### WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

## MIDDLE EAU CLAIRE LAKE 2022 – 2023 CREEL SURVEY REPORT BAYFIELD COUNTY





### Treaty Fisheries Publication

Compiled by Matthew Kufahl DNR Treaty Fisheries Technician



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## INTRODUCTION

Fish populations can fluctuate due to a variety of factors including natural forces like climate, reproductive success, predation, and competition. Human activities such as fish harvest, stocking, habitat change, and invasive species introduction can also have significant impacts. Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) fisheries crews regularly conduct fishery surveys on lakes and reservoirs to gather the information needed to monitor changes, identify concerns, evaluate past management actions, and to prescribe fishery management strategies. Netting and electrofishing surveys are used to gather data on the status of fish populations and communities, measuring such parameters as species composition, population size, reproductive success, size and age distribution and growth rates.

The other key component of the fishery that we often need to measure is angler harvest to assess its impact on the fishery.

On many lakes in the Ceded Territory of northern Wisconsin, the harvest of fish is divided between sport anglers and the six Ojibwe tribes who harvest fish under rights granted by federal treaties. The tribes harvest fish mostly using a highly efficient method, spearing, during a relatively short time period in the spring. Every fish in the spear harvest is counted – a complete "census" of the harvest.

It would be highly impractical and very costly to conduct a complete census of every angler who fishes on a lake. Therefore, we conduct creel surveys.

A creel survey is an assessment tool used to sample the fishing activities of anglers on a body of water and make projections, or estimates, of harvest and other fishery parameters. Creel survey clerks work on randomly selected days and shifts, forty hours per week. The survey is conducted during the open season for gamefish from the first Saturday in May through the first Sunday in March. Creel surveys are generally not conducted in November when fishing effort is low and ice conditions are often unsafe. The survey is run during daylight hours, and shift times change from month to month as day length changes.

Creel survey clerks travel their lakes using a boat or snowmobile to count the number of anglers at predetermined times, and to interview anglers who have completed their fishing trip. Data are collected on what species they fished for, catch, harvest, lengths of fish harvested, marks (fin clips or tags), and hours of fishing effort. Collecting information at the end of a fishing trip provides the most accurate assessment of angling activities, and it avoids the need to disturb anglers while they are fishing.

A computer program is used to estimate catch and harvest of each species, catch and harvest rates, and fishing effort by month, as well as for the year in total. Accurate estimates require that we sample a sufficient and representative portion of the angling activity on a lake. The accuracy of creel survey results depends on good cooperation and truthful responses by anglers when a creel clerk interviews them.

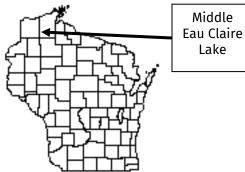
You may have encountered a DNR creel survey clerk on a recent fishing trip. We appreciate your cooperation during an interview. The survey only takes a few minutes of your time, and it gives the DNR valuable information needed for management of the fishery.

This report provides estimates of:

- 1. Overall fishing effort (pressure)
- 2. Fishing effort directed at each species
- 3. Numbers of fish caught and harvested
- 4. Catch and harvest rates

Also included are a physical description of the lake, discussion of results of the survey, and detailed summaries of fishing effort, catch and harvest.

## **GENERAL LAKE INFORMATION**



#### LOCATION

Middle Eau Claire Lake is located in Bayfield County near the town of Barnes.

#### **PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Middle Eau Claire Lake is a 902-acre drainage lake with a maximum depth of 66 feet. Littoral substrate consists primarily of sand, with lesser amounts of muck, and gravel. Middle Eau Claire Lake contains soft, slightly acidic, clear water of high transparency.

#### **SEASONS SURVEYED**

The open-water creel survey ran from May 7 through Oct. 31, 2022, and the ice fishing creel survey ran from Dec. 1, 2022 through March 5, 2023.

#### WEATHER

Ice-out on Middle Eau Claire Lake was around May 3, 2022. Fishable ice formed in early December.

