Appendix B Correspondence

State of Wisconsin
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
3911 Fish Hatchery Road
Fitchburg WI 53711-5397

Tony Evers, Governor Preston D. Cole, Secretary

Telephone 608-266-2621 Toll Free 1-888-936-7463 TTY Access via relay - 711



February 15, 2021

Mr. John Welch Dane County Solid Waste Manager 1919 Alliant Energy Center Way Madison, WI 53713 File Ref: FID 113127300

Dane County SW/CORR

Subject: Acceptance of Proposed Alternative Geotechnical Investigation Program for Feasibility Study, Dane County Landfill Site No. 2 (Rodefeld), License #3018

Dear Mr. Welch:

The Department of Natural Resources (department) has reviewed the proposed alternative geotechnical investigation program (AGIP) for the proposed vertical expansion of the Dane County Landfill. The program was detailed in a SCS Engineers (SCS) document titled *Alternative Geotechnical Investigation Program, Eastern Vertical Expansion, Dane County Landfill Site No. 2 (Rodefeld), Madison, Wisconsin (License No. 3018)*, dated January 8, 2021. The proposed expansion would be in the N ½ of Section 25 and NE ¼ of SE ¼ of Section 25, Township 7 North, Range 10 East, City of Madison, Dane County, Wisconsin. The proposed approximate 21-acre Eastern Vertical Expansion would be located completely within the limits of the Eastern Expansion area approved in 2014.

The department has reviewed the document and accepts the proposed program. Because no new borings or monitoring wells are to be installed for the proposed AGIP, and the department's review time of this proposal was reduced as a result, the department is waiving the review fee for this proposal. Please include a copy of the request and this letter in the feasibility report. Additionally, please include in the feasibility report any new and pertinent geotechnical or hydrogeologic information pertaining to the study area that has been collected since the Eastern Expansion area was approved in 2014, such as new soil borings or groundwater quality exceedances and elevations. Formal approval of the AGIP would be included in the department's feasibility determination for this project. The department's comments on the proposed program and rationale for this acceptance are provided below.

The footprint of the proposed Eastern Vertical Expansion comprises an approximate area of 21 acres, which would be located entirely within the currently permitted footprint of the Eastern Expansion. Installing additional borings or wells within 300 feet of the proposed limits of the Eastern Vertical Expansion would not be feasible, as this would involve drilling into areas of the landfill that have been constructed and contain waste. Because of this, the proposed program would rely on regional and site-specific geotechnical and hydrogeologic information that has been collected over the course of previous investigations. The Eastern Expansion Feasibility Report, submitted in May 2013, documented information obtained from 10 new soil borings, five new water table wells, and three new piezometers installed during the feasibility study, in addition to 11 soil borings, five water table wells, and three piezometers that existed prior to the feasibility study.

The department reserves the right to require additional geotechnical information if necessary to fully evaluate subsurface conditions at the site and to complete review of the feasibility study. If major changes are made to the proposed footprint during design development, Dane County should work with the department to determine if additional geotechnical investigation will be needed. The department may also require the installation of additional monitoring wells and piezometers as part of the feasibility determination or plan of operation approval



if the department determines additional monitoring points are needed to adequately monitor groundwater quality around the landfill.

Please contact Tyler Sullivan at (608) 516-3962 or tyler.sullivan@wisconsin.gov if you have questions or comments regarding this letter.

Sincerely,

Cynthia Moore

Confia More

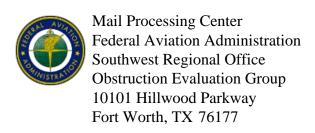
Waste and Materials Management Program Supervisor South Central Region

cc: Betsy Powers – Bpowers@scsengineers.com

 $Roxanne \ Wienkes-Wienkes. Roxanne @county of dane.com$

Carolyn Cooper – DNR - SCR Tyler Sullivan – DNR - SCR Ann Bekta – DNR - SCR

Joe Lourigan – DNR Valerie Joosten – DNR



John Welch John Welch 1919 Alliant Energy Center Way Madison, WI 53713

** DETERMINATION OF NO HAZARD TO AIR NAVIGATION **

The Federal Aviation Administration has conducted an aeronautical study under the provisions of 49 U.S.C., Section 44718 and if applicable Title 14 of the Code of Federal Regulations, part 77, concerning:

Structure: Landfill 1 Location: Madison, WI

Latitude: 43-02-41.46N NAD 83

Longitude: 89-15-00.18W

Heights: 995 feet site elevation (SE)

91 feet above ground level (AGL)

1086 feet above mean sea level (AMSL)

This aeronautical study revealed that the structure does not exceed obstruction standards and would not be a hazard to air navigation provided the following condition(s), if any, is(are) met:

Based on this evaluation, marking and lighting are not necessary for aviation safety. However, if marking/lighting are accomplished on a voluntary basis, we recommend it be installed in accordance with FAA Advisory circular 70/7460-1 M.

This determination expires on 08/12/2022 unless:

- (a) the construction is started (not necessarily completed) and FAA Form 7460-2, Notice of Actual Construction or Alteration, is received by this office.
- (b) extended, revised, or terminated by the issuing office.
- (c) the construction is subject to the licensing authority of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) and an application for a construction permit has been filed, as required by the FCC, within 6 months of the date of this determination. In such case, the determination expires on the date prescribed by the FCC for completion of construction, or the date the FCC denies the application.

If construction or alteration is dismantled or destroyed, you must submit notice to the FAA within 5 days after the construction or alteration is dismantled or destroyed.

This determination does include temporary construction equipment such as cranes, derricks, etc., which may be used during actual construction of the structure. However, this equipment shall not exceed the overall heights as indicated above. Equipment which has a height greater than the studied structure requires separate notice to the FAA.

This determination concerns the effect of this structure on the safe and efficient use of navigable airspace by aircraft and does not relieve the sponsor of compliance responsibilities relating to any law, ordinance, or regulation of any Federal, State, or local government body.

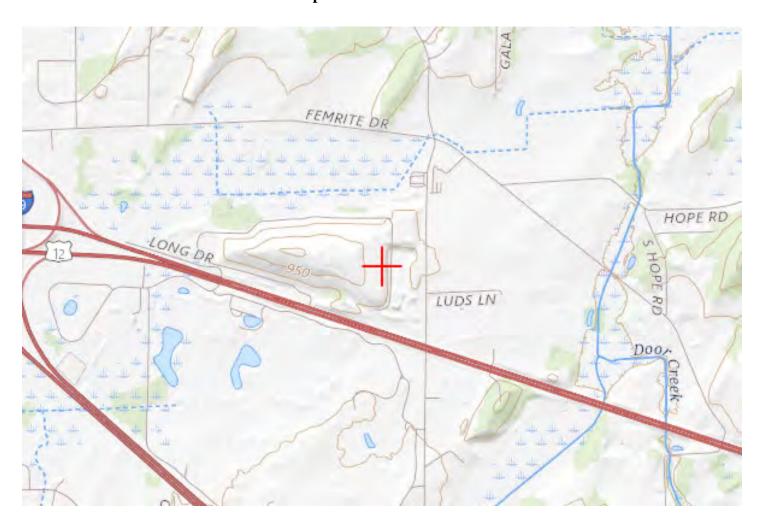
If we can be of further assistance, please contact our office at (816) 329-2508, or vee.stewart@faa.gov. On any future correspondence concerning this matter, please refer to Aeronautical Study Number 2021-AGL-2313-OE.

Signature Control No: 466232431-469233414

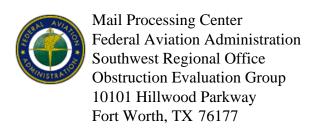
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Vee Stewart Specialist

TOPO Map for ASN 2021-AGL-2313-OE







John Welch John Welch 1919 Alliant Energy Center Way Madison, WI 53713

** DETERMINATION OF NO HAZARD TO AIR NAVIGATION **

The Federal Aviation Administration has conducted an aeronautical study under the provisions of 49 U.S.C., Section 44718 and if applicable Title 14 of the Code of Federal Regulations, part 77, concerning:

Structure: Landfill 2 Location: Madison, WI

Latitude: 43-02-43.80N NAD 83

Longitude: 89-15-08.19W

Heights: 980 feet site elevation (SE)

106 feet above ground level (AGL) 1086 feet above mean sea level (AMSL)

This aeronautical study revealed that the structure does not exceed obstruction standards and would not be a hazard to air navigation provided the following condition(s), if any, is(are) met:

Based on this evaluation, marking and lighting are not necessary for aviation safety. However, if marking/lighting are accomplished on a voluntary basis, we recommend it be installed in accordance with FAA Advisory circular 70/7460-1 M.

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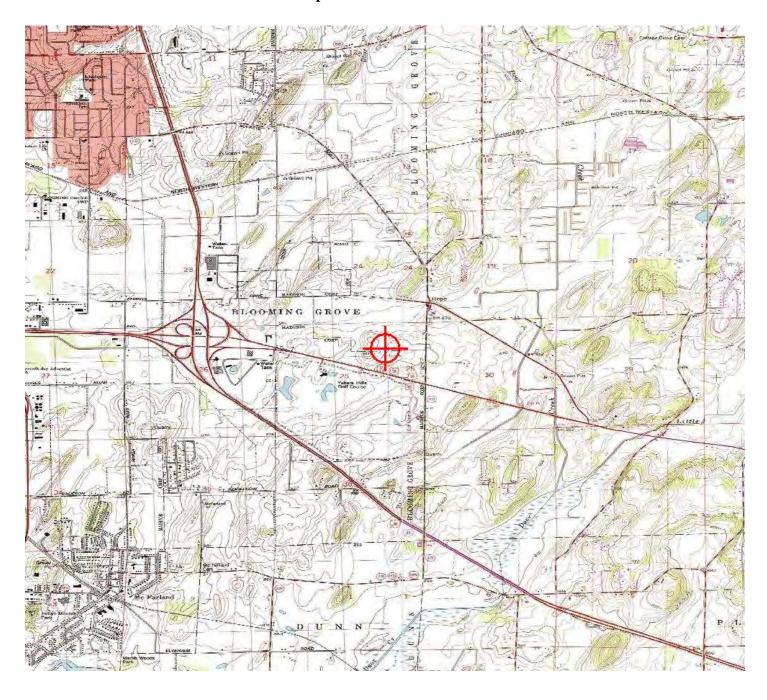
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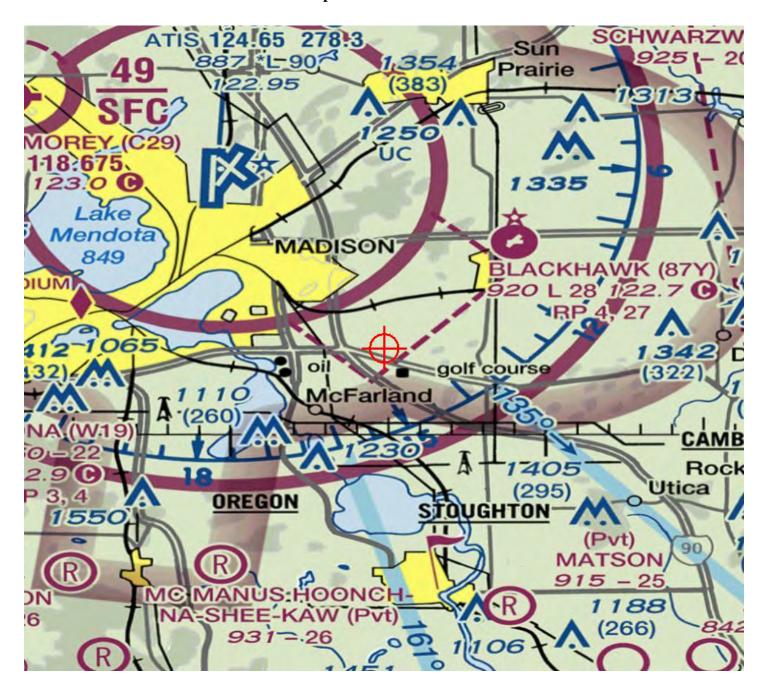
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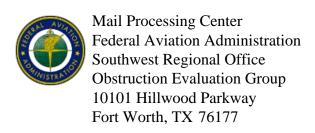
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Vee Stewart Specialist

TOPO Map for ASN 2021-AGL-2314-OE







John Welch John Welch 1919 Alliant Energy Center Way Madison, WI 53713

** DETERMINATION OF NO HAZARD TO AIR NAVIGATION **

The Federal Aviation Administration has conducted an aeronautical study under the provisions of 49 U.S.C., Section 44718 and if applicable Title 14 of the Code of Federal Regulations, part 77, concerning:

Structure: Landfill 3 Location: Madison, WI

Latitude: 43-02-43.75N NAD 83

Longitude: 89-15-06.86W

Heights: 990 feet site elevation (SE)

96 feet above ground level (AGL)

1086 feet above mean sea level (AMSL)

This aeronautical study revealed that the structure does not exceed obstruction standards and would not be a hazard to air navigation provided the following condition(s), if any, is(are) met:

Based on this evaluation, marking and lighting are not necessary for aviation safety. However, if marking/lighting are accomplished on a voluntary basis, we recommend it be installed in accordance with FAA Advisory circular 70/7460-1 M.

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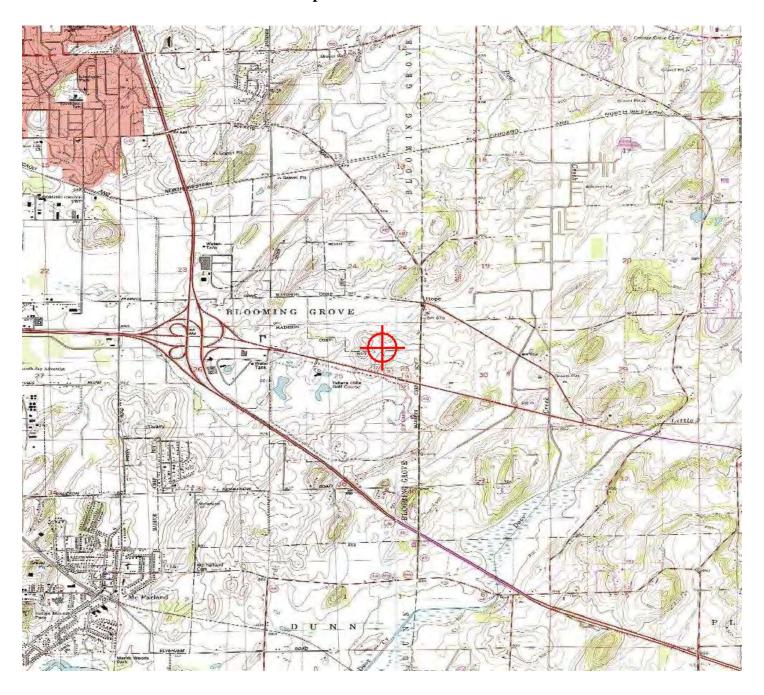
If we can be of further assistance, please contact our office at (816) 329-2508, or vee.stewart@faa.gov. On any future correspondence concerning this matter, please refer to Aeronautical Study Number 2021-AGL-2315-OE.

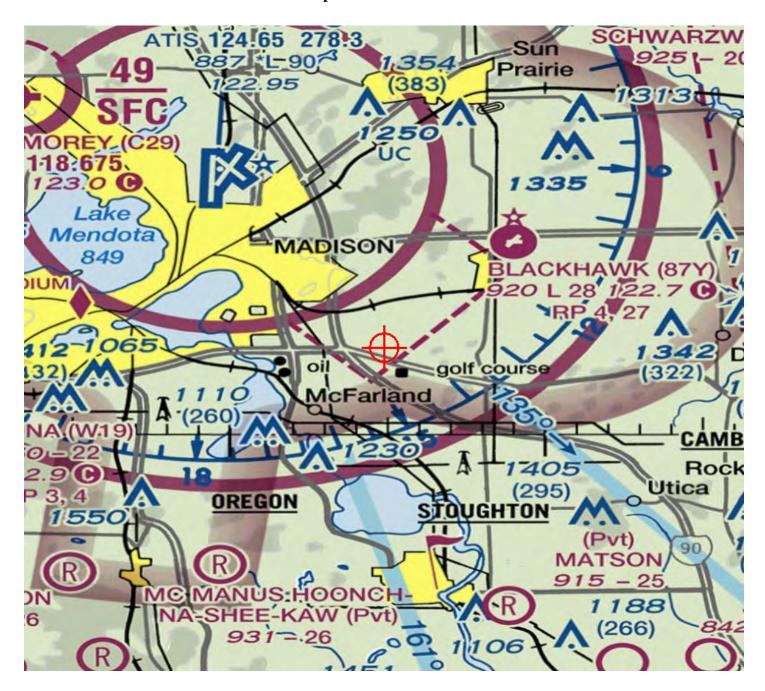
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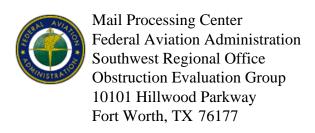
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Vee Stewart Specialist

TOPO Map for ASN 2021-AGL-2315-OE







John Welch John Welch 1919 Alliant Energy Center Way Madison, WI 53713

** DETERMINATION OF NO HAZARD TO AIR NAVIGATION **

The Federal Aviation Administration has conducted an aeronautical study under the provisions of 49 U.S.C., Section 44718 and if applicable Title 14 of the Code of Federal Regulations, part 77, concerning:

Structure: Landfill 4 Location: Madison, WI

Latitude: 43-02-47.42N NAD 83

Longitude: 89-14-56.85W

Heights: 971 feet site elevation (SE)

115 feet above ground level (AGL) 1086 feet above mean sea level (AMSL)

This aeronautical study revealed that the structure does not exceed obstruction standards and would not be a hazard to air navigation provided the following condition(s), if any, is(are) met:

Based on this evaluation, marking and lighting are not necessary for aviation safety. However, if marking/lighting are accomplished on a voluntary basis, we recommend it be installed in accordance with FAA Advisory circular 70/7460-1 M.

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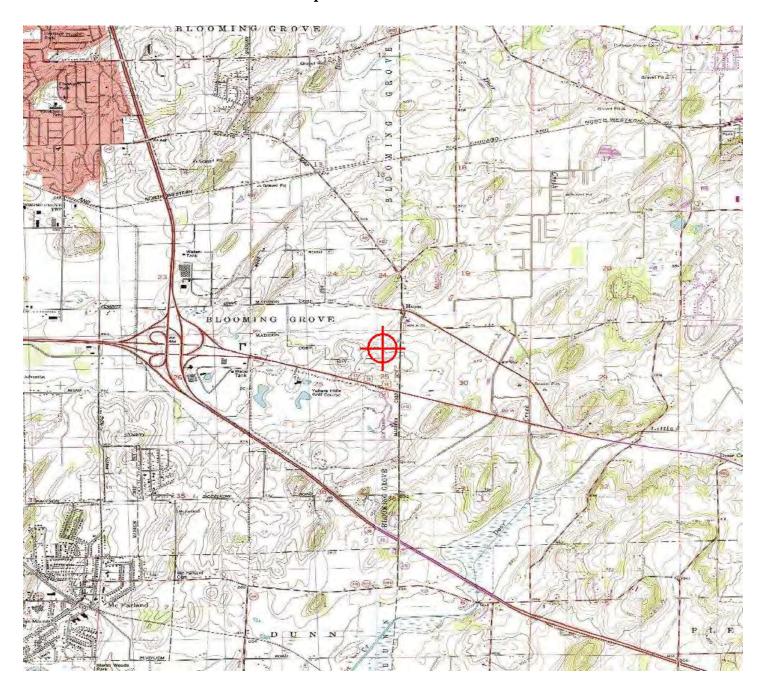
If we can be of further assistance, please contact our office at (816) 329-2508, or vee.stewart@faa.gov. On any future correspondence concerning this matter, please refer to Aeronautical Study Number 2021-AGL-2316-OE.

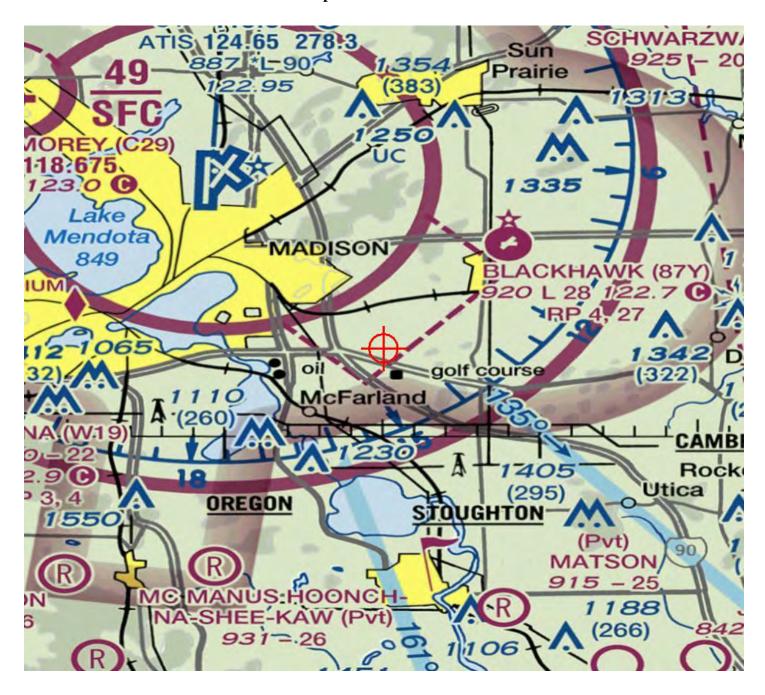
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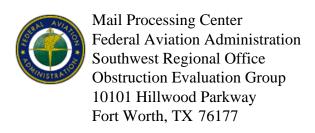
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Vee Stewart Specialist

TOPO Map for ASN 2021-AGL-2316-OE







John Welch John Welch 1919 Alliant Energy Center Way Madison, WI 53713

** DETERMINATION OF NO HAZARD TO AIR NAVIGATION **

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Structure: Landfill 5 Location: Madison, WI

Latitude: 43-02-49.81N NAD 83

Longitude: 89-14-56.15W

Heights: 959 feet site elevation (SE)

127 feet above ground level (AGL) 1086 feet above mean sea level (AMSL)

This aeronautical study revealed that the structure does not exceed obstruction standards and would not be a hazard to air navigation provided the following condition(s), if any, is(are) met:

Based on this evaluation, marking and lighting are not necessary for aviation safety. However, if marking/lighting are accomplished on a voluntary basis, we recommend it be installed in accordance with FAA Advisory circular 70/7460-1 M.

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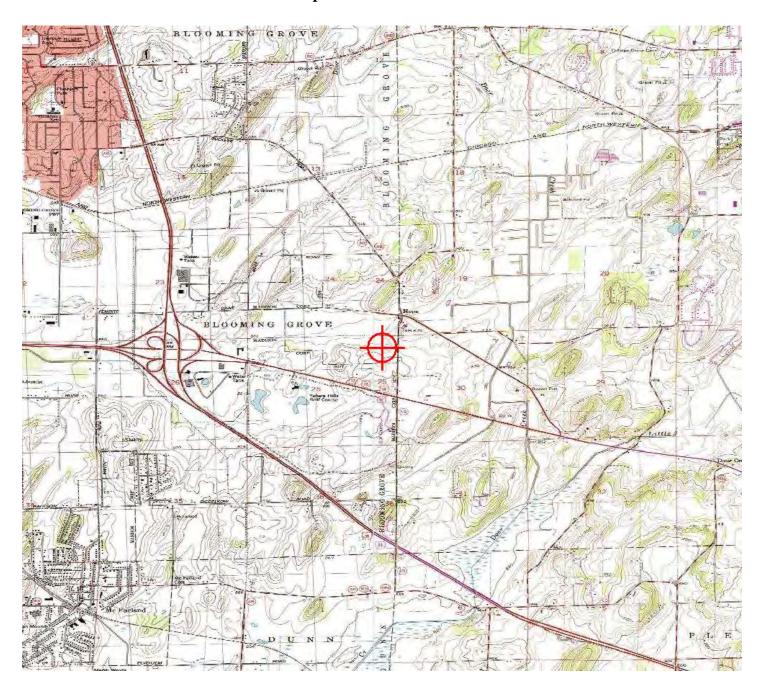
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Signature Control No: 466232435-469233416

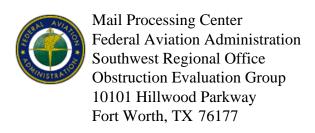
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Vee Stewart Specialist

TOPO Map for ASN 2021-AGL-2317-OE







John Welch John Welch 1919 Alliant Energy Center Way Madison, WI 53713

** DETERMINATION OF NO HAZARD TO AIR NAVIGATION **

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Structure: Landfill 6 Location: Madison, WI

Latitude: 43-02-49.86N NAD 83

Longitude: 89-14-53.97W

Heights: 959 feet site elevation (SE)

127 feet above ground level (AGL) 1086 feet above mean sea level (AMSL)

This aeronautical study revealed that the structure does not exceed obstruction standards and would not be a hazard to air navigation provided the following condition(s), if any, is(are) met:

Based on this evaluation, marking and lighting are not necessary for aviation safety. However, if marking/lighting are accomplished on a voluntary basis, we recommend it be installed in accordance with FAA Advisory circular 70/7460-1 M.

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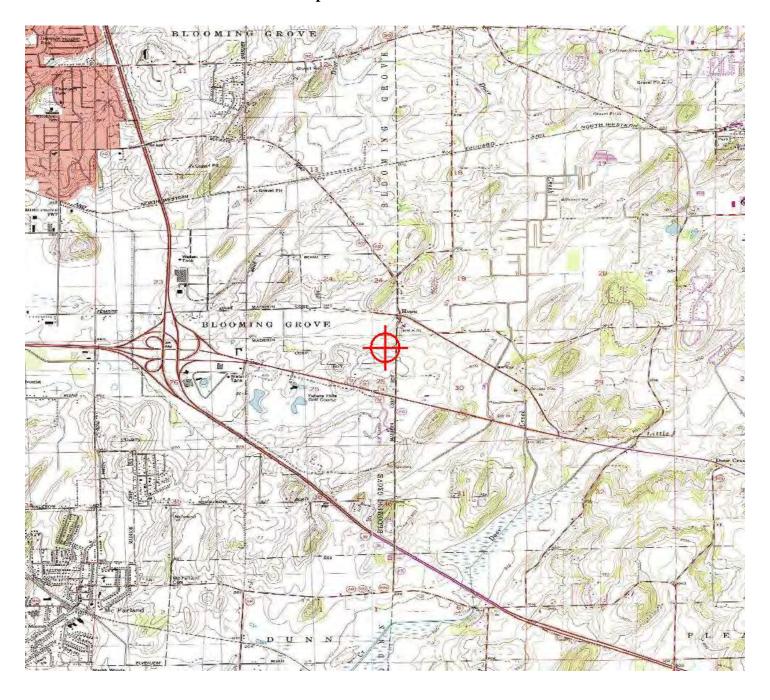
If we can be of further assistance, please contact our office at (816) 329-2508, or vee.stewart@faa.gov. On any future correspondence concerning this matter, please refer to Aeronautical Study Number 2021-AGL-2318-OE.

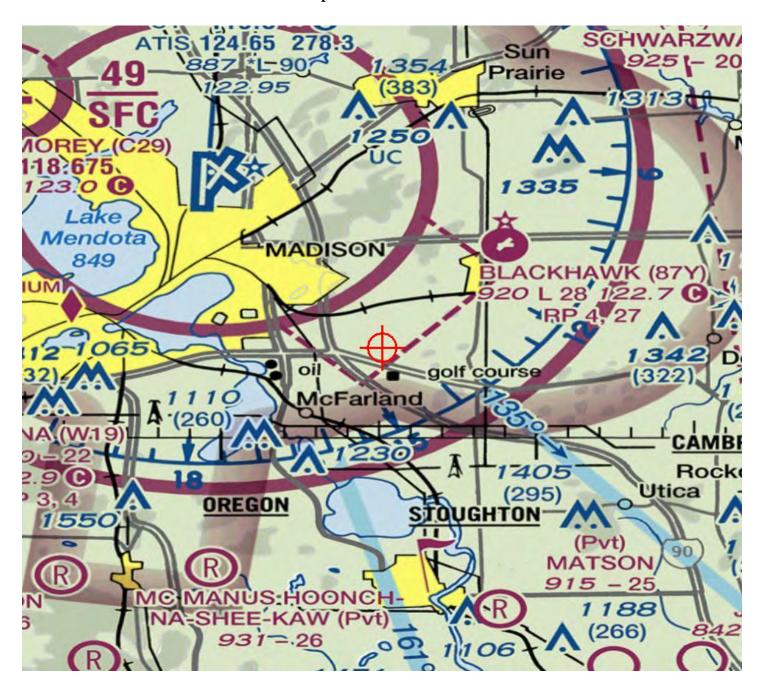
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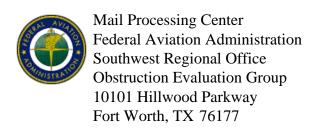
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Vee Stewart Specialist

TOPO Map for ASN 2021-AGL-2318-OE







John Welch John Welch 1919 Alliant Energy Center Way Madison, WI 53713

** DETERMINATION OF NO HAZARD TO AIR NAVIGATION **

The Federal Aviation Administration has conducted an aeronautical study under the provisions of 49 U.S.C., Section 44718 and if applicable Title 14 of the Code of Federal Regulations, part 77, concerning:

Structure: Landfill 7
Location: Madison, WI

Latitude: 43-02-42.04N NAD 83

Longitude: 89-14-55.42W

Heights: 998 feet site elevation (SE)

88 feet above ground level (AGL)

1086 feet above mean sea level (AMSL)

This aeronautical study revealed that the structure does not exceed obstruction standards and would not be a hazard to air navigation provided the following condition(s), if any, is(are) met:

Based on this evaluation, marking and lighting are not necessary for aviation safety. However, if marking/lighting are accomplished on a voluntary basis, we recommend it be installed in accordance with FAA Advisory circular 70/7460-1 M.

