY WIRE TO BE RELOCATED BY UTILITY COMPANY.
- 509 PEDESTAL TO BE RELOCATED BY UTILITY COMPANY.
- 510 UTILITY CONFLICT TO BE RELOCATED/ADJUSTED BY UTILITY COMPANY
- 511 POTENTIAL UTILITY CONFLICT VERIFY WITH UTILITY COMPANY.
- 512 CAUTION! UTILITY CROSSING.
- 600 REMOVE EXISTING CURB & GUTTER
- 601 PROPOSED 24" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER.
- 602 PROPOSED 30" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER.
- 603 PROPOSED 36" CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER.
- 604 MATCH TO EXISTING CURB & GUTTER.
- 605 PROVIDE TYPE 'X' CURB.
- 606 PROVIDE REVERSE-PITCH CURB & GUTTER.
- 607 PROVIDE CURB TAPER.
- 608 REMOVE ASPHALT/CONCRETE/WALL/STEPS
- 609 PROPOSED 4" CONCRETE SIDEWALK.
- 610 PROPOSED 6" CONCRETE SIDEWALK/DRIVEWAY
- 611 PROPOSED 6" CONCRETE PAVEMENT.
- 612 PROPOSED 8" CONCRETE PAVEMENT
- 613 PROPOSED CONCRETE STEPS. STEP RISE HEIGHT AND STEP TREAD DEPTH SHALL MEET APPLICABLE BUILDING CODES. CONTRACTOR SHALL CONFIRM REQUIRED NUMBER OF STEPS WITH PROJECT ENGINEER PRIOR TO INSTALL.
- 614 PROPOSED 2' GRAVEL SHOULDER
- 615 REGRADE EXISTING GRAVEL.
- 616 PROPOSED GRAVEL DRIVEWAY
- 617 REMOVE & REPLACE GRAVEL DRIVEWAY.

TRAFFIC CONTROL NOTE: ALL CONTRACTORS MUST CONFORM TO THE MANUAL OF UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (MUTCD) AND THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION. ONE LANE OF TRAFFIC MUST REMAIN FOR EMERGENCY VEHICLE ACCESS.

STREET SIGN NOTE

CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR REMOVING, STORING, AND RESETTING ALL PERMANENT SIGNS. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR PROTECTING ALL EXISTING SIGNS UNTIL REMOVED. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY AND ALL TEMPORARY SIGNS THAT MAY BE REQUIRED.

TRAFFIC SIGN NOTE.

CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNS FOR ANY TRAFFIC SIGNS DISTURBED DURING CONSTRUCTION. ALL DISTURBED TRAFFIC SIGNS MUST BE REPLACED AND INSTALLED AS PER LOCAL REGULATIONS AT THE COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT

EROSION CONTROL NOTE:

CONTRACTOR TO INSTALL BACKFILL MATERIAL INTO THE EXCAVATED TRENCH AS SOON AS POSSIBLE TO IMPLEMENT EROSION CONTROL.

PROPERTY LINE AND RIGHT-OF-WAY NOTE.

ALL RIGHT-OF-WAYS AND PROPERTY LINES SHOWN ARE APPROXIMATE AND FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES ONLY A PROPERTY SURVEY PERFORMED BY A PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR SHOULD BE COMPLETED TO DETERMINE THE ACTUAL PROPERTY LINE AND RIGHT-OF-WAY LOCATIONS.

MAILBOX RELOCATION NOTE

CONTRACTOR TO RELOCATE EXISTING MAILBOXES DURING CONSTRUCTION (COORDINATE AND VERIFY WITH LOCAL POSTAL SERVICE ON LOCATION). RESET BEHIND CURB AND GUTTER OR SHOULDER ACCORDING TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE LOCAL POSTMASTER UPON COMPLETION OF STREET CONSTRUCTION.

TREE TRIMMING NOTE:

CONTRACTOR TO PROPERLY TRIM ALL TREE BRANCHES, ROOTS, AND BUSHES DISTURBED DUE TO CONSTRUCTION.

SHULLSBURG FOR VERIFICATION PRIOR TO ANY TREE

CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE FULL DEPTH SAW CUTS AND

DRIVEWAY/APRON.

- 619 REMOVE & REPLACE HMA PAVEMENT.
- 620 REMOVE & REPLACE HMA PAVEMENT DRIVEWAY.
- 621 PROPOSED HMA PAVEMENT.
- 622 MATCH TO EXISTING EDGE PAVEMENT.
- 623 PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL HMA PAVEMENT DRIVEWAY.
- 625 REMOVE & REPLACE 4" CONCRETE SIDEWALK.

TREE REMOVAL NOTE. CONTRACTOR TO CONTACT ENGINEER OR CITY OF REMOVAL. SAW CUT NOTE

REPLACE PAVEMENT. UTILITIES' NOTE: THE LOCATIONS OF THE UNDERGROUND UTILI SHOWN ON THE PLAN HAVE BEEN OBTAINED B CHECKS. A UTILITY LOCATE THROUGH DIGGER AND SEARCHES OF AVAILABLE RECORDS. IT IS THAT THEY ARE ESSENTIALLY CORRECT. BUT SURVEYOR DOES NOT GUARANTEE THEIR ACC COMPLETENESS. THE CONTRACTOR SHOULD LOCATIONS W/ THE UTILITY COMPANIES AND T OF SHULLSBURG PRIOR TO STARTING ANY EX

- 618 REMOVE GRAVEL DRIVEWAY & REPLACE

- 624 PROPOSED COMMERCIAL HMA PAVEMENT DRIVEWAY.
- 626 REMOVE & REPLACE 6" CONCRETE SIDEWALK/DRIVEWAY
- 627 PROPOSED HANDICAP RAMP WITH D. WARN. FIELD [S.F].
- 628 SAW CUT PCC PAVEMENT.
- 629 SAW CUT HMA PAVEMENT
- 630 PROPOSED BITUMINOUS WEDGE CURB.

