Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources 2026 Air Monitoring Network Plan

June 2025



Signature Page

By the signature below, the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources, Air Monitoring section certifies that the information contained in this network document for 2026 is complete and accurate at the time of submittal to US EPA Region 5. However, due to circumstances that may arise during the year, some network information may change. A notification of change and a request for approval will be submitted to US EPA Region 5 at that time.

Signature

Date 5/12/25

Ben Wolf

Manager, Air Monitoring Section

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Public Notification and Comment Period

The annual monitoring network plan details the operation and locations of ambient air monitors operated by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) Air Monitoring Section. Pursuant to federal requirements (40 C.F.R. 58.10(a)(1)), the DNR will provide a 30-day public comment period for review of this ambient air quality monitoring network plan. Written comments on this monitoring network plan document may be submitted no later than, June 12, 2025, electronically via email to Benjamin.Wolf@Wisconsin.gov or mailed, contact information is as follows:

Ben Wolf c/o Air Monitoring Section, Air Management Program P.O. Box 7921 Madison, WI 53707

Written comments will have the same weight and effect as oral comments presented at the meeting. A copy of the proposed revision to the Monitoring Plan is available for public inspection on the following web address: http://dnr.wi.gov/topic/AirQuality/Monitor.html or by mail (at no charge) from Ben Wolf at the address noted above.

Disclaimer

The network design proposed in this document represents a balance between the desired number of monitors and monitoring frequency; and expected funding levels. The network configuration considers monitoring history, population distribution, federal monitoring requirements under the Clean Air Act (CAA), 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 58 and expected funding levels.

Recommended changes to this network will be implemented during the May 2025 through December 2026, contingent upon adequate funding levels.

Network operations may change during the years without public notice based on unexpected circumstances. Examples of unexpected circumstances include catastrophic equipment failure, construction or demolition activities, loss of site access, or monitor obstructions.

Table 1: Summary of Network Changes Implemented from the 2025 Annual Network Plan

May 1, 2023 - December 31, 2024

| Monitoring Site | AQS Site ID | Site | Ozone | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | PM _{10-2.5} | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | 00 | NOy | Meteorological | Metals (PM ₁₀) | VOC / Carbonyl | Ян | NDM | NTN | CSN |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|------|-------|-------------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----|-----|----------------|----------------------------|----------------|----|-----|-----|-----|
| Eau Claire | 55-035-0014 | | | | | | | | | | A1 | | | | | | |
| Ho-Chunk Nation Black River Falls | 55-053-2002 | A2 | | Α | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ho-Chunk Nation Tomah | 55-081-2001 | A2 | | Α | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Potawatomi | 55-041-0007 | | | | | | Т | | | | | | | | | | |

A = Addition

M = Modification

T = Termination

1 = Outdoor Temperature

2 = Wisconsin PQAO partner

Acronyms, Abbreviations, and Definitions

| Terms | Definition |
|---------------------|--|
| AirMoN | Atmospheric Integrated Research Monitoring Network |
| AIRNow | Air quality forecasting website run by EPA |
| Air Toxics | Suite of parameters that includes VOCs, carbonyls and metals |
| AMoN | Ammonia Monitoring Network |
| AQI | Air Quality Index |
| AQS | Air Quality System; EPA's repository of ambient air quality data |
| BioWatch | Biological agents network operated by the Department of Homeland Security |
| CAA | Clean Air Act |
| CAS | Chemical Abstracts Service |
| CASTNET | Clean Air Status and Trends Network |
| CBSA | Core Base Statistical Area |
| CFR | Code of Federal Regulations |
| СО | Carbon monoxide |
| Criteria Pollutants | The six pollutants regulated by the 1970 Clean Air Act (particulate matter, ozone, |
| | nitrogen dioxide, sulfur dioxide, carbon monoxide, and lead) |
| CSN | Chemical Speciation Network |
| DNR | Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources |
| DRR | Data Requirements Rule |
| EOM | Enhanced ozone monitoring |
| EPA | United States Environmental Protection Agency |
| ERG | Eastern Research Group, Inc. laboratory |
| FCPC | Forest County Potawatomi Community |
| FEM | Federal Equivalent Method |
| FRM | Federal Reference Method |
| GC/MS | Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry |
| HAP | Hazardous Air Pollutant |
| Hg | Mercury |
| ICP-MS | Inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry |
| LADCO | Lake Michigan Air Directors Consortium |
| LC | Local Conditions |
| MDN | Mercury Deposition Network |
| μg/m³ | Microgram per cubic meter, unit of measurement |
| MOA | Memorandum of Agreement |
| MSA | Metropolitan Statistical Area |
| NAAQS | National Ambient Air Quality Standard |
| NADP | National Atmospheric Deposition Program |
| NASA | National Aeronautics and Space Administration |
| NATTS | National Air Toxics Trends Stations |
| NCore | National Core Monitoring Network |
| NH ₃ | Ammonia |
| NOAA | National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration |
| NO | Nitric oxide |
| NO ₂ | Nitrogen dioxide |
| NO _X | Oxides of nitrogen |