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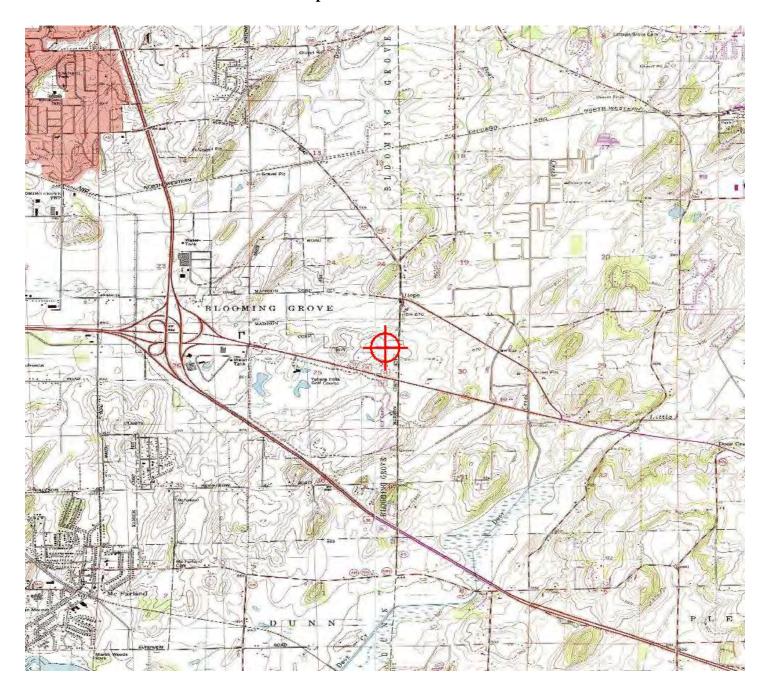
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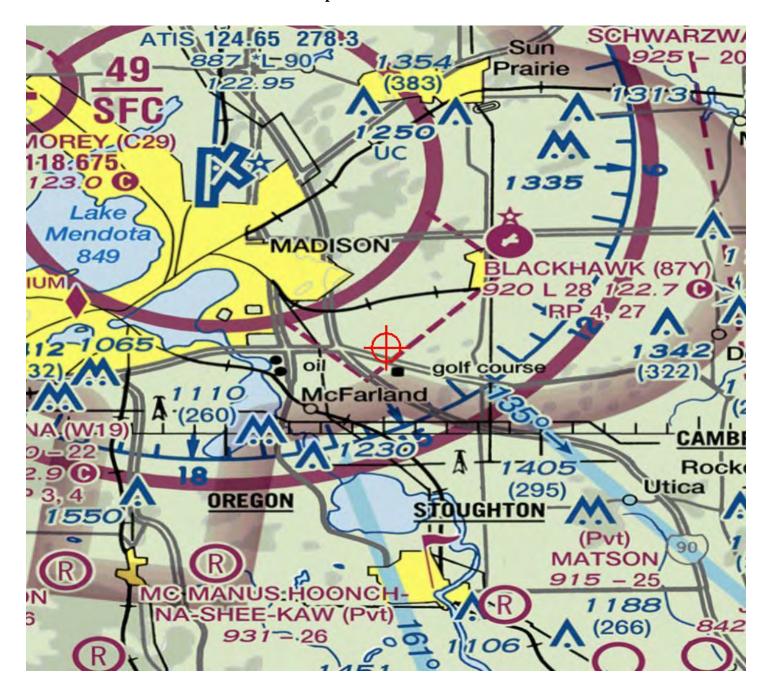
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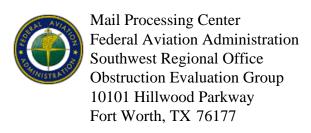
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Vee Stewart Specialist

TOPO Map for ASN 2021-AGL-2319-OE







John Welch John Welch 1919 Alliant Energy Center Way Madison, WI 53713

** DETERMINATION OF NO HAZARD TO AIR NAVIGATION **

The Federal Aviation Administration has conducted an aeronautical study under the provisions of 49 U.S.C., Section 44718 and if applicable Title 14 of the Code of Federal Regulations, part 77, concerning:

Structure: Landfill 8 Location: Madison, WI

Latitude: 43-02-34.21N NAD 83

Longitude: 89-14-53.79W

Heights: 959 feet site elevation (SE)

127 feet above ground level (AGL) 1086 feet above mean sea level (AMSL)

This aeronautical study revealed that the structure does not exceed obstruction standards and would not be a hazard to air navigation provided the following condition(s), if any, is(are) met:

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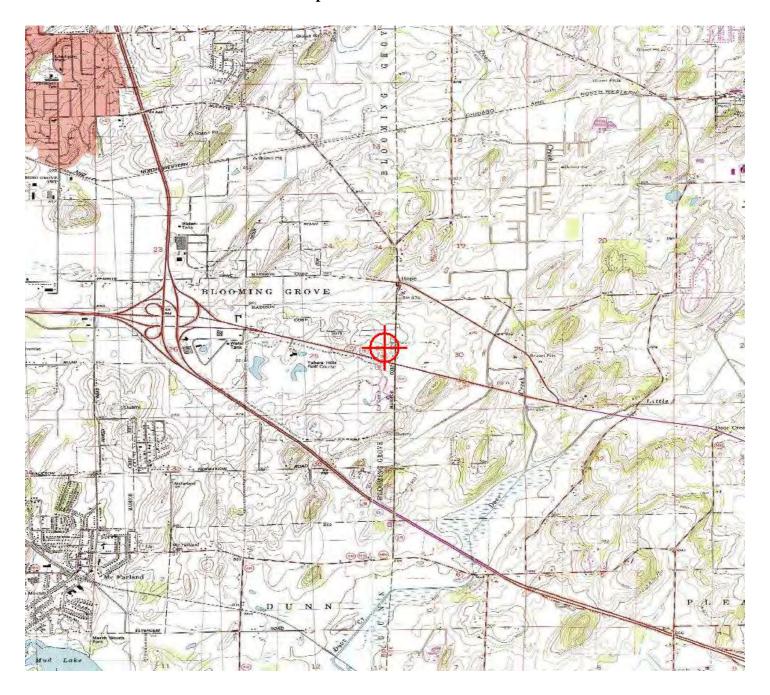
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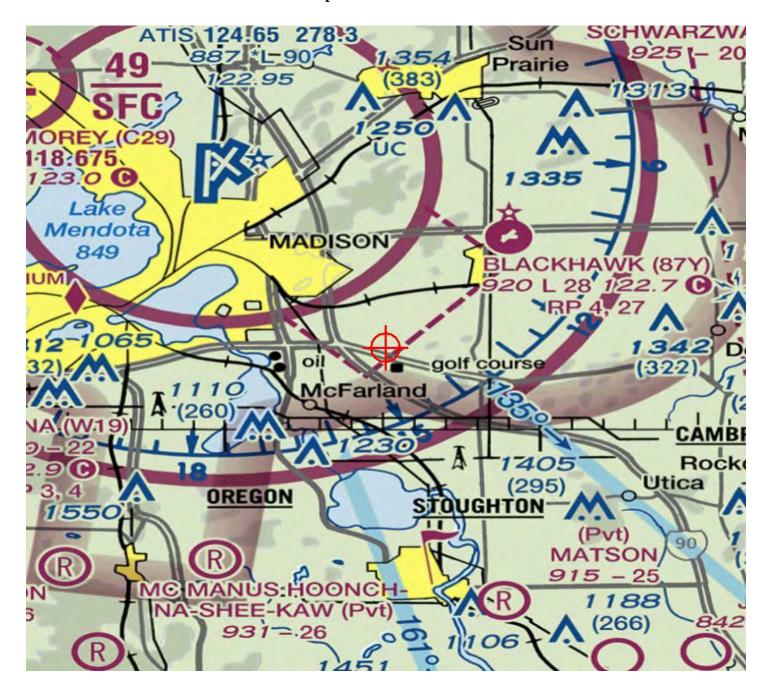
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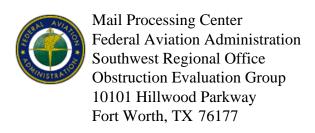
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Vee Stewart Specialist

TOPO Map for ASN 2021-AGL-2320-OE







John Welch John Welch 1919 Alliant Energy Center Way Madison, WI 53713

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Structure: Landfill 9
Location: Madison, WI

Latitude: 43-02-34.23N NAD 83

Longitude: 89-14-56.83W

Heights: 959 feet site elevation (SE)

127 feet above ground level (AGL) 1086 feet above mean sea level (AMSL)

This aeronautical study revealed that the structure does not exceed obstruction standards and would not be a hazard to air navigation provided the following condition(s), if any, is(are) met:

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- (a) the construction is started (not necessarily completed) and FAA Form 7460-2, Notice of Actual Construction or Alteration, is received by this office.
- (b) extended, revised, or terminated by the issuing office.
- (c) the construction is subject to the licensing authority of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) and an application for a construction permit has been filed, as required by the FCC, within 6 months of the date of this determination. In such case, the determination expires on the date prescribed by the FCC for completion of construction, or the date the FCC denies the application.

This determination is based, in part, on the foregoing description which includes specific coordinates, heights, frequency(ies) and power. Any changes in coordinates, heights, and frequencies or use of greater power, except those frequencies specified in the Colo Void Clause Coalition; Antenna System Co-Location; Voluntary Best Practices, effective 21 Nov 2007, will void this determination. Any future construction or alteration, including increase to heights, power, or the addition of other transmitters, requires separate notice to the FAA. This determination includes all previously filed frequencies and power for this structure.

If construction or alteration is dismantled or destroyed, you must submit notice to the FAA within 5 days after the construction or alteration is dismantled or destroyed.

This determination does include temporary construction equipment such as cranes, derricks, etc., which may be used during actual construction of the structure. However, this equipment shall not exceed the overall heights as indicated above. Equipment which has a height greater than the studied structure requires separate notice to the FAA.

This determination concerns the effect of this structure on the safe and efficient use of navigable airspace by aircraft and does not relieve the sponsor of compliance responsibilities relating to any law, ordinance, or regulation of any Federal, State, or local government body.

If we can be of further assistance, please contact our office at (816) 329-2508, or vee.stewart@faa.gov. On any future correspondence concerning this matter, please refer to Aeronautical Study Number 2021-AGL-2321-OE.

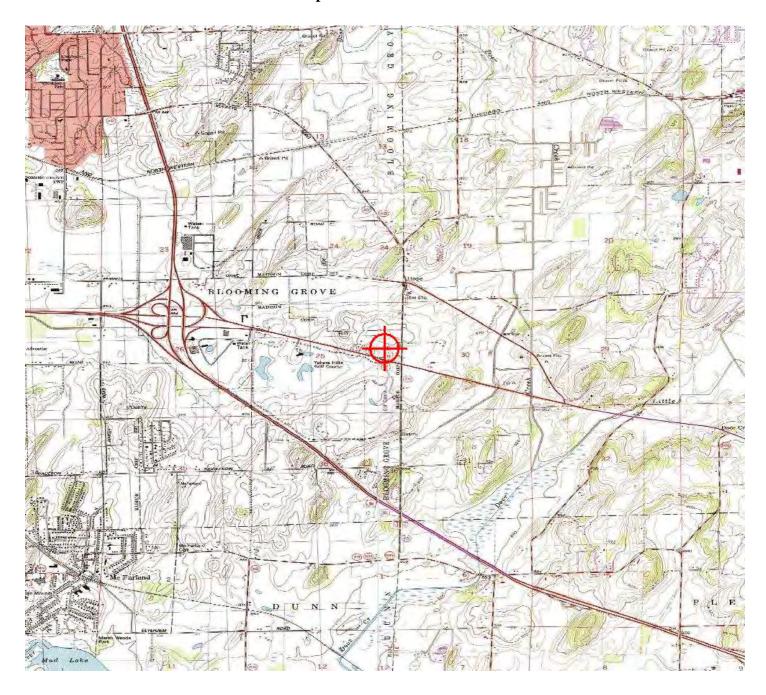
Signature Control No: 466232439-469233415

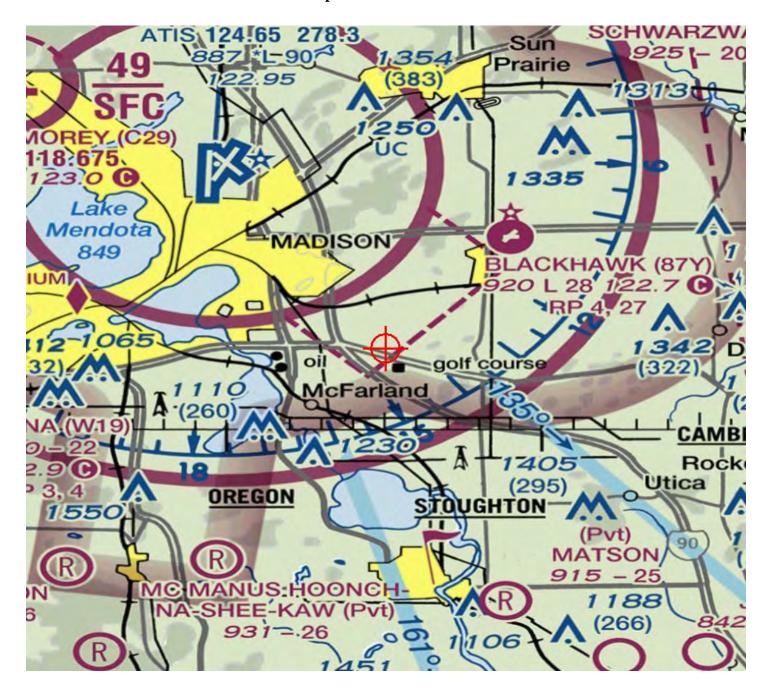
(DNE)

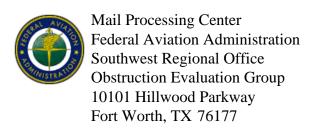
Vee Stewart Specialist

Attachment(s) Map(s)

TOPO Map for ASN 2021-AGL-2321-OE







Issued Date: 02/12/2021

John Welch John Welch 1919 Alliant Energy Center Way Madison, WI 53713

** DETERMINATION OF NO HAZARD TO AIR NAVIGATION **

The Federal Aviation Administration has conducted an aeronautical study under the provisions of 49 U.S.C., Section 44718 and if applicable Title 14 of the Code of Federal Regulations, part 77, concerning:

Structure: Landfill 10 Location: Madison, WI

Latitude: 43-02-40.60N NAD 83

Longitude: 89-15-08.40W

Heights: 980 feet site elevation (SE)

106 feet above ground level (AGL) 1086 feet above mean sea level (AMSL)

This aeronautical study revealed that the structure does not exceed obstruction standards and would not be a hazard to air navigation provided the following condition(s), if any, is(are) met:

Based on this evaluation, marking and lighting are not necessary for aviation safety. However, if marking/lighting are accomplished on a voluntary basis, we recommend it be installed in accordance with FAA Advisory circular 70/7460-1 M.

This determination expires on 08/12/2022 unless:

- (a) the construction is started (not necessarily completed) and FAA Form 7460-2, Notice of Actual Construction or Alteration, is received by this office.
- (b) extended, revised, or terminated by the issuing office.
- (c) the construction is subject to the licensing authority of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) and an application for a construction permit has been filed, as required by the FCC, within 6 months of the date of this determination. In such case, the determination expires on the date prescribed by the FCC for completion of construction, or the date the FCC denies the application.

NOTE: REQUEST FOR EXTENSION OF THE EFFECTIVE PERIOD OF THIS DETERMINATION MUST BE E-FILED AT LEAST 15 DAYS PRIOR TO THE EXPIRATION DATE. AFTER RE-EVALUATION OF CURRENT OPERATIONS IN THE AREA OF THE STRUCTURE TO DETERMINE THAT NO SIGNIFICANT AERONAUTICAL CHANGES HAVE OCCURRED, YOUR DETERMINATION MAY BE ELIGIBLE FOR ONE EXTENSION OF THE EFFECTIVE PERIOD.

This determination is based, in part, on the foregoing description which includes specific coordinates, heights, frequency(ies) and power. Any changes in coordinates, heights, and frequencies or use of greater power, except those frequencies specified in the Colo Void Clause Coalition; Antenna System Co-Location; Voluntary Best Practices, effective 21 Nov 2007, will void this determination. Any future construction or alteration, including increase to heights, power, or the addition of other transmitters, requires separate notice to the FAA. This determination includes all previously filed frequencies and power for this structure.

If construction or alteration is dismantled or destroyed, you must submit notice to the FAA within 5 days after the construction or alteration is dismantled or destroyed.

This determination does include temporary construction equipment such as cranes, derricks, etc., which may be used during actual construction of the structure. However, this equipment shall not exceed the overall heights as indicated above. Equipment which has a height greater than the studied structure requires separate notice to the FAA.

This determination concerns the effect of this structure on the safe and efficient use of navigable airspace by aircraft and does not relieve the sponsor of compliance responsibilities relating to any law, ordinance, or regulation of any Federal, State, or local government body.

If we can be of further assistance, please contact our office at (816) 329-2508, or vee.stewart@faa.gov. On any future correspondence concerning this matter, please refer to Aeronautical Study Number 2021-AGL-2322-OE.

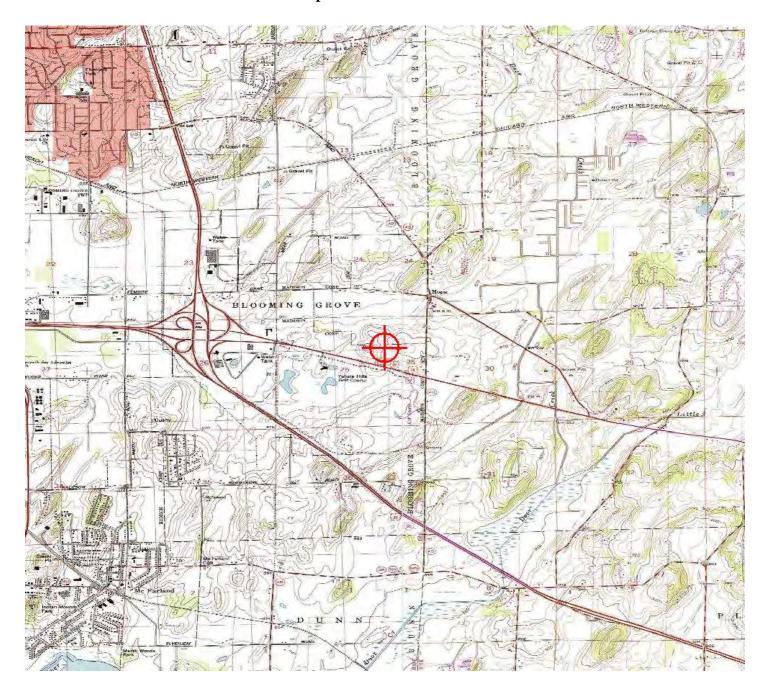
Signature Control No: 466232440-469233412

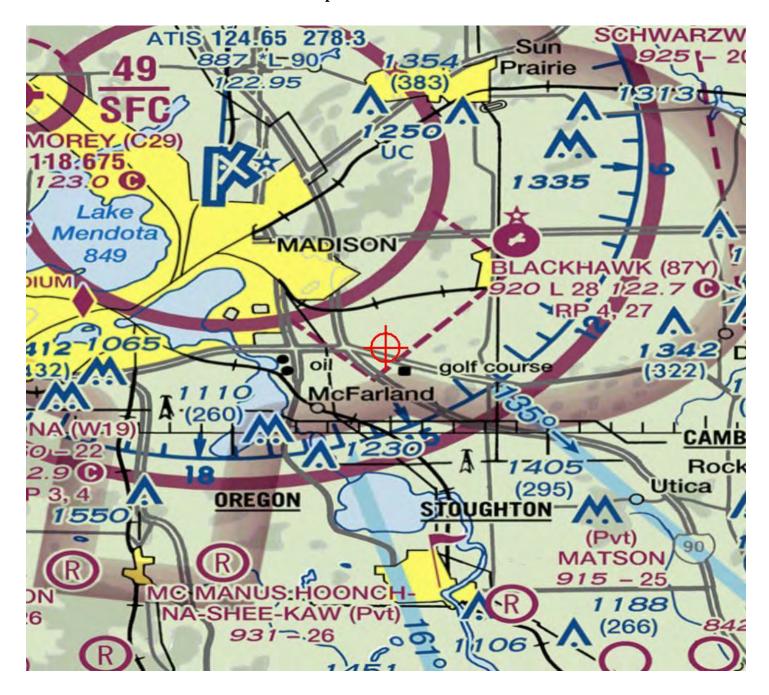
(DNE)

Vee Stewart Specialist

Attachment(s) Map(s)

TOPO Map for ASN 2021-AGL-2322-OE





State of Wisconsin
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
3911 Fish Hatchery Road
Fitchburg WI 53711-5397

Tony Evers, Governor Preston D. Cole, Secretary

Telephone 608-266-2621 Toll Free 1-888-936-7463 TTY Access via relay - 711



November 20, 2020

Mr. John Welch Dane County Solid Waste Manager 1919 Alliant Energy Center Way Madison, WI 53713 File Ref: FID 113127300

Dane County SW/CORR

Subject: Initial Site Report Opinion Letter for the Proposed Vertical Expansion of Dane County Landfill Site No. 2 (Rodefeld), License #3018

Dear Mr. Welch:

The Department of Natural Resources (department) has completed a review of the initial site report (ISR) for the proposed vertical expansion of the Dane County Landfill Site No. 2 (Rodefeld). The report, dated September 8, 2020, was prepared on behalf of Dane County by SCS Engineers (SCS) and was received by the department on September 9, 2020. The department sent a letter to Dane County on October 5, 2020 indicating that the department determined the ISR to be complete.

It is the department's opinion, based on the information presented in the ISR, that the proposed expansion has potential for development as a solid waste disposal facility. A summary of the proposal and potential constraints to the site's feasibility are outlined below.

PROPOSAL DESCRIPTION

Site Location and Land Use

The proposed expansion would be in the N ½ of Section 25 and NE ¼ of SE ¼ of Section 25, Township 7 North, Range 10 East, City of Madison, Dane County, Wisconsin. The proposed approximate 21-acre Eastern Vertical Expansion will be located completely within the limits of the Eastern Expansion area approved in 2014. The landfill property is located approximately 1 mile east of the Interstate 90/39 and U.S. Highway 12 & 18 interchange. The landfill property is adjoined to the east by County Highway AB and to the south by U.S. Highway 12 & 18.

The proposed expanded landfill, including the existing active municipal solid waste (MSW) landfill, would continue to occupy 104.6 acres of the approximately 220-acre parcel owned by Dane County. The proposed vertical expansion has a footprint of 21.3 acres, but this would not change the current total permitted footprint of 104.6 acres. The present land use nearby is a mixture of rural wooded land and wetlands to the north, a mixture of commercial and residential development to the east, a mixture of commercial and wooded land to the west, and a large golf course to the south, across U.S. Highway 12 & 18.

Because the proposed vertical expansion will be located completely within the limits of the Eastern Expansion area approved in 2014, an Agricultural Impact Statement is not required, and a change in zoning classification for the 220-acre parcel owned by Dane County is not required.



Proposed Design Capacity, Service Area, and Anticipated Site Life

The proposed vertical expansion would have a design capacity of approximately 1,007,700 cubic yards. The anticipated service area includes municipalities and industries within Dane County and minimal municipalities and industries outside of Dane County. The proposed expansion is estimated to have a site life of approximately three to three and a half years.

Transportation and Access

The proposed vertical expansion is not expected to change the landfill's existing traffic routes. The landfill is currently accessed from US Highway 12 & 18 via an access road on the south side of the landfill.

The Wisconsin Department of Transportation (WisDOT) is planning changes to the US Highway 12 & 18 and County AB interchange. The proposed changes may impact both traffic routes and access to the landfill, as well as the landfill's existing screening and storm water features located near the interchange.

Please continue to keep the department informed of any updates, necessary landfill design modifications, and potential impacts to the landfill regarding the proposed interchange project as the permitting process for the proposed vertical expansion continues.

Waste Types and Characteristics

The landfill accepts non-hazardous municipal, industrial, and commercial solid waste. These three waste types comprise approximately 97 percent of the landfill's total volume, with the remaining three percent comprised of special permitted waste. During summer months, the landfill receives, on average, approximately 20 to 30 percent more waste by volume. The landfill receives approximately 300,000 cubic yards/year.

Initial Site Inspection

A request for an Initial Site Inspection (ISI) for the proposed vertical expansion was submitted to the department on May 7, 2020. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the department did not conduct an in-person inspection of the site, but instead completed a desktop review of the submittal, supplemented with photographs taken at the site by SCS Engineers on behalf of Dane County. Because the proposed Eastern Vertical Expansion area would not change the existing horizontal limits of waste filling for the currently permitted active landfill (Eastern Expansion), the lack of a field inspection for the proposed vertical expansion was not considered significant to the findings presented in the department's ISI preliminary opinion letter dated June 10, 2020. The department's ISI preliminary opinion letter identified the site location as having potential for development of a landfill expansion.

The ISI letter noted the presence of two navigable ponds within 1,000 feet of the existing limits of waste filling, both located to the south of the landfill on the Yahara Hills Golf Course. An exemption from s. NR 504.04(3)(a), Wis. Adm. Code was granted for Ponds A and B in the department's February 3, 2014 Determination of Site Feasibility - Eastern Expansion. Dane County anticipates requesting a similar exemption as part of the permitting for the proposed Eastern Vertical Expansion. The department also noted the presence of three ponds located approximately 300 feet southeast of the existing limits of waste filling; however, the ISR indicated that those three ponds are manmade storm water ponds designed for flow control and sediment removal. Exemptions for those three manmade ponds will not be required. The existing conditions plan drawing should clearly identify all waterways that are considered under the locational criteria of s. NR 504.04 and waterways that were constructed for the purpose of storm water management.

The ISI letter noted that the existing limits of waste filling are located within 1,000 feet of Highway 12 & 18, Hope Park, and Yahara Hills Golf Course. An exemption from the NR 504.04(3)(d) locational criteria was granted as part of the Eastern Expansion. A similar exemption may be requested for the Eastern Vertical Expansion by Dane County if adequate screening is unable to be provided. Dane County proposes to incorporate screening through the use of strategically placed plantings, screening berms and soil core berms within the waste mass constructed in conjunction with the filling sequence.

The ISI letter noted the presence of Blackhawk Airfield in Cottage Grove, as well as two other small private airstrips located within approximately 5 miles of the proposed vertical expansion. The ISR included notification letters sent by Dane County to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Little Wheel Field, Blackhawk Airfield, and Quale Airport. The FAA's official response to Dane County's notification letter and any further communication with the FAA regarding notices of construction or airspace review, as well as any further communication with the above listed airports, should be included in the feasibility report.

The ISI request noted the presence of two private water supply wells located within 1,200 feet of the existing limits of waste filling: Dane County's biogas facility well (YZ391) and the Michael Niebuhr well (PW-51). Exemption requests should be included in the feasibility report for YZ391 and PW-51, and variance applications should be submitted to the department in accordance with NR 812.43 for wells that have not been granted variances in the past. In the department's ISI letter, six additional private water supply wells were noted because they appeared to be near or within the 1,200-foot setback zone. The ISR stated the wells had either been abandoned without replacement, abandoned and replaced outside the 1,200-foot setback zone, or installed just outside the 1,200-foot setback zone. These wells include the Hope Park Well, the Hope Lutheran Church Well, the Julie Acker Well, the Community Well, the Country Corners Well, and the Dane County Public Works Well. The department asked Dane County to include well abandonment reports for the private water supply wells. The ISR included well abandonment reports for five of the six private water supply wells. The sixth well, the Dane County Public Works Well, is a high capacity well installed in 2015 outside of the 1,200-foot setback.

Regional Geotechnical Information

The proposed site is located in an area underlain by a thick sequence of unconsolidated glacial drift of the Horicon Formation deposited over dolomite bedrock of Ordovician age. The Horicon Formation generally consists of brown sandy till, but also includes sand and gravel deposited by glacial melt water and clay, silt, and sand deposited in glacial lakes. Specific surficial soils mapped by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), Natural Resource Conservation Service in the vicinity of the site range from well drained silt-loam to poorly drained muck and consist primarily of the following: Dodge silt loam, Ringwood silt loam, Sable silty clay loam, Houghton muck, and St. Charles silt loam. Previous site subsurface investigations encountered glacial sediments that extended down to at least 95 feet below the land surface. The sediments encountered consist of silty clay (glacial lacustrine deposits), silty sand glacial till with scattered pebbles, cobbles, boulders, (poorly sorted ice contact deposits), and sand and gravel (outwash and lacustrine sand deposits). The first bedrock encountered is the Galena-Platteville dolomite bedrock of the Sinnipee Group. The Galena-Platteville dolomite is found at about 70 feet below ground surface in proximity to the US Highway 12 &18 intersection with County Highway AB to a depth of 153 feet below ground surface just to the east of the expansion area. In the area of the site there is also a fault complex, informally called the Yahara Hills Complex where the disturbed area is subdivided into discrete blocks separated by normal faults. The faults are not part of any currently active geologic process and are therefore considered inactive.

