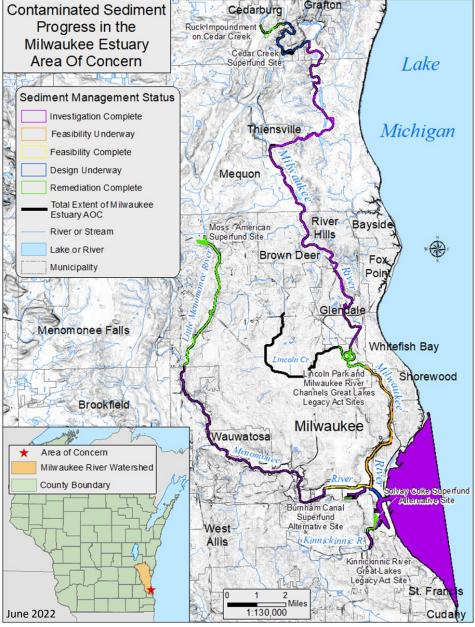
## Milwaukee Estuary Area of Concern

We will achieve our goal of removing the Milwaukee Estuary from the list of most polluted sites on the Great Lakes when public uses are no longer impaired by pollution, and when fish and wildlife and their habitats are sustainably restored. As toxic sediments are removed and habitat restoration continues, the rivers and lakeshore are becoming ever more valuable resources for recreation and the local economy.





To learn more about Milwaukee Estuary Area of Concern projects and progress visit https://dnr.wi.gov, search "Milwaukee AOC." For more details, refer to the Remedial Action Plan Updates.



Above: Dredging at Lincoln Park removed toxins from the riverbed that harmed fish and wildlife and their habitats. Photo: Duane Thomas, EA Engineering.

Milwaukee Estuary — part of the largest fresh surface water resource in the world — the Great Lakes ecosystem.



#### Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources, Office of Great Waters

environmental justice. We ensure that we do not discriminate in employment, programs, decisions, actions or delivery f services. If you have questions or to request information in an alternative format (large print, Braille, audio tape, etc.), Great Lakes re format (large print, brains) to the University research to the University RESTORATION of Wisconsin-Extension Regional Natural Resources Program and the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources, fice of Great Waters. Graphic design by Jeffrey J. Strobel, UW-Extension Environmental Resources Center



# Milwaukee Estuary Area of Concern

### BENEFICIAL USE IMPAIRMENT RESTORATION REPORT

Fall 2022

## The Milwaukee Estuary

was designated an Area of Concern (AOC) in the 1980s because contaminated river sediment impaired public benefits such as clean water, fish consumption, recreational opportunities, and healthy fish and wildlife populations.







The Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources and citizen groups identified 11 Beneficial Use Impairments (BUIs) to target here for improving the rivers and estuary.

See the progress report inside  $\, lue{} \,$ 



## Milwaukee Estuary AOC – Restoration Status Update

Tackling Area of Concern problems, known as Beneficial Use Impairments in the AOC program, requires several steps. We must first understand the causes and define the extent of the problems through monitoring, assessment and data analysis. We then determine the necessary actions to fix the problems and implement them. Actions to address AOC problems are anticipated to be completed by 2030 with funding support from the federal Great Lakes Restoration Initiative and Bipartisan Infrastructure Law. Although projects are large and complex, coordinated efforts by many partners and community members will ensure success.

After projects are completed, we then monitor to verify if we have achieved our goals for pollution cleanup and restoration. Once all impairments are removed, the Milwaukee Estuary can be removed from the list of most polluted sites on the Great Lakes.

This report shows the status of the removal process for 11 impairments in the Milwaukee Estuary AOC.



Left: Young sturgeon Lower Left: Restored Menomonee River channel. Lower right: Fish consumption and water contact health advisories. Photos: DNR



#### **Impairment Removal Steps:**

- MONITOR & ASSESS: define problems, gather data, consult with experts and engage stakeholders.
- **DEVELOP AOC PROJECTS:** engage stakeholders to generate management action list. Work with partners to plan projects so they're ready to implement.
- **IMPLEMENT PROJECTS**: take action to improve conditions within the AOC if monitoring data shows goals are not being met.
- **VERIFY RESULTS**: after actions have been taken, monitor to determine if target has been met.
- FORMAL BUI REMOVAL: targets have been met. BUI removal documentation is being prepared or reviewed, or has been submitted.

Status of Each Step: Not Started Underway

**Dredging** 

activities for

or navigation are

Assess remaining polluted

sediment sites and plan

cleanup projects in the

Milwaukee, Menomonee

Inner and Outer Harbors,

and nearshore waters of

Complete cleanup of

harmful PCBs, PAHs and

contaminated hotspots.

heavy metals in remaining

Lake Michigan.

and Kinnickinnic Rivers,

commerce

restricted

**NEXT STEPS:** 







### Excessive nutrients cause

- watershed pollution improve water quality (Total Maximum Daily determining next steps
- Determine approach to addressing this BUI



#### Fish & wildlife populations are degraded

#### **NEXT STEPS:**

- Continue cleanup of riverbed sediments containing polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) and other toxins which contaminate fish and wildlife.
- As contaminated sediments are cleaned up, consumption concerns for fish and wildlife will be reassessed until goals are



#### Water contact through beach use or other recreation is

#### NEXT STEPS:

limited

NEXT STEPS:

projects.

decline.

Worked with the Fish and

Wildlife Technical Adviso-

ry Committee to identify

16 projects for improving

populations. Work contin-

develop the management

action list and implement

contribute to population

ues with this group to

Continue cleanup of

polluted sites which

- In consultation with stakeholders finalize the management action list (2022).
- Support local partners to address high bacteria levels and beach closings at AOC beaches (Bradford, McKinley and South Shore).



#### There are increased rates of fish tumors and deformities

#### **NEXT STEPS:**

- Continue cleanup of sites that contain polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), PCBs, metals and other substances that cause fish tumors.
- Reassess rates of fish tumors and deformities after sediment cleanup actions are done.



**Appearance** 

and water-

front needs

improvement

of rivers

#### There is increased potential for bird and animal deformities and reproductive problems

#### NEXT STEPS:

- USGS study of tree swallows (an indicator species) confirmed the impairment.
- Add fish and fish-eating birds in future monitoring efforts.
- Continue cleanup of riverbed sediments to remove harmful toxins known to cause deformities and reproduction problems.



#### Communities of sedimentdwelling organisms are degraded

#### **NEXT STEPS:**

- Continue cleanup of pollution in the riverbed sediments which harms these creatures.
- Future monitoring to determine the health of these organisms will focus on the upper estuary and will occur after polluted sediment cleanup projects are done.



#### Communities of small organisms living in the water are degraded

#### NEXT STEPS:

- Small plants and animals living in the water are essential food sources for fish and other aquatic life
- Evaluate results of 2021 water column toxicity assessment.
- Continue cleanup of pollution, which harms the small organisms in AOC waters.



#### **NEXT STEPS:**

- Continue cleanup of pollution in riverbed sediments which degrades habitat.
- Continue to work with community partners to implement the list of 11 projects that will bring back healthy, thriving and diverse habitats for fish and wildlife.









## health

concerns with eating fish and wildlife

There are



## undesirable algae

### **NEXT STEPS:**

- The Milwaukee River reduction plan needed to Load or TMDL Plan) was completed in 2018. The TMDL Plan will assist in for this BUI.









All the steps to address

ment were successfully

completed and it was

this Beneficial Use Impair-

officially removed in Sept.





Formal BUI Removal (RM)