| Terms | Definition |
|----------------------|--|
| NO _Y | Reactive oxides of nitrogen |
| NPAP | National Performance Audit Program |
| NTN | National Trends Network |
| O ₃ | Ozone |
| PAMS | Photochemical Assessment Monitoring Stations |
| Pb | Lead |
| PEP | Performance Evaluation Program |
| PFAS | Perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances |
| PM | Particulate matter |
| PM _{2.5} | Particulate matter which has an aerodynamic diameter less than 2.5 microns (fine particulate matter) |
| PM ₁₀ | Particulate matter which has an aerodynamic diameter less than 10 microns |
| PM _{10-2.5} | Particulate matter which has an aerodynamic diameter between 2.5 and 10 (coarse particulate matter) |
| ppb | Parts Per Billion |
| ppm | Parts Per Million |
| PQAO | Primary Quality Assurance Organization |
| PUF | Polyurethane foam |
| QAPP | Quality Assurance Project Plans |
| QA/QC | Quality Assurance/Quality Control |
| QMP | Quality Management Plan |
| SIP | State Implementation Plan |
| SLAMS | State and Local Air Monitoring Stations |
| SO ₂ | Sulfur dioxide |
| SPM | Special Purpose Monitoring |
| STAQS | Synergistic TEMPO Air Quality Science |
| STN | Speciation Trends Network |
| STP | Standard temperature and pressure |
| T640 | PM _{2.5} FEM using light scatter spectroscopy |
| T640X | PM _{2.5} /PM ₁₀ FEM using light scatter spectroscopy |
| TIP | Tribal Implementation Plan |
| TO-11A | EPA method for analyzing carbonyls using high performance liquid chromatography |
| TO-15A | EPA method for analyzing VOCs using GC/MS |
| tpy | Tons Per Year |
| TSP | Total Suspended Particulate matter |
| TTP | Through the Probe |
| UATM | Urban Air Toxics Monitoring |
| UATS | Urban Air Toxics Strategy |
| USFS | United State Forest Service |
| VOC | Volatile Organic Compound |
| WSLH | Wisconsin State Lab of Hygiene |

Introduction

The Wisconsin Air Monitoring Network Plan is an annual report required under the 40 CFR 58 § 58.10(a)(1). Effective July 1, 2007, state and local agencies are required to submit an annual network plan of State and Local Air Monitoring Stations (SLAMS), National Core Monitoring Network (NCore), Speciation Trends Network (STN) sites, Chemical Speciation Network (CSN) sites, Special Purpose Monitoring (SPM) sites and Photochemical Assessment Monitoring Stations (PAMS) sites, if they exist. The plan must include a statement of the purposes for each monitor and evidence that siting and operation of each monitor meets the requirements of 40 CFR Part 58 Appendices A, C, D, and E. In addition, the plan is due annually by July 1 and must be made available to the public for at least 30 days prior to its submission to EPA. Any modifications outlined in the plan are subject to approval of the EPA Regional Administrator, who shall approve or disapprove the plan within 120 days of submission.

The goals of this plan are to demonstrate that the DNR air monitoring network meets current federal monitoring requirements, to detail any changes proposed for the 18 months following publication, to provide specific information on each of the DNR's existing and proposed monitoring sites, and to provide the opportunity for the public to comment on air monitoring activities conducted by the DNR. The plan also includes information on known industrial monitoring activities and information on air toxics monitoring in the state.