There are three major aquifers and one aquitard in Dane County. The aquifers consist of a shallow sand and gravel aquifer; an upper bedrock aquifer consisting of Ordovician rocks such as the St. Peter Sandstone and the Prairie Du Chien Dolomite; and a lower bedrock aquifer consisting of the Mount Simon Cambrian Sandstone. The upper and lower bedrock aquifers are separated by the Eau Claire Shale Formation, acting as an aquitard. The unlithified

sand and gravel aquifers can yield economically useful quantities of water in some areas of the County. However, the Cambrian sandstone units are considered to be the principal aquifer in the County. The elevation of the regional water table in the area of the proposed expansion is approximately 880 feet above mean sea level (ft-MSL). In the area of the proposed expansion, the groundwater system consists of two distinct hydrostratigraphic units, a bedrock aquifer, and the surficial glacial deposits. According to regional sources the flow in the bedrock aquifer is generally to the southwest. In general, the groundwater flow direction in the glacial unit in the area of the eastern expansion is to the north with a slight northwesterly component based on historical water table maps. Based on previous hydrogeological investigations, the elevation of the water table ranges from about 857 to 874 feet ft-MSL.

The proposed site lies within the Yahara River watershed. The northern half of the site drains to Door Creek which joins the Yahara River near Lake Kegonsa. The southern half of the site drains to Mud Lake, a widening of the Yahara River, at the north end of Lake Waubesa.

Preliminary Design Concepts

The proposed expansion is a vertical expansion over the existing active landfill and would share the design features already approved for the existing facility. The proposed vertical expansion will be designed to increase the existing municipal solid waste design capacity and would result in a peak elevation of approximately 1,084 ft-MSL. Sedimentation basins, diversion berms and/or perimeter drainage swales will be constructed and/or modified to contain surface water runoff from the proposed development and to release collected surface water in a controlled manner.

POTENTIAL CONSTRAINTS ON SITE FEASIBILITY

At this time, the department has identified the following locational and performance criteria that may limit the potential for site development.

<u>Navigable Ponds</u>: There are two manmade navigable ponds located less than 1,000 feet from the proposed vertical expansion. Exemptions were approved for these ponds during prior site permitting. A new exemption from the requirements of s. NR 504.04(3)(a), Wis. Adm. Code, will need to be requested in the feasibility report.

<u>Water Supply Wells</u>: There are two active water supply wells within 1,200 feet of the proposed vertical expansion, the biogas facility well (YZ391) and Michael Niebuhr well (PW-51). A new exemption from s. NR 504.04(3)(f), Wis. Adm. Code, will need to be requested in the feasibility report for these wells. If these wells have previously been granted variances under s. NR 812.43, Wis. Adm. Code, no additional NR 812 variances would be required for the proposed vertical expansion because the limits of waste with respect to the well locations are not changing. The previously issued variances would remain valid for the proposed expansion if a favorable feasibility determination was issued. In the feasibility report, please provide any previously issued NR 812 variances for the wells. Any wells that would need a variance from the 1,200-foot locational setback criterion in ch. NR 812, Wis. Adm. Code would require notification of variance applications to the well owner.

State Highway 12 & 18 and Public Park: The proposed landfill expansion boundary is located about 300 feet from State Highway 12 & 18, about 450 feet from the boundary of the Yahara Hills Public Golf Course to the south, and about 350 feet from the boundary of Hope Park to the north. Both the Yahara Hills Public Golf Course and Hope Park are public parks. The required setback to a state trunk highway and to a public park is 1,000 feet. That setback can be replaced by appropriate screening used so that the waste filling operation cannot be viewed from the highway, the park or the golf course within 1,000 feet. A new exemption from s. NR 504.04(3)(d) may need to be requested for the proposed vertical expansion if adequate screening cannot be provided. The feasibility report

should include line of sight drawings from the various locations within all of these areas where the waste may most likely be visible as the waste height increases to show the visual effect of screening.

NOTICE

In accordance with ss. 289.22 and 289.23, Wis. Stats., the applicant must notify all affected municipalities and apply for all specified local approvals at least 120 days before a feasibility report can be submitted to the department (the exact time period depends upon the municipal response). The Waste Facility Siting Board has specific requirements which apply to the municipal notification. For additional information on these requirements, please contact the Wisconsin Waste Facility Siting Board at (608) 267-7854. The feasibility report must contain documentation showing that all proper notifications and applications for all specified local approvals have been made, in accordance with s. NR 512.06, Wis. Adm. Code.

This opinion letter does not approve or deny the proposed expansion. If Dane County wishes to pursue the proposed expansion, the feasibility report must address the concerns listed above and contain the information required in ch. NR 512, Wis. Adm. Code. This includes the requirement to include a request for an exemption for all locational and performance criteria or other code requirements that the proposed landfill cannot meet. Each exemption request needs to include an explanation demonstrating why the exemption is warranted. Please also remember that the department may request additional information as it reviews the feasibility report.

Please contact Tyler Sullivan at (608) 516-3962 or <u>tyler.sullivan@wisconsin.gov</u> or Carolyn Cooper at (608) 275-7779 or <u>carolyn.cooper@wisconsin.gov</u> if you have questions or comments regarding this letter.

Sincerely,

Cynthia Moore

Gulia Mora

Waste and Materials Management Program Supervisor South Central Region

CC: Betsy Powers - BPowers@scsengineers.com

Carolyn Cooper – DNR – SCR Tyler Sullivan – DNR - SCR Ann Bekta – DNR - SCR Joe Lourigan – DNR Valerie Joosten – DNR

Powers, Betsy

From: Beauchamp, Bobb (FAA) <Bobb.Beauchamp@faa.gov>

Sent: Monday, October 5, 2020 1:48 PM

To: Powers, Betsy
Cc: Bartell, Deb (FAA)

Subject: RE: Proposed Vertical Expansion in Madison, WI

This email originated from outside of SCS Engineers. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Hi Betsy,

FAA Advisory Circular 150/5200-34A, Construction or Establishment of Landfills Near Public Airports, includes a description of landfill actions that are subject to the requirements found at 49 USC 44718(d). These requirements only apply to new (constructed after April 5, 2000) landfills. They do not apply to existing landfills that are expanded or modified after April 5, 2000.

The project you describe is a vertical expansion of an existing landfill unit. The limitations on construction within 6 miles of a qualifying airport therefore do not apply.

Further, we have identified no airports within 5,000' (piston aircraft) or 10,000' (turbojet aircraft) of the proposed project. Therefore, the limitations of 40 CFR 258.10 also do not apply.

Note that other aspects of the project may still apply, such as notice of construction and airspace review.

From: Powers, Betsy <BPowers@scsengineers.com>

Sent: Monday, October 05, 2020 10:55 AM

To: Beauchamp, Bobb (FAA) <Bobb.Beauchamp@faa.gov> **Subject:** RE: Proposed Vertical Expansion in Madison, WI

It will be a vertical expansion of an existing waste cell(s). It will require a new permit; we need to go through the full Wisconsin DNR permitting process. Again, it will fall fully within the existing limits of waste footprint though. Betsy

From: Beauchamp, Bobb (FAA) < Bobb.Beauchamp@faa.gov>

Sent: Monday, October 5, 2020 10:51 AM

To: Powers, Betsy < BPowers@scsengineers.com>

Subject: RE: Proposed Vertical Expansion in Madison, WI

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Betsy,

Is the vertical expansion to an existing waste cell? Will the expansion require the issuance of a new permit, or the amendment of an existing permit?

From: Powers, Betsy <BPowers@scsengineers.com>

Sent: Monday, October 05, 2020 9:09 AM

To: Beauchamp, Bobb (FAA) < <u>Bobb.Beauchamp@faa.gov</u>>; Bartell, Deb (FAA) < <u>deb.bartell@faa.gov</u>>; Rathsack, Allison < rathsack.allison@countyofdane.com>

Cc: Welch, John < Welch@countyofdane.com >; Wienkes, Roxanne < Wienkes.Roxanne@countyofdane.com >

Subject: RE: Proposed Vertical Expansion in Madison, WI

Hi Bobb,

Here you go. Let me know if you need anything else.

Thank you,

Betsy

From: Beauchamp, Bobb (FAA) < Bobb.Beauchamp@faa.gov>

Sent: Monday, October 5, 2020 9:06 AM

To: Powers, Betsy < Bartell, Deb (FAA) < deb.bartell@faa.gov>; Rathsack, Allison rathsack.allison@countyofdane.com

Cc: Welch, John <Welch@countyofdane.com>; Wienkes, Roxanne <Wienkes.Roxanne@countyofdane.com>

Subject: RE: Proposed Vertical Expansion in Madison, WI

This email originated from outside of SCS Engineers. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Hi Betsy,

Our office does review and respond to proposals such as this. However, we have not been physically in our office since March, so I don't have access to the contents of the letter. Would it be possible for you to send it electronically? Once I have them I can review and prepare our response.

From: Powers, Betsy <BPowers@scsengineers.com>

Sent: Monday, October 05, 2020 8:50 AM

To: Bartell, Deb (FAA) deb.bartell@faa.gov; Rathsack, Allison rathsack.allison@countyofdane.com; Beauchamp,

Bobb (FAA) <Bobb.Beauchamp@faa.gov>

Cc: Welch, John <Welch@countyofdane.com>; Wienkes, Roxanne <Wienkes.Roxanne@countyofdane.com>

Subject: RE: Proposed Vertical Expansion in Madison, WI

Hi Deb and Bobb.

Allison is on maternity leave, but I wanted to check on status of review of the notification letter regarding a proposed vertical expansion at the Dane County Landfill Site No. 2 (Rodefeld) in Madison, WI. Do you plan to issue a formal response? If you have any questions, please feel free to reach out to this group.

Thanks much,

Betsy

Betsy Powers, PE*
Senior Project Manager/Civil Engineer
SCS Engineers
2830 Dairy Drive
Madison, WI 53718-6751 USA
608-333-5408 (Cell)
bpowers@scsengineers.com
*Licensed in WI

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From: Bartell, Deb (FAA) < deb.bartell@faa.gov > Sent: Monday, August 31, 2020 3:40 PM

To: Rathsack, Allison <<u>rathsack.allison@countyofdane.com</u>>; Beauchamp, Bobb (FAA) <<u>Bobb.Beauchamp@faa.gov</u>> **Cc:** Welch, John <Welch@countyofdane.com>; Wienkes, Roxanne <Wienkes.Roxanne@countyofdane.com>; Powers,

Betsy <BPowers@scsengineers.com>

Subject: RE: Proposed Vertical Expansion in Madison, WI

Importance: High

This email originated from outside of SCS Engineers. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Hello Allison,

Thank you for sending this electronically. Copying our environmental protections specialist, Bobb Beauchamp, for his review.

I am not currently working at the office, but we are picking up mail. I don't recall seeing this letter, so thank you for the email.

Bobb – please let Allision know if we have any comments.

Thanks.

Deb Bartell Manager, Chicago Airports District Office Federal Aviation Administration 847-294-7335

From: Rathsack, Allison < rathsack.allison@countyofdane.com>

Sent: Wednesday, August 26, 2020 5:09 PM **To:** Bartell, Deb (FAA) < deb.bartell@faa.gov >

Cc: Welch, John < Welch@countyofdane.com >; Wienkes, Roxanne < Wienkes.Roxanne@countyofdane.com >; 'Powers,

Betsy' < < BPowers@scsengineers.com >

Subject: Proposed Vertical Expansion in Madison, WI

Good afternoon Deb,

Dane County sent a notification letter to your attention via certified mail on or around June 26, 2020 regarding a proposed vertical expansion (attached for reference). I'm wondering if you had any follow-up questions or concerns regarding this proposed vertical expansion located at:

Dane County Landfill Site No. 2 (Rodefeld) 7102 U.S. Highway 12 & 18 Madison, WI 53718.

If you'd like to discuss anything, feel free to call me at 608.514.2319.

I look forward to your response.

Thanks,

Allison Rathsack Dane County, Waste & Renewables Special Projects & Materials Manager 608-514-2319

Powers, Betsy

From: Rortvedt, Eric - DNR <Eric.Rortvedt@wisconsin.gov>

Sent: Monday, August 3, 2020 9:09 PM

To: Powers, Betsy **Cc:** Bekta, Ann M - DNR

Subject: RE: Dane County Rodefeld Vertical Landfill Expansion

Categories: Filed by Newforma

This email originated from outside of SCS Engineers. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Betsy,

You are correct that I was thinking a construction NOI would be submitted for this expansion. However, I agree that this expansion would qualify to be covered under an update to the Tier 2 industrial storm water management plan and not require submittal of a storm water construction site NOI. I don't review landfill expansions very often and had forgotten about the policy change that is outlined in the 2016 memo. Thanks for the reminder.

Eric Rortvedt, P.E.

Phone: (608) 273-5612 (voice mail only)

Eric.Rortvedt@Wisconsin.gov

From: Powers, Betsy <BPowers@scsengineers.com>

Sent: Monday, August 03, 2020 4:58 PM

To: Rortvedt, Eric - DNR < Eric.Rortvedt@wisconsin.gov> **Subject:** RE: Dane County Rodefeld Vertical Landfill Expansion

Hi Eric,

Thank you for clarifying the expectations for the vertical expansion. Follow-up on the NOI. We are hoping to update the Tier 2 industrial storm water management plan as part of the expansion permitting to incorporate construction events, as allowed under the 3800-2016-02 guidance document (Storm Water Discharge Permit Coverage at Solid Waste Landfills), so that the County does not have to obtain separate construction site permit coverage for every construction event. Is the Construction NOI the NOI you were referring to?

I'll be forwarding your email to Ann Bekta as well so she is in the loop – FYI. Thanks!

Betsy

From: Rortvedt, Eric - DNR < Eric.Rortvedt@wisconsin.gov>

Sent: Monday, August 3, 2020 2:43 PM

To: Powers, Betsy < BPowers@scsengineers.com>

Subject: Dane County Rodefeld Vertical Landfill Expansion

This email originated from outside of SCS Engineers. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Betsy,

I have my emails from communication with Adam Hogan on the Dane County Rodefeld Expansion evaluated back in 2013 (FIN 51607). The original proposed design for the storm water treatment ponds back in 2013 were based on s. NR 504.09 (1)(e), Wis. Adm. Code, which is out of date with NR 151 standards. We had them increase the size of the ponds and the outlet controls to meet 80% TSS control and they utilized the Dane County approach with a one-year storm and the 5 micron settling velocity. Since part of the drainage area to the ponds was considered existing development (or managed as part of the landfill area), the peak flow standard to maintain 1- and 2-yr flows was not applied.

Since the vertical expansion of the landfill should have similar hydrology coming off the vertically expanded landfill area, so long as the runoff drainage areas will continue to flow to the existing storm water facilities, I see no need to require any peak flow or TSS analysis of the existing storm water facilities that will continue to serve the proposed vertical expansion area of the landfill.

Please submit this email with the storm water NOI that is submitted to the Department.

Thank you,

We are committed to service excellence.

Visit our survey at http://dnr.wi.gov/customersurvey to evaluate how I did.

Eric Rortvedt, P.E.

Stormwater Engineer – Bureau of Watershed Management Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources Phone: (608) 273-5612 (voice mail only)

Eric.Rortvedt@Wisconsin.gov





1919 Alliant Energy Center Way • Madison, Wisconsin 53713 Phone: (608) 266-4018 • Fax: (608) 267-1533 **Director**John Welch P.E.

June 26, 2020

Federal Aviation Administration ATTN Deb Bartell Great Lakes Region Chicago Airports District Office 2300 East Devon Avenue Des Plaines. IL 60018

Subject: Landfill Location Relative to Existing Airports

Dane County Landfill Site No. 2 (Rodefeld) - Eastern Vertical Expansion

Madison, Wisconsin (License No. 3018)

Dear Ms. Bartell,

Dane County, Department of Waste & Renewables is preparing permit documents for a proposed vertical expansion of the Dane County Landfill Site No. 2 (Rodefeld). The facility is located within the City of Madison, Dane County, Wisconsin. The proposed vertical expansion is located at 7102 U.S. Highway 12 & 18, Madison, WI 53718. Figure 1 shows the extent of the proposed vertical expansion, setbacks, and surrounding private and public airports.

The Wisconsin Administrative Code, 500.03(4) and the Code of Federal Regulations, 40 CFR Part 258.10(d)(1), define an airport as a "public-use airport open to the public without prior permission and without restrictions within the physical capacities of available airport facilities". Dane County has reviewed the Wisconsin Airport Directory & Pilot's Guide prepared by the Wisconsin Department of Transportation (WisDOT), Bureau of Aeronautics, revised August 2019. The research indicates that there are no airport runways designed and used by turbojet aircraft located within 10,000 feet or designed and used by piston-type aircraft within 5,000 feet of the proposed expansion site, per NR 504.04(3)(e) and 40 CFR Part 258.10(a).

Blackhawk Airfield (Airport Code: 87Y) located in Cottage Grove, Wisconsin, is a privately owned airport for public use that is located approximately 5.0 miles from the limits of the proposed vertical expansion. The Blackhawk Airfield is the only public use airport within the 5-mile radius of the proposed vertical expansion, per NR 504.04(3)(e)(2) and 40 CFR Part 258.10(b). The next nearest public airport is the Dane County Regional - Truax Field Airport (Airport Code: MSN) located approximately 7 miles northwest of the approved limits of waste.

There are two privately owned, not for public use, airstrips within 5 miles of the proposed vertical expansion area. One airstrip is Little Wheel Field (Airport Code: 59WI) located approximately 3.6 miles east of the proposed vertical expansion and the second airport is Quale Airport (Airport Code: 87WI) located approximately 2.9 miles southeast of the proposed vertical expansion. Since these airstrips are not for public use, they are not an appropriate consideration under Title 49 § 44718(d) of the United States Code.

Dane County requests that the FAA review this information, confirm our findings, and provide a response to the proposed eastern vertical expansion as soon as possible. If you have any questions or require additional information, please feel free to contact me at (608)516-4154 or Welch@countyofdane.com.

Sincerely,

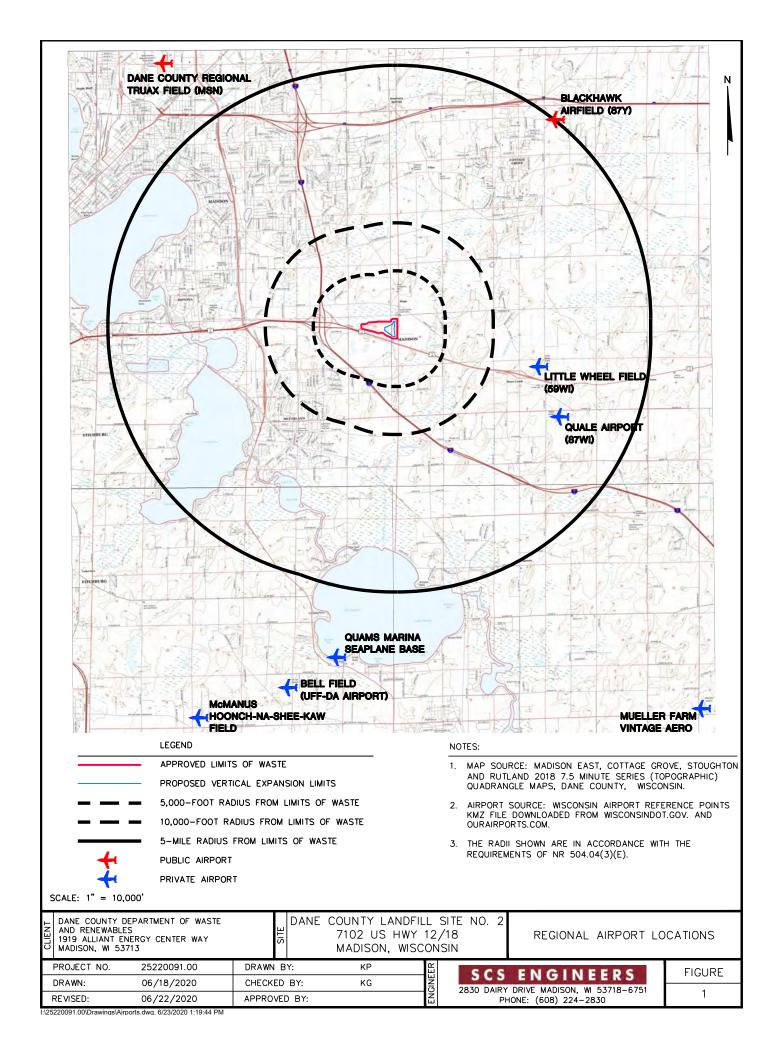
John Welch, P.E.

Director of Waste & Renewables

Attachments:

Figure 1 – Regional Airport Locations

CC: Allison Rathsack – Dane County Roxanne Wienkes – Dane County





1919 Alliant Energy Center Way • Madison, Wisconsin 53713 Phone: (608) 266-4018 • Fax: (608) 267-1533 **Director** John Welch P.E.

June 26, 2020

Blackhawk Airfield Inc Cheryl Strassman 2534 South Fish Hatchery Road Fitchburg, WI 53711

Subject: Landfill Location Relative to Existing Airports

Dane County Landfill Site No. 2 (Rodefeld) – Eastern Vertical Expansion

Madison, Wisconsin (License No. 3018)

Dear Ms. Strassman,

Dane County, Department of Waste & Renewables is preparing permit documents for a proposed vertical expansion of the Dane County Landfill Site No. 2 (Rodefeld). The facility is located within the City of Madison, Dane County, Wisconsin.

The proposed vertical expansion is located at 7102 U.S. Highway 12 & 18, Madison, WI 53718. Figure 1 shows the extent of the proposed vertical expansion, setbacks, and surrounding private and public airports.

As part of the expansion process, Dane County is required to notify all airports within a 5-mile radius of the proposed vertical expansion. Please consider this letter your formal notification under NR 504.04(3)(e) and 40 CFR Part 258.10(b).

If you have any questions or require additional information, please feel free to contact me at (608)516-4154 or Weigh@countyofdane.com.

Sincerely,

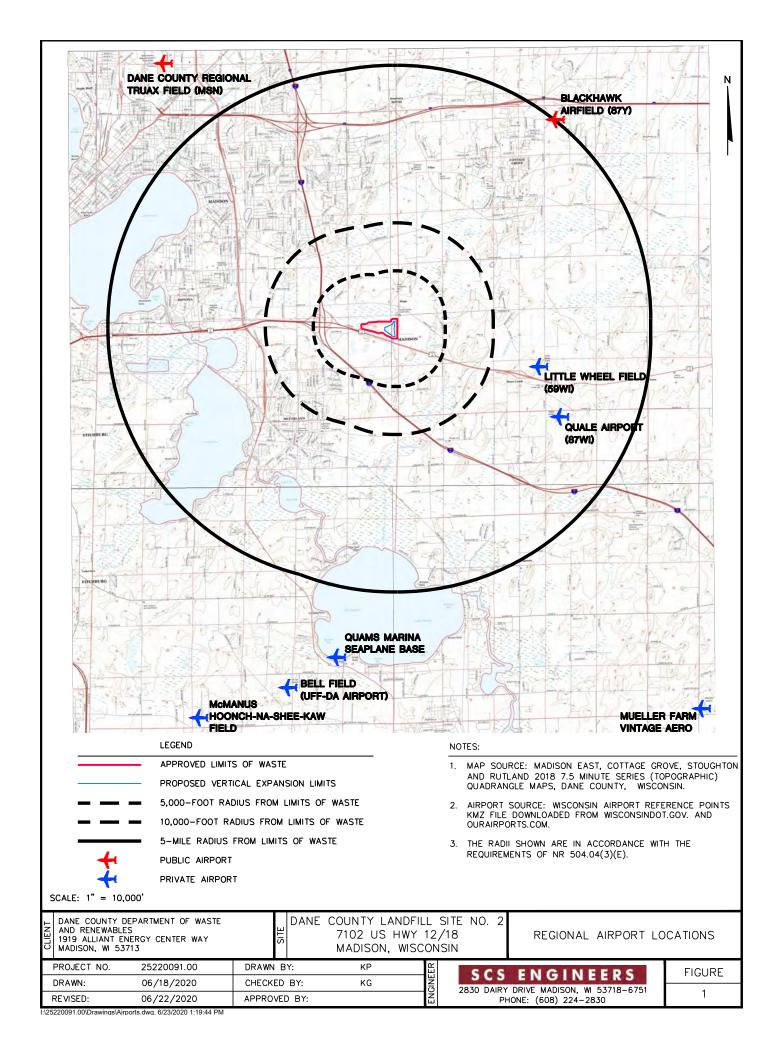
John Welch, P.E.

Director of Waste & Renewables

Attachments:

Figure 1 – Regional Airport Locations

CC: Allison Rathsack – Dane County Roxanne Wienkes – Dane County





1919 Alliant Energy Center Way • Madison, Wisconsin 53713 Phone: (608) 266-4018 • Fax: (608) 267-1533 **Director**John Welch P.E.

June 26, 2020

Little Wheel Field Airport Keith Swalheim 121 Glenn Drive Cottage Grove, WI 53527

Subject: Landfill Location Relative to Existing Airports

Dane County Landfill Site No. 2 (Rodefeld) – Eastern Vertical Expansion

Madison, Wisconsin (License No. 3018)

Dear Mr. Swalheim,

Dane County, Department of Waste & Renewables is preparing permit documents for a proposed vertical expansion of the Dane County Landfill Site No. 2 (Rodefeld). The facility is located within the City of Madison, Dane County, Wisconsin.

The proposed vertical expansion is located at 7102 U.S. Highway 12 & 18, Madison, WI 53718. Figure 1 shows the extent of the proposed vertical expansion, setbacks, and surrounding private and public airports.

As part of the expansion process, Dane County is required to notify all airports within a 5-mile radius of the proposed vertical expansion. Please consider this letter your formal notification under NR 504.04(3)(e) and 40 CFR Part 258.10(b).

If you have any questions or require additional information, please feel free to contact me at (608)516-4154 or Weigh@countyofdane.com.

Sincerely,

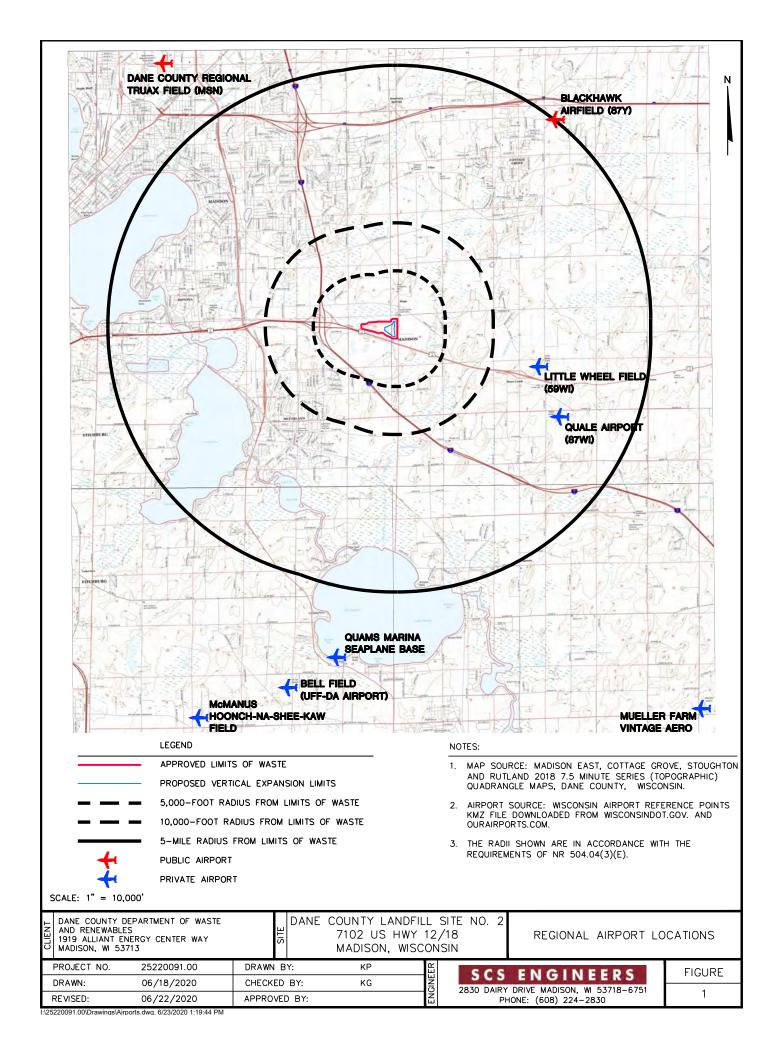
John Welch, P.E.

