



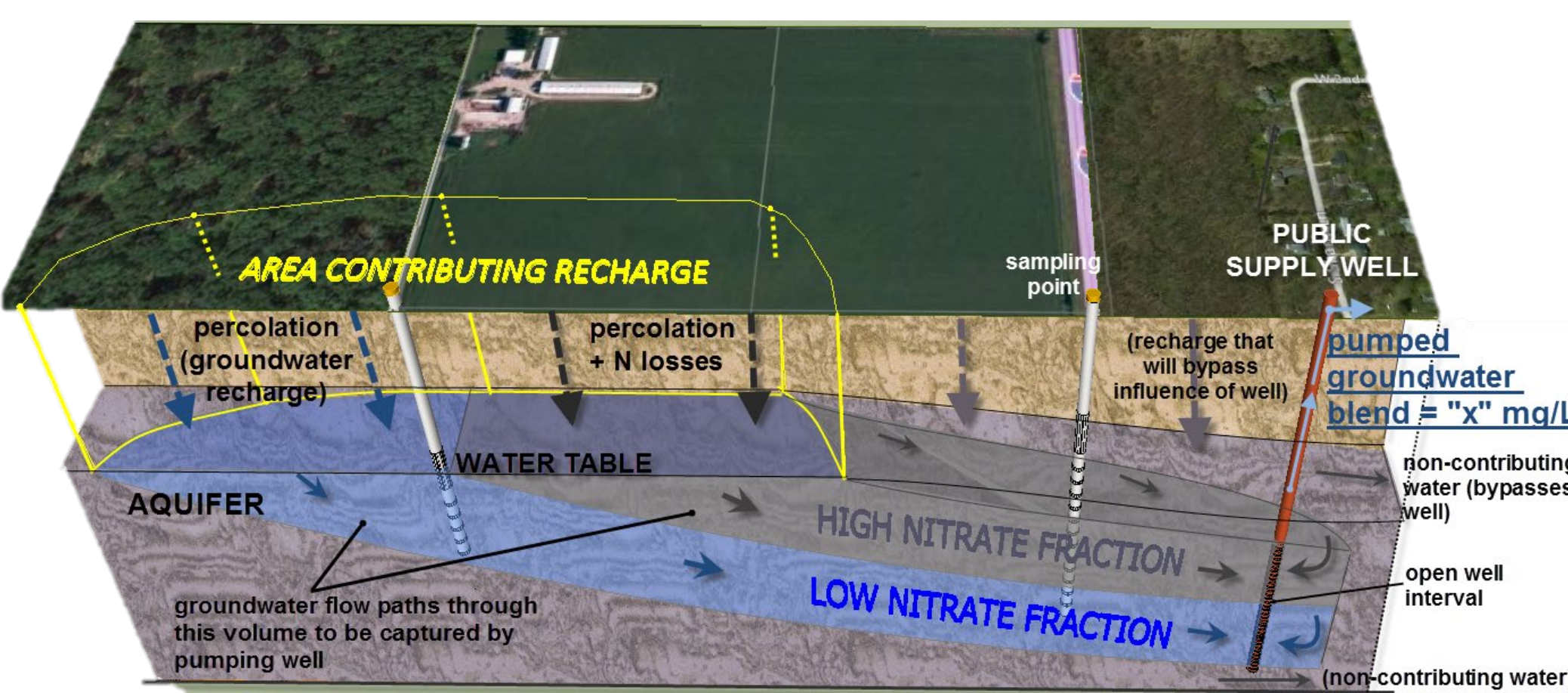
Protecting our Sources of Drinking Water

Brian Austin¹, Beth Finzer¹, Dave Johnson¹, Andrew Aslesen²

¹Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources, ²Wisconsin Rural Water Association

What is Source Water Protection (SWP)?