The DNR's air quality monitoring data are used to determine compliance with National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS). In 1970, the CAA established NAAQS for six pollutants known to cause harm to human health and the environment. The CAA requires the DNR to monitor these pollutants, called criteria pollutants, and report the data to the EPA. The criteria pollutants are particulate matter, lead (Pb), ozone (O₃), nitrogen dioxide (NO₂), sulfur dioxide (SO₂) and carbon monoxide (CO). The DNR monitors criteria pollutants to meet federal requirements.

Network Overview

The DNR along with its tribal partners in the DNR Primary Quality Assurance Organization (PQAO) operate 38 fixed ambient air monitoring sites throughout Wisconsin. One or more criteria pollutants are measured at each of these sites. Sites are categorized into three networks that include 32 SLAMS, two SPM sites and four tribal sites. Monitoring sites often serve a purpose beyond the criteria pollutants network. Table 2 and Figure 1 show the sites operated by DNR and DNR's PQAO partners and the networks in which they are included. Table 3 outlines the monitored parameters at each site. Table 4 shows the methods and equipment used in the DNR monitoring network. Network changes implemented since the publishing of 2025 Annual Network Plan are summarized in Table 1. Proposed network changes expected to occur between May 1, 2025 and December 31, 2026 are found in summary format in Table 14. The BioWatch network includes operation of a network of samplers in a defined area and industrial monitoring is conducted to satisfy state permit conditions; these references do not include BioWatch and industrial networks.