Director of Waste & Renewables

Attachments:

Figure 1 – Regional Airport Locations

CC: Allison Rathsack – Dane County Roxanne Wienkes – Dane County





1919 Alliant Energy Center Way • Madison, Wisconsin 53713 Phone: (608) 266-4018 • Fax: (608) 267-1533 **Director**John Welch P.E.

June 26, 2020

Quale Airport Richard Quale 3114 North Star Road Cottage Grove, WI 53527

Subject: Landfill Location Relative to Existing Airports

Dane County Landfill Site No. 2 (Rodefeld) – Eastern Vertical Expansion

Madison, Wisconsin (License No. 3018)

Dear Mr. Quale,

Dane County, Department of Waste & Renewables is preparing permit documents for a proposed vertical expansion of the Dane County Landfill Site No. 2 (Rodefeld). The facility is located within the City of Madison, Dane County, Wisconsin.

The proposed vertical expansion is located at 7102 U.S. Highway 12 & 18, Madison, WI 53718. Figure 1 shows the extent of the proposed vertical expansion, setbacks, and surrounding private and public airports.

As part of the expansion process, Dane County is required to notify all airports within a 5-mile radius of the proposed vertical expansion. Please consider this letter your formal notification under NR 504.04(3)(e) and 40 CFR Part 258.10(b).

If you have any questions or require additional information, please feel free to contact me at (608)516-4154 or Weigh@countyofdane.com.

Sincerely,

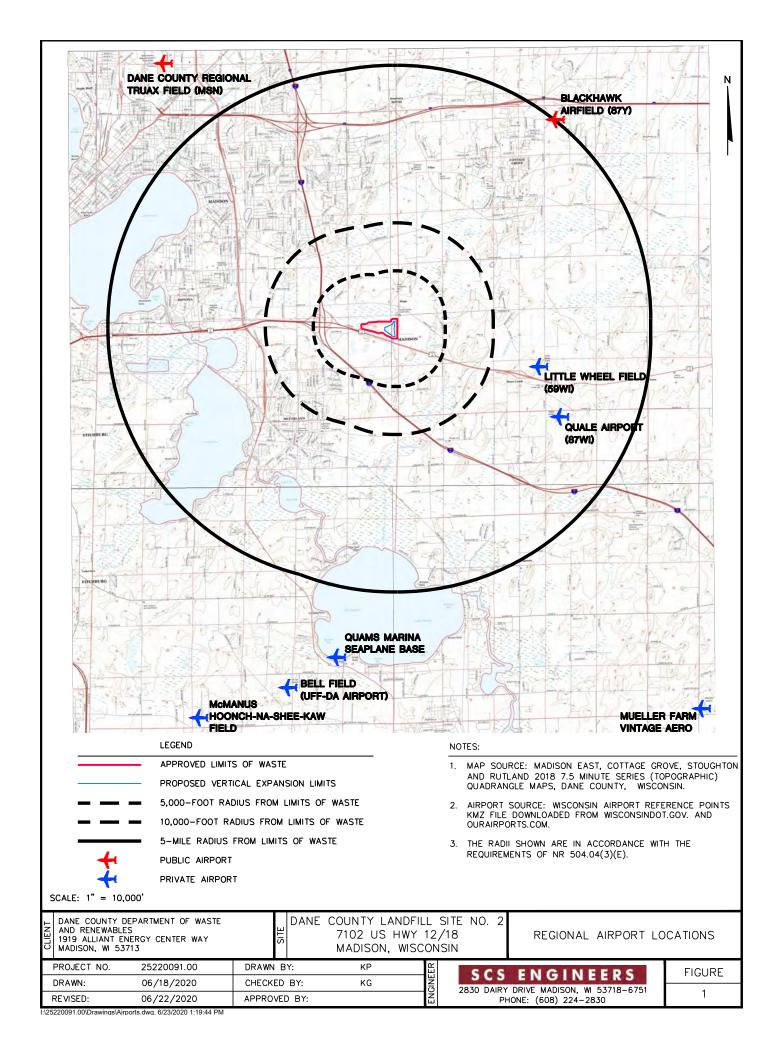
John Welch, P.E.

Director of Waste & Renewables

Attachments:

Figure 1 – Regional Airport Locations

CC: Allison Rathsack – Dane County Roxanne Wienkes – Dane County





1919 Alliant Energy Center Way • Madison, Wisconsin 53713 Phone: (608) 266-4018 • Fax: (608) 267-1533 **Director**John Welch P.E.

September 3, 2020

Little Wheel Field Airport Jodi Coon 2024 Meadow Drive Stoughton, WI 53589

Subject: Landfill Location Relative to Existing Airports

Dane County Landfill Site No. 2 (Rodefeld) - Eastern Vertical Expansion

Madison, Wisconsin (License No. 3018)

Dear Ms. Jodi Coon,

Dane County, Department of Waste & Renewables is preparing permit documents for a proposed vertical expansion of the Dane County Landfill Site No. 2 (Rodefeld). The facility is located within the City of Madison, Dane County, Wisconsin.

The proposed vertical expansion is located at 7102 U.S. Highway 12 & 18, Madison, WI 53718. Figure 1 shows the extent of the proposed vertical expansion, setbacks, and surrounding private and public airports.

As part of the expansion process, Dane County is required to notify all airports within a 5-mile radius of the proposed vertical expansion. Please consider this letter your formal notification under NR 504.04(3)(e) and 40 CFR Part 258.10(b).

If you have any questions or require additional information, please feel free to contact me at (608)516-4154 or Welch@countyofdane.com.

Sincerely,

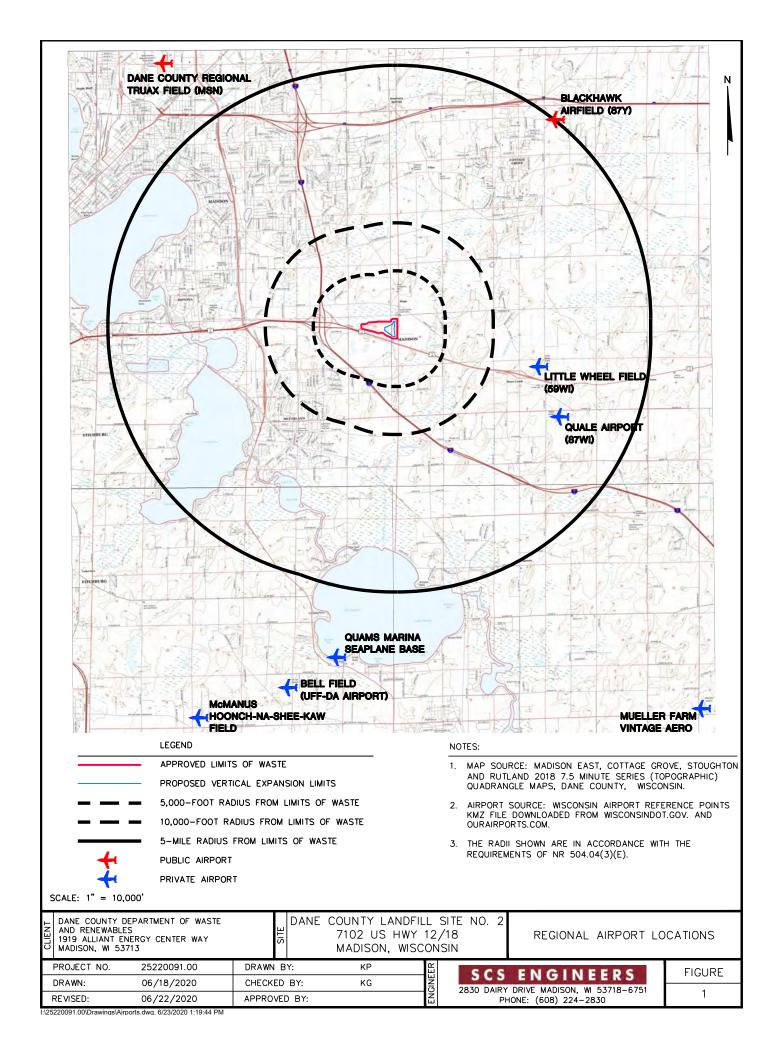
John Welch, P.E.

Director of Waste & Renewables

Attachments:

Figure 1 – Regional Airport Locations

CC: Allison Rathsack – Dane County Roxanne Wienkes – Dane County



State of Wisconsin
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
3911 Fish Hatchery Road
Fitchburg WI 53711-5397

Tony Evers, Governor Preston D. Cole, Secretary Telephone 608-266-2621 Toll Free 1-888-936-7463

TTY Access via relay - 711

WISCONSIN
DEPT. OF NATURAL RESOURCES

June 10, 2020

File Ref: FID 113127300 Dane County

SW/CORR

Mr. John Welch Director of Waste & Renewables Dane County Landfill 1919 Alliant Energy Center Way Madison WI 53713

Subject: Initial Site Inspection Response-Proposed Eastern Vertical Expansion, Dane County Landfill

Site No. 2 (Rodefeld), License #3018

Dear Mr. Welch:

This letter documents the initial site inspection (ISI) review performed by the Department of Natural Resources (department) for the proposed Eastern Vertical Expansion at Dane County Landfill Site No.2 (Rodefeld). Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the department did not conduct an in-person inspection of the site, but instead completed a desktop review of the submittal, supplemented with photographs taken at the site by SCS Engineers, on behalf of Dane County. Because the proposed Eastern Vertical Expansion area would not change the existing horizontal limits of waste filling for the currently permitted active landfill (Eastern Expansion), the lack of a field inspection for the proposed vertical expansion is not considered significant to the findings presented in this letter.

The purpose of the ISI desktop review was to identify any potential conflicts the proposed expansion might have with the location and performance standards in s. NR 504.04, Wis. Adm. Code. The department evaluated the information in SCS Engineers' May 7, 2020 ISI request letter as part of the desktop review. Additional information for the proposed expansion area was provided by SCS Engineers on May 20, 2020 and May 27, 2020. According to the information provided, the proposed expansion consists of a vertical expansion located within the limits of the Eastern Expansion area of the currently permitted active landfill (License #3018). The Dane County Landfill Site No. 2 (Rodefeld) Eastern Expansion plan of operation was approved in August 2014. Further discussion regarding the approximate acreage and site life of the proposed Eastern Vertical Expansion area would be addressed in the Initial Site Report (ISR) and Feasibility Report.

The proposed Eastern Vertical Expansion is located in the North ½ of Section 25 and NE ¼ of SE ¼, T7N, R10E, City of Madison, Dane County, Wisconsin. Please review this description for accuracy and include Township and Range in future site location descriptions.

Based on the review of the documents included with the May 7, 2020 ISI request, various mapping programs, department files, and additional information provided by SCS Engineers, the department's preliminary opinion regarding the suitability of site location is that the site location has potential. However, there may be some conflicts with the locational criteria contained in s. NR 504.04(3), Wis. Adm. Code that will need to be addressed. If there are conflicts that cannot be satisfactorily addressed in accordance with applicable requirements, the conflicts would be constraints to site development.



<u>Summary of Locational Criteria</u>: As described in s. NR 504.04(3)(a) to (i), Wis. Adm. Code, there are several locational criteria that apply to the proposed landfill expansion. The proposed limits of filling may not be located within:

(a) 1,000 feet of any navigable lake, pond or flowage. The ISI request states that there are two navigable ponds within 1,000 feet of the existing limits of waste filling. Both of these ponds are located on the Yahara Hills Golf Course, south of the Rodefeld Landfill, and are referred to as Ponds A and B in past landfill permitting documents.

An exemption from s. NR 504.04(3)(a), Wis. Adm. Code was granted for Ponds A and B in the department's February 3, 2014 Determination of Site Feasibility - Eastern Expansion. Dane County anticipates requesting a similar exemption as part of the permitting for the proposed Eastern Vertical Expansion.

Based on aerial images from Google Earth, three ponds appear to be located approximately 250 feet to 350 feet southeast of the existing limits of waste filling, north of Highway 12 & 18 and east of County Highway AB. If these ponds are not sedimentation control structures, then a request for an exemption from s. NR 504.04(3)(a), Wis. Adm. Code should be requested in the Feasibility Report.

If Dane County pursues expansion of the landfill within the 1,000-foot setback zone, please request and justify an exemption to this locational criterion.

- (b) 300 feet of any navigable river or stream. According to the ISI request, the existing limits of waste filling are not within 300 feet of a navigable river or stream. The department's web-based surface water data viewer map also indicates this area is not within 300 feet of a navigable river or stream.
- (c) *A floodplain*. According to the ISI request, the existing limits of waste filling are not within a floodplain. The department's web-based surface water data viewer map also indicates this area is not in a floodplain.
- (d) 1,000 feet of the nearest edge of the right-of-way of any state trunk highway, interstate or federal aid primary highway or the boundary of any public park or state natural area, unless the landfill is screened.

According to the ISI request, the existing limits of waste filling are located within 1,000 feet of Highway 12 & 18. Appropriate screening would need to be incorporated into the design of the facility, and Dane County anticipates requesting an exemption to this requirement in the Feasibility Report. Previous exemptions to this requirement have been approved with appropriate visual screening incorporated into the landfill's design.

Hope Park and Yahara Hills Golf Course are also located within 1,000 feet of the existing limits of waste filling but were not included in the ISI Request. Previous exemptions to this requirement were granted in the department's February 3, 2014 Determination of Site Feasibility – Eastern Expansion with appropriate visual screening incorporated into the landfill's design. If Dane County pursues expansion of the landfill within the 1,000-foot setback for the highway and public parks, plans for adequate screening would likely be required. If adequate screening is provided to comply with the locational criteria, an exemption may not need to be requested. Screening should be utilized to the maximum extent practicable.

(e) An area where the design or operation of the landfill would pose a significant bird hazard to aircraft.

According to the ISI request, the existing limits of waste filling are not located within 10,000 feet of any airport runway end used by turbojet aircraft or within 5,000 feet of any airport runway end used only by piston-type aircraft or within an area where substantial bird hazard to aircraft would be created.

As part of the Eastern Expansion permitting, the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) stated that the previous Eastern Expansion would not be incompatible with operations of existing public-use or private-use airports.

According to the ISI request, Blackhawk Airfield in Cottage Grove appears to be approximately 5 miles from the existing limits of waste filling. Two other small private airstrips are located east of County Highway N, approximately 2.5 to 3-miles from the existing limits of waste filling.

Title 49 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations § 44718(d), requires notification to the FAA by any landfill applicant wishing to propose to construct a landfill that may be within 5 miles of an existing airport for a landfill expansion. Section NR 509.06 (3), Wis. Adm. Code requires that the ISR contain the initial response letter from the FAA. All airports identified to be within 5 miles of the existing limits of waste filling should also be contacted. Please include copies of a current FAA notification letter, a current FAA response letter, current notification letters to the airports and their respective responses in the ISR.

(f) 1,200 feet of any public or private water supply well. According to the ISI request, there are two private water supply wells located within 1,200 feet of the existing limits of waste filling: Dane County's biogas facility well (YZ391) and the Michael Niebuhr well (PW-51).

An exemption for PW-51 was previously granted in the department's February 3, 2014 Determination of Site Feasibility - Eastern Expansion. Variance Approvals for YZ391 were granted on May 31 and August 14, 2018. If Dane County pursues expansion of the landfill within the 1,200-foot setback zone, please request and justify an exemption to this locational criterion or provide an alternative water supply to these properties.

Since the approval of the Eastern Expansion in 2014, six (6) private water wells near or within the 1,200-foot setback zone have either been abandoned without replacement, abandoned and replaced outside the 1,200-foot setback zone, or installed just outside the 1,200-foot setback zone: the Hope Park Well, the Hope Lutheran Church Well, the Julie Acker Well, the Community Well, the Country Corners Well, and the Dane County Public Works Well.

Please include well abandonment reports (Well Filling and Sealing Reports) in the ISR for all of the water supply wells that were previously located within 1,200 feet of the existing landfill limits of waste but have been abandoned since the 2014 Eastern Expansion (even if the well was replaced with a new well outside the 1,200-foot radius). Section NR 504.04 (2) (a), Wis. Adm. Code requires that the department re-evaluate this locational criterion for each subsequent expansion.

- (g) 200 feet of a fault that has had displacement in Holocene time. The ISI request states that the existing limits of waste filling are not located in the area of a fault. Further discussion regarding the geologic stability of the area would be addressed in the ISR and feasibility report.
- (h) Seismic impact zone. The ISI request states that the existing limits of waste filling are not located in a seismic impact zone.

(i) *Unstable areas*. The ISI request states that the existing limits of waste filling are not located within unstable areas as defined in s. NR 500.03(246), Wis. Adm. Code. Further discussion regarding the geologic stability of the area would be addressed in the ISR and Feasibility Report.

It appears that the site meets or could be constructed and operated to meet the performance standards in s. NR 504.04 (4), Wis. Adm. Code.

- (a) Wetland Areas The expansion is a vertical expansion above and within the existing approved waste limits. No wetland setback issues that were not previously addressed in the siting process for the Eastern Expansion area are anticipated. The discharge of gradient control water from the existing Eastern Expansion will continue as approved in the Eastern Expansion feasibility and plan of operation approvals. The vertical expansion should not increase the volume of water discharged to the northern wetland from the existing operating gradient control system. The issue of potential storm water impacts to wetlands would be further evaluated if Dane County proceeds with the siting process.
- (b) Critical Habitat Areas Based on a review of the Natural Heritage Inventory, no endangered resources were identified in the project area. Additionally, a vertical landfill expansion is covered by the No/Low Impact List for All Species at All Times of the Year category under the department's Broad Incidental Take Permit/Authorization, as provided for under s. 29.604 Wis. Stats. An Endangered Resources (ER) Review Verification form pertaining to the Eastern Vertical Expansion was submitted by the department on May 13, 2020. Further review for endangered resources is not anticipated for the proposed project.

Archaeological issues and historical structures for the site were cleared by Richard Kubicek, Departmental Archaeologist/Departmental Historic Preservation Officer, on May 13, 2020.

The performance criteria outlined in s. NR 504.04 (4) (c) through (f), Wis. Adm. Code include evaluation of surface water, groundwater, gas migration and air contaminant impacts. These performance criteria would be evaluated during the department's review of a Feasibility Report for the proposed expansion.

The locational and performance criteria will be evaluated again as the department reviews the ISR and Feasibility Report. Please keep in mind that as the department continues its review of the proposed expansion and as new information is presented, additional questions, concerns or requests for further information may occur before a feasibility determination is made.

Please do not hesitate to contact me by telephone at 608-275-7779 or by email at <u>carolyn.cooper@wisconsin.gov</u> if you have any questions about this letter.

Sincerely,

Carolyn Cooper, P.G. Hydrogeologist

Carolyn Cooper

South Central Region

cc: Cynthia Moore - DNR - SCR (e-copy) Ann Bekta - DNR - SCR (e-copy)
Joe Lourigan - DNR - WA/5 (e-copy) Valerie Joosten - DNR - WA/5 (e-copy)
Tyler Sullivan - DNR - SCR (e-copy)
Betsy Powers - SCS Engineers (e-copy) - Bpowers@scsengineers.com

State of Wisconsin
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
3911 Fish Hatchery Road
Fitchburg WI 53711-5397

Scott Walker, Governor Daniel L. Meyer, Secretary

Telephone 608-266-2621 Toll Free 1-888-936-7463 TTY Access via relay - 711



August 23, 2018

Mr. John Welch
Dane County Department of Public Works
1919 Alliant Energy Center Way
Madison, WI 53713

FILE REF: FID# 113127300 Dane County SW Approvals

SUBJECT: Plan of Operation Approval Modification, Dane County Landfill No. 2 (Rodefeld),

License No. 3018

Dear Mr. Welch:

The requested modifications to your plan of operation which include modifications to the gas extraction system, native prairie seed mix, and design of the downslope flumes at the Dane County Landfill No. 2 (Rodefeld) have been reviewed and approved. Please include the attached approval in the written operating record for the landfill as specified in s. NR 506.17, Wis. Adm. Code.

Gas Extraction System

Dane County proposes to modify the gas extraction system to more efficiently extract gas from the closed portions (Phases 1 through 8) of the landfill and to provide a connection to the renewable natural gas processing facility currently under construction. A new header system is proposed in the landfill west of the Eastern Expansion. The new single wall header and lateral system will be installed in the rooting zone above the geomembrane cap. All headers/lateral will be installed at a minimum slope of 2%, will be equal or greater in size to that analyzed in the plan of operation, and all condensate will drain to one of five knockouts that connect to the existing leachate collection system. The only liquid present within the proposed header/lateral system will be gas condensate generated within the system. The natural gas plant will continuously monitor the quantity and quality of the landfill gas going into the plant. Any air intrusion into the system would quickly be noted by the gas plant and header/lateral repairs would be made as needed.

Because of the known gas system issues in the older portions of the landfill, in 2018 Dane County intends to install the new header system in areas of the landfill that were capped prior to 2017. The remainder of the proposed system will be installed incrementally, as deemed necessary, in the future. Existing portions of the extraction system which have been replaced will be valved off or physically disconnected.

Native Prairie Seed Mix

Dane County proposes to use a Native Pollinator Friendly Seed Mixture consisting of 65% native grasses and 35% forbs and legumes with a mature height of 4-6 feet for vegetating final cover areas. The native seed mix selected will not require burning, will provide erosion control, will create habitat for butterflies, and will have shallow root depths. Walking paths consisting of shorter grass will be utilized from the access road along the top of the landfill to maintain gas wells and perform the surface emission monitoring on final cover areas.



Routine maintenance will be performed on the final cover areas of the landfill receiving the native prairie seed mix by a contractor for the first five years after planting. During the first year, the entire seeded area will be mowed a minimum of three times; and will be spot treated with herbicide and reseeded as necessary. During the second year, the entire seeded area will be mowed between one and three times; and will be spot treated with herbicide and reseeded as necessary. During the third through fifth year, spot mowing, spot herbicide treatments, and reseeding will be completed as necessary. After the first five years, Dane County will perform maintenance as needed.

Downslope Flumes

Dane County proposes to replace the downslope riprap spillways and wood walls at the bottom of the spillways approved in the 1994 Western Expansion plan of operation with the 2014 Eastern Expansion downslope flume design. The new design of the diversion berms, downslope flumes, and energy dissipaters will meet the requirements of ss. NR 504.09, NR 216 and NR 151, Wis. Adm. Code.

If you have any questions regarding this letter, please contact Ann Bekta at (608)743-4845 or ann.bekta@wisconsin.gov.

Sincerely,

Cynthia Moore

Cyulia Mora

Waste and Materials Management Program Supervisor South Central Region

cc: Robert Regan - regan@countyofdane.com

George Shereda - GShereda@trcsolutions.com

Ann Bekta – ann.bekta@wisconsin.gov

Adam Hogan – adam.hogan@wisconsin.gov

Valerie Joosten – valerie.joosten@wisconsin.gov

BEFORE THE STATE OF WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

PLAN OF OPERATION APPROVAL MODIFICATION FOR THE DANE COUNTY LANDFILL NO. 2 (RODEFELD) (#3018)

FINDINGS OF FACT

- Dane County owns and operates the Dane County Landfill No. 2 (Rodefeld), a solid waste disposal facility located in the N1/2 of Section 25, T7N, R10E, City of Madison, Dane County, Wisconsin.
- 2. Conditional plan of operation approvals were issued by the department for the facility on August 14, 1984, March 14, 1994 and August 13, 2014.
- 3. On July 30, 2018, Dane County submitted a request to the department for modifications to the plan of operation approval. The review fee of \$1,650 was mailed to the department on August 13, 2018.
- 4. The information submitted in connection with the modification request includes:
 - A letter entitled "Plan Modification, Dane County Landfill Site No. 2 Rodefeld, Madison, Wisconsin (License No. 3018)" dated July 27, 2018 which was received by the department on July 30, 2018.
 - A letter entitled "Plan Modification Addendum No. 1, Dane County Landfill Site No. 2 -Rodefeld, Madison, Wisconsin (License No. 3018)" dated August 20, 2018 which was emailed to the department on August 20, 2018.
- 5. Additional documents considered in connection with the modification request include the following:
 - a. The department's August 13, 2014 plan of operation approval.
 - b. The department's March 14, 1994 plan of operation approval.
 - c. The department files for the Dane County Landfill (License #3018).
- 6. The condition set forth below will not inhibit compliance with the standards set forth in the applicable portions of chs. NR 500-538, Wis. Adm. Code.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

1. The department has authority under s. 289.30(6), Stats., to modify a plan of operation approval if the modification would not inhibit compliance with the applicable portions of chs. NR 500-538, Wis. Adm. Code.

2. In accordance with the foregoing, the department has authority under s. 289, Stats., to issue the following plan of operation approval modification.

PLAN OF OPERATION APPROVAL MODIFICATION

The department hereby approves the proposed modification to the plan of operation for the gas extraction system, native prairie seed mix, and design of the downslope flumes at the Dane County Landfill No. 2 (Rodefeld), subject the provisions of chs. NR 500 through NR 538, Wis. Adm. Code and the following:

Dane County shall mow around gas extraction wells, valves and other protrusions in the final cover system prior to performing the surface emission monitoring and as needed for monitoring, maintenance, and operation of the gas extraction wells, valves and other protrusions. The County shall also mow the path needed to perform the surface emissions monitoring in accordance with the construction and operation permits issued for the landfill by the department's Air Management Program.

This approval is based on the information available to the department as of the date of approval. If additional information, project changes or other circumstances indicate a possible need to modify this approval, the department may ask you to provide further information relating to this activity. Likewise, the department accepts proposals to modify approvals, as provided for in state statutes and administrative codes.

NOTICE OF APPEAL RIGHTS

If you believe that you have a right to challenge this decision, you should know that Wisconsin statutes and administrative rules establish time periods within which requests to review department decisions must be filed.

For judicial review of a decision pursuant to sections 227.52 and 227.53, Stats., you have 30 days after the decision is mailed, or otherwise served by the department, to file your petition with the appropriate circuit court and serve the petition on the department. Such a petition for judicial review shall name the department of Natural Resources as the respondent.

Dated: August 23, 2018

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
For the Secretary

Cynthia Moore

Waste & Materials Management Supervisor

The More

South Central Region

Ann M. Bekta, P.E.

Waste Management Engineer

South Central Region



8413 Excelsior Drive, Suite 160, Madison, WI 53717 T 877.633.5520 | W www.cornerstoneeg.com

March 12, 2015

Mr. Adam Hogan Solid and Hazardous Waste Management Section Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources 3911 Fish Hatchery Road Fitchburg, WI 53711

Re: Dane County No. 2 (Rodefeld) Landfill - License No. 3018

Phase 9 Cell 1 Construction Documentation Report

Professional Geologist Certification

Dear Mr. Hogan:

During December 2014, Dane County prepared and submitted a Documentation Report to the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (WDNR) for the Phase 9 – Cell 1 Liner Construction at the Dane County No. 2 (Rodefeld) Landfill. On January 29, 2015, the WDNR issued a Conditional Construction Documentation Approval Letter to Dane County. Condition No. 3 of the Approval required that a report be submitted to the WDNR by and under the seal of a Professional Geologist regarding the adequacy of the gas probe and monitoring well installation and abandonment information included in the Phase 9 Cell 1 Documentation Report within 60 days of the date of the Approval.

The gas probe and monitoring well information included in Appendix I of the Documenation Report was reviewed for adequacy as requested by the WDNR and the findings of the review are summarized as part of this letter. Although the gas probe and monitoring well installation and abandonment work was not observed or performed under the direction of a Profesional Geologist, the provided information generally meets the requirements of the NR 507 and NR 141. Suggestions were provided to Dane County regarding further substantiating the documentation in the Report. As a result, Dane County prepared WDNR Well Information Forms (WIFs) in accordance with NR 507 to further supplement information provided on the the boring and monitoring well installation and abandonment logs included in the Report and to comply with the code requirements. The WIFs are attached to this letter. It is also understood since monitoring wells (M-9AR, M-9BR, M-28R, M-302AR, and M-302BR) were installed as replacement wells, that specific NR 507 requirements were met by the data collected at previously installed wells.

Mr. Adam Hogan March 12, 2015 Page 2



As a reviewer of the information presented in the Documentation Report and as suggested by the WDNR, it has been recommended to Dane County that subsequent drilling and monitoring well installation/abandonment activites be observed by or under the direction of a Professional Geologist.

Upon your review of this letter, please contact me at 630-410-7224 with any further questions.

Sincerely,

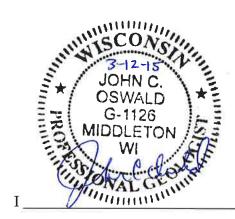
Cornerstone Environmental Group, LLC

John C. Oswald. P.G. Senior Project Manager

Enclosure: Attachments

cc: Ann Bekta - WDNR
Dennis Mack - WDNR
John Welch - Dane County





, hereby certify that I am a licensed professional

John C. Oswald

geologist in the State of Wisconsin in accordance with the requirements of ch. GHSS 2, Wis. Adm. Code; that the preparation of this document has not involved any unprofessional conduct as detailed in ch. GHSS 5, Wis. Adm. Code; and that, to the best of my knowledge, all information contained in this document is correct and the document was prepared in compliance with all applicable requirements in chs. NR 500 to 538, Wis. Adm. Code.