#### **FISHING REGULATIONS**

The following seasons, daily bag limits, and length limits were in place during the surveyed season:

SPECIES	SEASON	BAG LIMIT	MIN. Size				
Largemouth Bass	5/7-3/5	5	none				
Smallmouth Bass	6/ 18-3/ 5	1	18"				
Largemouth and Sma	allmouth Bass						
Catch and release only all other times of year							
Musky	5/28-12/31	40"					
Northern Pike	5/7-3/5	5	none				
Walleye	5/7-3/5 3		none				
	14-18" protected slot, 1>18"						
Panfish	year round	10	none				
Rock Bass	year round	none	none				

# SPECIES CATCH AND HARVEST INFORMATION

Summaries of angling effort, catch and harvest information for each species are in Table 2 and Figures 1-10, along with a comparison of these statistics with the previous creel survey in Table 2, if available. Information about species with fishing seasons extending beyond the season surveyed should be considered minimum estimates. Each species page has up to five graphs depicting the following:

#### 1. ESTIMATED FISHING EFFORT

The estimated number of hours during each month that anglers spent fishing for a species.

#### ESTIMATED CATCH AND HARVEST The estimated number of fish of the indicated species caught or harvested by all anglers, regardless of targeted species.

#### 3. ESTIMATED SPECIFIC CATCH AND HARVEST RATES

The estimated number of hours it takes an angler to catch or harvest a fish of the indicated species. Only information from anglers who were specifically targeting that species is reported.

#### 4. LENGTH DISTRIBUTION OF HARVESTED FISH

All fish of a species that were measured by the clerk during the entire creel survey season.

#### 5. LARGEST AND AVERAGE LENGTH OF HARVESTED FISH

The largest and average length of a species of fish harvested that month. Only fish measured by the creel survey clerk are reported.

## CREEL SURVEY RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

#### **SURVEY LOGISTICS**

We encountered no unusual problems conducting the survey or calculating the projections contained in the report.

#### **GENERAL ANGLER INFORMATION**

Anglers spent 15,320 hours, or 17 hours per acre, fishing Middle Eau Claire Lake during the 2022-23 season (Table 1). That was less than the Bayfield County average of 21.5 hours per acre, and greater than the fishing effort documented during the 2019-20 creel survey (14.7 hours per acre). June was the most heavily fished month (3,733 hours), and fishing effort was lightest in January (112 hours). The creel clerks were able to conduct 292 interviews throughout the survey.

#### **RESULTS BY SPECIES**

#### WALLEYE (Table 2, Figure 1)

Walleye received 9 percent of the fishing effort during the season. Anglers spent 2,082 hours targeting Walleye. The greatest fishing effort for Walleye was in August (560 hours). October had the least amount of Walleye fishing effort (20 hours).

Total catch of Walleye was 212 fish, with a harvest of 28. Highest catch (89 fish) occurred in August, and highest harvest (17 fish) occurred in May. Anglers fished an average of 11.5 hours to catch and 75.2 hours to harvest a Walleye during the survey. The mean length of harvested Walleye was 18.6 inches, and the largest measured was a 20.1-inch fish.

**NORTHERN PIKE** (Table 2, Figure 2) Fishing effort directed at Northern Pike was 3,154 hours during the season. Northern Pike fishing effort was greatest in July (633 hours). Total catch of Northern Pike was 3,948 fish, with a harvest of 306. Anglers fished an average of 1.4 hours to catch a Northern Pike during the survey. The mean length of harvested Northern Pike was 21.2 inches, and the largest measured was a 30.2-inch fish. **MUSKELLUNGE** (Table 2, Figure 3) Anglers spent 1,462 hours targeting Muskellunge during the season. Muskellunge fishing effort was greatest in October (523 hours). Total catch of Muskellunge was 21 fish, and the highest catch (19 fish) occurred in July. Anglers fished 68.5 hours to catch a Muskellunge, and there was no documented harvest during the survey.

**SMALLMOUTH BASS** (Table 2, Figure 4) Fishing effort targeted at Smallmouth Bass was 1,067 hours during the season. Smallmouth Bass fishing effort was greatest in August (373 hours). Total catch of Smallmouth Bass was 670 fish, with no documented harvested. Highest catch (203 fish) occurred in June. Anglers fished an average of 4.9 hours to catch a Smallmouth Bass during the survey.