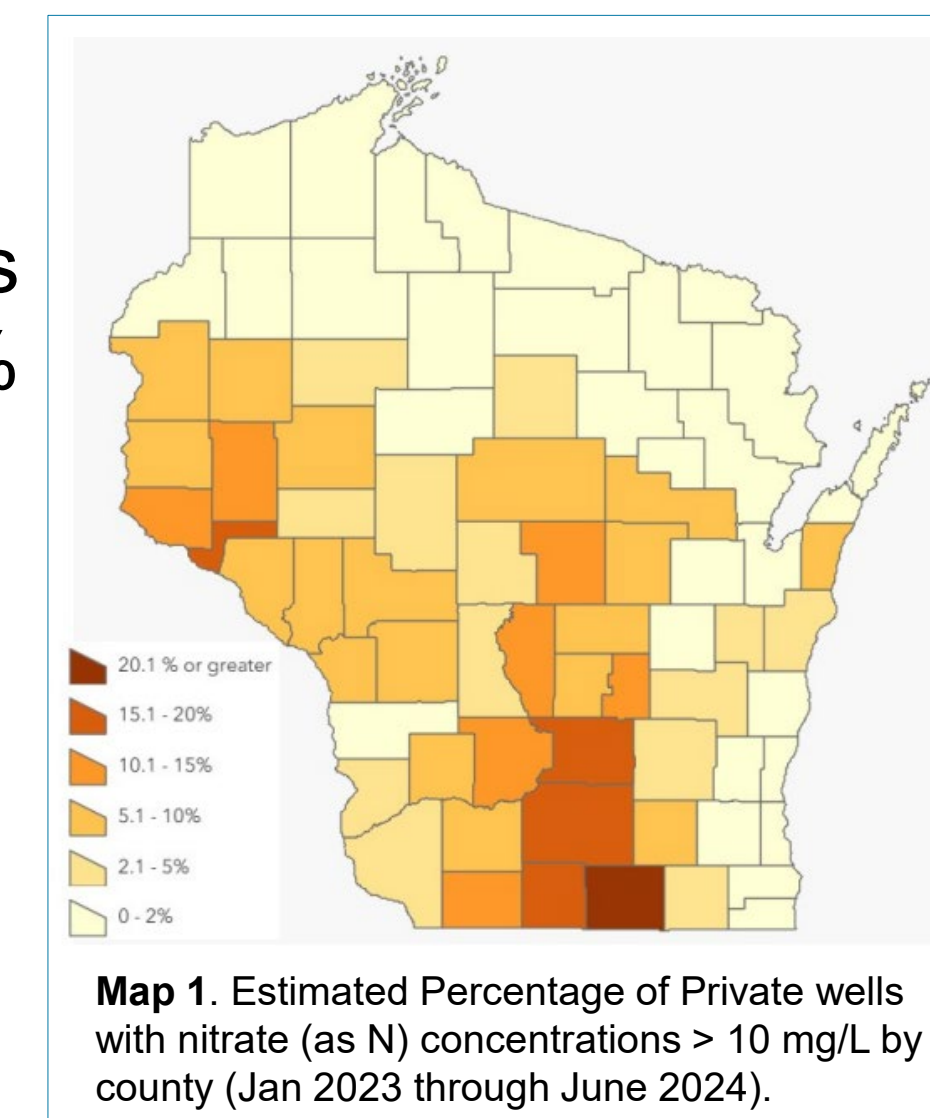
The Need to Meet Water Quality Challenges