NOTES:

SITE RESTORATION NOTE:

CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR REPLACEMENT OF ALL DISTURBED PROJECT AREA COMPONENTS INCLUDING. BUT NOT LIMITED TO. EXISTING CONCRETE BITUMINOUS PAVEMENT, GRAVEL, CULVERTS, WATER AND OPEN DURING AND AFTER ALL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM COMPONENTS. STORM SEWER SYSTEM COMPONENTS, TREES, LAWN ORNAMENTS, FENCING, YARD LANDSCAPING, RETAINING WALLS MAILBOXES, AND LANDSCAPE AREAS.

PROPERTY DAMAGES:

THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PRESERVATION OF ADJACENT PROPERTY AND FOR ANY DAMAGE TO THE SITE OR TO ADJACENT PROPERTY INCIDENTAL TO THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES. AFTER THE COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION. ANY AREAS ADJACENT TO THE CONSTRUCTION SITE DAMAGED BY THE CONTRACTOR DURING EXECUTION OF THE CONTRACT SHALL BE RESTORED TO MATCH THE PRECONSTRUCTION CONDITIONS.

GENERAL NOTES.

- CONTRACTOR SHALL REPAIR ALL DRIVEWAYS, FENCES, AND FIELD ROADS DAMAGED DUE TO CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES
- CONTRACTOR TO INSTALL EROSION CONTROL AND TURBIDITY BARRIER PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION.
- CONTRACTOR TO CLEAR AND GRUB ALL PROPOSED GRADING LOCATIONS
- SOIL SPREAD WITHIN THE FLOOD PLAIN AREA SHALL NOT EXCEED FOUR INCHES (4") OF DEPTH AND SHALL NOT BE DEPOSITED INTO WETLANDS .
- CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT REMOVE TREES, SOIL, ROCK, AND THE LIKE FROM THE SITE WITHOUT CONSENT OF THE OWNER.
- CONTRACTOR TO INSTALL EXISTING DRAIN TILES THROUGH PROPOSED GRADING AND RIP-RAP
- CONTRACTOR TO RESTORE/LANDSCAPE ALL DISTURBED ARFAS

DISCIPLINE REMOVAL GENERAL CIVIL LANDSCAPE

TIES	AQUATIC	AC
RY FIELD	ARCHITECTURAL	Α
R'S HOTLINE .	STRUCTURAL	5
S BELIEVED	ELECTRICAL	Ε
THE	INSTRUMENTATION/CONTROLS	N
CURACY OR	PROCESS	D
VERIFY	PLUMBING	Р
THE CITY	HVAC /MECHANICAL	М
KCAVATION.		
	DISCIPLINE DESIGNATO	RS