LARGEMOUTH BASS (Table 2, Figure 5) Fishing effort directed at Largemouth Bass was 5,015 hours during the season. Largemouth Bass fishing effort was greatest in July (1,724 hours). Total catch of Largemouth Bass was 4,329 fish, with a harvest of 207. Highest catch (1,311 fish) occurred in July. Anglers fished an average of 1.5 hours to catch a Largemouth Bass during the survey.

**PANFISH** (Table 2, Figures 6-10) **YELLOW PERCH** received 160 hours of directed fishing effort. Total catch of Yellow Perch was 318 fish, with no documented harvested.

**BLUEGILL** received 6,719 hours of directed fishing effort. Total catch of Bluegill was 21,602 fish, with 4,479 harvested. The mean length of harvested fish was 7.7 inches.

**BLACK CRAPPIE** received 3,583 hours of directed fishing effort. Anglers caught 2,073 Black Crappie and harvested 945. The mean length of harvested fish was 10.4 inches.

**PUMPKINSEED** were not specifically targeted by anglers during the survey. However, anglers caught 106 Pumpkinseed and harvested 33. The mean length of harvested fish was 7.7 inches. **ROCK BASS** were not specifically targeted by anglers during the survey. However, anglers caught 750 Rock Bass and harvested 43. The mean length of harvested fish was 8.6 inches.

## **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

The DNR would like to thank all the anglers who took the time to offer information about their fishing trip to the survey clerk. Without their cooperation, the survey would not have been possible.

We also thank our cooperators, Quentin and Helen Ruprecht, who generously allowed the DNR to keep a boat and snowmobile on their property during this survey.

Completion of this survey was possible because of the efforts of the following treaty fisheries staff: Angelena Sikora, Gene Hatzenbeler, Todd Brecka, Misty Rood and Bill Sobaski. Creel clerks during the survey period were Kallie Thompson and Marty Kangas.

This creel report was reviewed by Angelena Sikora and Gene Hatzenbeler.

Additional copies of this report, and those covering other local lakes, can be obtained online at:

http://dnr.wi.gov/topic/Fishing/north/trtycrl srvys.html Table 1. Sportfishing effort summary, Middle Eau Lake, 2022-23 season; compared to 2019-20 creel results, Bayfield County averages, and Ceded Territory averages.

Month	Number of Angler Party Interviews	Total Angler Hours	Total Angler Hours/Acre	2019-20 Total Angler Hours/Acre	Bayfield County Average Hours/Acre	Ceded Territory Average Hours/Acre
Мау	48	2,204	2.4	2.0	3.1	4.8
June	57	3,733	4.1	2.9	4.5	6.2
July	40	3,224	3.6	3.7	4.8	6.6
August	34	2,751	3.0	3.1	3.7	5.2
September	22	1,564	1.7	1.0	2.0	3.2
October	39	656	0.7	0.5	1.0	1.4
December	8	311	0.3	0.1	0.5	1.1
January	10	112	0.1	0.4	0.9	1.7
February	28	644	0.7	0.9	0.8	1.6
March	6	121	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Summer Total	240	14,132	15.7	13.2	19.2	27.4
Winter Total	52	1,188	1.3	1.5	2.3	4.6
Grand Total	292	15,320	17.0	14.7	21.5	32.0

Note: Summer is May-October; Winter is December-March

**Number of Angler Party Interviews** is the number of groups of anglers interviewed by the creel clerk. A party is considered the members of a group who fish together in the same boat, ice shanty or from shore. The clerk fills out one interview form for each group of anglers. The number of individual anglers actually contacted by the clerk is usually much greater than the number of groups listed in this table since most groups consist of more than one angler.

**Total Angler Hours** is the estimated total number of hours that anglers spent fishing on Middle Eau Claire Lake during each month surveyed.

**Total Angler Hours/Acre** is the total angler hours divided by the area of the lake in acres. This is useful in order to compare effort on Middle Eau Claire Lake to other lakes.

**2019-20 Total Angler Hours/Acre** is the total angler hours divided by the area of the lake in acres. This is from the previous creel survey that took place on Middle Eau Claire Lake.

**County Average Hours/Acre** is the average angler effort in hours per acre for county lakes that have been surveyed since 1990. This value is useful for fishing pressure comparisons with other waters.