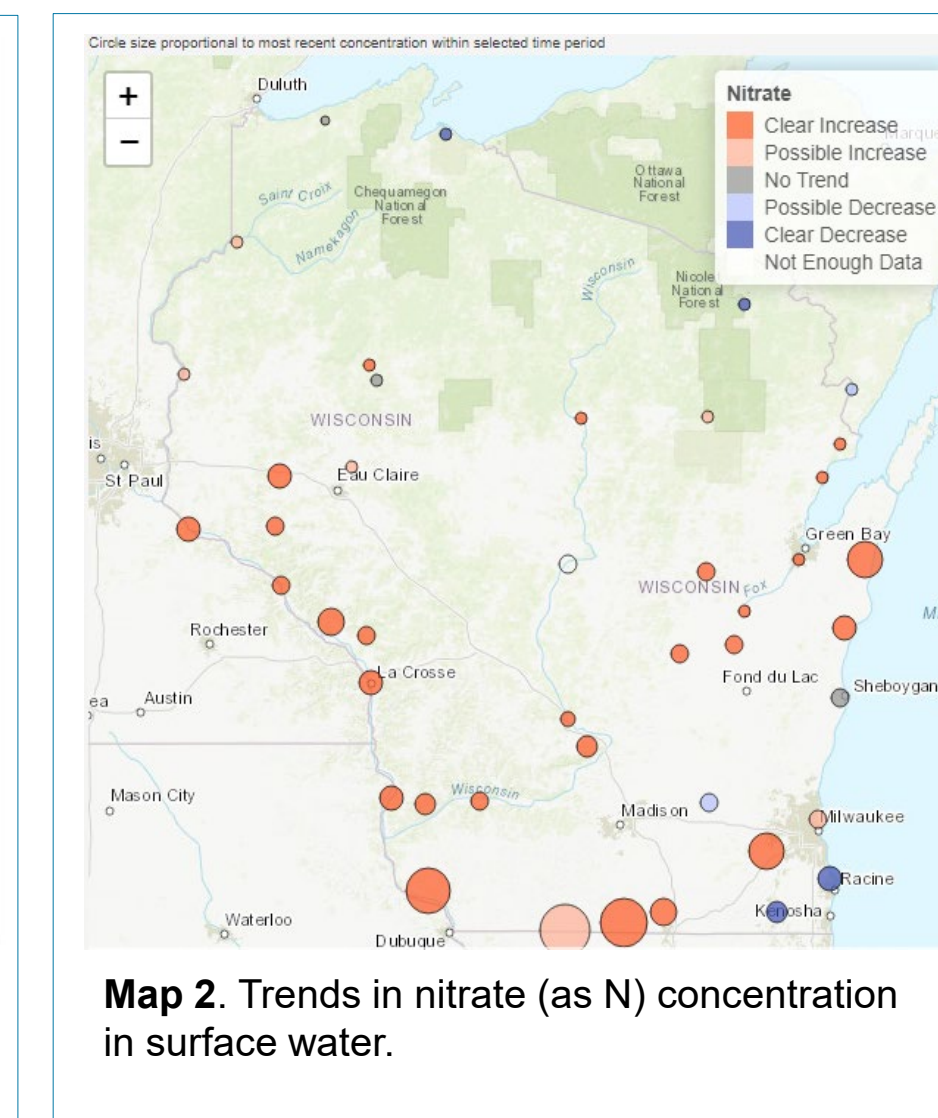
Wellhead protection concepts: GW transport from a contributing area

- Proactive multi-stakeholder approach to prevent contaminants from entering drinking water sources
- Focus on groundwater, but surface water systems (e.g., Ashland, Lake Winnebago) also benefit
- Applies to all contaminants – nitrates, pesticides, PFAS, geogenic sources, etc.
- Some SWP activities are supported by federal grants for implementation

- The Nitrate health-based maximum contaminant level has been exceeded at 8% of all WI wells historically (Map 1)
- Nitrate is also increasing in surface water – much of it is transported by groundwater (Map 2)

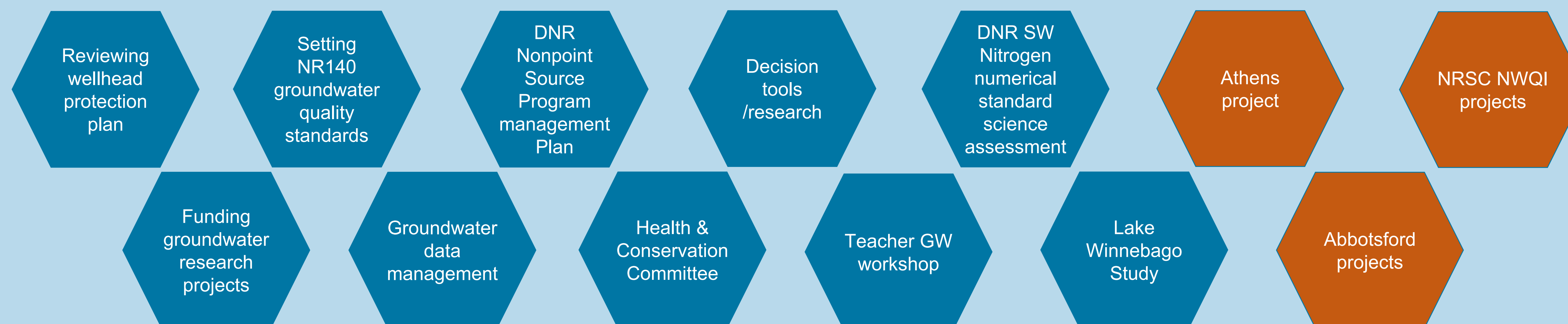


Map 1. Estimated Percentage of Private wells with nitrate (as N) concentrations > 10 mg/L by county (Jan 2023 through June 2024).



