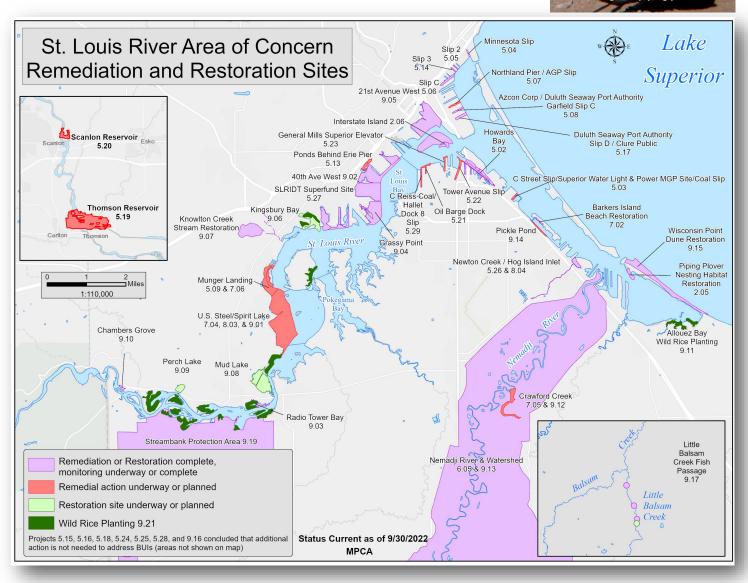
St. Louis River Area of Concern

We will achieve our goal of removing the St. Louis River from the list of most polluted sites on the Great Lakes when public uses are no longer impaired by pollution, native habitats are restored, and fish and wildlife are sustainably protected. As contaminated sediment is removed and habitat restoration continues, the river is becoming an ever more valuable resource for recreation and the local economy.



To learn more about St. Louis River AOC projects and progress visit https://dnr.wi.gov, search "St. Louis River AOC."

St. Louis River — part of the largest fresh surface water resource in the world — the Great Lakes ecosystem



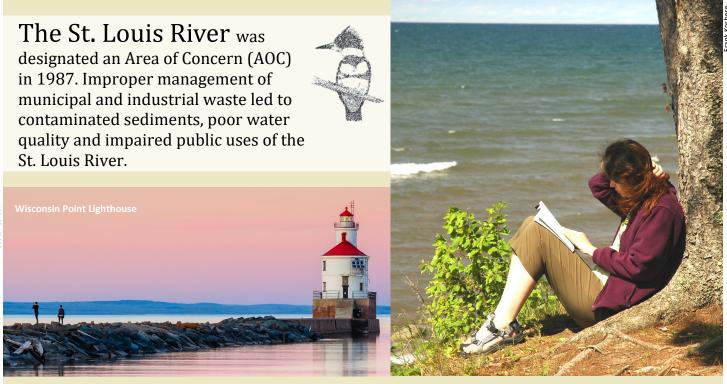
Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources, Office of Great Waters

he Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources is committed to promoting diversity, fairness, equity and the rinciples of environmental justice. We ensure that we do not discriminate in employment, programs, decisions, actions or delivery of services. If you have questions or to request information in an alternative format (large print Braille, audio tape, etc.), please contact us at 888-936-7463 or https://dnr.wi.gov/About/No Brochure developed by the University of Wisconsin-Extension Regional Natural Resources Program and the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources, Office of Great Waters. Graphic design by Jeffrey J. Strobel, UW-Extension Environmental Resources Cente





BENEFICIAL USE IMPAIRMENT RESTORATION REPORT





The Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources, Minnesota Pollution Control Agency, Minnesota Department of Natural Resources, the Fond du Lac Band of Lake Superior Chippewa and citizen groups identified nine Beneficial Use Impairments (BUIs) to target here for improving the river.



Winter 2023

St. Louis River AOC – Restoration Status Update

Tackling AOC problems, known as

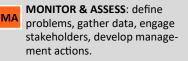
Beneficial Use Impairments, requires several steps. We must first understand the causes and define the extent of the problems through monitoring, assessment and data analysis. We then determine the necessary actions to fix the problems and implement them.

State and federal agency managers aim to complete actions that address AOC problems by 2030. Funding support from the federal Great Lakes Restoration Initiative and Bipartisan Infrastructure Law is essential to achieving this goal. Although projects are large and complex, coordinated efforts by many partners and community members will ensure success.

After projects are completed, we then monitor to verify if we've achieved our goals for pollution cleanup and restoration. Once all impairments are removed, the St. Louis River can be removed from the list of most polluted sites on the Great Lakes.

This update shows the status of the removal process for nine impairments in the St. Louis River AOC.

Impairment Removal Phases:



DEVELOP AOC PROJECTS: engage stakeholders to develop the set of projects that are necessary for reaching AOC goals.

IMPLEMENT PROJECTS: take action IP to improve conditions within the AOC if monitoring data shows goals are not being met.

VERIFY RESULTS: after actions have been taken, monitor to determine if target has been met.

FORMAL BUI REMOVAL: targets have been met. BUI removal documentation is being prepared or reviewed, or has been submitted.

Status of Each Phase: Not Started Underway





commerce or navigation are restricted

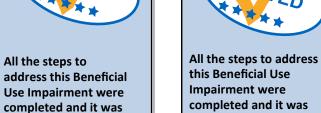
NEXT STEPS:

- Continue cleanup of riverbed and harbor sites identified as pollution hotspots (2026).
- Update and enhance the (ongoing).



Fish and wildlife populations are degraded









Mo



Soil is analyzed during Clough Island survey (above left). An engineer samples sediment at Crawford Creek (middle). Bioloaists monitor Little Pokeaama Bay (above right). Petroleum-contaminated sediment is removed from Newton Creek (lower right).

sediment quality database



Water contact through beach use or other recreation is limited

officially removed in Jan.

VR

RM

2023.

NEXT STEPS:

- Cleanup contaminated sites with body contact restrictions: Munger Landing, Crawford Creek, US Steel (2026).
- Continue to document permit compliance and improvements to wastewater treatment.



There are increased rates of fish tumors and deformities



Impairment were completed and it was officially removed in Feb. 2019. VR RM Appearance

Aug. 2014.

Formal BUI Removal (RM)

onitor and Assess (MA)	Develop AOC Projects (DP)	Implement Projects (IP)	Verify Results
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← RETURN TO PROCESS STEPS IF TARGETS NOT REACHED

(VR)

There are health concerns with eating fish and wildlife

NEXT STEPS:

- Continue studies to compare PCB and mercury levels in fish at AOC sites and similar unimpaired sites.
- Continue to clean up contaminated sites containing mercury and PCBs (2026).
- Continue to monitor contaminants in fish following sediment cleanup.