Table 2: Site Information – Wisconsin Sites Active in May 2025

| AQS Site ID County Address City Latitude Longitude Established | | | | | | | | Year |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|----------|-----------|------|
| Bad River Tribal School - Odanah 55-003-0010 Ashland 53751 Pine Street Odanah 46.60234 -90.65615 2002 | Site name | AQS Site ID | County | Address | City | Latitude | Longitude | |
| Bayside S5-079-0085 Milwaukee 601 E. Ellsworth Ln Bayside 43.18100 -87.90100 1984 Beloit - Converse S5-105-0030 Rock 1501 Ritsher St Beloit 42.51831 -89.06360 2013 Chiwaukee Prairie Stateline ³ S5-059-0019 Kenosha 11838 First Ct Pleasant Prairie 42.50472 -87.80930 1987 Columbus S5-021-0015 Columbia N 1045 Wendt Rd Columbus 43.31551 -89.10889 1988 Devils Lake Park ⁶ S5-111-0007 Sauk East 12886 Tower Rd NA 43.43510 -89.67979 1995 Eau Claire - DOT Sign Shop S5-035-0016 Eau Claire S509 Highway 53 South Eau Claire 44.76249 -91.41445 2011 Elkhorn S5-127-0006 Walworth Rev Way905 County Road NN Elkhorn 44.66249 -91.41445 2011 Elkhorn S5-127-0006 Walworth Rev Way905 County Road NN Elkhorn 42.66218 -88.4703 2019 Fond Du Lac S5-039-0006 Fond Du Lac N4010 Kelly Rd Fond Du Lac 43.68740 -88.4205 1994 Green Bay East High ⁴ S5-009-0005 Brown 1415 East Walnut Green Bay 44.50729 87.99344 1971 Green Bay UW S5-009-0026 Brown UW Green Bay Grounds, E Circle Drive Green Bay 44.50729 87.99349 1994 Harrington Beach Park S5-083-0009 Ozaukee S31 Hwy D Belgium 43.49830 87.81020 1994 Ho-Chunk Nation-Black River Falls S5-032-2002 Jackson N7289 Five Horned Ave Black River Falls 44.33466 -90.78680 2020 Horicon Wildlife Area ^{1,4} S5-027-0001 Dodge 1298 N. Palmatory St Horicon 43.46611 88.62111 1982 Lefferson - Laatsch S5-085-0002 Kenosha 4044 Laatsch Ln Jefferson 44.03004 88.82830 2013 Kewaune S5-081-0002 Kenosha 4044 Laatsch Ln Jefferson 44.03034 88.82519 2017 Kenosha - Water Tower ³ S5-059-0025 Kenosha 4044 Laatsch Ln Jefferson 44.03034 88.82519 2017 Kenosha - Water Tower ³ S5-059-0025 Kenosha 4044 Laatsch Ln Jefferson 44.03034 88.82519 2017 Kenosha - Water Tower ³ S5-069-0025 Kenosha 4044 Laatsch Ln Jefferson 4044 Laatsch 4044 Laatsch 4 | Appleton AAL | 55-087-0009 | Outagamie | 4579 N. Meade Street | Appleton | 44.30738 | -88.39509 | 1995 |
| Beloit - Converse 55-105-0030 Rock 1501 Ritsher St Beloit 42.51831 89.06360 2013 | Bad River Tribal School – Odanah | 55-003-0010 | Ashland | 53751 Pine Street | Odanah | 46.60234 | -90.65615 | 2002 |
| Chiwaukee Prairie Stateline3 55-059-0019 Kenosha 11838 First Ct Pleasant Prairie 42.50472 87.80930 1987 Columbus 55-021-0015 Columbus N. 1045 Wendt Rd Columbus 43.31551 89.10889 1988 Devils Lake Park5 55-111-0007 Sauk East 12866 Tower Rd NA 43.435151 89.10889 1988 Devils Lake Park5 55-111-0007 Sauk East 12866 Tower Rd NA 43.435151 89.10889 1988 Devils Lake Park5 55-112-0007 Sauk East 12866 Tower Rd NA 43.43510 89.67979 1995 199 | Bayside | 55-079-0085 | Milwaukee | 601 E. Ellsworth Ln | Bayside | 43.18100 | -87.90100 | 1984 |
| Columbus S5-021-0015 Columbia N 1045 Wendt Rd Columbus 43.31551 -89.10889 1988 | Beloit - Converse | 55-105-0030 | Rock | 1501 Ritsher St | Beloit | 42.51831 | -89.06360 | 2013 |
| Devils Lake Parks 55-111-0007 Sauk East 12886 Tower Rd NA 43,43510 -89,67979 1995 | Chiwaukee Prairie Stateline ³ | 55-059-0019 | Kenosha | 11838 First Ct | Pleasant Prairie | 42.50472 | -87.80930 | 1987 |