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State of Wisconsin DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES 3911 Fish Hatchery Road Fitchburg WI 53711-5397

Scott Walker, Governor Cathy Stepp, Secretary Telephone 608-266-2621 Toll Free 1-888-936-7463 TTY Access via relay - 711



August 13, 2014

File Ref:

FID 113127300

Dane County SW Approval

Mr. John Welch Dane County Solid Waste Manager 1919 Alliant Energy Center Way Madison, WI 53713

Subject: Eastern Expansion Plan of Operation, Dane County No. 2 (Rodefeld) Landfill

(#3018)

Dear Mr. Welch:

We have completed our review of your plan of operation for the proposed Dane County No. 2 (Rodefeld) Landfill Eastern Expansion and determined that it is consistent with Wisconsin's solid waste regulations. Therefore, the plan of operation is approved subject to compliance with chs. NR 500-538, Wis. Adm. Code and the conditions of the attached approval.

We have provided a summary of the facility's approval conditions (attachment #3). This condition summary is for informational purposes and does not relieve you of the compliance requirements of any condition prior to issuance of the summary.

This approval does not relieve you of obligations to meet all other applicable federal, state and local permits, as well as zoning and regulatory requirements.

If you have any questions regarding this approval, please contact Ann Bekta at (608)743-4845 or Adam Hogan at (608)275-3292.

Sincerely,

Dennis Mack, P.E.

Waste and Materials Management Program

South Central Region

attachments

c: Ann Bekta – Janesville

Adam Hogan - SCR Bob Grefe - WA/5 Joe Lourigan - WA/5

Colleen Stork (financial responsibility file) – WA/5 Dennis Marshall - DAMarshall@trcsolutions.com

RECEIVED AUG 1 5 2014



PROJECT SUMMARY DANE COUNTY NO. 2 (RODEFELD) LANDFILL EASTERN EXPANSION

GENERAL INFORMATION

AUTHORIZED CONTACT: Mr. John Welch

Dane County Solid Waste Manager 1919 Alliant Energy Center Way

Madison, WI 53713

LICENSEE AND PROPERTY OWNER: Dane County Department of Public Works - Solid

Waste Division

SITE LOCATION: The Dane County Rodefeld Landfill is located in the N ½ of Section 25, T7N, R10E, in the City of Madison, Dane County, Wisconsin.

ACREAGE AND ACCESS: The proposed horizontal expansion will add approximately 28.6 acres to the landfill footprint. The total licensed disposal area will be approximately 104.6 acres (76 existing acres + 28.6 proposed acres) of an approximately 220.43-acre parcel of land owned by Dane County. Access to the facility will be via the existing route for the site from State Highway 12/18.

PROPOSED CAPACITY: The proposed horizontal and vertical expansion will provide approximately 3,837,900 cubic yards of design capacity. The proposed capacity added to the existing approved landfill capacity (7,071,400 cubic yards) provides a total site capacity of 10,909,300 cubic yards. Dane County anticipates that it will receive approximately 164,390 tons of waste annually. A 7:1 waste to daily cover ratio was assumed.

WASTE TYPES AND GENERATORS SERVED: The site will accept non-hazardous industrial special wastes, residential, commercial and construction and demolition wastes for disposal. The anticipated general service area includes Dane County, Wisconsin and adjacent surrounding areas. Dane County utilizes soil and other alternative daily cover material for daily cover of the waste. Approved alternative daily covers are Con cover, contaminated soil and street sweepings.

A Special Waste Acceptance Plan (Appendix P) is approved for the site as part of the plan of operation. This plan will be used to screen industrial waste (referred to as "special wastes"). The program calls for specific testing protocols and disposal procedures based on the waste type. Under this program the landfill is able to accept many specifically categorized special wastes without additional Department review and may self-approve various additional special wastes for beneficial use. The program identifies certain waste types which must receive prior Department approval on a case-by-case basis.

Special wastes may include but are not limited to, asbestos (friable and non-friable), contaminated soil (petroleum and other contaminants), dredged sediment and soil, street sweepings, animal carcasses, treated medical waste, small amounts of nonhazardous wastewater treatment plant wastes and sludge, and coal/wood wastes.

PERIOD OF LONG TERM CARE RESPONSIBILITY: Dane County must, by law, provide financial assurance sufficient to care for the landfill for a period of 40 years following landfill

closure. However, Dane County will be responsible for long term care of the facility in perpetuity.

SITE CHARACTERISTICS

For a detailed description of the site characteristics refer to the Feasibility Determination for the proposed expansion to the Dane County No. 2 (Rodefeld) Landfill issued by the Department February 3, 2014.

EXISTING LANDFILL DESIGN

The original landfill (51.5 acres) plan of operation was approved on August 14, 1984 and had four phases (starting on the west side of the site and proceeding to the east). The liner consisted of 5 feet of clay overlain by a 1 foot sand drainage blanket and 6 inch diameter schedule 80 PVC leachate collection pipes. A lysimeter was constructed under the liner on the northern end of each phase.

A horizontal and vertical expansion plan of operation was approved on March 14, 1994. The vertical expansion (Phase 5) was placed over phases 1 through 3. The horizontal expansion (21.7 acres) consisted of three phases (Phase 6, 7, and 8) to the west of Phase 1 of the original footprint. The liner of the vertical expansion consisted of 4 feet of clay overlain by a 60 mil HDPE geomembrane and a 1 foot granular drainage blanket and 6 inch diameter Schedule 80 PVC leachate collection pipes. A lysimeter was constructed under the liner on the northern end of Phase 6.

Approximately 38 acres of the landfill have final cover. The final cover over the original landfill footprint consists of 2 feet of clay, 18 inches of rooting zone and 6 inches of topsoil. The final cover over the vertical expansion (Phase 5) consists of 2 feet of clay, 40 mil HDPE geomembrane, a geocomposite drainage layer, 18 inches of rooting zone and 6 inches of topsoil.

The landfill has an active gas extraction system consisting of 52 extraction wells and gas to energy facilities. The gas system was evaluated as part of the plan of operation submittal (Addendum #2). Several wells had high liquid levels or obstructions and will need to be replaced as noted in Table 7-1 of Addendum #2.

PROPOSED LANDFILL DESIGN

The Eastern Expansion consists of approximately 45.6 acres of disposal area composed of 28.6 acres of horizontal expansion area, and 17 acres of vertical expansion area that overlay the existing landfill. The vertical expansion area will overlay the eastern side of the existing landfill that currently has approved final cover. The topsoil and most of the rooting zone material will be removed and remaining composite liner layers will be placed as described below.

SUBBASE GRADES: In the horizontal expansion area, the subbase grades have been designed with 3:1 interior sideslopes on all sides of the landfill. Elevations of the subbase excavation range from approximately 866 ft MSL in the northern portion of Phases 9 and 10 to approximately 878 ft MSL at the high point of Phases 9 and 10. The subbase design maintains the bottom of the clay component of the composite liner at all locations (excluding the sumps and leachate collection line undercuts) to be no lower than the high groundwater elevations observed on June 1, 2008.

GRADIENT CONTROL SYSTEM: In lieu of the 10-foot separation distance to the high groundwater table, Dane County will install a groundwater gradient control system in the horizontal expansion area to minimize the chances of groundwater reaching the bottom of the compacted clay liner. The gradient control system will consist of 6-inch diameter Sch. 80 PVC or SDR 11 HDPE collection piping located in 2-foot wide box-type trenches. A 1-foot thick select granular fill drainage layer will be placed over the pipe trenches and will extend 25 feet on each side of the gradient control trenches. The select granular fill material used to construct the drainage layer will have a minimum hydraulic conductivity of 1 x 10⁻³ cm/s and the select aggregate fill in the box trenches will have a hydraulic conductivity of 1 x 10⁻² cm/s. The gradient control pipes will follow the layout of the leachate collection pipes except in the area of the sumps where the gradient control pipes will jog to the west approximately 18 feet to avoid the sumps. The gradient control pipes will slope at 0.39 percent from South to North and will connect to a lateral pipe that runs east to west between Phases 9 and 10. The lateral will then run in a northwest direction under the Northeastern Sedimentation Basin before discharging to the ground surface adjacent to Northern Wetland 1. A groundwater monitoring point similar to a leachate head well in design (GCM-1) will be installed under the subbase grades of Phase 9-Cell 1 to monitor the performance of the gradient control system.

BASE GRADES: The base grades (top of composite clay liner) over the base horizontal expansion of the landfill range from approximate elevation of 870 MSL in the northern end of Phases 9 and 10 to an approximate elevation of 884 MSL at the high point of Phases 9 and 10. The base of the landfill will have a minimum slope in grade of 2.0 percent and a maximum distance of 260-feet between leachate collection pipes.

COMPOSITE LINER: For the horizontal expansion, the liner will consist of 4 feet of compacted clay overlain by a 60-mil HDPE geomembrane. The clay used in the liner will meet the specifications listed in s. NR 504.06(2), Wis. Adm. Code. The 60-mil HDPE geomembrane will be placed directly on top of the compacted, tested, and smoothed clay liner. The 3:1 side slopes will be covered by a textured 60-mil HDPE geomembrane. The geomembrane will be covered by a 12-oz/sy nonwoven geotextile and a one-foot-thick drainage blanket.

For the vertical expansion over existing final cover that has a geomembrane layer, the topsoil and rooting zone material will be removed to the extent possible to create a uniform and positive slope, and to provide a smooth surface for placement of the 12 oz geotextile layer and 12-inch thick select aggregate leachate drainage layer. A minimum of 6 inches of general fill will be left in place over the existing geocomposite drainage layer so the geocomposite material will not be disturbed during soil excavation. The existing 40 mil HDPE geomembrane layer, 2-foot thick clay layer and geocomposite drainage layer will be left in place to serve as a composite liner.

For the vertical expansion over existing final cover that does not have a geomembrane layer, the topsoil and rooting zone material will be removed to expose the existing 2-foot thick clay layer. After the clay has been exposed, the clay will be tested on a 100-foot grid pattern for dry density and in-place moisture content to determine the degree of soil compaction remaining in the clay. If the clay does not meet the clay specification of 90% modified Proctor density or 95% standard Proctor density per NR 504.06(2)(f)3, Wis. Adm. Code, the top one-foot of clay will be removed and stockpiled. The bottom 1-foot of clay will then be tested to verify that it meets the requirements of NR 504.06(2)(f)3, Wis. Adm. Code. Since Shelby tube samples were collected and tested during installation of the clay to confirm that the clay met the requirements of NR 504.06(2)(a), Wis. Adm. Code, additional testing is not required. After the 2-foot clay layer has been verified or replaced, a 40 mil HDPE geomembrane will be placed over the clay. The geomembrane will be covered by a 12-oz/sy nonwoven geotextile and a one-foot-thick drainage blanket.

Procedures that will be performed for clay liner compaction verification over the vertical expansion area will consist of the following:

- Remove the existing general fill and topsoil layers.
- Perform field density tests on the top of the clay layer at a maximum 100 foot grid pattern.
- Leave areas with passing field density tests in-place.
- Remove and temporarily stockpile clay in areas with failing field density test results.
- Perform field density test on top of the bottom one foot thick clay layer at a maximum 100 foot grid pattern.
- Leave areas with passing field density test results in-place.
- Recompact areas with failing field density tests. Perform field density tests on a maximum 100 foot grid pattern.
- Replace removed clay in six inch lifts. Perform field density test on a maximum 100 foot offset grid pattern for each lift.
- Collect Shelby tube samples for laboratory hydraulic conductivity testing for every three acres or less per one foot thickness of clay placement.
- Repeat clay placement procedures for areas with laboratory hydraulic conductivity test results greater than 1 x 10⁻⁷ cm/s.

DRAINAGE BLANKET: The 1-foot-thick granular drainage blanket will have a permeability of 1 cm/s or greater. The drainage blanket will meet the specifications listed in s. NR 504.06(5)(t), Wis. Adm. Code.

LEACHATE LEVEL MONITORING: There will at least two leachate headwells in each phase of the landfill. The headwells will consist of 4-inch-diameter SDR 11 HDPE pipe with a 5-foot perforated section at the end of the headwell. The rest of the headwell will be solid pipe extending up the sidewall to the surface. The headwell piping will be bedded at the base of the granular drainage blanket.

LEACHATE COLLECTION SYSTEM: The proposed leachate collection system will consist of 6-inch-diameter, Sch. 80 PVC or SDR 11 HDPE pipes installed in shallow v-shaped trenches. The primary leachate collection trenches are sloped at a minimum of 0.9% to the south and 0.8% to the north (based on design calculations required by s. NR 514.06(14), Wis. Adm. Code). The collection lines have a high point where phases 9 and 10 meet phases 11 and 12. A minimum of 4 inches of gravel will be placed in the trenches prior to installation of the leachate collection pipes. The pipe bedding material will consist of washed stone. After the pipes have been installed the remaining gravel will be placed so that a minimum of 6 inches of material is above the top of the pipe after the trenches are filled. Cleanouts will be installed on both ends of each pipeline segment. The leachate collection lines will be approximately 2,000 feet in length.

The leachate conveyance system will consist of four sumps connected to the collection pipe trenches. At each sump location, one inclined 18-inch diameter SDR 17 HDPE riser pipes will extend from the bottom of the sump up to an access vault at the top of the landfill perimeter berm. Each pump (approximately 50 to 65 gpm) will be fitted with a pressure transducer to monitor leachate heads and control pump operation. Each of the collection sumps is designed to minimize the volume of liquid that remains in the sump after pumping. The leachate holding capacity of the sump below the elevation of the leachate collection pipe trench will be approximately 8,600 gallons. The volume of each sump will be the same. The bottom dimensions of the sump will be approximately 20 feet wide and 25 feet long. The top dimensions of the sump will be approximately 40 feet wide and 45 feet long. The depth of the sump is approximately 3 feet.

The sump area design will include (bottom to top) a 4 foot clay liner, a 60 mil HDPE geomembrane liner, and 2 layers of 12-oz/sy geotextile cushion. One-inch-thick HDPE plates will be installed over the base of the sump for additional protection of the geomembrane liner.

Leak location testing will be conducted after the leachate collection layer has been placed on the base grades and the lower half of the sideslopes. In addition, Dane County may perform a 24 hour water leak test of the sump.

An 8X6 foot concrete perimeter access vault will be installed at the top of the perimeter berm at each sump location. Leachate pumped up the riser pipes will be transferred to leachate forcemain piping at these vaults. The leachate transfer line will be equipped with check valves so that leachate cannot pump from the sump in one phase into the sump of another phase when the pump in that phase is not operating. The leachate forcemain transfer line for Phases 9 and 10 will be located on the north side of the landfill in the perimeter berm. The leachate forcemain transfer line for Phases 11 and 12 will be located on the south side of the landfill in the perimeter berm. The forcemain will be a double contained pipe consisting of 3-inch-diameter SDR 17 HDPE forcemain pipe within a 6-inch SDR 17 HDPE containment pipe. The leachate forcemain pipes run west to the MMSD manhole located next to U.S. Highway 12/18.

The side slope riser vaults will also provide access points for maintenance of the pumps. The pumps will be fitted with rollers or the equivalent to facilitate installation and removal through the inclined riser pipes and are designed to be maneuvered from the top of the riser pipe by lift cables.

LEACHATE COLLECTION AND TREATMENT: Leachate collected from the landfill is transported by forcemain pipe to the existing City of Madison sanitary sewer line located along Highway 12/18. Leachate that is not recirculated back into the waste mass will be routed through the City of Madison sewer system and treated at the Madison Metropolitan Sewer District (MMSD) wastewater treatment plant.

LEACHATE RECIRCULATION: A leachate recirculation plan was included in the plan of operation report (Appendix K). Leachate will be recirculated in the expansion area by surface application and horizontal distribution methods. Open surface trenches or ponds will not be utilized. Leachate will not be recirculated in areas that do not have active gas extraction systems installed. The leachate recirculation operations and reporting will be performed in accordance with NR 506.135, Wis. Adm. Code and leachate recirculation monitoring will be performed in accordance with NR 507.215, Wis. Adm. Code.

Leachate recirculation will not begin until a minimum of 20 vertical feet of waste have been placed over the leachate collection system. A minimum setback distance of 100 lateral feet will be maintained from the perimeter sideslopes.

Surface application of leachate may be accomplished at the working face by distributing leachate onto the waste using a tanker truck or directly pumping from the leachate collection system. Distribution piping or hose will be placed directly on the waste surface to minimize misting or airborne aerosols. Applications will be conducted during periods of low wind speeds and at times when or in areas where the public is excluded to reduce the potential for exposure.

The application of leachate directly to the waste prior to, and during compaction will allow the moisture to be incorporated directly into the waste. The surface application rates will be limited to an amount that can be added without generating runoff, creating seeps or ponding, or

generating odors. The application areas will be covered with newly placed waste or cover soil as soon as possible or at least by the end of the same working day.

The horizontal distribution system will consist of perforated HDPE pipes run in parallel and 50 to 150 feet apart. There will be 10 to 30 feet of waste between successive horizontal distribution pipes. The distribution pipes will be connected with a forcemain that will extend from the sump riser to allow for direct pumping of leachate to the distribution pipes. At the start of each distribution pipe a control valve will be installed which will control the volume of leachate that will be allowed into the pipe. The system will be operated by applying leachate to a horizontal line for a period, then recirculation will stop and gas will be extracted from that line. Typically, the horizontal lines will alternate; one line will receive leachate while the next line will extract gas.

The perforated distribution pipes will be installed in a trench that is a minimum 2 feet wide and 2 feet deep. The distribution pipes will be bedded on approximately 1 foot of bedding material and will be covered with approximately 1 foot of bedding material. The bedding material will have a minimum permeability of 1 x 10⁻² cm/sec and will consist of coarse aggregate, shredded tires or other beneficially reused materials. The horizontal trenches will then be covered with a geotextile, refuse and then daily cover or alternative daily cover. The end of the trench containing the perforated pipe will be sealed with bentonite.

Warning Symptoms

Leachate recirculation will be suspended upon discovery of warning symptoms and may not resume in the area where the problem occurred until changes are made to the system or the warning symptoms have declined to acceptable levels. Dane County will notify the Department in writing within 7 days of the discovery of warning symptoms and suspension of leachate recirculation. Warning symptoms may include the following:

- Leachate chemistry showing acidic conditions and high CODs and gas lacking in methane
- Leachate head wells showing persistent elevated liquid levels
- Gas wells flooded and /or showing little or no gas production
- Carbon monoxide detected in gas at levels indicating potential subsurface fire, and/or evidence of smoke, burning odors, or other signs of subsurface fire
- Leachate seeps that are constant or recurring in areas near active recirculation or liquids addition
- Ponded leachate over recirculation trenches or on the active fill area
- Gas or odor emissions that require major adjustments of the gas extraction system to control
- Gas generation that is close to or exceeding flare and /or gas utilization equipment capacity when keeping vacuum on all gas extraction wells
- Anomalous increase in leachate pumping in or near a leachate drainage basin being subjected to leachate recirculation

Failure Thresholds

Leachate recirculation will be suspended whenever any of the failure thresholds are exceeded. Leachate recirculation may not resume until the Department has reviewed and approved changes to the system that will result in meeting the thresholds. Dane County will notify the Department within 3 days of the discovery of exceeding any failure threshold. Failure thresholds may include the following:

 Flowing leachate seeps with constant liquid output and observable flow for many feet down a sideslope

- Cracks, open or closed, across the waste surface, or other signs of block movement of waste
- Abnormal vibration or shaking while standing on the waste surface from traffic several feet away
- Trucks or other vehicles sinking into soft MSW, particularly if waste is wet or saturated, but only if this problem is persistent and not weather-related
- Visible changes in outline of the waste mass (i.e., bulging or obvious changes in slope)
- Collapse of access roads or other soil structures such as biopiles or stockpiles
- Massive odor and gas release that cannot be readily controlled by operation of gas extraction controls

PHASES: The Expansion will be divided into four phases (Phases 9, 10, 11 and 12) consisting of seven construction events (Phase 9 will have 2 Cells and Phase 10 will have 3 Cells). Construction of Phase 10 will include tying into the existing Phase 4 perimeter berm along the western side of Phase 10. Phase 11 will also tie into the existing berm for Phase 4 on the western side of Phase 11. Temporary delineation berms will be used between construction events to separate waste, waste contact water and leachate in developed areas from undeveloped areas. The berms will be constructed with the same select aggregate fill that is used for the 1-foot-thick drainage layer. The aggregate will be placed 5.5 feet high with a 3:1 sideslope and will be covered with a geomembrane and additional aggregate. The geomembrane and aggregate material covering the berm will be removed when the next portion of the phase is constructed, and the aggregate fill material will be used for the leachate collection drainage layer.

FINAL COVER: The maximum elevation of the landfill will be approximately 1000 ft MSL. Prior to placement of the final cover system, a 6-inch thick (minimum) grading layer will be placed over the waste. The final cover system meets the requirements of NR 504.07 and will consist of the following layers (top to bottom):

Clay Option

- 6 inches of topsoil
- 2.5 feet of rooting zone
- Geocomposite drainage laver
- 40-mil flexible polyethylene geomembrane
- 2 feet compacted clay

Geosynthetic Clay Liner (GCL) Option

- 6 inches of topsoil
- 2.5 feet of rooting zone
- Geocomposite drainage layer
- 40-mil flexible polyethylene geomembrane
- GCL
- 2 feet of fine- grained soil barrier layer

Perimeter drainage pipes will be installed at the toe of the slope of the geocomposite drainage layer as required by s. NR 504.07(6)(b), Wis. Adm. Code. The perimeter drainage pipe will consist of 4-inch-diameter SDR 17 perforated pipe which will be bedded in coarse aggregate with a hydraulic conductivity of 1x10⁻² or greater. The drainage pipe will outlet every 200 feet along the perimeter of the landfill. Riprap will be provided at each outlet to prevent scouring.

SURFACE WATER DRAINAGE: Surface water runoff will be controlled by drainage channels, diversion berms, downslope discharge structures, culverts, and sedimentation basins.

Diversion berms will be installed along the final cover system to limit erosion and to collect and transfer surface water to a downslope discharge flume.

The ditch created by the diversion berm will be a minimum of 3 feet deep and will be seeded. The minimum slope along the flow line will be a minimum of 2%. The downslope flumes will convey surface water runoff collected by the diversion berms to the perimeter drainage ditches. The inlets to the discharge structures will consist of pipe end sections. The main downslope flumes will be 18-inch to 30-inch-diameter SDR 32.5 HDPE pipe. The downslope flumes will terminate in concrete energy dissipators with internal baffles prior to discharging into the sedimentation basins.

Surface water ditching is designed to handle the peak flow from a 25-year, 24-hour storm event. The concentrated flow areas with a shear stress of 0.6 psf or greater are designed to have erosion matting or other equivalent erosion stabilization. Concentrated flow areas with 5 fps or greater velocities are designed to with permanent erosion stabilization, such as turf reinforcement mat or riprap.

Three sedimentation basins (West, Northeast and Southeast) will receive surface water runoff from the landfill for removal of sediment prior to discharging water to the surrounding wetland areas. The existing west sedimentation basin will not be modified for the Expansion. The new (Northeast and Southeast) sedimentation basins will be designed as wet detention basins with a 5-foot deep permanent pool and outlet to settle 80 % of sediment during construction and 80% of Total Suspended Solids (TSS) control for post-construction conditions. The 80% TSS is based on an annual average storm of 1-year, 24-hour storm event. The principal spillway and outlet protection will be designed to pass a 25-year, 24-hour storm event. The emergency spillway will be designed to pass a 100-year storm event. The basins will dewater a 25-year, 24-hour storm in less than 3 days as required by NR 504.09(1)(e), Wis. Adm. Code, but still have the permanent pool below the sedimentation basin outlet.

GAS EXTRACTION SYSTEM: The Eastern Expansion gas extraction system will include gas extraction wells to be installed within the waste mass. The proposed vertical gas extraction well placement will be based on an approximate 150-foot radius of influence. The borings for the wells will be 36 inches in diameter and will extend to 10 feet above the leachate collection system in the horizontal expansion area and to within two feet of the proposed liner system over the vertical expansion area. A six-inch-diameter Sch. 80 perforated pipe will be placed in the 36-inch-diameter gravel pack. The solid portion of the extraction well will be six-inch Sch. 80 pipe. The bottom 2/3 to 3/4 of the pipe within each well will be perforated. The non-perforated piping will extend through the landfill cover for maintenance access and flow rate adjustments. The wells will be connected to a looped HDPE header pipe which has condensate knockout points that will drain to the leachate collection system. The condensate knockouts will be located within the landfill limits of waste and will remove condensate from the transfer pipes to prevent the condensate from leaving the landfill. The system is designed to achieve a minimum vacuum of 10 inches of water column at the gas extraction well that is located the furthest distance from the blower.

Horizontal gas extraction wells will be used in areas of limited waste depth over the vertical expansion area and are laid out with a 100-foot radius of influence. (See revised plan sheet 14 contained in Addendum No. 1). Horizontal gas extraction well will consist of 6-inch diameter perforated horizontal pipe and an 8-inch diameter vertical soil wall pipe (See detail 1/28 in Addendum No. 1). The vertical section will extend from the well head to a minimum of 5 feet below the final waste grades or 10 feet below the top of the final cover. The length of the perforated section of the proposed horizontal gas extraction wells will extend approximately 200

feet; however, the layout may be adjusted at the time of installation depending on the waste filling and the operational conditions.

The gas collection system will consist of HDPE pipe and will transport the extracted landfill gas from the wells to the two existing blower facilities. The first blower, located to the west of the landfill, has a flow capacity of approximately 2,000 scfm and can supply approximately 85 inches w.c. of vacuum. The second blower, located to the east of the landfill, has the flow capacity of 1,000 scfm flow and can supply approximately 40 inches w.c. of vacuum. A third blower, located to the east of the landfill and dedicated to the flare, has a capacity between 200 and 1,200 scfm. The flare serves as a backup to the gas to energy facility. Prior to reaching their capacity, the existing blowers will be replaced with larger equipment that can handle the additional flow from the Expansion.

GAS UTILIZATION: Dane County operates a gas to energy recovery facility that generates electrical power that is sold to the local utility. The County has seven landfill gas fired reciprocating engines/generators. Five are housed in the West Gas to Energy Generation Facility and two are housed in the East Gas to Energy Generation Facility. The flare is located next to the East Gas to Energy Generation Facility. The East Gas to Energy Generation Facility and the flare will be relocated to an area along the southern boundary of the existing landfill prior to construction of the Phase 11 liner.

FACILITY OPERATION

BUFFER ZONE: Prior to beginning construction activities that involve the mobilization of heavy equipment for soil excavation, buffer zones and setbacks to wetlands will be established. The buffer zones between construction areas and wetlands will be established to prohibit construction equipment, materials, and contractors' staff from entering these areas. Wherever possible, a minimum 50-foot wide undisturbed buffer zone between delineated wetlands and constructed features will be established. However, in a few locations a 25-foot to 30-foot undisturbed buffer zone will be needed. No portions of Wetland 1 (North Wetland) or Wetland 4 (South Wetland) are proposed to be removed or filled as part of the Eastern Expansion construction.

Erosion control fencing, boulders and sediment control logs will be placed along the outside edge of the wetlands undisturbed buffer zones. Dane County will also place durable signs with bold lettering that say "WETLAND PROTECTION AREA – THIS AREA NOT TO BE DISTURBED" along the buffer zone.

DISPOSAL OPERATION: Placement of waste will then begin in the horizontal expansion area in the northeast corner of Phase 9 Cell 1, and progress west and southward. Phase 10 Cell 1 will be filled next and then Phase 10 Cell 2, Phase 10 Cell 3, Phase 9 Cell 2, Phase 11 and Phase 12. Compaction equipment and procedures capable of consistently achieving a minimum waste density of 1,200 pounds per cubic yard of municipal waste will be used. At the end of each day 6 inches of daily cover soil or an alternate daily cover (in accordance with the requirements of NR 506,055) will be placed on the working disposal area.

The final cover and gas extraction systems will be installed in increments after the waste in each phase reaches final grades.

WASTE SCREENING: Incoming waste loads will be weighed at the scale. If the gate attendant identifies unauthorized waste in a load, the load will not be accepted for disposal. The site manager will be consulted in instances when the gate attendant questions the acceptability of a waste load. The landfill has a random load inspection program to spot check for the

presence of detectable hazardous or toxic wastes. The entrance gate will be locked during nonoperating hours.

SOIL STOCKPILING PLAN: The Expansion design calculations indicate that approximately 549,000 cubic yards of general fill/topsoil will be excavated from the Expansion footprint. There will be approximately 168,000 cubic yards of excess soil remaining after development of the Expansion and construction of the final cover for the existing landfill. As soil is excavated, the soil not needed for the phase being developed (excess soil) will be hauled and stockpiled. A stockpile and grading plan was contained in the plan of operation. The plan shows the location of the surface water controls along with hauling routes around the Expansion. Because stockpiling of soil is an on-going process of adding and taking of soil form the piles, the solid stockpile quantities and sizes provided in the plan of operation are approximate.