**Ceded Territory Average Hours/Acre** is the average angler effort in hours per acre for inland lakes in the Ceded Territory that have been surveyed since 1990. This value can be used to compare Middle Eau Claire Lake to other lakes in northern Wisconsin.

Table 2. Comparison of creel survey synopses, Middle Eau Claire Lake, 2022-23 and 2019-20 fishing seasons.

	DIRECTED	PERCENT	TOTAL	SPECIFIC CATCH	TOTAL	SPECIFIC HARVEST	MEAN LENGTH OF
SPECIES	EFFORT (Hours)	OF TOTAL	CATCH	RATE (Hrs/Fish)	HARVEST	RATE (Hrs/Fish)	HARVESTED
Walleye	2,082	9.0%	212	11.5	28	75.2	18.6
Northern Pike	3,154	13.6%	3,948	1.4	306	10.8	21.2
Muskellunge	1,462	6.3%	21	68.5	0	*	**
Smallmouth Bass	1,067	4.6%	670	4.9	0	*	**
Largemouth Bass	5,015	21.6%	4,329	1.5	207	31.0	14.1
Yellow Perch	160	0.7%	318	3.2	0	*	**
Bluegill	6,719	28.9%	21,602	0.3	4,479	1.5	7.7
Black Crappie	3,583	15.4%	2,073	1.8	945	3.9	10.4
Pumpkinseed	0	0.0%	106	*	33	*	7.7
Rock Bass	0	0.0%	750	*	43	*	8.6