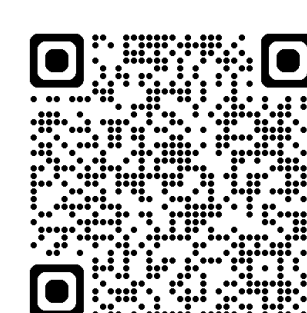
Map 2. Trends in nitrate (as N) concentration in surface water.

Some examples of DNR SWP activities and collaborative efforts

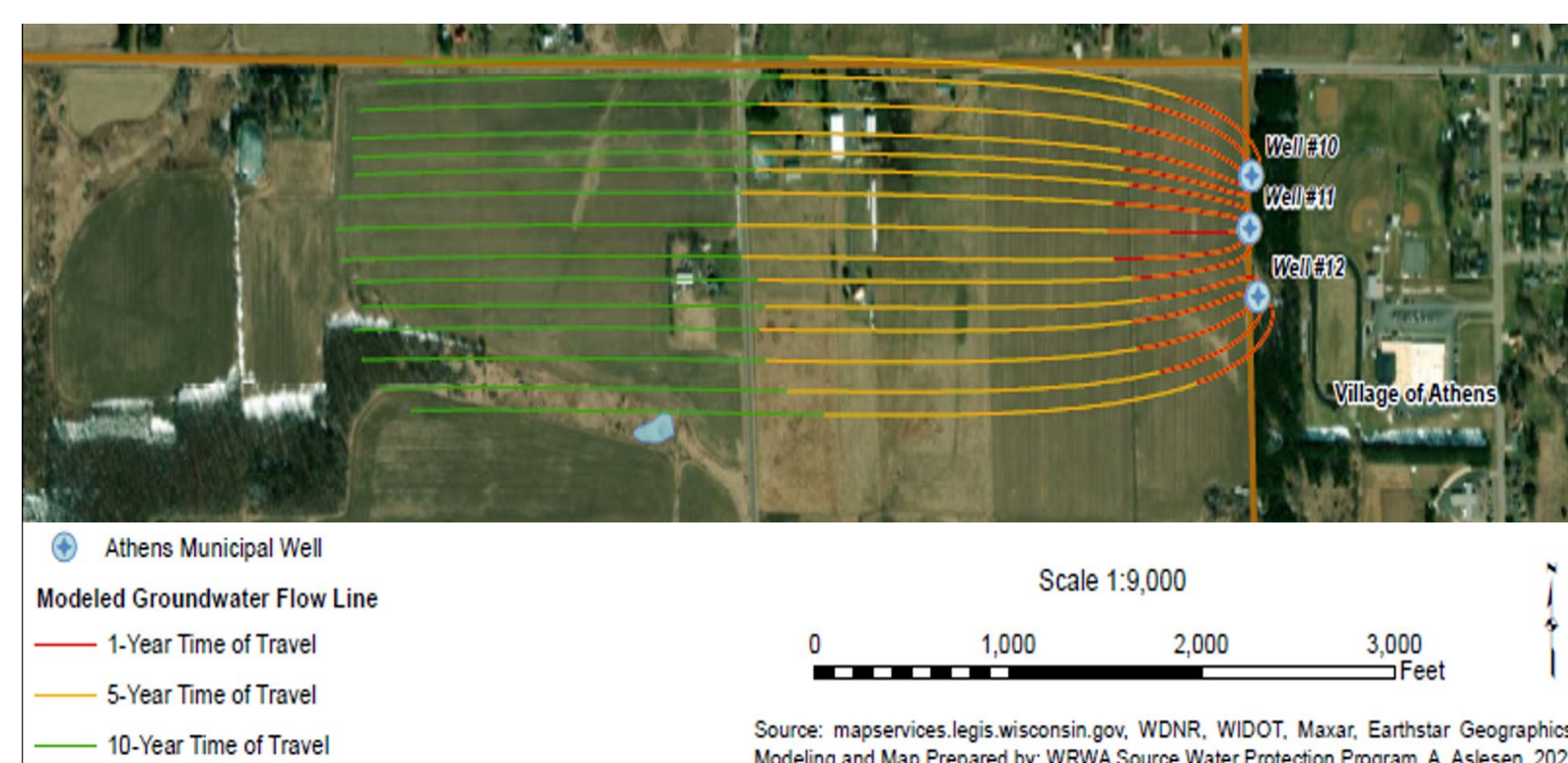
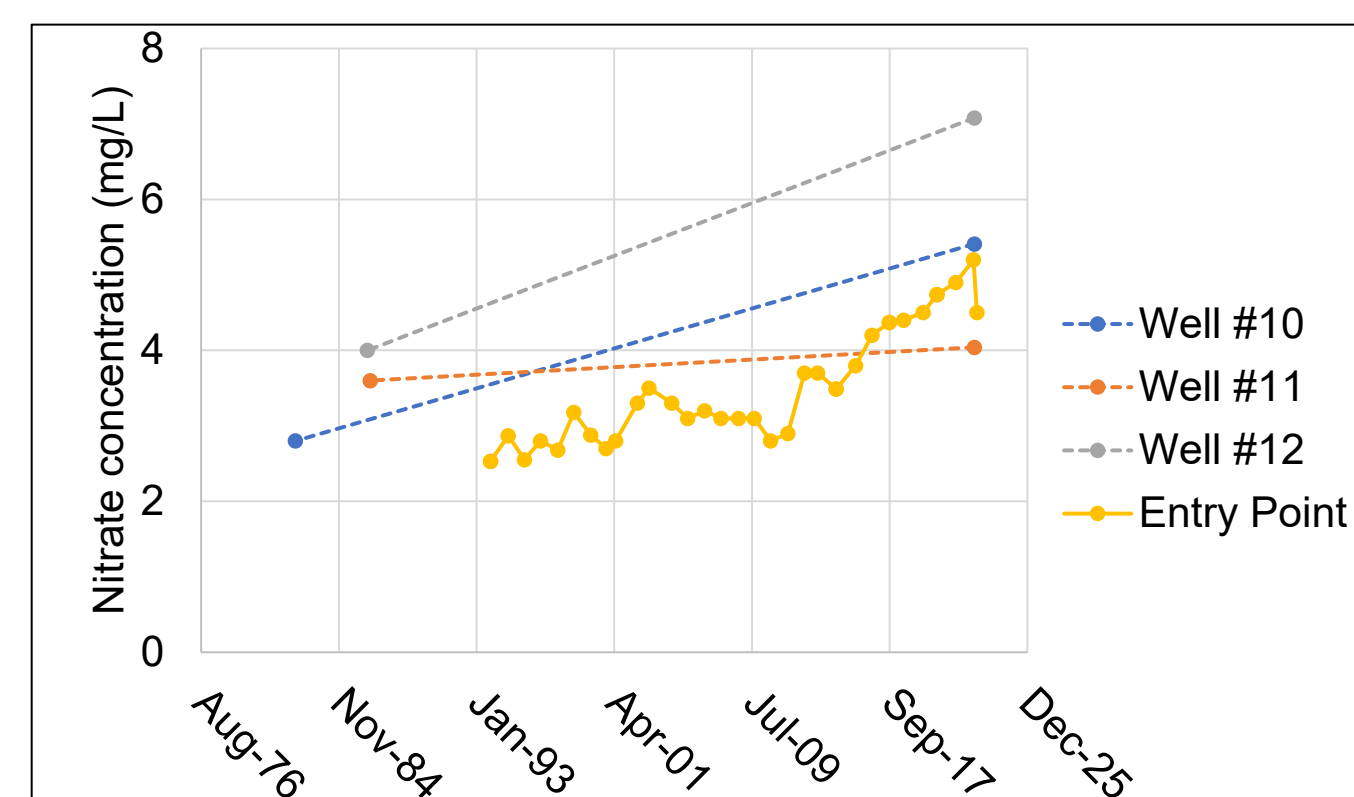