CONTROL OF TOTAL SUSPENDED PARTICULATE MATTER (TSP) AND WINDBLOWN DEBRIS: During construction TSP will be controlled primarily through the application of water to haul roads, limiting the number of haul roads, and limiting the speed of vehicles on haul roads to 15 mph. During daily landfill operations the primary means of controlling TSP generated by vehicular traffic will be the application of dust suppressant and water to haul roads. The amount of bare soil onsite will be minimized by vegetating exposed soil areas and soil stockpiles. In addition, access roads and bare soil areas that produce visible amounts of dust will be watered.

The primary methods of controlling windblown litter and debris will be: 1) maintaining a small working face, 2) covering portions of the active area as they are filled, 3) taking advantage of prevailing wind directions and orienting daily landfill operations accordingly, 4) collecting windblown litter on a routine basis, 5) positioning temporary fences or wind screens around the working area to intercept windblown debris and 6) permanent fences located around the landfill perimeter to intercept blowing debris.

ORGANIC STABILITY

An organic stability plan was included in the plan of operation report (Appendix S) in accordance with NR 514.07(9), Wis. Adm. Code which requires landfills to submit a plan for significantly reducing the amount of degradable organic material remaining after site closing in order to materially reduce the amount of time the landfill will take to achieve landfill organic stability.

The objective of the landfill organic stability plan is achievement of all of the measured goals in NR 514.07(9)(c), Wis. Adm. Code and stated below.

Goals of the Organic Stability Plan

- A monthly average total methane plus carbon dioxide gas production rate less than or equal to 5% of the maximum monthly average total gas production rate observed during the life of the facility, or less than 7.5 cubic feet of total gas per year for each cubic yard of waste in the facility.
- A steady downward trend in the rate of total methane plus carbon dioxide gas production.
- Production of total methane plus carbon dioxide gas cumulatively representing 75% or greater of the projected total gas production of the landfilled waste.
- 4. Reduction of the time necessary to reach landfill organic stability to 40 years or less after site closing.

Dane County's general approach to decrease the time required for the landfill to reach organic stability includes two elements:

- 1. Increase the moisture content in the waste mass to increase the waste degradation rate.
- Continue to divert additional organics from the landfill by not accepting waste that could be composted.

Leachate Recirculation

Increasing the moisture content is the primary strategy to reduce the amount of time required to reach organic stability. Increasing the moisture content is anticipated to increase the rate of waste degradation, which will reduce the amount of non-degraded organic material left in the landfill at the end of the post-closure period (40 years after closure). The moisture content will be increased through leachate recirculation. Total liquid addition will be limited to the currently approved allowable rate of 6,400 gallons per acre per day.

Recirculating leachate helps accomplish the following:

- Stabilization of the waste mass through accelerated biodegradation
- Reduction of leachate treatment costs
- Improved compaction and maximization of approved airspace
- Improved waste mass stability and ultimately long-term integrity of the final cover through reduced post-capping differential settlement
- Enhanced gas production

Monitoring and Evaluation

Implementation of the organic stability plan will be monitored and evaluated for effectiveness. The leachate recirculation monitoring will be in accordance with NR 507.215(1)-(4), Wis. Adm. Code which includes liquid mass balance, leachate head, leachate characteristics and landfill gas monitoring. Refer to the attached landfill gas monitoring table.

Yard Waste Composting

Dane County will continue to divert material suitable for composting to the on-site composting operations.

Contingency Plan

The contingency plan will need to be implemented if monitoring and evaluation of the organic stability plan indicate the facility is unlikely to achieve the goals outlined in NR 514.07(9)(c), Wis. Adm. Code and stated above. If it is determined that liquid addition may not achieve the landfill organic stability goals due to technical, operational, or political issues, then Dane County will evaluate the other options available at that time for achieving organic stability and will update the contingency plan as part of the annual reporting process. Contingency plan options could include but are not limited to the following:

- Divert composting items to off-site source.
- Divert other organic waste streams from the landfill

- Pre-process organic or hybrid waste (e.g. composting or shredding) before placement in the landfill
- Implement aerobic bioreactor approach to landfill operations
- Delay final cover installation for a longer period of time

Reporting

Annual progress reports will be prepared as required by NR 514.07(9)(d), Wis. Adm. Code. Each annual report will include an evaluation of whether changes are needed in the plan to correct problems or improve results. Dane County may update the contingency plan at this time also. Dane County may submit the annual organic stability report as part of the landfill annual report required by the attached approval. Every 5 years, Dane County will examine progress against the approved plan to evaluate the likelihood that the plan will enable the facility to reach the goals listed above and determine whether the contingency plan will be implemented. A report describing the evaluation and determination will be submitted to the Department as part of the annual report for that year. The Department may require that the contingency plan be implemented if its review finds that the progress the landfill has made is significantly different than the approved plan.

ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

Environmental and performance monitoring will extend through active site operation and long-term care. Monitoring data will be reported to the Department in an electronic format specified by the Department, as required by s. NR 507.26(3), Wis. Adm. Code. See attachments.

CLOSURE AND LONG TERM CARE COSTS

Although Dane County will be perpetually responsible for the long term care of this landfill, proof of owner financial responsibility is only required for closure of the most expensive area, and for long term care of the entire facility for a period of 40 years. Actions to be taken during closure and long term care, along with the associated cost estimates, are summarized below. Closure costs reflect the most expensive area to close, which includes 39.9 acres of the existing landfill and Phase 9 Cell 1 and Phase10 Cell 1 of the horizontal expansion for a total of 53.2 acres. The closure cost includes the installation of a multi-layered composite cap and a vertical gas extraction system. The composite cap will require the placement of a clay barrier layer and geocomposite clay liner, a 40-mil LLDPE geomembrane, a geonet drainage layer, a rooting zone layer and topsoil. Long term care costs reflect estimated yearly expenses for: groundwater, surface water, gas, leachate, and settlement monitoring; leachate collection and treatment; gas extraction system operation and maintenance; site maintenance; site inspections; and erosion repairs. All costs are based on 2014 unit prices and are rounded to the nearest \$100.

CLOSURE COSTS:

Item	Quantity	Unit cost	Estimated Cost
Final Cover Construction			
Mobilization	1 each	\$50,000/each	\$50,000
Clay placement (2 feet)	171,660 cy	\$10.50/cy	\$1,802,400
40-mil textured LLDPE	283,240 sy	\$5.40/sy	\$1,529,500
Geocomposite drainage layer	283,240 sy	\$5.00/sy	\$1,416,200
Rooting zone layer (2.5 ft)	214,580 cy	\$5.00/cy	\$1,072,900
Topsoil (6 inches)	42,920 cy	\$4.50/cy	\$193,100
Seed, fertilizer & mulch	54 acres	\$2,700/ac	\$145,800
Subtotal Final Cover Construction Costs			\$6,209,900
Miscellaneous (surface water management, features, etc.) ⁽¹⁾	1 LS		\$621,000
Gas Collection System			
Gas wells (assumes 9 wells with an average depth of 90 feet)	810 LF	\$117/LF	\$94,800
Gas header piping	3,640 LF	\$43/LF	\$156,500
Engineering, Documentation and Administration ⁽¹⁾	1LS		\$621,000
Subtotal of Closure Costs			\$7,703,200
Legal, Financial, and Administrative Services ⁽²⁾			\$385,200
		Subtotal	\$8,088,400
		10% Contingency	\$808,800
		Total Cost	\$8,897,200
		Cost/Acre	\$167,240

⁽¹⁾ Cost assumed to be 10% of final cover construction costs.

⁽²⁾ Cost assumed to be 5% of closure costs.

LONG TERM CARE COSTS:

Item	Quantity	Unit Cost	Estimated Annual Cos
General Care			
Reseed site areas/Repair erosion damage	1 acre	\$2,950/acre	\$3,000
Lawn mowing – 3 times annually	3 each	\$4,423/each	\$13,300
Maintenance of drainage features(ponds/ditches/culverts)	1 LS	(1 d	\$3,000
Maintenance of access/perimeter roads	1 LS		\$4,400
Site inspection – semi-annual, including annual report	1 LS		\$3,200
General maintenance/replacement of gas system components(blower and flare replacement every 20 years)	1 LS		\$14,700
Site electricity – blower, flare, pumps	1 LS		\$23,700
		Subtotal	\$65,300
Leachate Collection and Treatment			
Leachate pump inspection/maintenance - weekly	52 each	\$108/each	\$5,600
Leachate line cleaning and pressure testing	4 days	\$2,142/day	\$8,600
Leachate pump replacement(2 pumps & controls per year)	2 pumps	\$4,284/pump	\$8,600
Leachate treatment by MMSD	2,840,141 gal	\$0.003/gallon	\$8,500
Condensate treatment by MMSD	140,000 gal	\$0.003/gallon	\$400
		Subtotal	\$31,700
Environmental Monitoring			
Gas probe monitoring – quarterly	4 quarters	\$365/quarter	\$1,500
Gas well monitoring – monthly	12 months	\$1,195/month	14,300
Leachate head well measurement – monthly	12 months	\$186/month	\$2,200
Gas well leachate monitoring – quarterly	4 quarters	\$659/quarter	\$2,600
Groundwater sampling and elevation measurement – annual	1 LS		\$9,800
Groundwater laboratory costs – annual	1 LS		\$7,400
Monitoring reporting - quarterly	4 quarters	\$2,357/quarter	\$9,400
Groundwater well repair/maintenance - annual	1 LS		\$1,100
		Subtotal	\$48,300
Legal, financial and administrative costs – 5% of the annual cost			\$7,300
		Subtotal	\$152,600
		10% Contingency	\$15,300
		Total	\$167,900
		Cost/Acre	\$1,605

BEFORE THE STATE OF WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

CONDITIONAL PLAN OF OPERATION APPROVAL FOR THE DANE COUNTY NO. 2 (RODEFELD) LANDFILL EASTERN EXPANSION (LICENSE NO. 3018)

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Department finds that:

- Dane County ("County") owns and operates the Dane County Landfill No. 2 (Rodefeld), a solid waste disposal facility located in the N ½ of Section 25, T7N, R10E, City of Madison, Dane County, Wisconsin.
- 2. Conditional plan of operation approvals were issued by the Department for the facility on August 14, 1984 and March 14, 1994.
- The Department issued a determination of need and feasibility approval for an expansion to the existing facility February 3, 2014.
- 4. On April 2, 2014, Dane County submitted to the Department a plan of operation for the landfill expansion. The Department declared the plan of operation complete on June 18, 2014. The Department received the correct review fee of \$7,700 for the plan of operation on April 9, 2014.
- The information submitted in connection with the plan of operation review includes the following:
 - a. A report and appendices entitled "Eastern Expansion Plan of Operation, Dane County No. 2 (Rodefeld) Landfill, Madison, Wisconsin" and 33 accompanying plan sheets, dated April 1, 2014. This submittal was received by the Department on April 2, 2014.
 - b. A report entitled "Addendum No. 1, Eastern Expansion Plan of Operation Report" dated June 9, 2014 and received by the Department on June 11, 2014. This addendum included items need for completeness, the Purchase and Sale Agreement for 54.9 acres of land purchased from the City of Madison, an assessment of the existing gas extraction system, revised closure and long-term care costs and revised plan sheets.
 - A June 19, 2014, email from Dennis Marshall (TRC) addressing the Department's questions regarding the gradient control discharge elevation.
 - d. A July 3, 2014 Dane County letter regarding gas probe abandonment and relocations.
 - A July 9, 2014 email from John Welch (Dane County) concurring with Department requested changes to the Gradient Control Monitoring device GCM-1.
 - f. A report entitled "Dane County Public works Department Solid Waste Division, Dane County No. 2 (Rodefeld) Landfill, Madison, Wisconsin, Addendum No. 2 Eastern Expansion Plan of Operation Report" dated August 7, 2014 and received by the Department on August 8, 2014. This addendum included the private well and water supply agreement, additional PAL/ACL data analysis and other clarifications requested by the Department.

- Additional documents considered in the review of the plan of operation include the following:
 - The Department's February 3, 2014 Feasibility Determination.
 - b. The Department's August 14, 1984 and March 14, 1994 plan of operation approvals.
 - The Department's June 18, 1992 plan of operation approval modification for ConCover as alternative daily cover.
 - d. The Department's June 14, 2002 plan of operation approval modification for use of a GCL in the final cover.
 - The Department's February 26, 1996 plan of operation approval modification for groundwater standards.
 - f. The Department's October 24, 2008 plan of operation approval modification for leachate recirculation.
 - g. Department files for the Dane County No. 2 (Rodefeld) Landfill (#3018).
- Additional facts relevant to the review of the plan of operation include:
 - Selected solid waste materials can be approved by the Department as an alternative daily cover under the provisions of ss. NR 506.055(1) and (3), Wis. Adm. Code.
 - Control of groundwater table rise under liners by use of gradient control systems is a demonstrated technology.
 - c. Placement of a composite liner over existing waste that is underlain by a clay liner provides for the necessary containment to comply with 40 CFR 258 RCRA Subtitle D minimum requirements for MSW landfills.
 - d. The leachate collection line in Phase 2 has a jetting device and hose stuck in the pipe approximately 425 feet from the south cleanout.
 - The landfill had gas migration issues on the south end Phase 3 near gas probe GP-11 in 2007 and 2008.
- 8. Neither the applicant, nor any person owning a 10% or greater legal or equitable interest in the applicant, or the assets of the applicant:
 - Is in noncompliance with a plan approval or order issued by the Department for a solid or hazardous waste facility in Wisconsin;
 - b. Owns or previously owned a 10% or greater legal or equitable interest in a person, or in the assets of a person, who is not in compliance with a plan approval or order issued by the Department for a solid or hazardous waste facility in Wisconsin.
- The applicant has demonstrated to the Department that the storm water control requirements for Dane County No. 2 (Rodefeld) Landfill are at least as stringent as the applicable regulations under subch. II of ch. NR 216, Wis. Adm. Code.

- 10. Before the Department may approve an ACL, the Department must first grant an exemption to the groundwater standard established in ch. NR 140, Wis. Adm. Code for the respective groundwater monitoring point and parameter. The approvals listed below granted exemptions to the groundwater standards established in ch. NR 140, Wis. Adm. Code for the groundwater monitoring points and parameters that have an ACL listed in Table 7 of Attachment #2:
 - a. The February 3, 2014 Eastern Expansion Feasibility Determination.
 - The February 26, 1996 Ground Water Standards Plan Modification approving ACLs and PALs
 - c. The August 17,1993 Feasibility Determination for the Dane County Rodefeld Expansion
- 11. The Department's February 26, 1996 approval for NR 140 Groundwater Exemptions approved PALs and ACLs for parameters at wells M--9A through WT-208A.
- In the April 1, 2014 Plan of Operation Report Dane County proposed PALs and ACLs for parameters at wells M-17B and M-301A through M-303A.
- Addendum 2 to the plan of operation was submitted on August 8, 2014 and included proposed ACLs for parameters at wells M-5B, M-14A, M-14B, WT-201A/201AR, WT-202B, WT-204A and WT-207A/207AR.
- 14. In order to check Dane County's proposed PAL and ACLs, the Department calculated PALs and ACLs for those parameters and wells for which NR 140 groundwater exemptions have been granted and for which Dane County submitted proposed PALs and ACLs. The Department's approved PALs and ACLs are located in tables 6 and 7 of Attachment #2.
- 15. The NR 140 groundwater PALs for indicator parameters and the NR 140 groundwater ACLs established in this approval are based on at least 8 sample results for each substance at each groundwater monitoring point.
- 16. The PALs for indicator parameters established in this approval are equal to the mean background water quality plus 3 standard deviations or the mean background water quality plus the minimum increase specified in Table 3, ch. NR 140, Wis. Adm. Code, whichever is greater.
- 17. The ACLs established in this approval are equal to the mean background water quality plus 2 standard deviations in accordance with Department's Solid Waste Technical Guidance for PAL/ACL Calculations (guidance document WA 1105, 2007).
- 18. The calculated PALs were rounded up to 2 significant figures and calculated ACLs were rounded up in accordance with Department's Solid Waste Technical Guidance for PAL/ACL Calculations (guidance document WA 1105, 2007)
- 19. The Department has determined that the exemptions which were granted for the wells and parameters listed in the table below will need to be rescinded because they are not warranted for the reasons listed in the table:

Well	GEMS ID#	Parameter	Date Exemption was Issued	Reason for Rescinding Exemption
WT-105 AR	126	Chloride	2/3/2014 Feasibility Determination	The average concentration is below the NR 140 PAL of 125 mg/l ug/L. All samples since 2000 are below NR 140 PAL.

- 20. The February 3, 2014 Feasibility Determination granted code exemptions for the proposed Dane County Landfill Eastern Expansion. Except where otherwise specified in this approval, the exemptions granted in the February 3, 2014 feasibility determination apply to the Plan of Operation.
- 21. The Department granted an exemption from s. NR 512.09(6)(c), Wis. Adm. Code, which requires consolidation testing data in the February 3, 2014 feasibility determination. Dane County has demonstrated circumstances that warrant an exemption from s. NR 504.06(6)(c), Wis. Adm. Code which requires primary and secondary settlement calculations, since the consolidation testing data is not available.
- 22. The special conditions set forth below are needed to assure that the landfill is operated in an environmentally sound fashion and will not inhibit compliance with the standards set forth in the applicable provisions of chs. NR 500-538, Wis. Adm. Code.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- The Department has authority under s. 289.30, Stats. to approve a plan of operation with special conditions if the conditions are needed to ensure compliance with chs. NR 500 to 538, Wis. Adm. Code.
- The Department has authority under s. NR 140.28, Wis. Adm. Code, and ss. 160.19(8) to (10), Stats., to grant exemptions to groundwater quality standards and to establish corresponding alternative concentration limits.
- 3. The Department has authority under s. NR 500.08(4), Wis. Adm. Code, to grant exemptions from specific rule requirements of chs. NR 500 to 538, Wis. Adm. Code, if provided with appropriate documentation that the proposal will not cause environmental pollution as defined in s.299.01(4), Stats.
- 4. The Department has authority under s. NR 140.20, Wis. Adm. Code, and s. 160.15(3), Stats., to establish preventive action limits for groundwater indicator parameters at waste disposal facilities.
- The conditions of approval set forth below are needed to ensure compliance with chs. NR 500 to 538, Wis. Adm. Code.
- 6. In accordance with the foregoing, the Department has the authority under ch. 289, Stats., to issue the following conditional approval.

GRANTS OF EXEMPTION

- The Department hereby rescinds the ch, NR 140, Wis. Adm. Code groundwater exemptions
 which were previously granted for the wells and parameters listed in the table under finding of
 fact #19, above, for the reasons listed in the table.
- Dane County has demonstrated circumstances that warrant an exemption from s. NR 504.06(6)(c), Wis. Adm. Code, requiring primary and secondary settlement calculations of collection trench subbases, based on justification provided in the feasibility study that consolidation testing data were not necessary to evaluate if excessive collection trench settlement was likely.

CONDITIONAL PLAN OF OPERATION APPROVAL

The Department hereby approves the Plan of Operation for the Eastern Expansion at the Dane County No. 2 (Rodefeld) Landfill subject to compliance with chs. NR 500-538, Wis. Adm. Code, and the following conditions:

- The total design capacity of this landfill expansion (combined refuse, daily and intermediate cover volume) may not exceed 3,837,900 cubic yards.
- All aspects of construction and operation of the landfill shall be performed in accordance with the plan of operation, the requirements of chs. NR 500 to 538, Wis. Adm. Code, and the conditions of the approval. In the case of any discrepancies between the approval conditions and the plan of operation, the approval conditions shall take precedence.
- 3. Any proposed changes to the plan or this approval shall be presented to the Department. If the changes are compatible with the desired performance of this landfill, as determined by the Department, an addendum will be added to this approval indicating acceptance of those changes. Written Department approval is necessary prior to implementing any changes with the exception of minor field modifications that are documented in accordance with NR 516.04(3)(d), Wis. Adm. Code. All field modifications shall be discussed with the Department prior to implementation. Other changes may be handled as expedited plan modifications under s. NR 514.09, Wis. Adm. Code as appropriate.

Operation, Design, and Construction

- Private wells PW-43, PW-45, and PW-48 shall be properly abandoned by a Wisconsin licensed well driller or pump installer and the abandonment shall be documented in the Phase 9 Cell 1 construction documentation report.
- A replacement gas monitoring well for GP-23 shall be installed in the southeast corner of the landfill property if any building is constructed on the south side of Highway 12/18 and is within 1,000 feet of the landfill waste limits.
- 6. The proposed location and design for replacement gas probes for GP-3, 4, 5 and 24 shall be submitted to the Department a minimum of 30 day prior to installation. The gas probes shall be located along the east side of the landfill property between the landfill and a residence or other structure.

- 7. The storm water ditch near stock pile No. 1 shall be rerouted onto the County owned property if the lease agreement with the City of Madison is terminated. The storm water ditch shall be rerouted as soon as practical but no later than 90 days after the lease has been terminated.
- 8. The southeastern sedimentation basin shall be redesigned so that the sedimentation basin discharge remains on County property if the lease agreement with the City of Madison is terminated. The redesigned sedimentation basin drawings shall be submitted to the Department for review and approval as soon as practical but no later than 60 days after the lease has been terminated.
- The gradient control and leachate collection system shall be constructed 6-inch diameter Sch. 80 PVC or SDR 11 HDPE collection piping.
- 10. After the clay in the vertical expansion has been exposed, the clay shall be tested on a 100-foot grid pattern for dry density and in-place moisture content to determine the degree of soil compaction remaining in the clay.
- Alternate daily cover material may not be used as daily cover or interim cover on exterior side slopes or final grades and may not contain free liquids.
- 12. All pumps and flow recording devices shall be tested and maintained to ensure that leachate is pumped out of the landfill continuously and the reported flows are accurate.
- 13. In case of malfunction of leachate extraction pump, the pump shall be made operational or replaced within five work days of detecting the malfunction or in accordance with an alternative schedule approved by the Department.
 - This condition supersedes condition 23 of the Department's March 14, 1994 plan of operation approval.
- 14. The side-slope riser leachate collection system design shall include a method of detecting when the sump pumps are not properly operating.
- 15. Dane County shall remove accumulated sediment from behind silt fences, and make necessary repairs to the fencing, as soon as practicable after each storm event.
- 16. For recompacted soil used in subgrade and berm construction, the following tests shall be performed:
 - a. For recompacted soil used in subgrade and berm construction, dry density and asplaced moisture content shall be determined on an approximate 100 foot grid pattern for each one foot thickness of soil placed. The grid pattern shall be offset on each subsequent layer of tests. A minimum of 2 density and moisture content tests for each one foot thickness of soil placed shall be performed to fully define the degree of soil compaction obtained in confined areas where equipment movement is hindered or hand compaction is necessary.
 - b. For recompacted soil used in subgrade, one moisture-density curve or line of optimums analysis shall be developed for every 5,000 cubic yards or less of soil placed and for each major soil type utilized. At least 5 points shall be established on each curve. If a line of optimums analysis is performed, at least 2 curves shall be included for each

analysis. A representative sample for every 5,000 cubic yards or less of soil placed shall be analyzed for Atterberg limits. If apparent changes in soil quality are observed during soil placement, a one-point Proctor analysis shall be utilized to verify the applicability of previously analyzed moisture-density curves.

- c. For recompacted soil used in berm construction, one moisture-density curve or line of optimums analysis shall be developed for every 20,000 cubic yards or less of soil placed and for each major soil type utilized. At least 5 points shall be established on each curve. If a line of optimums analysis is performed, at least 2 curves shall be included for each analysis. A representative sample for every 20,000 cubic yards or less of soil placed shall be analyzed for Atterberg limits. If apparent changes in soil quality are observed during soil placement, a one-point Proctor analysis shall be utilized to verify the applicability of previously analyzed moisture-density curves.
- Leachate recirculation shall be performed and monitored in accordance with the plan of operation and NR 500-538, Wis. Adm. Code.

This condition supersedes conditions 6 -10 of the Department's October 24, 2008 plan of operation approval modification.

- 18. For liner or final cover construction storm water inspections shall be performed and documented in the construction documentation report required by NR 516, Wis. Adm. Code. The inspections shall include the following:
 - Weekly inspections shall be performed of implemented erosion and sediment control best management practices.
 - b. Inspections of erosion and sediment controls shall be performed within 24 hours after a precipitation event of 0.5 inches or greater. A precipitation event may be considered to be the total amount of precipitation recorded in any continuous 24-hour period.
 - c. Repair or replace erosion and sediment control best management practices as necessary shall be performed within 24 hours of an inspection or department notification that repair or replacement is needed.
 - d. Maintain, at the construction site or available via an Internet website, weekly written reports of all inspections conducted by or for the landfill owner. Weekly inspection reports shall include all of the following:
 - i. The date, time and location of the construction site inspection.
 - ii. The name of the individual who performed the inspection.
 - iii. An assessment of the condition of erosion and sediment controls.
 - iv. A description of any erosion and sediment control best management practice implementation and maintenance performed.
 - v. A description of the present phase of land disturbing construction activity at the landfill.
- 19. Dane County shall notify the Department's waste management engineer assigned to this site a minimum of one week prior to beginning each of the construction events listed below for the purpose of allowing the Department to inspect the work. A fee shall be paid to the Department for each inspection in accordance with s. NR 520.04(5), Wis. Adm. Code. The inspection fees

shall be paid at the time the construction documentation review fee is submitted to the Department.

Liner Construction Events

- a. Gradient control system construction
- b. Clay placement
- c. Geomembrane deployment and seaming
- Sump construction/side slope riser placement
- e. Drainage blanket placement/leachate line installation

Final Cover Construction Events

- f. Clay/barrier layer placement
- g. Geocomposite clay liner installation (if used)
- h. Geomembrane cap installation/seaming
- Placement of piping within the drainage layer
- Root zone and topsoil placement

Gas System Construction Events

- k. Gas extraction well placement
- Gas header pipe installation

This condition supersedes Condition 7 of the Department's March 14, 1994 plan of operation approval, condition 1 of the Department's November 30, 1995 approval and condition 2 of the Department's September 8, 2009 approval.

20. Final cover placement may be delayed up to two years after attaining maximum waste filling grades in each phase of closure provided that the requirements of s. NR 514.07(3), Wis. Adm. Code are met. At no time shall the waste grades exceed the approved maximum waste filling grades for this facility as shown on plan sheet 33 and Table 5-2 of the plan of operation.

This condition supersedes Condition 27 of the Department's March 14, 1994 plan of operation approval.

21. Final cover systems that use a geosynthetic clay layer shall comply with the requirements of NR 504.07(4)(a) and NR 516.07(2m), NR Wis. Adm. Code and the plan of operation.

This condition supersedes the conditions 1 - 9 of the Department's June 14, 2002 plan of operation approval modification for use of a GCL in the final cover.

- 22. Prior to abandoning and/or replacing existing gas extraction wells in the area of the vertical overlay, the County shall contact the Department to discuss how the gas extraction well will be abandoned, if the well should be replaced, and how the well will be designed if it is to be replaced.
- 23. Any active vertical gas extraction well experiencing leachate head levels covering 50 percent or more of the screened interval shall be re-measured within 90 days of the initial measurement. Leachate extraction equipment shall be installed within 180 days after confirmation of the liquid level in any vertical gas extraction well that exhibits leachate head levels covering 50 percent or more of the screened interval during two consecutive monitoring periods. Alternatively, an assessment documenting the system's ability to control gas surface emissions in the area of the gas well with high liquids may be submitted in the next annual report. Unless the Department

specifies in writing, after having reviewed the assessment that a replacement well is not necessary, the gas extraction well or wells shall be replaced. The Department may require installation of leachate extraction equipment in wells that exhibit leachate head levels covering less than 50 percent of the open screened interval if, in the Department's opinion, dewatering is necessary to maintain an effective gas extraction system or if it is determined that the head levels are a result of actual leachate head levels in that location of the landfill.

Environmental Monitoring

- 24. Dane County shall perform environmental monitoring during both the active life and post-closure care in accordance with Environmental Monitoring Tables 1 through 5 in Attachment #1, as well as air quality and wastewater monitoring in accordance with the appropriate Department permits. The RCRA sub-title D wells are listed in Table 1a.
 - This condition supersedes all environmental monitoring requirements contained in previous approvals.
- 25. NR 140 Preventative Action Limits (PALs) and NR 140 Alternative Concentration Limits (ACLs) are established for the groundwater monitoring points and respective parameters listed in Tables 6 and 7 in Attachment #2.
- 26. The baseline groundwater quality sampling for MW-119A, MW-8A and WT-207AR shall be performed in accordance with NR 507.18, Wis. Adm. Code by December 31, 2016. Dane County shall submit a request for NR 140 groundwater exemptions where needed and propose PALs and ACLs for specific wells and parameters in accordance with Department's Solid Waste Technical Guidance for PAL/ACL Calculations, within 60 days after receiving the analytical results from the eighth baseline sample round.
- 27. Dane County shall collect baseline groundwater data in accordance with ch. NR 507, Wis. Adm. Code for each of the groundwater monitoring points listed in tables 6 and 7 of Attachment #2 which indicate that baseline groundwater data is needed or that the well needs to be installed. Baseline groundwater monitoring data shall also be collected for all future new or replacement groundwater monitoring devices located greater than 10 feet from the original well or screened in a different vertical interval. Dane County shall collect baseline groundwater data within four years from the date of well construction for the respective well. Dane County shall submit a request for NR 140 groundwater exemptions where needed and propose PALs and ACLs for specific wells and parameters in accordance with Department's Solid Waste Technical Guidance for PAL/ACL Calculations, within 60 days after receiving the analytical results from the eighth baseline sample round.
- 28. Dane County shall respond to groundwater standards exceedances observed in groundwater monitoring wells or in the groundwater gradient control system in accordance with the applicable provisions of chapters NR 140 and NR 508, Wis. Adm. Code.