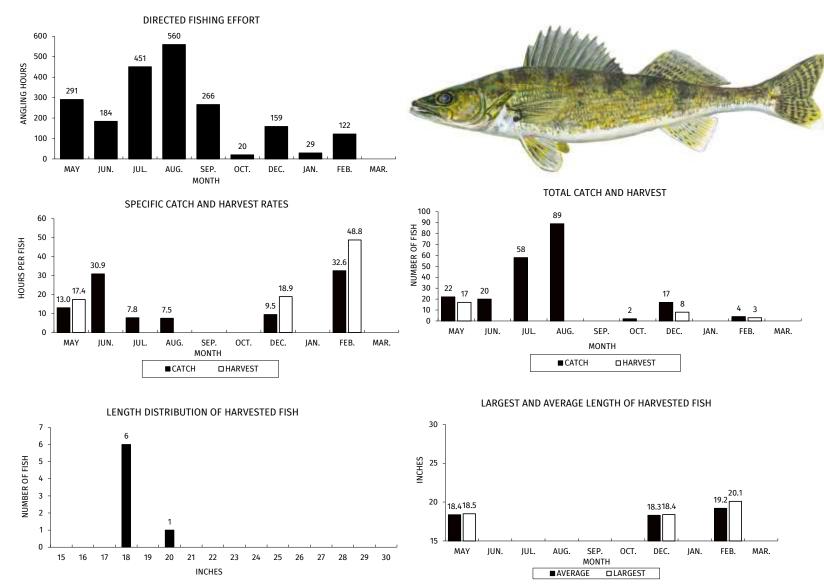
#### CREEL YEAR: 2022-23

#### CREEL YEAR: 2019-20 8

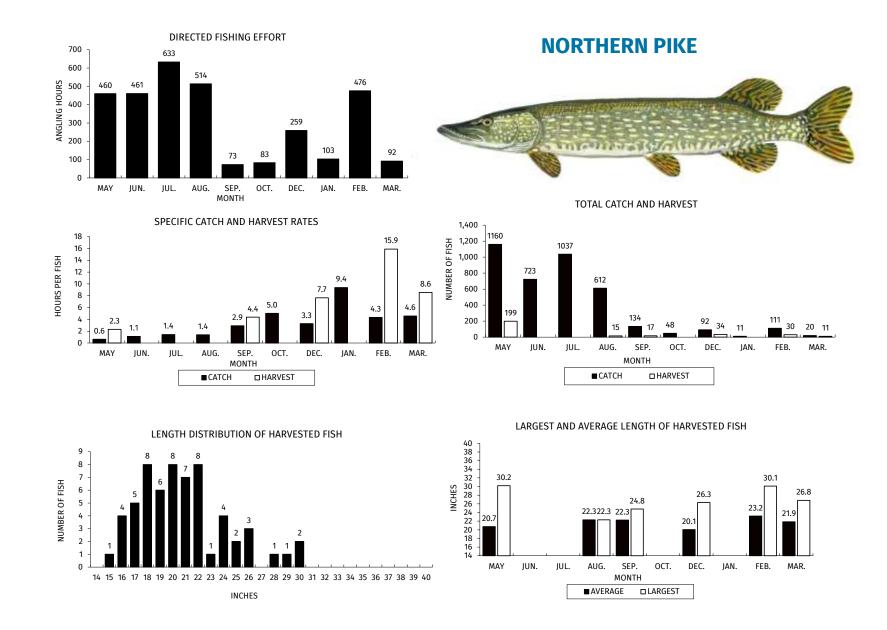
SPECIES	DIRECTED EFFORT (Hours)	PERCENT OF TOTAL	TOTAL CATCH	SPECIFIC CATCH RATE (Hrs/Fish)	TOTAL HARVEST	SPECIFIC HARVEST RATE (Hrs/Fish)	MEAN LENGTH OF HARVESTED FISH
Walleye	2,505	13.4%	377	6.8	106	26.3	19.0
Northern Pike	2,914	15.6%	2,169	2.4	201	16.1	22.8
Muskellunge	1,363	7.3%	36	54.1	0	*	*
Smallmouth Bass	1,974	10.6%	579	4.5	11	181.8	19.4
Largemouth Bass	3,185	17.0%	2,313	1.8	209	22.7	14.4
Yellow Perch	55	0.3%	75	12.0	0	*	*
Bluegill	4,679	25.0%	18,539	0.3	4,670	1.0	7.7
Black Crappie	1,660	8.9%	1,291	1.4	478	3.6	10.8
Pumpkinseed	261	1.4%	434	0.7	162	1.8	7.7
Rock Bass	92	0.5%	548	0.7	126	1.1	8.3

Note: If a species is not shown in a table, no data was collected by the creel clerks for that species.

\* Indicates that no fish were measured by the creel clerks for this species \*\* Indicates that no fish were measured by the creel clerks for this species



WALLEYE



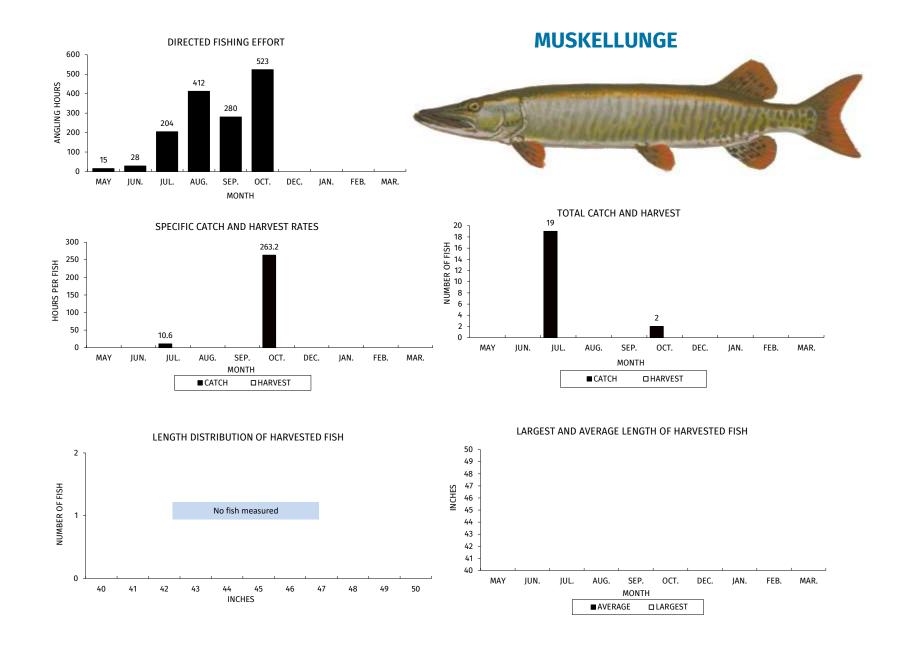
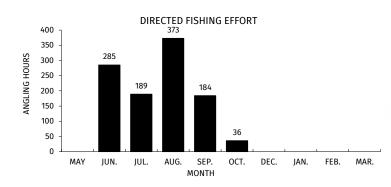


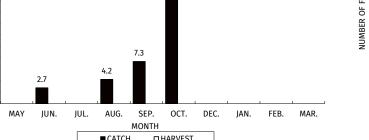
Figure 3. Muskellunge sportfishing effort, catch, harvest, and length distribution, Middle Eau Claire Lake, during 2022-23.