TYPE

PLANS

DIAGRAMS

NOTES & SCHEDULES

ELEVATIONS & DETAILS

CROSS-SECTIONS

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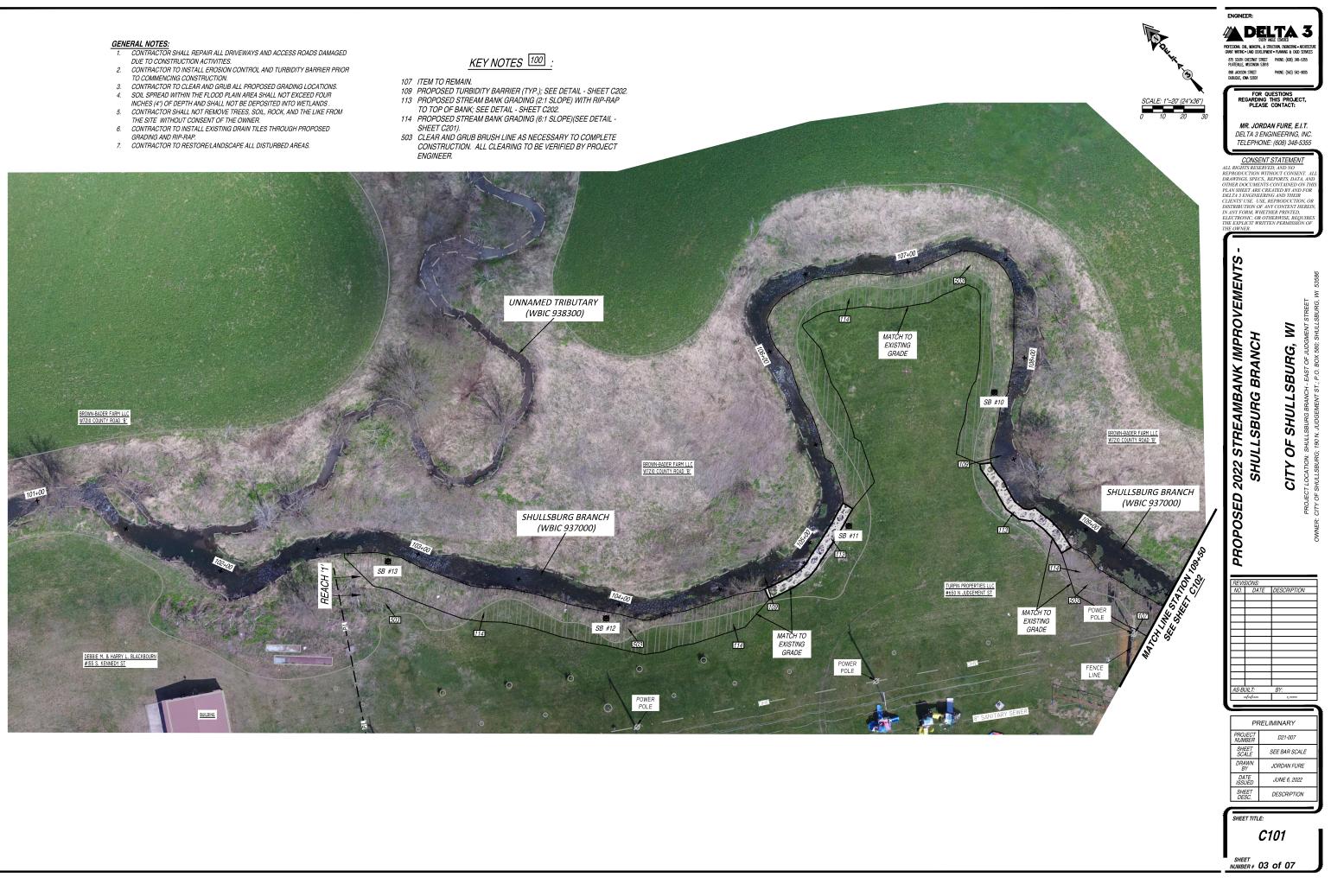
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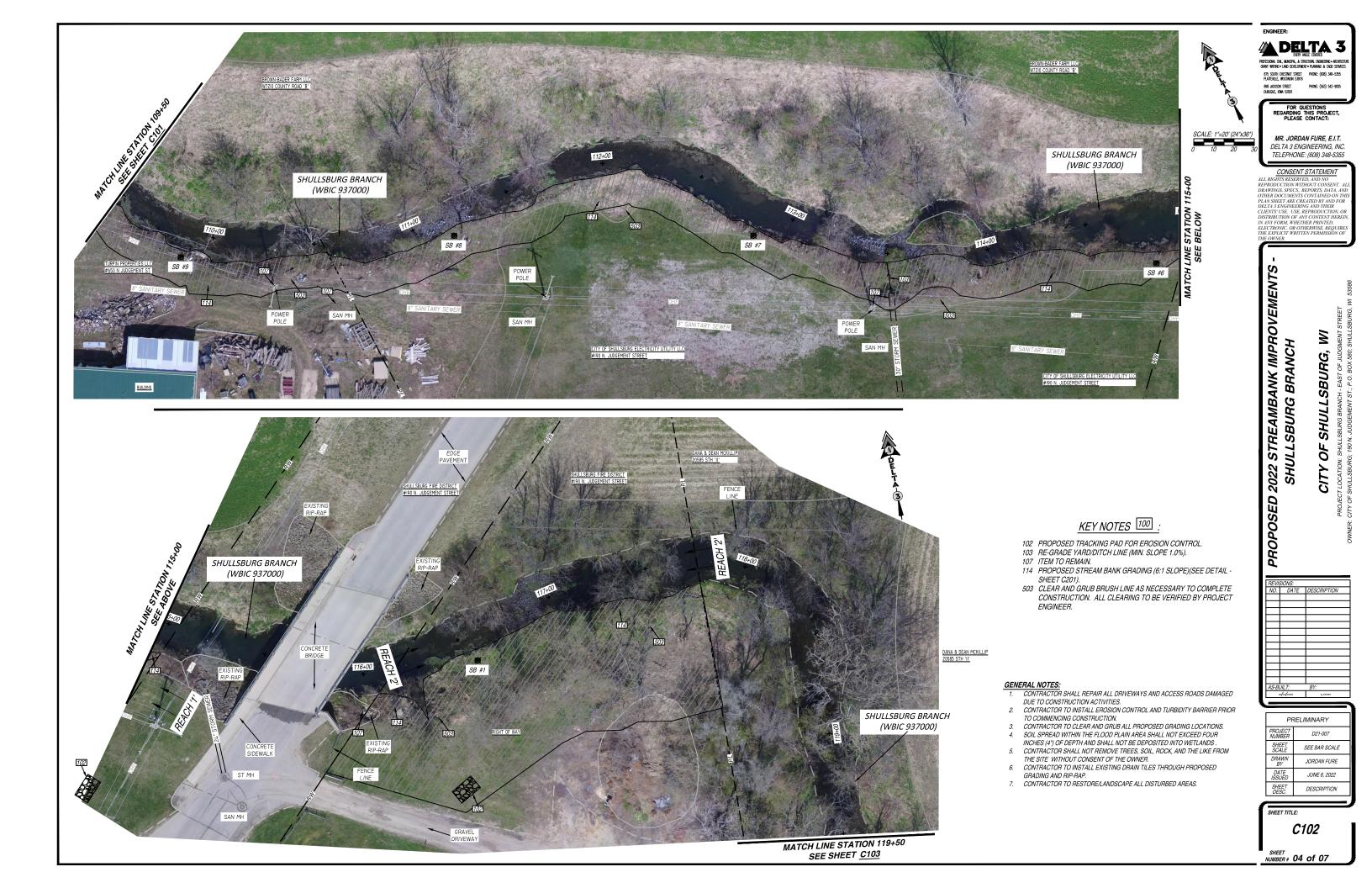