Inspection and Reporting

29. Dane County shall submit an annual report to the Department no later than April 30th of each year that summarizes the following activities from the previous calendar year:

General

- a. Provide full size topographic map or plan view drawings to show the site and surrounding areas one-quarter mile in all directions. On the map show property boundary, any structures, private water supply wells, and property owner's name.
- Provide a color coded site map showing all landfill phases, all wells including the abandoned wells numbered and labeled, the entire leachate collection and transfer piping system, gas system (including all buried component), and gas monitoring probes.
- c. Provide a color coded site map showing all landfill phase, areas covered with final cover, areas covered with intermediate cover, and areas actively being filled.
- d. Provide survey information for the purpose of settlement calculation of the final cover. At a minimum, vertical datum (MSL) and horizontal datum based on the Wisconsin state plan coordinate system will be provided for at two cross sections that will run from east to west across the entire limits of waste where the 5% slope intercepts the 4:1 slope.

Waste Volumes and Types

- e. Total volume and tonnage of special wastes, and tabulation by waste category for each of the waste types in the special waste plan which were accepted for disposal during the previous calendar year.
- f. Computation of the total volume of all wastes disposed at this facility, and the proportions of special wastes compared to the total volume of landfill filled.
- g. The use of alternate daily cover material. The report shall contain at a minimum the following:
 - Identification of the waste generator or hauler of the alternate daily cover material accepted for disposal.
 - ii. Quantity of material used as alternate daily cover (in units of cubic yards and tons).
 - Estimated density of the daily cover materials.
 - iv. Coverage ratio.
 - Alternate beneficial use applications such as dikes, berms or other structures in the landfill.
 - vi. The ratio of waste to alternative daily cover by volume for the year.
 - vii. Discussion of problems encountered and recommendations.

Gas Extraction System

 Records of periods of shutdown of the gas extraction system, length of time of shutdown, and corrective action for the system or individual extraction wells.

- i. Any maintenance, cleaning, repair, or replacement of extraction wells, header or lateral lines, blower or gas combustion equipment components, or valve assemblies.
- j. An assessment of the performance of the gas extraction system, including liquid levels in the gas extraction wells, the quality and quantity of gas produced from the facility, and the removal of volatile organic compounds and other substances in the gas.
- k. Surface emission monitoring results.

Groundwater and Gradient Control

- An assessment of the groundwater and surface water flow patterns and quality trends.
- m. An assessment of the condition and operation of the gradient control system.

Leachate Collection and Recirculation System

- n. Tabulation of volumes of leachate, leachate heads, and chemical quality data for the leachate
- o. Annual leachate recirculation reporting required by NR 506.135(5), Wis. Adm. Code
- p. Documentation of cleaning efforts and observations for leachate and gradient control collection pipes, and records of integrity of the secondary containment features of the leachate extraction and conveyance system.

Landfill Maintenance

- q. Any evidence of differential settlement or impeded drainage, downslope soil slips or movements, exposed geomembrane or subsurface drain materials, integrity of surface swales and other drainage features, any evidence of water ponding or formation of depressions, and cover condition in the surface water diversion berms and final cover spillways.
- r. An assessment of vegetative cover vigor and diversity, evidence of animal intrusion, soil slumping or exposure of the capping layer.
- A description of all repairs made to the cap and vegetative cover, protective structures, monitoring devices, and sedimentation ponds, etc.
- A description of the haul road condition and any repairs needed. A description of the type of repair and the date of completion.
- u. The actions used to minimize windblown debris. The report shall contain at a minimum the following information:
 - Dates when the wind speed was greater than or equal to 30 mph at the working face.
 - Dates when the landfill was shut down due to wind.

iii. Dates when staff collected debris off-site.

Storm Water Inspections

- Storm water Inspections shall be performed during landfill operations and documented as follows:
 - Annual facility site compliance inspections shall be performed to verify that the site drainage conditions and potential pollution sources identified in the plan of operation remain accurate, and that the best management practices prescribed in the plan of operation are being implemented, properly operated, and adequately maintained.
 - ii. Quarterly visual inspections of storm water discharge quality at each outfall shall be conducted within the first 30 minutes after runoff begins discharging from the outfall or as soon as practical, but no later than 60 minutes after the beginning of discharge. The inspections shall include observations of color, odor, turbidity, floating solids, foam, oil sheen or other readily observable indicators of storm water pollution. Documentation of the inspections shall include the inspection date, inspection personnel, visual quality of the storm water discharge, and probable sources of any storm water contamination.

This condition supersedes Condition 28 of the Department's March 14, 1994 plan of operation approval, condition 2 of the Department's December 13, 2002 approval, conditions 6(a) and (b) of the Department's August 21, 2003 approval and condition 10 of the Department's October 24, 2008 approval.

- Dane County shall include, as part of the landfill operating record required by s. NR 506.17,
 Wis. Adm. Code, the following information:
 - Special waste disposal records.
 - Alternate daily cover records.

Financial Responsibility and Long Term Care

31. Revised proof of financial responsibility for closure and long term care shall be established within 60 days of the date of this approval, in accordance with ch. NR 520, Wis. Adm. Code. The proof of financial responsibility shall be established based upon the approved costs contained in the attached summary document.

This approval is based on the information available to the Department as of the date of approval. If additional information, project changes or other circumstances indicate a possible need to modify this approval, the Department may ask you to provide further information relating to this activity. Likewise, the Department accepts proposals to modify approvals, as provided for in state statutes and administrative codes.

NOTICE OF APPEAL RIGHTS

If you believe you have a right to challenge this decision made by the Department, you should know that Wisconsin statutes and administrative codes establish time periods and requirements for reviewing Department decisions.

To seek judicial review of the Department's decision, sections 227.52 and 227.53, Stats., establish criteria for filing a petition for judicial review. You have 30 days after the decision is mailed or otherwise served by the Department to file your petition with the appropriate circuit court and serve the petition on the Department. The petition shall name the Department of Natural Resources as the respondent.

Dated:	August 13, 2014	
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DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES For the Secretary,

Dennis Mack, P.E.

Waste and Materials Management Program South Central Region

Ann M. Bekta, P.E.

Waste Management Engineer

South Central Region

Adam Hogan

Waste Management Hydrogeologist

South Central Region

Attachment #1 for the Dane County Rodefeld Eastern Expansion Plan of Operation, License # 3018

Environmental Monitoring Tables

		Parameters				72020 Elevation Groundwater	(feet above mean sea level.)		olor	rbidity	00010 Temperature, of water taken in field ⁰ C	00094 Field Conductivity @ 25° C(umho/cm)	00400 Field pH (standard units)	Chloride, filtered (ma/L)	22413 Total Hardness, filtered (mg/L)	39036 Alkalinity, filtered (mg/L)						VOCs (ug/L) Using EPA Solid Waste Method 8260	(NR 507, appendix III)				72020 Flevation Groundwater	(feet above mean sea level)	1	olor	urbidity	00010 Temperature, of water taken in field ⁰ C	00094 Field Conductivity @ 25° C(umho/cm)	Field pH (standard units)	00941 Cnlonde, filtered (mg/L)	22413 Total Hardness, tiltered (mg/L) 39036 Alkalinity filtered (mg/L)	Naminy, intered (ing/L)	VOCs (ug/L) Using EPA Solid Waste Method 8260	(NR 507, appendix III)
		Parameter				72020 FI		00001 Odor	00002 Color	00003 Turbidity	00010 Te	00094 Fi	00400 Fi	00941 CI	22413 To	39036 AI						VOCs (ug	2				72020 FI		00001 Odor	00002 Color	00003 Turbidity	000010 Te	00094 Fi	00400 Fi	32442 T	39036 41		VOCs (ug	-
	Wells	Sampling & Reporting ² . Frequency				Sample	Semiannually	June and December														Sample	June				Sample	Semiannually	June and December										
o	Detection Groundwater Monitoring NR 507 Wells	nt.	D Wells	SOCS										To be abandoned	To be abandoned	To be abandoned	To be constructed			Wells	VOCs											0							
page 1 of 9	oundwater Mo	WUWN	Non-Subtitle D Wells	Annual VOCs	FF150	JF020	IM422	IM423	IM424	BX904	VM944	P1999	VM942	VM940 T		VM943 T	1	1	1	1	-			Subtitle D Wells	Semiannual VOCs														
	Detection Gr	DNR ID#			132	134	117	118	119	125	141	142	150	152	154	156	168	170	172	174	176																		
		Wells			WT-202AR	WT-202BR	WT-203A	WT-204A	WT-205A	WT-206AR	WT-207AR	WT-208AR	M-301A	M-302A	M-302B	M303A	M-17BR	M-28R	M-302AR	M-302BR	M-303AR																		
		Comment ¹ .								To be abandoned						To be abandoned					ĺ		Ň			To be abandoned				To be constructed									
		WUWN			BX879	BX884	BX885	BX889	BX890	BX892	BX895	BX897	FF149	BX899	BX900	EI270	EI271	FH850	FH852	IM428	FH854	BX903				BX891	FH849	L0774	FH857										
		DNR ID#			7	12	13	17	18	20	23	25	130	27	28	34	35	47	23	123	75	124				19	45	126	99	166									
		Wells			M-6A	M-9A	M-9B	M-14A	M-14B	M-17B	M-23	M-25A	M-25BR	M-26A	M-26B	M-28	M-29	P-103B	WT-108A	P-108B	WI-113A	WT-201AR				M-17A	WT-103A	WT-105AR	WT-119A	M-17AR									

Monitoring Points that are abandoned are no longer monitored.
 Monitoring is as per code typically within 60 days after the end of the specified monitoring period.
 Trip Blank (999) and/or Field Blank (997) data must also be submitted electronically.

Attachment #1 for the Dane County Roge. 3ld Eastern Expansion Plan of Operation

Environmental Monitoring Tables page 2 of 9 License # 3018

			M. rotonburger M	Table 1b	O the House	
			Groundwater IN	Groundwater Monitoring NK 507 Wells and Gradient Control Monitoring	d Gradient Co	ntrol Monitoring
				Sampling & Reporting ²	Parameter	
Wells	DNR ID#	WUWN	Comment"	Frequency	Codes	Parameters
				Groundwater Elevation Only Monitoring	nly Monitoring	
	Vert	Vertical Wells				
M-5A	5	BX877		Sample	72020	Elevation, Groundwater
M-5B	9	BX878		Semiannually		(feet above mean sea level)
M-6B	00	BX880		June and December		
M-6C	0	BX881				
M-22	22	BX894				
WT-101A		FH847				
P-101B	42	FH848				
WT-113A	22	FH854				
M-304A	158	VM947	To be abandoned			
M-304B	160	VM946	To be abandoned			
M-305A	162	VM948	To be abandoned			
M-305B	164	VM949	To be abandoned			
Gradient C	ontrol/Unde	rdrain Water	Gradient Control/Underdrain Water Level Monitoring			
GCM-1	1 350		To be constructed			

1. Monitoring Points that are abandoned are no longer monitored.

^{2.} Unless specifically stated, reporting is as per code typically within 60 days after the end of the specified monitoring period.

Attachment #1 for the Dane County Rounded Eastern Expansion Plan of Operation License # 3018

Environmental Monitoring Tables

In NR 812 Variances Prequency Sample Annually June Codes Co					1	Table 1c			-
DINR ID# WUWN OWNER Comment* Frequency Coop 96 FW225 Various 96 NG618 Michael Niebuhr June				Priva	ate Water Supply V	Vells with NR 812 Variances			
98 FW225 Various 96 NG618 Michael Niebuhr Annually June	In .	DNR ID#	WUWN	OWNER	Comment ^{1.}	Sampling & Reporting ⁴ . Frequency	Parameter Codes	Parameters	_
I IN SOV. SODEROIX III	51 ³ .	& \to	FW225 NG618	Various Michael Niebuhr		Sample Annually June	00001 00003 00010 00040 00410 00940 00940 00945 00951 01007 01034 01037 01037 01055 01067 01062 01062 01062 01062 01062 01062 01062 01062 01062 01062 01062 01062	Odor Color Turbidity Temperature, of Water taken in field °C Field Conductivity @ 25° C(umho/cm) Field pH (standard units) Alkalinity, total (mg/L) Nitrate Nitrogen(Nitrate + Nitrite as N), total (mg/L) Hardness, total (mg/L) Sodium, total (mg/L) Sodium, total (mg/L) Fluoride, total (mg/L) Sulfate, total (mg/L) Barium total (ug/L) Cadmium, total (ug/L) Cadmium, total (ug/L) Cadmium, total (ug/L) Capper, total (ug/L) Copper, total (ug/l) Manganese, total (ug/L) Silver, total (ug/l) Zinc, total (ug/l) Silver, total (ug/l) Silver, total (ug/l) Solenium, total (ug/l) Nercury, total (ug/l) Solenium, total (ug/l) Nercury, total (ug/l) Nercury, total (ug/l) Nercury, total (ug/l) Nercury, total (ug/l)	4

1. Monitoring points that are abandoned are no longer monitored.

2. Also known as PW-98 and unique well # LO889.

3. Background sampling to be conducted twice within the first year as per condition 24 of the feasibility determination.

4. To be reported as per code within 10 days of landfill owner's or operator's receipt of results.

Trip Blank (999) and/or Field Blank (997) data must also be submitted electronically.

Attachment #1 for the Glacier Ridge Landfill Southeast Expansion Plan of Operation License # 3068

Environmental Monitoring Tables

page 4 of 9

			Leachate Characteristic Moni Sampling & Reporting ²	Parameter	
Monitoring Pt.	DNR ID#	Comment ¹	Frequency	Codes	Parameters
Lift Station #1 next to MH-101)	402		Sample/Record Total Volumes <u>Monthly</u> Report Semiannually in June and December See Note 3	00032	Leachate Volume Pumped (1000s of gallons)
			Sample <u>Quarterly</u> March, June, September, December	00094 (00150 3 00310 (00340 0 00400 (00410 4 00665 (Field Temperature Field Conductivity @ 25oC (umho/cm) Suspended Solids, total (mg/l) SOD (5 day @ 20°C (mg/L) COD, unfiltered (mg/L) Field pH, (standard units) Alkalinity, total as CaCO3 (mg/L) Nitrogen, Ammonia, total (mg/L as N) Phosphorus, total (mg/l, P) Hardness, total (mg/L as CaCO3)
			Sample <u>Semiannually</u> June and December	00630 N 00929 S 00940 C 00945 S 01027 C 01051 L 01055 C 01092 Z 71900 N 74010 Ir	Color
			Sample Annually June	01002 A 01007 B 01012 B 01034 C 01037 C 01042 C 01059 T 01067 N 01077 S 01087 V	loride, total (mg/L) rsenic, total (mg/L) arium, total (ug/L) eryllium, total (ug/l) chromium, total (ug/l) cobalt, total (ug/l) copper, total (ug/l) hallium, total (ug/l) ickel, total (ug/l) anadium, total (ug/l) ntimony, total (ug/l) elenium, total (ug/l)
				Semi-volatile	s, using EPA Method SW-8270 (NR 507, appendix I

^{1.} Monitoring Points that are abandoned are no longer monitored.

^{2.} Unless specifically stated, reporting is as per code typically within 60 days after the end of the specified monitoring period. For items indicated as "Report Semiannually", the reporting is due within 60 days after the end of the last monitoring period in the semiannual period. The semiannual periods will run January-June and July-December unless an alternative period is proposed and the Department concurs.
3. Also record daily leachate recirculation volumes in operating record per the Leachate Recirculation Plan.

Attachment #1 for the Glacier Ridge Landfill Southeast Expansion Plan of Operation License # 3068

Environmental Monitoring Tables

page 5 of 9

Monitoring Pt.	DNR ID#	Comment"	Sampling & Reporting ² Frequency	Parameter Codes	Parameters
MLH-1	517		Sample	the Programme of the	
MLH-2	518		Monthly	00031 Depth of	
MLH-3R	599		Report Semiannually		m top of liquid level to bottom in feet
MLH-4	520		The state of the s	99423 Elevation	, Leachate Head
MLH-6N	521			fee	t above mean sea level
MLH-6S	522			1979	
MLH-7N	523				
MLH-7S	524				
MLH-8N	600				
MLH-8S	602				
MHL-9N	800	To be constructed			
MHL-9S	802	To be constructed			
MLH-10N	804	To be constructed			
MLH-10S	806	To be constructed			
MLH-11N	808	To be constructed			
MLH-11S	810	To be constructed			
MLH-12N	812	To be constructed		4.4	
MLH-12S	814	To be constructed			
LV8			Sample	AA SABAA MIRI KII .	Lista ESISO CELE III
LV9		To be constructed	Monthly		Volume Pumped
LV10		To be constructed	Report Semiannually	99723 Leachate	volume recirculated
LV11		To be constructed		1 7 7 7 7 7 Castal 22 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
LV12		To be constructed			

1. Monitoring Points that are abandoned are no longer monitored.

^{2.} Unless specifically stated, reporting is as per code typically within 60 days after the end of the specified monitoring period. For items indicated as "Report Semiannually", the reporting is due within 60 days after the end of the last monitoring period in the semiannual period. The semiannual periods will run January-June and July-December unless an alternative period is proposed and the Department concurs.

Attachment #1 for the Glacier Ridge Landfill Southeast Expansion Plan of Operation License # 3068 Environmental Monitoring Tables

V/2000	1000		-		page 6 of 9 Table 3a		
					Landfill Gas Extraction		
	Gas Extractio	n Well - DNR ID #			Sampling & Reporting ³ Frequency	Parameter Codes	Parameters
Monitoring Pt		nment Mentoring Pt	ID#	Comment ¹	Sample		1.000
GW-1	531	GW-101	820	2	Monthly	46385	Well Head Pressure (inches of water column)
GW-2R	571	GW-102	822	2	Report Semiannually		Gas Flow Rate (scfm)
GW-3	533	GW-103	824	2	22.4.0.6.0.2.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0	46388	Gas Temperature (° F)
GW-4R	593	GW-104	826	2			Valve Opening (% open)
GW-5R	594	GW-105	828	2			Percent Methane, by volume
GW-6	536	GW-106	830	2			Percent Oxygen, by volume
GW-7R	595	GW-107	832	2			Header Pressure (inches of water column)
GW-8R		GW-108	834	2			Volume of liquid pumped from well (gallons/month)
	596 562	GW-108	836	2		00030	Volume of siquid pumped from west (gallorisational)
GW-9A				2			
GW-10R	597	GW-110	838		5		
GW-11R	610	GW-111	840	2			
GW-12R	620	GW-112	842	2			
GW-13A	564	GW-113	844 846	2			
GW-14R2 GW-15A	634 566	GW-114 GW-115	848	2 2			
GW-15A GW-16R	598	GW-115	850	2	Sample	00023	Elevation, Leachate Head
		GW-117		2	Annually	00023	feet above mean sea level
GW-17R GW-18	612 548	GW-117 GW-118	852 854	2	June	00034	Depth of Leachate
GW-18 GW-19R	624	GW-118 GW-119	856	2	Suite	00031	from top of liquid level to bottom in feet
			858	2			train top or inquid to vol to its fortisti in their
GW-20R	628	GW-120					
GW-21R	628	GW-121	860	2			
GW-22R	614	GW-122	862	2			
GW-23	553	GW-123	864	2	1		
GW-24	554 572	GW-124 GW-125	866 868	2 2			
GW-25A GW-26A	572 573	GW-125 GW-126	868	2	1		
GW-26A GW-27	557	GW-126 GW-127	872	2			
GW-28R	574	GW-127	874	2			
GW-29R	575	GW-129	876	2			
GW-30R	576	GW-130	878	2			
GW-31	561	211,00	7.7	-			
GW-32	577						
GW-33R	630						
GW-34R	632			- 1			
GW-35	580				- 1		
GW-36 GW-37	581 582						
GW-37	582						
GW-39	584						
GW-40	585				l.		
GW-41	586				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
GW-42	587						
GW-43	588						
GW-44	589						
GW-45	590						
GW-46	591						
GW-47	592						
GW-48	604						
GW-49	606						
GW-50	608						
3W-51 EXP	616						
3W-52 EXP	618						
					Gas Blower Sample	46382	Header Pressure (inches of water column)
	West Gas Plant B East Gas Plant Bl		530 698		Sample <u>Monthly</u> Report Semiannually	98927 (99098 (46388 (85547)	Header Pressure (inches of water column) Gas Ekracled, Total Monthly Volume (1000 cu. Ft. /month) Gas Flow Rate (scfm) Gas Temperature [©] F) Percent Methane, by volume Percent Coxygen, by volume
					Sample Annually June	,	VOCs using USEPA Method TO-15 or TO-14A

Monitoring Points that are abandoned are no longer monitored.
 Z. To be constructed.

^{3.} Unless specifically stated, reporting is as per code typically within 60 days after the end of the specified monitoring period. For items indicated as "Report Semiannually", the reporting is due within 60 days after the end of the last monitoring period in the semiannual period. The semiannual periods will run January-June and July-December unless an alternative period is proposed and the Department concurs.

Attachment #1 for the Glacier Ridge Landfill Southeast Expansion Plan of Operation License # 3068

Environmental Monitoring Tables page 7 of 9

Codes Code						Table 3b	3b		
Monitoring Point - DNR D# Comment Comm						Landfill Gas Moni	toring Probes		
10# Comment Mondacring Probles Comment Sample Comment Sample Comment Sample Comment Sample Comment Sample Comment Soz CP-20 703 CP-21 704 CP-22 705 CP-23 706 CP-23 706 CP-24 707 To be abandoned CP-24 707 To be abandoned CP-27 707 To be constructed CP-4RS 774 To be constructed CP-4RS 774 To be constructed CP-4RS 774 To be constructed CP-4RS 775 To be constructed CP-4RS 775 To be constructed CP-4RS 772 To be constructed 772 To be constructed 772 To be constructed 772 To be constructed 773 To be constructed 773 To be constructed 774 To be constructed 774 To be constructed 775 To be constr		M	onitoring Point - DNF				Sampling & Reporting ^{2, 3} . Frequency	Parameter	Downwood
DD# Comment Monisoring Pr ID# Comment Sample Solution GP-20 703 Sample Solution GP-21 704 Solution GP-21 704 Solution GP-22 705 GP-23 706 GP-24 707 to be abandoned GP-25 706 GP-25 706 GP-25 706 GP-25 707 to be abandoned GP-25 707 to be abandoned GP-26 709 to be abandoned GP-4RS 710 to be abandoned GP-4RS 711 to be abandoned GP-6RS 714 to be constructed GP-6RS 715 to be constructed GP-6RS 716 to be constructed GP-26 720 to be constructed GP-27 722 to be constructed GP-27 724 to be constructed GP-27 725 to be constructed GP-27 726 To be constructed 727 728 To be constructed 728 To						Landfill Gas Monit	toring Probes	2000	raiailleleis
500 GP-20 703 Sample 501 GP-21 704 January, April, July 502 GP-22 705 to be abandoned A October 504 GP-24 707 to be abandoned A October 506 to be abandoned GP-25 709 to be abandoned 507 to be abandoned GP-4RS 714 to be constructed 508 GP-4RS 778 to be constructed 510 GP-4RS 778 to be constructed 511 to be abandoned GP-6RS 778 to be constructed 511 to be abandoned GP-6RS 778 to be constructed 513 GP-2RR 722 to be constructed 514 GP-2RR 724 to be constructed 515 GP-2RR 724 to be constructed 516 GP-2RR 724 to be constructed 525 S28 700 To be constructed 700 701 Record monthing </th <th>Monitoring Pt</th> <th>告</th> <th>Comment</th> <th>Monitoring Pt</th> <th>担</th> <th>Comment¹</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	Monitoring Pt	告	Comment	Monitoring Pt	担	Comment ¹			
501 GP-21 704 Quariety 502 GP-22 705 Annuary, April, July 8 October 503 GP-24 707 to be abandoned GP-25 708 506 to be abandoned GP-25 708 to be abandoned GP-4RD 714 to be abandoned GP-4RD 716 to be abandoned GP-4RD 716 to be constructed 509 GP-4RD 716 to be constructed GP-4RD 716 to be constructed 511 to be abandoned GP-6RD 720 to be constructed GP-4RS 724 to be constructed 512 GP-2RR 724 to be constructed GP-2RR 724 to be constructed 514 GP-2RR 724 to be constructed GP-2RR 724 to be constructed 515 GP-2RR 724 to be constructed GP-2RR 724 to be constructed 516 GP-2RR 724 to be constructed 528 528 528 528 <	GP-1S	200		GP-20	703		Sample	46389 Soil	Gac Preceip (inches)
502 GP-22 705 January, April, July 503 GP-23 706 to be abandoned GP-25 709 to be abandoned GP-25 709 to be abandoned GP-27 710 to be abandoned GP-4RD 714 to be constructed 506 to be abandoned GP-4RD 774 to be constructed 510 to be abandoned GP-4RD 720 to be constructed 67-6RD 720 to be constructed 67-6RD 720 to be constructed 67-24R 722 to be constructed 67-24R 724 to be constructed 67-24R 724 to be constructed 67-24R 722 to be constructed 67-24R	GP-1D	501		GP-21	704		Quarterly	85547 Per	root Mothers business
503 GP-23 706 to be abandoned 4 October 504 GP-24 707 to be abandoned 6 October 506 to be abandoned GP-26 709 to be abandoned GP-27 507 to be abandoned GP-4RS 714 to be constructed GP-4RD 510 to be abandoned GP-4RS 718 to be constructed GP-2RRS 511 to be abandoned GP-3RRS 718 to be constructed GP-2RRS 512 GP-2RR 722 to be constructed GP-2RR 724 to be constructed 513 GP-2RR 724 to be constructed GP-2RR 726 to be constructed 516 GP-2RR 726 to be constructed GP-2RR 726 to be constructed 516 GP-2RR 726 to be constructed GP-2RR 726 to be constructed 526 GP-2RR 726 to be constructed 700 701 701 701 Archanged <	GP-2S	502		GP-22	705		January April July	85550 Per	continued and by volume
504 GP-24 707 to be abandoned 505 GP-25 708 to be abandoned 507 to be abandoned GP-27 710 to be abandoned 508 GP-4RS 714 to be constructed 509 GP-4RD 716 to be constructed 511 to be abandoned GP-6RD 720 to be constructed 512 GP-2RR 772 to be constructed 513 GP-2RR 724 to be constructed 514 GP-2RR 724 to be constructed 515 GP-2RR 724 to be constructed 516 GP-2RR 726 to be constructed 526 S28 728 to be constructed 528 S28 734 TO 700 701 TO TO Record monthly at same time as blower Report Semiannually	GP-2D	503		GP-23	706		& October	00000	cent cyygen, by volume
505 GP-25 708 to be abandoned 506 to be abandoned GP-26 709 to be abandoned 507 to be abandoned GP-4RS 714 to be constructed 509 GP-4RS 718 to be constructed 510 to be abandoned GP-6RD 720 to be constructed 511 to be abandoned GP-2RR 722 to be constructed 512 GP-2RR 722 to be constructed 514 722 to be constructed 515 GP-2RR 724 to be constructed 516 GP-2RR 724 to be constructed 516 GP-2RR 726 to be constructed 516 GP-2RR 724 to be constructed 516 GP-2RR 724 to be constructed 516 GP-2RR 726 to be constructed 516 GP-2RR 726 to be constructed 526 528 700 701 701	GP-3S	504		GP-24	707	to be abandoned			
506 to be abandoned GP-26 709 to be abandoned 507 to be abandoned GP-4RS 714 to be abandoned 508 GP-4RS 714 to be constructed 510 to be abandoned GP-6RD 720 to be constructed 511 to be abandoned GP-6RD 720 to be constructed 512 GP-2RR 722 to be constructed 513 GP-2RR 722 to be constructed 516 GP-2RR 724 to be constructed 516 GP-2RR 726 to be constructed 516 GP-2RR 726 to be constructed 526 GP-2RR 726 to be constructed 526 527 Annual Market 700 701 Annual Market 701 Annual Market Report Semiannually	GP-3D	505		GP-25	708				
507 to be abandoned GP-27 710 to be abandoned 508 GP-4RS 714 to be constructed 510 to be abandoned GP-4RD 716 to be constructed 511 to be abandoned GP-6RD 720 to be constructed 512 GP-2RR 722 to be constructed 514 GP-2RR 722 to be constructed 515 GP-2RR 724 to be constructed 516 GP-2RR 726 to be constructed 515 GP-2RR 726 to be constructed 516 GP-2RR 726 to be constructed 525 S26 S27 528 S28 S28 529 S10 S10 701 T02 Site Condition at Semiannually	GP-4S	506	to be abandoned	GP-26	502	to be abandoned			
508 GP-4RS 714 to be constructed 509 GP-4RD 716 to be constructed 510 to be abandoned GP-6RS 778 to be constructed 512 to be abandoned GP-6RD 720 to be constructed 513 GP-24R 722 to be constructed 514 GP-27R 724 to be constructed 515 GP-27R 726 to be constructed 516 S25 A A A 526 S27 A A A A 528 S29 A A A A A 529 A	GP-4D	202	to be abandoned	GP-27	710	to be abandoned			
509 GP-4RD 716 to be constructed 510 to be abandoned GP-6RS 718 to be constructed 511 to be abandoned GP-2RR 722 to be constructed 513 GP-2RR 724 to be constructed 514 GP-2RR 724 to be constructed 515 526 526 526 528 529	GP-5S	208		GP-4RS	714	to be constructed			
510 to be abandoned GP-6RS 778 to be constructed 511 to be abandoned GP-24R 720 to be constructed 513 GP-24R 724 to be constructed 514 GP-27R 726 to be constructed 515 GP-27R 726 to be constructed 516 525 526 528 529 529 700 701 701 Site Conditions 702 Site Conditions Record monthly at same time as blower Report Semiannually	GP-5D	909		GP-4RD	716	to be constructed			
511 to be abandoned GP-6RD 720 to be constructed 513 GP-24R 722 to be constructed 514 GP-27R 724 to be constructed 515 GP-27R 726 to be constructed 516 525 526 527 528 529 700 701 Site Conditions 701 Site Conditions	GP-6S	510	to be abandoned	GP-6RS	718	to be constructed			
512 GP-24R 722 to be constructed 513 GP-26R 724 to be constructed 514 GP-27R 726 to be constructed 515 516 525 526 528 529 700 701 702 Site Conditions Site Conditions Record monthly at same time as blower Report Semiannually	GP6D	511	to be abandoned	GP-6RD	720	to be constructed			
513 GP-26R 724 to be constructed 514 GP-27R 726 to be constructed 515 516 525 526 527 528 529 700 701 702 Site Conditions Record monthly at same time as blower Report Semiannually	GP-7	512		GP-24R	722	to be constructed			
514 GP-27R 726 to be constructed 515 516 525 526 528 529 700 701 702 Site Conditions Record monthly at same time as blower Report Semiannually Report Semiannually	GP-8	513		GP-26R	724	to be constructed			
515 516 525 526 527 528 529 700 701 702 Site Conditions at same time as blower Report Semiannually	GP-9	514		GP-27R	726	to be constructed			
525 526 527 528 529 700 701 701 702 Site Conditions at same time as blower Report Semiannually	GP-10	515							
526 527 528 529 529 700 701 701 8ecord monthly at same time as blower Report Semiannually	GP-11	516							
526 527 528 529 700 701 702 Site Conditions at same time as blower Report Semiannually	GP-12	525							
528 529 700 701 702 Site Conditions Record monthly at same time as blower Report Semiannually	GP-13	526							
529 700 701 702 Site Conditions Record monthly at same time as blower Report Semiannually	GP-14	527							
529 700 701 702 Site Conditions at same time as blower Report Semiannually	GP-15	528							
700 701 702 Site Conditions Record monthly at same time as blower Report Semiannually	GP-16	529							
702 702 Site Conditions Record monthly at same time as blower Report Semiannually	GP-17	200							
Site Conditions Record monthly at same time as blower Report Semiannually	GP-18	701							
Site Conditions Record monthly at same time as blower Report Semiannually	GP-19	702							
Record monthly at same time as blower Report Semiannually						Site Cond	itions		
Record monthly at same time as blower Report Semiannually	0								
	rte Conditions						Record monthly	00021 Amb	bient Air Temperature (° F)
00007 Ground Conditions 1=frozen, 2=wet, 3=dry							at same time as blower Report Semiannually	00025 Bard 46381 Trer	ometric Pressure (mm of Hg) nd in Barometric Pressure
1=frozen, 2=wet, 3=dry								00007 Gro	ound Conditions
								1=fn	rozen, 2=wet, 3=dry

1. Monitoring Points that are abandoned are no longer monitored.

2. Unless specifically stated, reporting is as per code typically within 60 days after the end of the specified monitoring period. For items indicated as "Report Semiannually", the reporting is due within 60 days after the end of the last monitoring period in the semiannual period. The semiannual periods will run January-June and July-December unless an alternative period is proposed and the Department concurs.