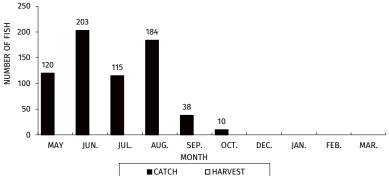
**SMALLMOUTH BASS** 



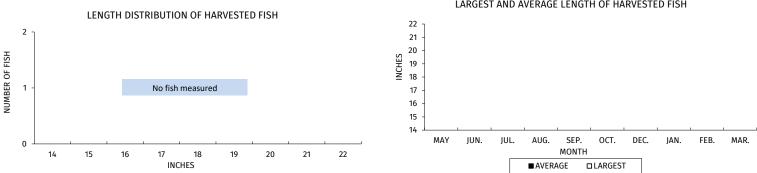


SPECIFIC CATCH AND HARVEST RATES 20 18.2 18 HOURS PER FISH 16 14 12 10 7.3 8 6 4.2 4 27 2 0 MAY JUN. JUL. AUG. SEP. OCT. DEC. JAN. FEB. MONTH ■ CATCH □ HARVEST



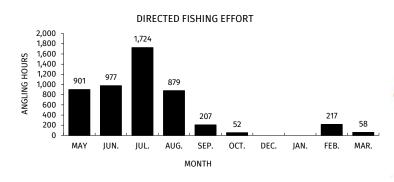


TOTAL CATCH AND HARVEST

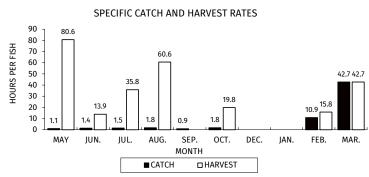


LARGEST AND AVERAGE LENGTH OF HARVESTED FISH

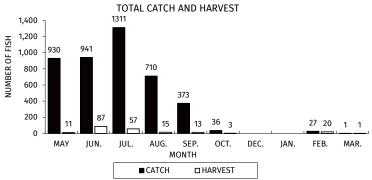
#### **LARGEMOUTH BASS**

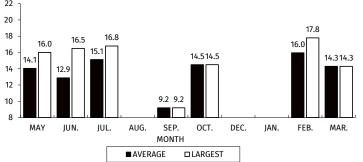


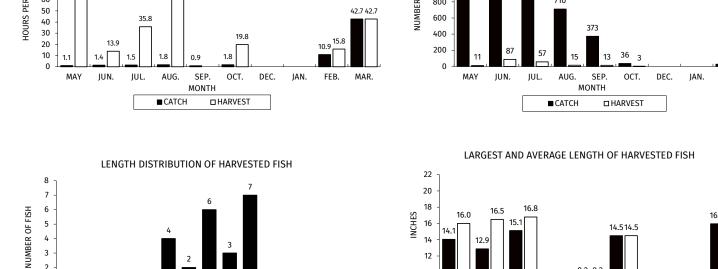




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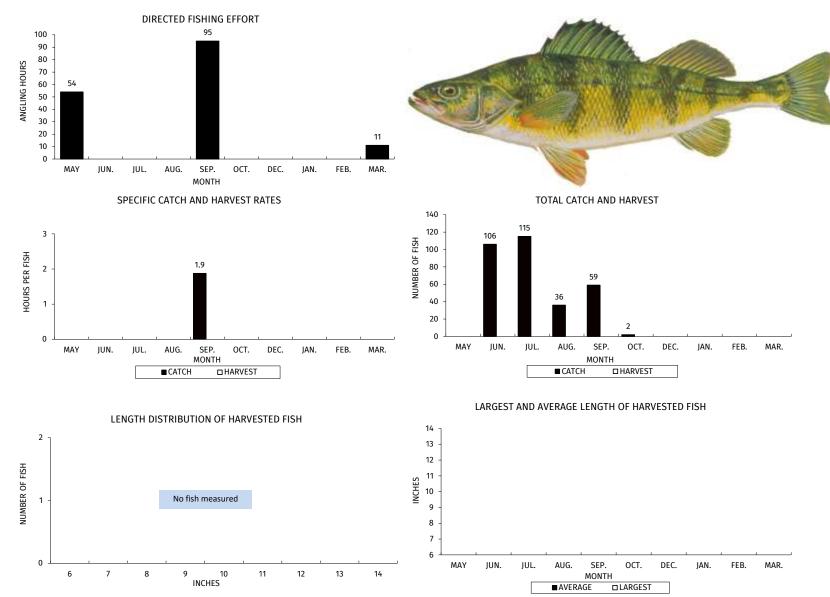
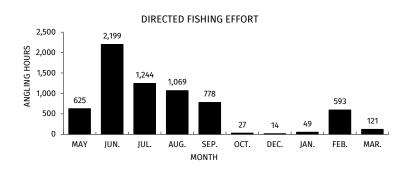
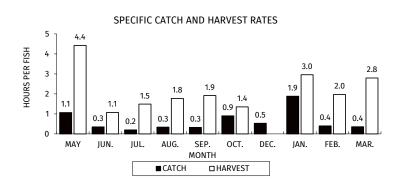