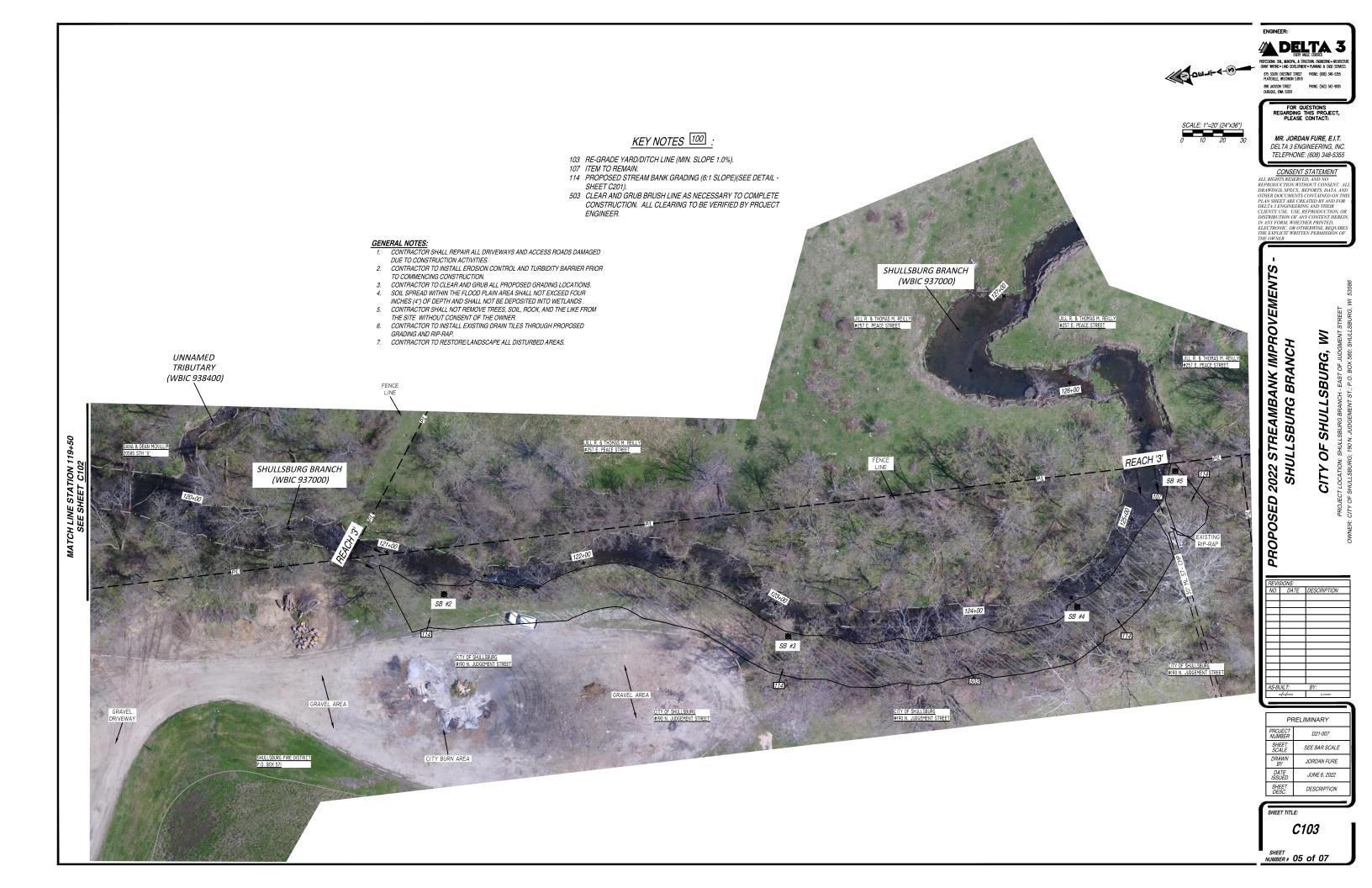
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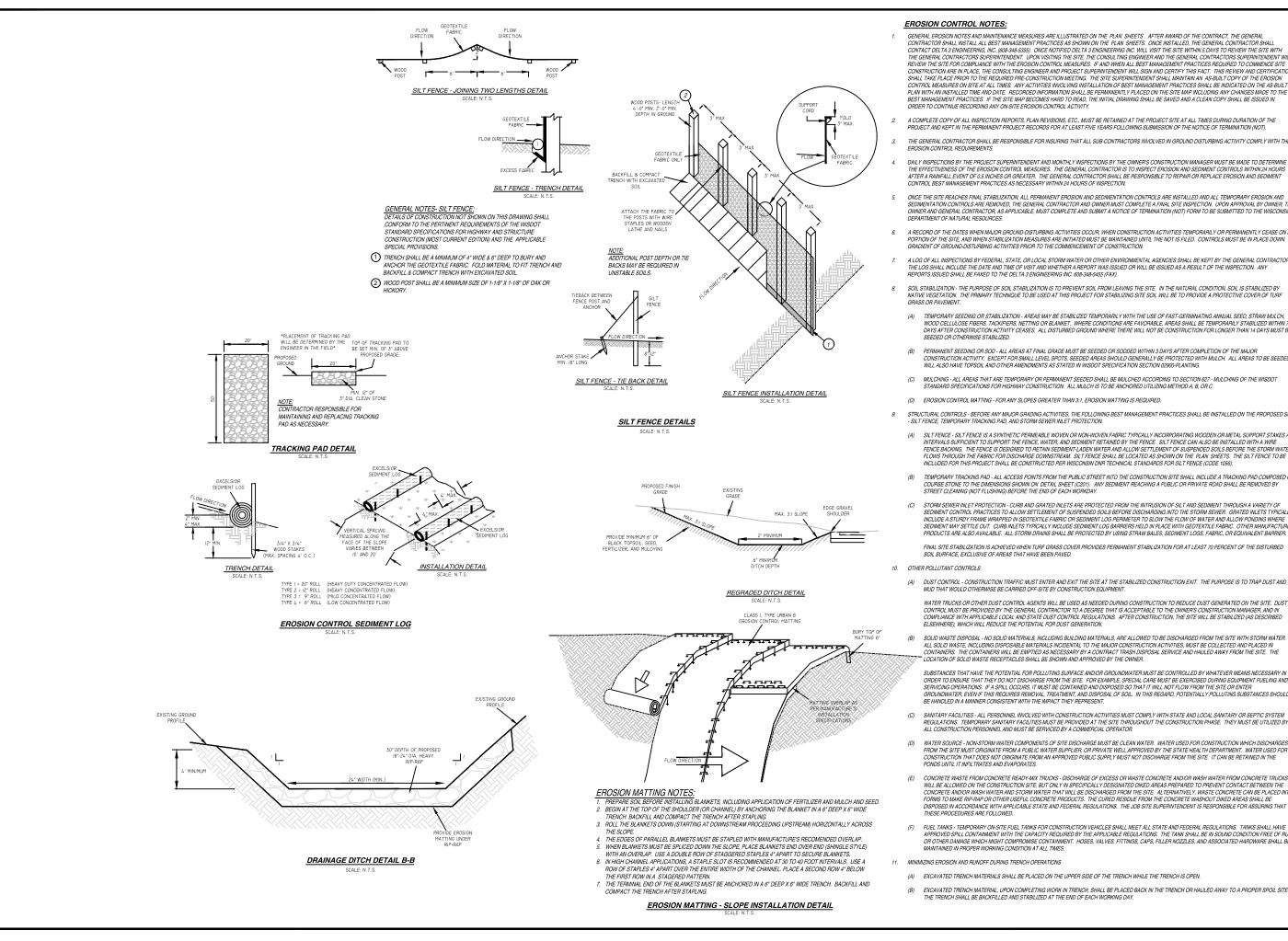
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ENGINEER:









GENERAL EROSION NOTES AND MAINTENANCE MEASURES ARE ILLUSTRATED ON THE PLAN SHEETS. AFTER AWARD OF THE CONTRACT, THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL ALL BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AS SHOWN ON THE PLAN SHEETS. ONCE INSTALLED, THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT DELTA 3 ENGINEERING. INC. (608-348-5355). ONCE NOTIFIED DELTA 3 ENGINEERING INC. WILL VISIT THE SITE WITHIN 5 DAYS TO REVIEW THE SITE WITH CONTACT DELTA 3 ENGINEERING, INC. (803-345-355). ONCE NOTIFIED DELTA 3 ENGINEERING INC. WILL VIST THE SITE WITHIN 5 DAYS TO REVIEW THE SITE WITH THE GENERAL CONTRACTORS SUPERINTENDENT. UPON VISITION THE SITE, THE CONSULTING ENGINEER AND THE GENERAL CONTRACTORS SUPERINTENDENT WITH REVIEW THE SITE FOR COMPLIANCE WITH THE EROSION CONTROL MEASURES. IF AND WHEN ALL BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES REQUIRED TO COMMENCE SITE CONSTRUCTION ARE IN PLACE, THE CONSULTING ENGINEER AND PROJECT SUPERINTENDENT WILL SIGN AND CENTIFY THIS FACT. THIS REVIEW AND CERTIFICATION STALL TAKE PLACE PRIOR TO THE REQUIRED PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING. THE SITE SUPERINTENDENT SHALL MANTAIN AN ASBUILT COPY OF THE EROSION CONTROL MEASURES ON SITE AT ALL TIMES. ANY ACTIVITIES INVOLVING INSTALLATION OF BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES SHALL BE INDICATED ON THE AS-BUILT PLAN WITH AN INSTALLED TIME AND DATE. RECORDED INFORMATION SHALL BE PERMANENTLY PLACED ON THE SITE MAP INCLUDING ANY CHANGES MADE TO THE BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES. IF THE SITE MAP BECOMES HARD TO READ, THE INITIAL DRAWING SHALL BE SAVED AND A CLEAN COPY SHALL BE ISSUED IN

A COMPLETE COPY OF ALL INSPECTION REPORTS, PLAN REVISIONS, ETC., MUST BE RETAINED AT THE PROJECT SITE AT ALL TIMES DURING DURATION OF THE PROJECT AND KEPT IN THE PERMANENT PROJECT RECORDS FOR AT LEAST FIVE YEARS FOLLOWING SUBMISSION OF THE NOTICE OF TERMINATION (NOT

THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR INSURING THAT ALL SUB-CONTRACTORS INVOLVED IN GROUND DISTURBING ACTIVITY COMPLY WITH THE

DAILY INSPECTIONS BY THE PROJECT SUPERINTENDENT AND MONTHLY INSPECTIONS BY THE OWNER'S CONSTRUCTION MANAGER MUST BE MADE TO DETERMINI THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE EROSION CONTROL MEASURES. THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR IS TO INSPECT EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS WITHIN 24 HOURS AFTER A RAINFALL EVENT OF 0.5 INCHES OR GREATER. THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO REPAIR OR REPLACE EROSION AND SEDIMENT

ONCE THE SITE REACHES FINAL STABILIZATION, ALL PERMANENT EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS ARE INSTALLED AND ALL TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS ARE REMOVED, THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR AND OWNER MUST COMPLETE A FINAL SITE INSPECTION. UPON APPROVAL BY OWNER, THE OWNER AND GENERAL CONTRACTOR, AS APPLICABLE, MUST COMPLETE AND SUBMIT A NOTICE OF TERMINATION (NOT) FORM TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE WISCONSIN

A RECORD OF THE DATES WHEN MAJOR GROUND-DISTURBING ACTIVITIES OCCUR, WHEN CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES TEMPORARILY OR PERMANENTLY CEASE ON A PORTION OF THE SITE, AND WHEN STABILIZATION MEASURES ARE INITIATED MUST BE MAINTAINED UNTIL THE NOT IS FILED. CONTROLS MUST BE IN PLACE DOWN GRADIENT OF GROUND-DISTURBING ACTIVITIES PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION.

A LOG OF ALL INSPECTIONS BY FEDERAL. STATE. OR LOCAL STORM WATER OR OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL AGENCIES SHALL BE KEPT BY THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR THE LOG SHALL NUCLUDE THE DATE AND TIME OF VISIT AND UNTETHER A REPORT WAS ISSUED OR WILL BE ISSUED AS A RESULT OF THE INSPECTION. ANY REPORTS ISSUED SHALL BE FAXED TO THE DELTA 3 ENGINEERING INC. 608-348-5455 (FAX).

SOIL STABILIZATION - THE PURPOSE OF SOIL STABILIZATION IS TO PREVENT SOIL FROM LEAVING THE SITE. IN THE NATURAL CONDITION, SOIL IS STABILIZED BY NATIVE VEGETATION. THE PRIMARY TECHNIQUE TO BE USED AT THIS PROJECT FOR STABILIZING SITE SOIL WILL BE TO PROVIDE A PROTECTIVE COVER OF TURK

(A) TEMPORARY SEEDING OR STABILIZATION - AREAS MAY BE STABILIZED TEMPORARILY WITH THE USE OF FAST-GERMINATING ANNUAL SEED, STRAW MULCH, WOOD CELLULOSE FIBERS, TACKIFIERS, NETTING OR BLANKET. WHERE CONDITIONS ARE FAVORABLE, AREAS SHALL BE TEMPORARILY STABILIZED WITHIN 7 DAYS AFTER CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY CEASES. ALL DISTURBED GROUND WHERE THERE WILL NOT BE CONSTRUCTION FOR LONGER THAN 14 DAYS MUST BE

(B) PERMANENT SEEDING OR SOD - ALL AREAS AT FINAL GRADE MUST BE SEEDED OR SODDED WITHIN 3 DAYS AFTER COMPLETION OF THE MAJOR CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY. EXCEPT FOR SMALL LEVEL SPOTS, SEEDED AREAS SHOULD GENERALLY BE PROTECTED WITH MULCH. ALL AREAS TO BE SEEDED WILL ALSO HAVE TOPSOIL AND OTHER AMENDMENTS AS STATED IN WISDOT SPECIFICATION SECTION 02900-PLANTING.