3. Immediate notification may be necessary under NR 507.22(1)(c) Wis. Adm. Code.

Attachment #1 for the Glacier Ridge Landfill Southeast Expansion Plan of Operation License # 3068 Environmental Monitoring Tables page 8 of 9

					THE RESERVE	ter Monitoring		
Monitoring Pt.	DNR ID I	Comments	Monitoring Pt.	DNR ID#	Comments Lysimeters	Sampling & Reporting ² Frequency	Parameter Codes	Parameters
LS-1 LS-2 LS-3	300 301 302				Lyaimetera	Sample Monthly	74064 Lysi	meter discharge volume pumped (gal)
LS-4 LS-6	303 304					Report Semiannually		
						Sample <u>Annually</u> June	00340 COL 00400 Field 00410 Alka 00630 Nitra 00900 Hard 00929 Sodi 00940 Chlo 00945 Sulfa 01055 Man 74010 Iron,	ir idity I Conductivity @ 25° C(umhe/cm)), Unfiltered I pH (standard units) Initly, total as CaCO3 (mg/L) Ite + Nitrite as N, total (mg/l) Iness, total (mg/L) Inde (mg/L) Ide (mg/L) Ide, total (mg/L) Ide, total (mg/L) Ide, total (mg/L) Ideness, total (mg/L)
	55° 250' 15				Staff Gauges			
SG-Park						Sample <u>Semiannually</u> June and December	99520 Elevi	ation, Surface Water (fl. above mean sea level)
					Sedimentation Ba	eine.		
-1, NE Sed. Basin					Seamentanon Da	Inspect Quarterly	Visual inspection for	Odor, Turbidity, Floating Solids, Foam, C
7-2, SE Sed. Basin 3, West Sed. Basi						March, June, September, and December	Sheen ³	

1. Monitoring Points that are abandoned are no longer monitored.
2. Unless specifically stated, reporting is as per code typically within 60 days after the end of the specified monitoring period. For items indicated as "Report Semiannually", the reporting is due within 60 days after the end of the last monitoring period in the semiannual period. The semiannual periods will run January-June and July-December unless an afternative period is proposed and the Department concurs.
3. See Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan.

Attachment #1 for the Glacier Ridge Landfill Southeast Expansion Plan of Operation License # 3068

Environmental Monitoring Tables

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	Table 5		
Monitoring Point	Sampling & Reporting	Parameter	
	Frequency	Codes	Parameters
Two cross sections as proposed, see condition 29. d.	Measure <u>Annually</u> June June Until 5 years after closure; then every 5 years Report in Annual Report	99422	Elevation, Ground Surface feet above mean sea level

1. Monitoring Points that are abandoned are no longer monitored.
2. Unless specifically stated, reporting is as per code typically within 60 days after the end of the specified monitoring period.

Attachment #2 for the Dane County Rodefeld Eastern Expansion Plan of Operation,
License #: 3018
PAL and ACL Tables
August 2014 - page 1 of 2

Market M				Abandoned or			Specific Conditions	
150 VM942 X 480 490 1200 1500 1520	Wells	DNR ID#	11/1	to be Abandoned	Alkalinity (mg/L) GEMS ID#: 39036	Hardness (mg/L) GEMS ID#: 22413	(umhos/cm) GEMS ID#: 00094	Comments
150						Ĭ	R 140 Wells	
152	A	150	VM942		480	490	1200	Approved in 2014 Plan of Operation Fastern Expansion
154 VM841 X 500 600 930 15 VM843 X 550 680 1400 12 BX885 440 450 680 1100 17 BX885 440 440 810 18 BX889 620 2100 3200 20 BX882 X 390 460 970 21 BX882 X 390 460 970 22 BX882 X 390 460 970 25 BX895 X 390 460 970 26 BX886 X 390 460 570 1100 27 BX896 X 460 560 1100 1100 28 BX896 X 480 560 1100 1100 29 BX896 X 480 560 1100 1100 A 115 BX804 450 470 <td>SA.</td> <td>152</td> <td>VM940</td> <td>×</td> <td>470</td> <td>480</td> <td>890</td> <td>Approved in 2014 Plan of Oneration Eastern Expansion</td>	SA.	152	VM940	×	470	480	890	Approved in 2014 Plan of Oneration Eastern Expansion
156 VM843 X 550 680 1400 12	28	154	VM941	×	200	500	930	Approved in 2014 Plan of Operation Eastern Expansion
BX884 490 550 1100 BX885 440 440 440 BX889 620 2100 3200 BX889 510 220 2000 BX885 X 390 350 350 BX885 X 380 420 760 BX885 X 460 570 1100 BX885 460 510 880 BX896 460 610 1100 BX896 460 510 880 FH85 580 540 1700 FH85 470 470 880 BX903 470 880 870 BX803 440 1100 830 BX904 470 440 1	3A	156	VM943	×	550	680	1400	Approved in 2014 Plan of Operation Eastern Expansion
12 BX884 490 550 1100 13 BX885 620 2400 3200 18 BX889 620 2400 3200 19 BX889 x 550 2400 2000 20 BX889 x 380 460 970 20 BX889 x 380 420 760 25 BX899 x 380 420 760 26 BX899 x 380 460 610 1100 27 BX899 460 550 1100 2100 28 BX899 460 610 1100 2100 28 BX899 460 610 1100 2100 28 BX899 460 610 1100 2100 28 BX890 430 440 1100 2100 29 BX80 420 440 470 820 34								
13 BX885 440 440 810 18 BX889 520 2100 2300 18 BX8891 X 390 350 2000 20 BX892 X 380 460 950 20 BX892 X 380 460 950 25 BX893 660 1100 2100 26 BX890 460 610 1100 27 BX890 460 610 1100 28 BX890 460 610 1100 34 BIZTO X 500 510 1100 5A 5 BX890 430 540 1100 5A 5 BX890 450 510 1100 5A 5 BX890 430 440 1700 5A FH850 X 450 440 1400 820 5A 115 IMA22 430 1		12	BX884		490	550	1100	These or the state of the state
17 BX889 620 2100 3200 18 BX880 X 360 450 920 20 BX881 X 360 460 970 22 BX885 X 360 450 776 25 BX888 460 1400 2100 28 BX898 460 610 1100 34 BIZ70 X 500 570 1100 5A 45 FH849 580 960 1700 5A 17 BX890 440 1700 80 5A 16 BX80 450 470 860 5A 115 BX80 470 860 1400 5A 115 BX81 470 860 <td< td=""><td></td><td>13</td><td>BX885</td><td></td><td>440</td><td>440</td><td>810</td><td>These values were approved in the February 26, 1996 Approval</td></td<>		13	BX885		440	440	810	These values were approved in the February 26, 1996 Approval
18 BX880 \$10 920 2000 20 BX882 X 380 460 970 20 BX882 X 380 460 970 25 BX883 460 550 1100 2100 26 BX889 460 550 1100 2100 27 BX889 460 550 1100 2100 28 BX900 440 510 880 1100 34 E1271 X 500 510 880 5A 51 580 960 1700 1100 5A 51 580 960 1700 1000 5A 51 440 470 480 820 5A 51 440 470 880 470 880 5A 115 MA21 XX 440 1100 80 1000 5A 115 MA22 XX 580 <td>1</td> <td>17</td> <td>BX889</td> <td></td> <td>620</td> <td>2100</td> <td>3200</td> <td>These values were approved in the February 26, 1996 Approval</td>	1	17	BX889		620	2100	3200	These values were approved in the February 26, 1996 Approval
19 BX881 X 380 350 950 20 BX892 X 380 460 970 23 BX895 X 380 420 760 26 BX896 460 660 1100 2100 27 BX896 460 610 1100 2100 28 BX900 450 670 1100 890 34 E1270 X 500 570 1100 890 35 E1270 X 580 440 770 890 34 E1270 X 580 440 770 890 34 45 FH849 580 440 770 890 1700 5A 59 440 470 880 170 810 840 840 840 840 840 840 840 840 840 840 840 840 840 840 840 840<	8	18	BX890		510	920	2000	These values were approved in the February 26, 1990 Approval
20 BX892 X 360 460 970 25 BX895 660 1100 2100 26 BX896 460 550 1100 26 BX898 460 550 1100 27 BX899 460 570 1100 28 BX900 450 570 1100 3A E1270 X 500 570 1100 5A F1849 580 960 1700 8A 47 F1850 470 890 1700 8A 53 F1851 XX 440 170 840 8A 65 F1852 430 440 820 820 1AR 123 IM428 430 440 820 820 1AR 145 BX803 440 1400 840 820 820 1AR 112 IM422 XX 440 1400 820		19	BX891	×	390	350	950	
25 BX8865 390 420 760 26 BX8896 460 1100 2100 26 BX8896 460 610 1100 27 BX899 460 610 1100 34 EL270 X 500 570 1100 3A EL271 X 500 570 1100 3A EL270 X 500 570 1100 3A EL271 X 500 570 1100 3A EL271 X 500 570 1100 5A FH849 580 440 750 1700 5A FH851 XX 450 470 80 1700 5A FH851 XX 440 470 860 1700 1A FH858 430 470 860 2400 1700 3A 117 IMA22 XX 580 710 1700		20	BX892	×	360	460	970	
25 BX8897 660 1100 2100 26 BX898 460 550 1100 27 BX898 460 650 1100 28 BX990 430 510 890 34 EIZ71 390 440 750 3A 45 FH850 440 750 5A 50 560 1700 8A 57 1400 830 8A 53 H851 XX 450 470 830 8A 53 FH851 XX 450 470 830 8A 55 FH857 430 470 840 820 8A 57 FH858 430 470 860 820 8A 115 IM428 430 470 860 820 8A 115 IM428 440 1100 810 810 8A 111 IM428 440 </td <td></td> <td>23</td> <td>BX895</td> <td></td> <td>390</td> <td>420</td> <td>760</td> <td></td>		23	BX895		390	420	760	
26 BX898 460 550 1100 27 BX899 460 610 1100 28 BX300 430 510 890 34 E1271 X 500 570 1100 3A 45 F1849 580 960 1700 5A 50 F1851 XX 450 1700 5A 51 F1852 470 830 8A 53 F1852 470 830 8A 65 F1857 470 830 8A 65 F1858 430 470 840 8A 115 IM420 XX 510 840 840 8A 117 IM421 XX 440 1100 810 8A 119 IM422 XX 440 630 820 8A 112 IM424 XX 440 630 820 8A 112		25	BX897		099	1100	2100	These values were approved in the February 26, 1996 Approval
27 BX889 460 610 1100 28 BX890 430 510 1100 34 EL271 X 500 570 1100 45 EL271 X 580 960 1700 47 FH850 480 560 1700 50 FH851 XX 450 470 830 53 FH852 470 480 820 65 FH857 470 840 820 65 FH857 510 530 840 65 FH857 430 470 860 67 FH858 430 470 860 67 FH858 440 1100 810 67 FH853 440 1100 810 67 FH853 440 1000 820 67 FH864 440 440 750 1000 68 FH865 440		26	BX898		460	550	1100	
28 BX300 430 510 890 34 E1270 X 500 570 1100 45 FH849 580 960 1700 47 FH850 480 560 1700 50 FH851 XX 450 470 830 53 FH852 470 480 820 123 IMA28 430 1400 840 65 FH857 510 530 930 67 FH858 430 470 860 67 FH858 670 930 2400 115 IM420 XX 580 710 1300 116 IM421 XX 440 1000 920 118 IM422 XX 570 1300 1700 125 BX904 XX 570 1200 2900		27	BX899		460	610	1100	
34 ELZ/10 X 500 570 1100 45 FH849 580 960 1700 47 FH851 XX 450 470 1700 50 FH851 XX 450 470 830 53 FH852 470 480 820 123 FH853 470 840 820 65 FH854 430 1400 840 65 FH855 430 470 860 67 FH858 430 470 860 115 IM420 XX 580 710 1300 116 IM421 XX 440 440 440 1000 920 117 IM422 XX 440 440 440 1000 1700 125 IM424 XX 570 1300 1700 1700 121 IM426 XX 680 1200 1700 2300 <td></td> <td>28</td> <td>BX300</td> <td></td> <td>430</td> <td>510</td> <td>890</td> <td></td>		28	BX300		430	510	890	
35 FLZ/T 390 440 750 45 FH849 580 960 1700 47 FH850 XX 450 470 830 50 FH851 XX 450 470 830 53 FH852 470 480 820 65 FH858 430 470 840 67 FH858 430 470 860 124 BX903 XX 580 710 1300 115 IM420 XX 580 710 810 117 IM420 XX 440 1000 920 117 IM421 XX 440 630 830 118 IM422 XX 440 630 750 125 BX904 XX 570 1700 2900 122 IM425 XX 570 1200 2900		34	E1270	×	200	920	1100	These values were approved in the February 26, 1996 Approval
45 FH849 580 960 1700 47 FH850 480 560 1000 53 FH851 XX 450 470 830 53 FH852 470 480 820 123 IM428 430 1400 840 65 FH856 430 470 860 67 FH858 670 930 2400 115 IM420 XX 580 710 1300 116 IM421 XX 440 1100 810 118 IM423 440 630 830 125 BX904 440 440 780 121 IM426 XX 570 1000 122 IM427 XX 680 1200 122 IM427 XX 680 1200		cs.	E12/1		380	440	750	These values were approved in the February 26, 1996 Approval
47 FH850 XX 480 560 1000 50 FH851 XX 450 470 830 51 IM428 430 1400 840 65 FH857 430 470 840 67 FH858 430 470 860 124 BX903 XX 580 710 1300 115 IM420 XX 440 1100 810 117 IM422 XX 440 1100 810 118 IM424 440 440 780 125 BX904 XX 570 1300 121 IM426 XX 570 1300 122 IM427 XX 680 1200	ISA	45	FH849		580	096	1700	
50 FH851 XX 450 470 830 123 IM428 430 1400 840 65 FH857 510 530 840 67 FH858 430 470 860 124 BX903 670 930 2400 115 IM420 XX 580 710 1300 117 IM421 XX 440 1100 810 118 IM422 440 1000 830 118 IM424 440 440 780 125 BX904 570 1300 1700 121 IM426 XX 570 1300 122 IM427 XX 680 1200 122 IM427 XX 680 1200	900	14/	000	3	480	260	1000	-
9.3 FH852 470 480 820 65 FH857 530 840 820 67 FH858 430 470 860 124 BX903 710 860 2400 115 IM420 XX 580 710 1300 116 IM421 XX 440 1100 810 117 IM422 X 440 1000 920 118 IM423 440 440 780 125 BX904 500 750 1000 121 IM426 XX 570 1200 122 IM427 XX 680 1200	Acc	200	FH851	×	450	470	830	
14.3 IM428 430 1400 840 65 FH857 510 530 930 67 FH858 430 470 860 124 BX903 XX 580 710 1300 115 IM420 XX 580 710 1300 117 IM422 XX 440 1100 810 119 IM424 440 630 830 125 BX904 500 750 1000 121 IM426 XX 570 1300 1700 122 IM427 XX 680 1200 2900	204	23	FH852		470	480	820	These values were approved in the February 26, 1996 Approval
67 FH858 510 530 930 124 BX903 470 860 860 115 IM420 XX 580 710 1300 116 IM421 XX 440 1100 810 117 IM422 440 1000 920 119 IM424 440 630 830 125 BX904 500 750 1000 121 IM426 XX 570 1300 1700 122 IM427 XX 680 1200 2900	0	123	IM428		430	1400	840	These values were approved in the February 26, 1996 Approval
of FH856 430 470 860 124 BX903 XX 580 710 1300 115 IM420 XX 440 1100 810 117 IM422 440 1000 920 118 IM423 440 630 830 119 IM424 440 440 780 125 BX904 500 750 1000 121 IM426 XX 570 1300 122 IM427 XX 680 1200	24	60	/6844		510	530	930	These values were approved in the February 26, 1996 Approval
124 BASU3 XX 580 710 1300 115 IM420 XX 440 1100 930 2400 117 IM422 XX 440 1100 920 1100 920 118 IM423 440 630 830 1700 1700 125 BX904 XX 570 1300 1700 1700 121 IM426 XX 570 1200 1700 1700 122 IM427 XX 680 1200 2900 1700	DAAD	10	FH858		430	470	860	
115 IM420 XX 580 710 1300 116 IM421 XX 440 1100 810 117 IM422 490 1000 920 118 IM423 440 630 830 125 BX904 750 1700 121 IM426 XX 570 1300 1700 122 IM427 XX 680 1200 2900	A PO	124	BA903	****	0/9	930	2400	These values were approved in the February 26, 1996 Approval
116 IM421 XX 440 1100 810 117 IM422 490 1000 920 118 IM423 440 630 830 119 IM424 440 780 780 125 BX904 XX 570 1300 1000 121 IM426 XX 680 1200 2900 122 IM427 XX 680 1200 2900	DANT DOOD	CLL	IM420	X	580	710	1300	These values were approved in the February 26, 1996 Approval
117 IM422 490 1000 920 118 IM423 440 630 830 125 BX904 XX 570 750 1000 121 IM426 XX 570 1300 1700 122 IM427 XX 680 1200 2900	D/VV I -202B	011	IM421	×	940	1100	810	
118 IM423 440 630 830 119 IM424 440 440 780 125 BX904 500 750 1000 121 IM426 XX 570 1300 1700 122 IM427 XX 680 1200 2900	ASC	111	IM422		490	1000	920	
119 IM424 440 440 780 125 BX904 500 750 1000 121 IM426 XX 570 1300 1700 122 IM427 XX 680 1200 2900	04A	118	IM423		440	630	830	These values were approved in the February 26, 1996 Approval
125 BX904 X 500 750 1000 121 IM426 XX 570 1300 1700 1700 1700 1700 1700 1700 17	J5A	119	IM424		440	440	780	
121 IM426 XX 570 1300 1700 120 122 IM427 XX 680 1200 2900	DEAK	125	BX904		200	750	1000	These values were approved in the February 26, 1996 Approval
122 IM427 XX 680 1200 2900	J/A	121	IM426	×	220	1300	1700	These values were approved in the February 26, 1996 Approval
	8A	122	IM427	×	089	1200	2900	These values were approved in the February 26, 1996 Approval

X well to be abandoned, XX well was previously abandoned Subtitle D wells are in bold

Attachment #2 for the Dane County Rodefeld Eastern Expansion Plan of Operation, License #: 3018 PAL and ACL Tables August 2014 - page 2 of 2

			NEW STATES			est Aprelo - 1		Table 7				
			AND THE				Groundwater Alternativ	re Concentration Limits (ACLs)		STATE OF STA	
Wells	DNR ID#	wuwn	Abandoned or to be Abandoned	Antimony (ug/l)	Arsenic (ug/L) GEMS ID#: 01000	Cadmium (ug/L) GEMS ID#: 01025	Chloride (mg/L) GEMS ID#: 00940 or 00941	Iron (mg/L) GEMS ID#: 01046	Manganese (ug/L) GEMS ID#: 01056	Nitrate (as N) (mg/L) GEMS ID#: 00618	Sulfate GEMS ID#: 00946	Comments
		19.7025					NR	140 Wells		NEW CHEST		Constant and the second second second second
M-5B	6	BX878						1.90				Approved in 2014 Plan of Operation Eastern Expansion
M-14A	17	BX889					230					Approved in 2014 Plan of Operation Eastern Expansion
M-14B	18	BX890					320					Approved in 2014 Plan of Operation Eastern Expansion
M-17B	20	BX892	Х				220					Approved in 2014 Plan of Operation Eastern Expansion
WT-108A	53	FH852				*						Approved in 2014 Plan of Operation Eastern Expansion
WT-119A	65	FH857		*								Approved in 2014 Plan of Operation Eastern Expansion
WT-201AR	124	BX903					310					Approved in 2014 Plan of Operation Eastern Expansion
WT-202B	116	IM421						0.53				Approved in 2014 Plan of Operation Eastern Expansion
WT-207AR	141	VM944					420					Approved in 2014 Plan of Operation Eastern Expansion
M-301A	150	VM942							110			Approved in 2014 Plan of Operation Eastern Expansion
M-302A	152	VM940	X						380			Approved in 2014 Plan of Operation Eastern Expansion
M-302B	154	VM941	X						97	3.0		Approved in 2014 Plan of Operation Eastern Expansion
M-303A	156	VM943	X						74			Approved in 2014 Plan of Operation Eastern Expansion
												Approved in 2014 Plan of Operation Eastern Expansion
M-9B	13	BX885			23.4				144			These values were approved in the February 26, 1996 Approval
M-14A	17	BX889				4.9		2	2706			These values were approved in the February 26, 1996 Approval
M-14B	18	BX890						1.68	158			These values were approved in the February 26, 1996 Approval
M-25A	25	BX897						0.24				These values were approved in the February 26, 1996 Approval
M-26A	27	BX899				3.2						These values were approved in the February 26, 1996 Approval
M-26B	28	BX900				3.5						These values were approved in the February 26, 1996 Approval
WT-103A	45	FH849							668		341	These values were approved in the February 26, 1996 Approval
P-103B	47	FH850						0.15				These values were approved in the February 26, 1996 Approval
P-119B	67	FH858						0.69				These values were approved in the February 26, 1996 Approval
WT-202A	115	IM420	XX					8				These values were approved in the February 26, 1996 Approval
WT-208A	122	IM427	XX				410					These values were approved in the February 26, 1996 Approval
WT-201A	114	BX903	XX				360					These values were approved in the February 26, 1996 Approval**

Subtitle D Wells are in Bold

* An ACL will be calculated in the future if background sampling indicates an ACL is necessary

X well to be abandoned, XX well was previously abandoned

**An April 3, 1996 letter corrects the 360 mg/L chloride ACL and assigns it to WT-201A rather than WT-204A as it appears in the table in the February 26, 1996 document

State of Wisconsin
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
3911 Fish Hatchery Road
Fitchburg WI 53711-5397

Scott Walker, Governor Cathy Stepp, Secretary Telephone 608-266-2621 Toll Free 1-888-936-7463 TTY Access via relay - 711



October 26, 2012

John Welch Dane County Landfill 1919 Alliant Energy Center Way Madison, WI 53713 FID # 113127300 Dane County SW/CORR

Subject: Proposed Dane County Rodefeld Landfill Eastern Expansion -- Alternative Geotechnical Program for Feasibility Study

Dear Mr. Welch:

We have reviewed the proposed alternative geotechnical investigation program for the proposed eastern expansion at the Dane County Rodefeld Landfill. The program was detailed in a TRC, Inc. document dated October 12, 2012 and received by the Department on October 15, 2012. The Department requested additional information via email on October 22, 2012. Addendum Number 1 of the proposed alternative geotechnical investigation program was submitted on October 25, 2012 via email.

Based on our review, we are approving your proposed geotechnical program with a few modifications. Our comments on the proposed program and rationale for this approval are provided below. Please include a copy of this letter in the feasibility study for the proposed expansion.

The proposed program would utilize information from a number of previously drilled soil borings to characterize the proposed expansion area. These previous borings are both adjacent to and within the proposed landfill expansion footprint. The proposed expansion area would be characterized by 11 previous borings, 2 of which are within the proposed overlay portion of the eastern expansion limits of waste, 3 of which are within the proposed limits of waste for the horizontal expansion area, and 6 of which are outside the limits of waste and in proximity to the proposed expansion. The proposed expansion will be further characterized by 7 additional proposed borings located in the proposed eastern expansion area limits of waste to the east of the existing limits of waste for the Dane County Landfill and 3 additional proposed borings located outside the proposed limits of waste locations to the east, north, and south of the proposed expansion. Some of the additional boring will be converted to monitoring wells. The additional borings and monitoring wells would be contracted and observed by TRC, Inc., to characterize the area not covered in previous work. The combination of existing and new borings and wells would provide subgrade geotechnical information from 21 locations, which meets the basic code requirement for a 24-acre site.

The proposed program provides monitoring wells around the perimeter of the proposed expansion footprint. Two piezometers and 2 water table wells are proposed within the proposed horizontal expansion footprint. These wells would provide groundwater quality data until



abandoned for liner construction. The eastern expansion and the existing Rodefeld Landfill would become one contiguous landfill at that time.

The Department does not anticipate granting an exemption to the requirements of NR 512.11(2), Wis. Adm. Code, to reduce the dimensions of the required cross sections.

The Department does not anticipate granting an exemption to the requirements of NR 512.09(6), Wis. Adm. Code, to reduce the required soil sampling for consolidation testing.

The TRC, Inc., submittal requested a number of exemptions to NR 512 to accommodate the use of existing information in this alternative geotechnical investigation program. Our acceptance of your proposed program encompasses the areas of the code from which exemptions were requested. Formal approval of exemption requests would occur in the Department's feasibility determination.

The Department reserves the right to require additional geotechnical information if necessary to fully evaluate subsurface conditions at the site and to complete our review of your feasibility study. If major changes are made to the proposed footprint during the course of design development, you should work with the Department to determine if additional geotechnical investigation will be needed.

Please notify Adam Hogan of my staff prior to commencing drilling. Please do not hesitate to contact Adam at (608) 275-3292 if you have any questions about this letter.

Sincerely.

Dennis Mack, P.E.

Waste Management Team Supervisor

South Central Region

cc: Ann Bekta - Janesville

Bob Grefe – WA/5 Brad Wolbert – WA/5

John Oswald, P.G., 708 Heartland Trail, Suite 3000, Madison, WI 53717