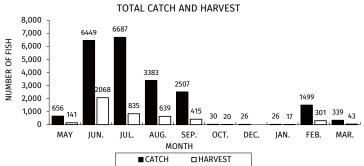
Figure 6. Yellow Perch sportfishing effort, catch, harvest, and length distribution, Middle Eau Claire Lake, during 2022-23.

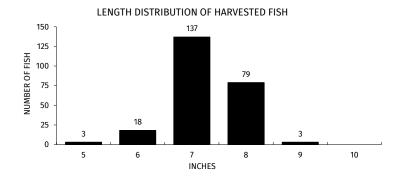
#### **BLUEGILL**













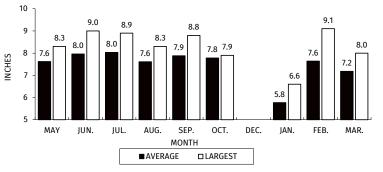
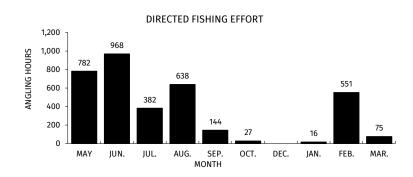
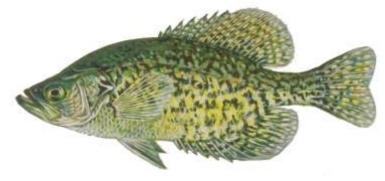


Figure 7. Bluegill sportfishing effort, catch, harvest, and length distribution, Middle Eau Claire Lake, during 2022-23.

#### **BLACK CRAPPIE**



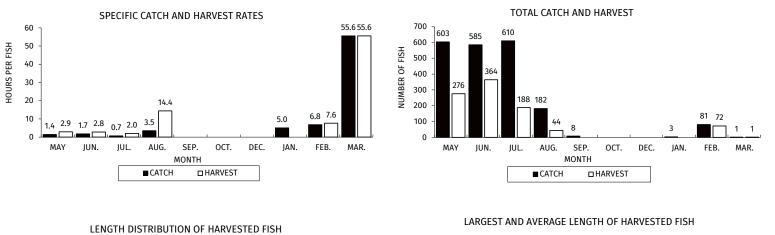


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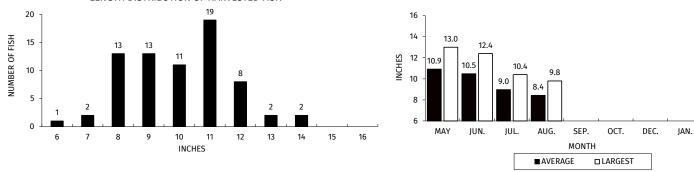


Figure 8. Black Crappie sportfishing effort, catch, harvest, and length distribution, Middle Eau Claire Lake, during 2022-23.