| Eau Claire - DOT Sign Shop | Columbus | 55-021-0015 | Columbia | N 1045 Wendt Rd | Columbus | 43.31551 | -89.10889 | 1988 |
| Elkhorn 55-127-000b Walworth Near W390S County Road NN Elkhorn 42.66218 -88.48703 2019 Fond Du Lac 55-039-0006 Fond Du Lac N4010 Kelly Rd Fond Du Lac 43.68740 88.42205 1994 Grafton 55-039-0008 Ozaukee 1866 N. Port Washington Rd. Grafton 43.34317 -87.92087 1991 Green Bay LW 55-009-0026 Brown 1415 East Walnut Green Bay 44.50729 87.99344 1971 Harrington Beach Park 55-089-0009 Ozaukee 531 Hwy D Belgium 43.49830 87.81020 1994 Ho-Chunk Nation-Black River Falls 55-053-2002 Jackson N7289 Five Horned Ave Black River Falls 44.402086 90.78680 2020 Ho-Chunk Nation-Tomah 55-053-2002 Jackson N7289 Five Horned Ave Black River Falls 44.34661 88.82110 1994 Horicon Wildlife Areal-4 55-053-0020 Dodge 1298 N. Palmatory St Horicon 43.46611 88.62111 1982 Jefferson – Laatsch 55- | Devils Lake Park ⁵ | 55-111-0007 | Sauk | East 12886 Tower Rd | NA | 43.43510 | -89.67979 | 1995 |
| Fond Du Lac 55-039-0006 Fond Du Lac N4010 Kelly Rd Fond Du Lac 43.68740 -88.42205 1994 | Eau Claire - DOT Sign Shop | 55-035-0014 | Eau Claire | 5509 Highway 53 South | Eau Claire | 44.76249 | -91.41445 | 2011 |
| Grafton 55-089-0008 Ozaukee 1866 N. Port Washington Rd. Grafton 43.34317 -87.92087 1991 Green Bay East High ⁴ 55-009-0005 Brown 1415 East Walnut Green Bay 44.50729 -87.99344 1971 Green Bay UW 55-009-0002 Brown UW Green Bay Grounds, E Circle Drive Green Bay 44.53098 -87.90799 1994 Ho-Chunk Nation-Black River Falls 55-089-0009 Ozaukee 531 Hwy D Belgium 43.49830 -87.81020 1994 Ho-Chunk Nation-Tomah 55-03-2002 Jackson N7289 Five Horned Ave Black River Falls 44.02086 -90.78680 2020 Ho-Chunk Nation-Tomah 55-03-2001 Monroe 10750 County Hwy N Tomah 44.02086 -90.40161 2020 Horicon Wildlife Area ^{1,4} 55-027-0001 Dodge 1298 N. Palmatory St Horicon 43.046611 -88.62111 1982 Jefferson - Laatsch 55-055-0009 Jefferson N440 Laatsch Ln Jefferson 43.00340 -88.82830 2013 Kenosha - Water Towe | Elkhorn | 55-127-0006 | Walworth | Near W3905 County Road NN | Elkhorn | 42.66218 | -88.48703 | 2019 |
| Green Bay East High ⁴ 55-009-0005 Brown 1415 East Walnut Green Bay 44.50729 -87.99344 1971 Green Bay UW 55-009-0026 Brown UW Green Bay Grounds, E Circle Drive Green Bay 44.53098 -87.90799 1994 Harrington Beach Park 55-089-0009 Ozaukee 531 Hwy D Belgium 43.49830 -87.81020 1994 Ho-Chunk Nation-Black River Falls 55-081-2001 Monroe 10750 County Hwy N Tomah 44.02086 -90.40161 2020 Ho-Chunk Nation-Tomah 55-081-2001 Monroe 10750 County Hwy N Tomah 44.02086 -90.40161 2020 Horicon Wildlife Area ^{1,4} 55-027-0001 Dodge 1298 N. Palmatory St Horicon 43.46611 -88.62111 1982 Jefferson – Laatsch 55-055-0009 Jefferson N4440 Laatsch Ln Jefferson 43.00340 -88.2830 2013 Kaukauna 55-059-0025 Kenosha 4504 64th Ave Kenosha 42.59560 -87.88576 2013 Kewaunee 55-061-0002 | Fond Du Lac | 55-039-0006 | Fond Du Lac | N4010 Kelly Rd | Fond Du Lac | 43.68740 | -88.42205 | 1994 |
| Green Bay UW 55-009-0026 Brown UW Green Bay Grounds, E Circle Drive Green Bay 44.53098 -87.90799 1994 Harrington Beach Park 55-089-0009 Ozaukee 531 Hwy D Belgium 43.49830 -87.81020 1994 Ho-Chunk Nation-Black River Falls 55-053-2002 Jackson N7289 Five Horned Ave Black River Falls 44.33466 -90.78680 2020 Ho-Chunk Nation-Tomah 55-081-2001 Monroe 10750 County Hwy N Tomah 44.02086 -90.40161 2020 Horicon Wildife Area- ^{1,4} 55-027-0001 Dodge 1298 N. Palmatory St Horicon 43.46611 -88.62111 1982 Jefferson – Laatsch 55-055-0009 Jefferson N4440 Laatsch Ln Jefferson 43.00340 -88.82830 2013 Kaukauna 55-087-0015 Outagamie 601 Plank Rd Kaukauna 44.28930 88.25219 2017 Kewaunee 55-061-0002 Kewaoha 4504 64th Ave Kenosha Kewaoha 45.99560 87.88576 2013 Kewaunee < | Grafton | 55-089-0008 | Ozaukee | 1866 N. Port Washington Rd. | Grafton | 43.34317 | -87.92087 | 1991 |