(C) MULCHING - ALL AREAS THAT ARE TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT SEEDED SHALL BE MULCHED ACCORDING TO SECTION 627 - MULCHING OF THE WISDOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION. ALL MULCH IS TO BE ANCHORED UTILIZING METHOD A, B, OR C.

STRUCTURAL CONTROLS - BEFORE ANY MAJOR GRADING ACTIVITIES, THE FOLLOWING BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES SHALL BE INSTALLED ON THE PROPOSED SITE - SILT FENCE, TEMPORARY TRACKING PAD, AND STORM SEWER INLET PROTECTION.

(A) SILT FENCE - SILT FENCE IS A SYNTHETIC PERMEABLE WOVEN OR NON-WOVEN FABRIC TYPICALLY INCORPORATING WOODEN OR METAL SUPPORT STAKES AT SILTERULE SILTERULE IN A SITTIE TO FEMILIARE WORK ON WORK OF NOVEM FAILURE TO FUNCTION TO ALL OF AN INFORMATION ALL OF AN INFORM

(B) TEMPORARY TRACKING PAD - ALL ACCESS POINTS FROM THE PUBLIC STREET INTO THE CONSTRUCTION SITE SHALL INCLUDE A TRACKING PAD COMPOSED OF COURSE STONE TO THE DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON DETAIL SHEET (201). ANY SEDIMENT REACHING A PUBLIC OR PRIVATE ROAD SHALL BE REMOVED BY STREET CLEANING (NOT FLUSHING) BEFORE THE END OF EACH WORKDAY.

(C) STORM SEWER INLET PROTECTION - CURB AND GRATED INLETS ARE PROTECTED FROM THE INTRUSION OF SILT AND SEDIMENT THROUGH A VARIETY OF SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES TO ALLOW SETTLEMENT OF SUSPENDED SOILS BEFORE DISCHARGING INTO THE STORM SEWER. GRATED INLETS TYPICALLY INCLUDE A STURDY FRAME WRAPPED IN GEOTEXTILE FABRIC OR SEDIMENT LOG PERIMETER TO SLOW THE FLOW OF WATER AND ALLOW PONDING WHERE SEDIMENT MAY SETTLE OUT. CURB INLETS TYPICALLY INCLUDE SEDIMENT LOG BARBIERS HELD IN PLACE WITH GEOTEXTILE FABBIC. OTHER MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS ARE ALSO AVAILABLE. ALL STORM DRAINS SHALL BE PROTECTED BY USING STRAW BALES, SEDIMENT LOGS, FABRIC, OR EQUIVALENT BARRIER.

FINAL SITE STABILIZATION IS ACHIEVED WHEN TURF GRASS COVER PROVIDES PERMANENT STABILIZATION FOR AT LEAST 70 PERCENT OF THE DISTURBED

(A) DUST CONTROL - CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC MUST ENTER AND EXIT THE SITE AT THE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION EXIT. THE PURPOSE IS TO TRAP DUST AND MUD THAT WOULD OTHERWISE BE CARRIED OFF-SITE BY CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT.

WATER TRUCKS OR OTHER DUST CONTROL AGENTS WILL BE USED AS NEEDED DURING CONSTRUCTION TO REDUCE DUST GENERATED ON THE SITE. DUST CONTROL MUST BE PROVIDED BY THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR TO A DEGREE THAT IS ACCEPTABLE TO THE OWNER'S CONSTRUCTION MANAGER, AND IN COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE LOCAL AND STATE DUST CONTROL REGULATIONS. AFTER CONSTRUCTION, THE SITE WILL BE STABILIZED (AS DESCRIBED

SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL - NO SOLID MATERIALS, INCLUDING BUILDING MATERIALS, ARE ALLOWED TO BE DISCHARGED FROM THE SITE WITH STORM WATER. ALL SOLID WASTE, INCLUDING DISPOSABLE MATERIALS INCIDENTAL TO THE MAJOR CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES, MUST BE COLLECTED AND PLACED IN CONTAINERS. THE CONTAINERS WILL BE EMPTIED AS NECESSARY BY A CONTRACT TRASH DISPOSAL SERVICE AND HAULED AWAY FROM THE SITE. THE

SUBSTANCES THAT HAVE THE POTENTIAL FOR POLLUTING SURFACE AND/OR GROUNDWATER MUST BE CONTROLLED BY WHATEVER MEANS NECESSARY IN ORDER TO ENSURE THAT THEY DO NOT DISCHARGE FROM THE SITE. FOR EXAMPLE, SPECIAL CARE MUST BE EXERCISED DURING EQUIPMENT FUELING AND SERVICING OPERATIONS. IF A SPILL OCCURS, IT MUST BE CONTAINED AND DISPOSED SO THAT IT WILL NOT FLOW FROM THE SITE OR ENTER GROUNDWATER, EVEN IF THIS REQUIRES REMOVAL, TREATMENT, AND DISPOSAL OF SOIL. IN THIS REGARD, POTENTIALLY POLLUTING SUBSTANCES SHOULD

SANITARY FACILITIES - ALL PERSONNEL INVOLVED WITH CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES MUST COMPLY WITH STATE AND LOCAL SANITARY OR SEPTIC SYSTEM REGULATIONS. TEMPORARY SANITARY FACILITIES MUST BE PROVIDED AT THE SITE THROUGHOUT THE CONSTRUCTION PHASE. THEY MUST BE UTILIZED BY ALL CONSTRUCTION PERSONNEL AND MUST BE SERVICED BY A COMMERCIAL OPERATOR.