Local Collaborations to Co-Manage Drinking Water Sources: DNR + State, Federal, and County Partners + Local Communities

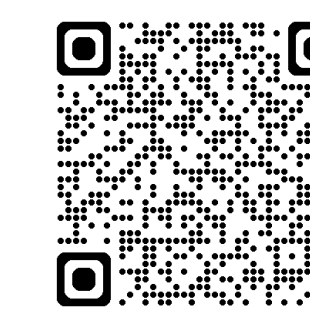
Athens (Marathon County)



- Identified wells with rising nitrate levels through data analysis
- Collaborated with Wisconsin Rural Water Association, a local farmer, and the municipality
- Modeled nitrate contributions to guide actions
- Engaged a CAFO owner in adopting practices to reduce nitrogen input
- Increased sampling at shallow public wells for better monitoring



Abbotsford (Marathon County)

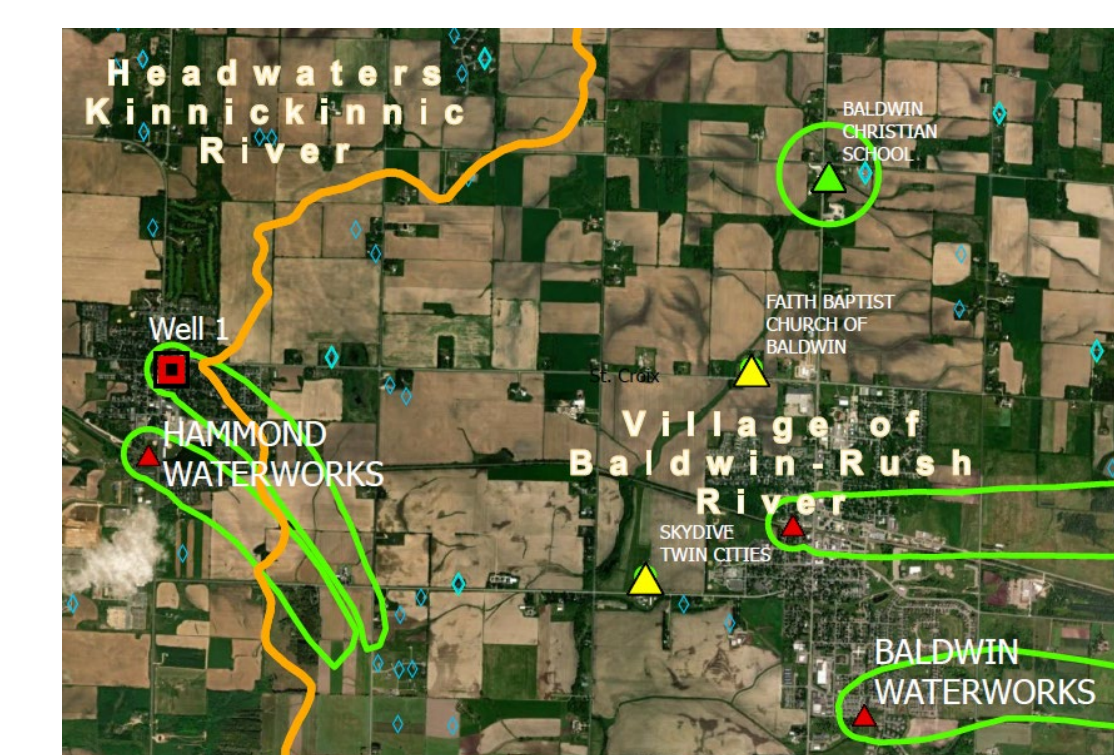
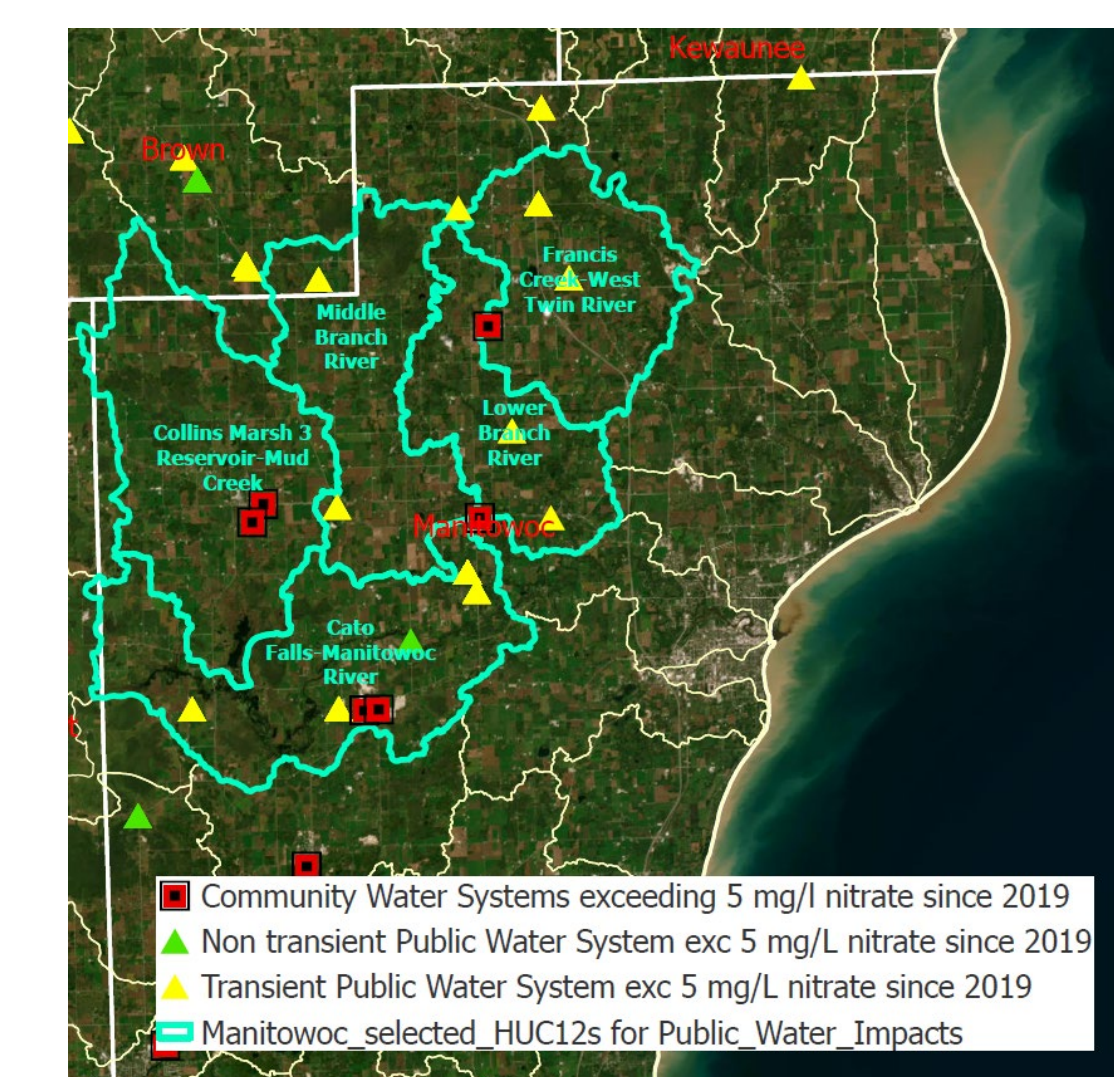


- Identified three wells with rising nitrate concentrations near a 17-acre ag field owned by the Abbotsford School District
- Collaborated with the school, Wisconsin Rural Water Association, WGNHS, and Thriving Earth Exchange
- Replaced farming income with no-nitrate input activities
- Students planted native vegetation. Students observed drilling of monitoring wells and learned about geology and water quality
- Installed monitoring wells at the property to collect additional data



St. Croix and Manitowoc Counties

- Federally funded through the National Water Quality Initiative – Wisconsin's first groundwater-focused watershed scale projects for public water supplies
- Collaboration with USDA/NRCS and counties
- Identified areas of concern for nitrate in public wells
- Ongoing: Mapping recharge areas for wells
- Ongoing: Partnering with counties for farmer outreach
- Future: Implementing BMPs in recharge areas



Contact with questions: brian.austin@wisconsin.gov