| Harrington Beach Park 55-089-0009 Ozaukee 531 Hwy D Belgium 43.49830 -87.81020 1994 | Green Bay East High ⁴ | 55-009-0005 | Brown | 1415 East Walnut | Green Bay | 44.50729 | -87.99344 | 1971 |
| Ho-Chunk Nation-Black River Falls 55-053-2002 Jackson N7289 Five Horned Ave Black River Falls 44.33466 90.78680 2020 Ho-Chunk Nation-Tomah 55-081-2001 Monroe 10750 County Hwy N Tomah 44.02086 90.40161 2020 Horicon Wildlife Area ^{1,4} 55-027-0001 Dodge 1298 N. Palmatory St Horicon 43.46611 -88.62111 1982 Jefferson – Laatsch 55-055-0009 Jefferson N4440 Laatsch Ln Jefferson 43.00340 -88.82830 2013 Kaukauna 55-087-0015 Outagamie 601 Plank Rd Kaukauna 44.28930 -88.25219 2017 Kenosha - Water Tower ³ 55-059-0025 Kenosha 4504 64th Ave Kenosha 42.59560 -87.88576 2013 Kewaunee 55-061-0002 Kewaunee 1630 Milwaukee St. Kewaunee 44.44312 -87.50525 1994 La Crosse - DOT Building 55-063-0012 La Crosse 3550 Mormon Coulee Rd La Crosse 43.77750 -91.22690 2005 Lake DuBay 55-073-0012 Marathon 1804 Bergen Rd Mosinee 44.70735 -89.77192 1991 Madison University Ave Well #6 55-025-0041 Dane 2757 University Ave Madison 43.07378 -89.43595 1992 Madison – East ⁴ 55-025-0041 Dane 2302 Hoard St Madison 43.01010 -89.35768 1999 Manitowoc WdInd Dunes ³ 55-071-0007 Manitowoc 2193E Goodwin Rd Two Rivers 44.13862 -87.61612 1994 Milwaukee - College Ave. NR ⁶ 55-079-0056 Milwaukee 1400 W. College Ave Milwaukee 42.93257 -87.93434 2013 Milwaukee Sixteenth St. Health Center ^{2,3,4} Milwaukee UWM UPark ³ 55-079-0068 Milwaukee 4372 N. Humboldt Blvd Milwaukee 43.09456 -87.90144 2021 Newport Park ³ 55-029-0004 Door 475 Newport Park Rd. Ellison Bay 45.23840 -86.99400 1989 | Green Bay UW | 55-009-0026 | Brown | UW Green Bay Grounds, E Circle Drive | Green Bay | 44.53098 | -87.90799 | 1994 |
| Ho-Chunk Nation-Tomah 55-881-2001 Monroe 10750 County Hwy N Tomah 44.02086 -90.40161 2020 | Harrington Beach Park | 55-089-0009 | Ozaukee | 531 Hwy D | Belgium | 43.49830 | -87.81020 | 1994 |
| Horicon Wildlife Area ^{1,4} 55-027-0001 Dodge 1298 N. Palmatory St Horicon 43.46611 -88.62111 1982 Jefferson – Laatsch 55-055-0009 Jefferson N4440 Laatsch Ln Jefferson 43.00340 -88.82830 2013 Kaukauna 55-087-0015 Outagamie 601 Plank Rd Kaukauna 44.28930 -88.25219 2017 Kenosha – Water Tower³ 55-059-0025 Kenosha 4504 64th Ave Kenosha 42.59560 -87.88576 2013 Kewaunee 55-061-0002 Kewaunee 1630 Milwaukee St. Kewaunee 44.44312 -87.50525 1994 La Crosse – DOT Building 55-063-0012 La Crosse 3550 Mormon Coulee Rd La Crosse 43.77750 -91.22690 2005 Lake DuBay 55-073-0012 Marathon 1804 Bergen Rd Mosinee 44.70735 -89.77192 1991 Madison University Ave Well #6 55-025-0047 Dane 2757 University Ave Madison 43.07378 -89.43595 1992 Madison – East⁴ 55-025-0041 Dane 2302 Hoard St Madison 43.10101 -89.35768 1999 Manitowoc WdInd Dunes³ 55-071-0007 Manitowoc 2193E Goodwin Rd Two Rivers 44.13862 -87.61612 1994 Milwaukee Sixteenth St. Health Center²-3.4 Milwaukee 1400 W. College Ave Milwaukee 42.93257 -87.93349 2013 Milwaukee UWM UPark³ 55-079-0068 Milwaukee 4372 N. Humboldt Blvd Milwaukee 43.09456 -87.90144 2021 Newport Park³ 55-029-0004 Door 475 Newport Park Rd. Ellison Bay 45.23840 -86.99400 1989 | Ho-Chunk Nation-Black River Falls | 55-053-2002 | Jackson | N7289 Five Horned Ave | Black River Falls | 44.33466 | -90.78680 | 2020 |