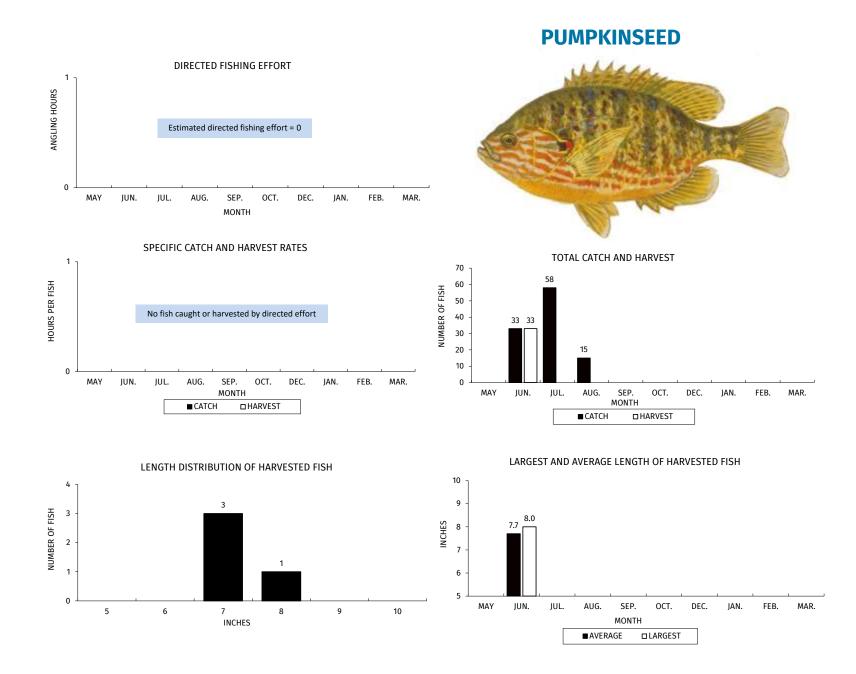


Figure 9. Pumpkinseed sportfishing effort, catch, harvest, and length distribution, Middle Eau Claire Lake, during 2022-23.

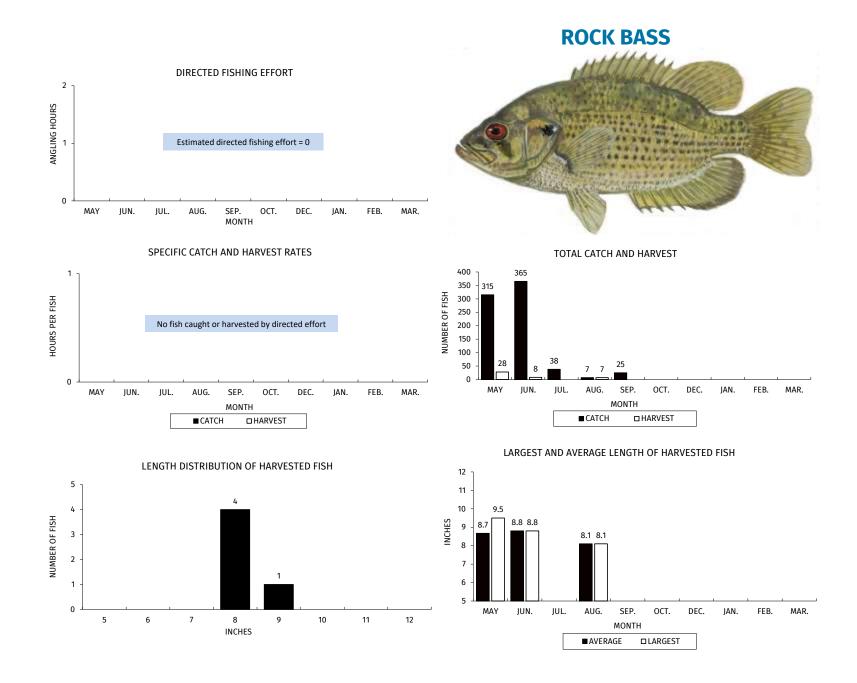


Figure 10. Rock Bass sportfishing effort, catch, harvest, and length distribution, Middle Eau Claire Lake, during 2022-23.