(D) WATER SOURCE · NON-STORM WATER COMPONENTS OF SITE DISCHARGE MUST BE CLEAN WATER. WATER USED FOR CONSTRUCTION WHICH DISCHARGES MALE DOUDLE - MOSTORIA MENEROLOMI VALUE SOMO VALUE SOLD BUD DE DELLA MARIEN MALEN VALUE. VALUE DE DOUT NOT UNITATION MINUTADO MARES FROM THE SITE MUST ORIGINATE FROM A PUBLIC MALER SUPPLIER. OR PRIMER MELL APPROVED Y HE STATE HEALTH DEPARTMENT CONSTRUCTION THAT DOES NOT ORIGINATE FROM AN APPROVED PUBLIC SUPPLY MUST NOT DISCHARGE FROM THE SITE. IT CAN BE RETAINED IN THE PONSO UNIT. IN INFLITATES AND EVAPORATES.

CONDETE E PROFETENDI CONTRETENDUMINATIONS "DISCIMPTO PERSONATED DIRECTORY AND E CONTRETE AND/ON WASH MATER INFORMATION THE PERSONATED DIRECTORY AND A CONSTRUCTION STEE, BUT ONLY IN SPECIFICALLY DESIGNATED DIRECTORY AND A PROFENE TO ON TOTACT BETWEEN THE CONCRETE AND/OR WASH WATER AND STORM WATER THAT WILL BE DISCHARGED FROM THE STE. ALTERNATIVELY, WASTE CONCRETE CAN BE PLACED INTO FORMS TO MARKE INFORM ON THEN USE CONCRETE CONCRETE AND/OR WASH WATER THAT WILL BE DISCHARGED FROM THE STE. ALTERNATIVELY, WASTE CONCRETE CAN BE PLACED INTO FORMS TO MARKE INFORMATION THEN USE CONCRETE CAN BE PLACED INTO FORMS TO MARKE INFORMATION THEN USE CONCRETE CAN BE PLACED INTO FORMS TO MARKE INFORMATION THE STERE ALTERNATIVELY, WASTE CONCRETE CAN BE PLACED INTO FORMS TO MARKE INFORMATION THE STERE AND FEDERAL BE DISPOSED IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS. THE JOB SITE SUPERINTENDENT IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ASSURING THAT

(F) FUEL TANKS - TEMPORARY ON-SITE FUEL TANKS FOR CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES SHALL MEET ALL STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS. TANKS SHALL HAVE PUEL INVIS - TEMPORATI ON-STEP DELTAINS OF OUTSTICTO TO PENLESS STATE MEET ALL OTTAL AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TAILE AND STALL TANG APPROVED SPILL CONTAINMENT WITH THE CAPACITY REQUIRED BY THE APPLICABLE REGULATIONS. THE TAIK SHALL BE IN SOUND CONDITION FREE OF PUST. OR OTHER DAMAGE WHICH MIGHT COMPROMISE CONTAINMENT. HOSES, VALVES, FITTINGS, CAPS, FILLER NOZZLES, AND ASSOCIATED HARDWARE SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN PROPER WORKING CONDITION AT ALL TIMES.

(A) EXCAVATED TRENCH MATERIALS SHALL BE PLACED ON THE UPPER SIDE OF THE TRENCH WHILE THE TRENCH IS OPEN.

EXCAVATED TRENCH MATERIAL, UPON COMPLETING WORK IN TRENCH, SHALL BE PLACED BACK IN THE TRENCH OR HAULED AWAY TO A PROPER SPOIL SITE. THE TRENCH SHALL BE BACKFILLED AND STABILIZED AT THE END OF EACH WORKING DAY.

ENGINEER: DELTA 3 PROFESSIONAL CML, MUNICIPAL, & STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING & ARCHITE GRANT WRITING & LAND DEVELOPMENT + PLANNING & CADD SERVIC 875 SOUTH CHESTNUT STREET PHONE: (608) 348-5355 PLATEMILE, WISCONSIN 53818 PHONE: (563) 542-9005 898 Jackson Street Dubuque, Iowa 52001 FOR QUESTIONS REGARDING THIS PROJECT, PLEASE CONTACT: MR. JORDAN FURE, E.I.T. DELTA 3 ENGINEERING INC TELEPHONE: (608) 348-5355

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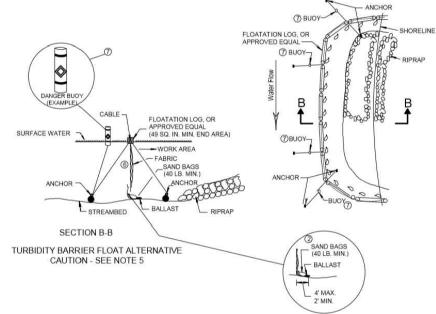
PRELIMINARY		
PROJECT NUMBER	D21-007	
SHEET SCALE	NOT TO SCALE	
DRAWN BY	C.COYIER	
DATE ISSUED	JUNE 6, 2022	
SHEET DESC.	DETAILS - EROSION CONTROL & NOTES	
	PROJECT NUMBER SHEET SCALE DRAWN BY DATE ISSUED SHEET	

C201

SHEET TITLE:

SHEET WUMBER # 06 of 07

Figure 1. Turbidity Barrier Placement Details

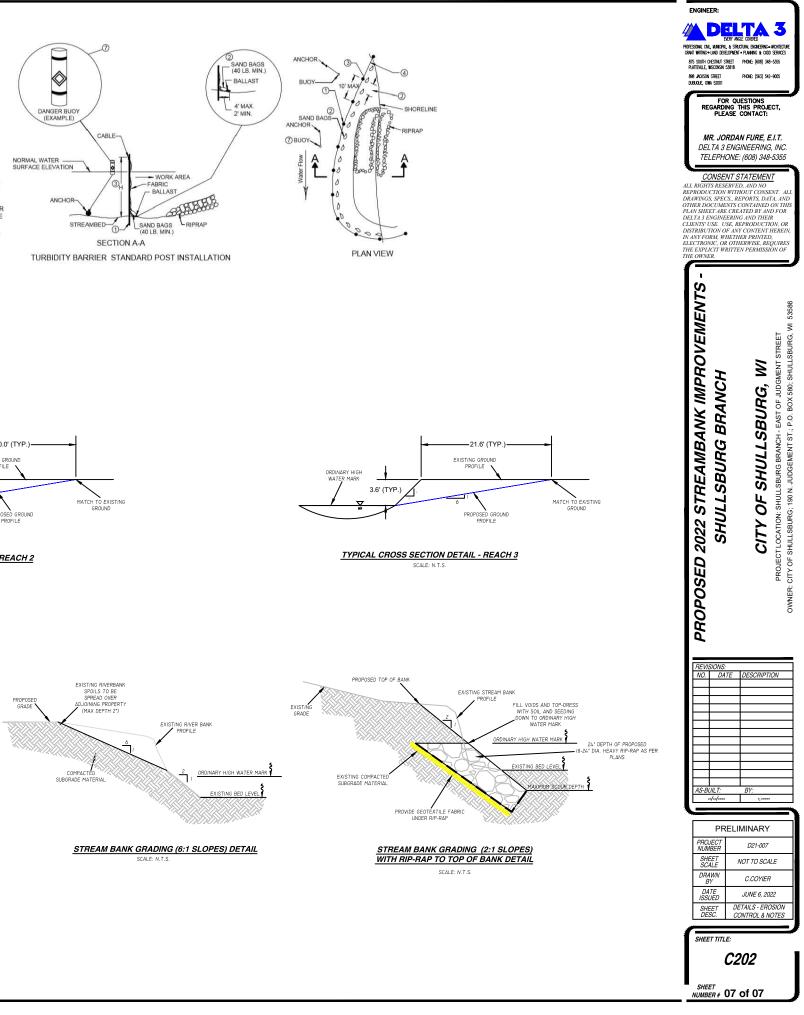


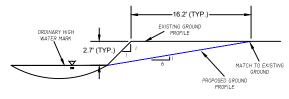
GENERAL NOTES

DETAILS OF CONSTRUCTION, MATERIALS AND WORKMANSHIP NOT SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING SHALL CONFORM TO THE PERTINENT REQUIREMENTS OF THE STANDARD AND THE APPLICABLE SPECIAL PROVISIONS

TURBIDITY BARRIER MAY BE REMOVED AT THE ENGINEERS OR PROJECT MANAGERS DISCRETION, WHEN PERMANENT EROSION CONTROL MEASURES HAVE BEEN ESTABLISHED.

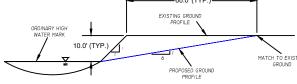
- ORIVEN STEEL POSTS, PIPES, OR CHANNELS. LENGTH SHALL BE SUFFICIENT TO SECURELY SUPPORT BARRIER AT HIGH WATER ELEVATIONS.
- SANDBAGS TO BE USED AS ADDITIONAL BALLAST WHEN ORDERED BY THE ENGINEER OR ② PROJECT MANAGER TO MEET ADVERSE FIELD CONDITIONS. SPACE AS APPROPRIATE FOR SITE CONDITIONS.
- (3) WHEN BARRIER HEIGHT, H, EXCEEDS 8 FT., POST SPACING MAY NEED TO BE DECREASED.
- IN WATERWAYS SUBJECT TO FLUCTUATING WATER ELEVATIONS, PROVISIONS SHOULD BE MADE TO ALLOW THE WATER TO EQUALIZE ON EACH SIDE OF THE BARRIER. THIS MAY BE ACCOMPLISHED BY LEAVING A PORTION OF THE BARRIER OPEN ON THE UPSTREAM END.
- FLOAT ALTERNATIVE WILL ONLY BE ALLOWED WITH WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER OR PROJECT MANAGER, AND IS MEANT FOR LOCATIONS WHERE BED ROCK PREVENTS THE INSTALLATION OF POSTS. 5
- 6 ALLOW SUFFICIENT SLACK VERTICALLY AND HORIZONTALLY SO THAT SEDIMENT BUILD UP WILL NOT SEPARATE OR LOWER THE TURBIDITY BARRIER.
- USE AS DIRECTED BY COAST GUARD OR DNR PERMIT WHEN WORKING IN NAVIGABLE WATERWAYS.

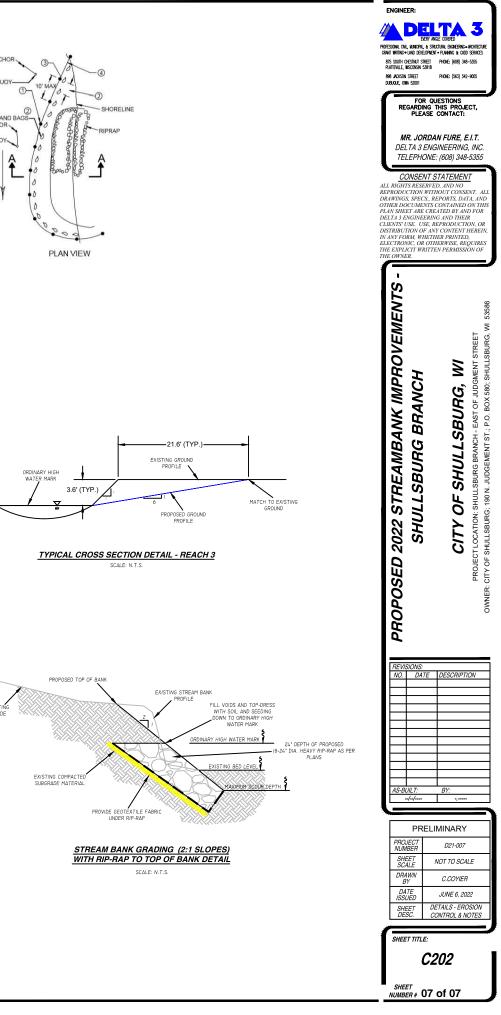




TYPICAL CROSS SECTION DETAIL - REACH 1

SCALE: N.T.S





TYPICAL CROSS SECTION DETAIL - REACH 2 SCALE: N.T.S