| Jefferson - Laatsch 55-055-0009 Jefferson N4440 Laatsch Ln Jefferson 43.00340 -88.82830 2013 | Ho-Chunk Nation-Tomah | 55-081-2001 | Monroe | 10750 County Hwy N | Tomah | 44.02086 | -90.40161 | 2020 |
| Kaukauna 55-087-0015 Outagamie 601 Plank Rd Kaukauna 44.28930 -88.25219 2017 Kenosha - Water Tower³ 55-059-0025 Kenosha 4504 64th Ave Kenosha 42.59560 -87.88576 2013 Kewaunee 55-061-0002 Kewaunee 1630 Milwaukee St. Kewaunee 44.44312 -87.50525 1994 La Crosse - DOT Building 55-063-0012 La Crosse 3550 Mormon Coulee Rd La Crosse 43.77750 -91.22690 2005 Lake DuBay 55-073-0012 Marathon 1804 Bergen Rd Mosinee 44.70735 -89.77192 1991 Madison University Ave Well #6 55-025-0047 Dane 2757 University Ave Madison 43.07378 -89.43595 1992 Madison – East ⁴ 55-025-0041 Dane 2302 Hoard St Madison 43.10101 -89.35768 1999 Maintowoc Wdlnd Dunes³ 55-071-0007 Manitowoc 2193E Goodwin Rd Two Rivers 44.13862 -87.61612 1994 Milwaukee Sixteenth St. Health Center ^{2,3,4} 55-079-0016 </td <td>Horicon Wildlife Area^{1,4}</td> <td>55-027-0001</td> <td>Dodge</td> <td>1298 N. Palmatory St</td> <td>Horicon</td> <td>43.46611</td> <td>-88.62111</td> <td>1982</td> | Horicon Wildlife Area ^{1,4} | 55-027-0001 | Dodge | 1298 N. Palmatory St | Horicon | 43.46611 | -88.62111 | 1982 |
| Kenosha - Water Tower³ 55-059-0025 Kenosha 4504 64th Ave Kenosha 42.59560 -87.88576 2013 Kewaunee 55-061-0002 Kewaunee 1630 Milwaukee St. Kewaunee 44.44312 -87.50525 1994 La Crosse - DOT Building 55-063-0012 La Crosse 3550 Mormon Coulee Rd La Crosse 43.77750 -91.22690 2005 Lake DuBay 55-073-0012 Marathon 1804 Bergen Rd Mosinee 44.70735 -89.77192 1991 Madison University Ave Well #6 55-025-0047 Dane 2757 University Ave Madison 43.07378 -89.43595 1992 Madison – East⁴ 55-025-0041 Dane 2302 Hoard St Madison 43.10101 -89.35768 1999 Manitowoc Wdlnd Dunes³ 55-071-0007 Manitowoc 2193E Goodwin Rd Two Rivers 44.13862 -87.61612 1994 Milwaukee - College Ave. NR6 55-079-0056 Milwaukee 1337 S. 16th St Milwaukee 43.01724 -87.93369 1997 Milwaukee UWM UPark³ 55-079-0068 <td>Jefferson – Laatsch</td> <td>55-055-0009</td> <td>Jefferson</td> <td>N4440 Laatsch Ln</td> <td>Jefferson</td> <td>43.00340</td> <td>-88.82830</td> <td>2013</td> | Jefferson – Laatsch | 55-055-0009 | Jefferson | N4440 Laatsch Ln | Jefferson | 43.00340 | -88.82830 | 2013 |
| Kewaunee 55-061-0002 Kewaunee 1630 Milwaukee St. Kewaunee 44.44312 -87.50525 1994 La Crosse - DOT Building 55-063-0012 La Crosse 3550 Mormon Coulee Rd La Crosse 43.77750 -91.22690 2005 Lake DuBay 55-073-0012 Marathon 1804 Bergen Rd Mosinee 44.70735 -89.77192 1991 Madison University Ave Well #6 55-025-0047 Dane 2757 University Ave Madison 43.07378 -89.43595 1992 Madison – East ⁴ 55-025-0041 Dane 2302 Hoard St Madison 43.10101 -89.35768 1999 Manitowoc WdInd Dunes ³ 55-071-0007 Manitowoc 2193E Goodwin Rd Two Rivers 44.13862 -87.61612 1994 Milwaukee - College Ave. NR ⁶ 55-079-0056 Milwaukee 1400 W. College Ave Milwaukee 42.93257 -87.93434 2013 Milwaukee Sixteenth St. Health Center ^{2,3,4} 55-079-0010 Milwaukee 1337 S. 16th St Milwaukee 43.01724 -87.93369 1997 Milwaukee UWM U | Kaukauna | 55-087-0015 | Outagamie | 601 Plank Rd | Kaukauna | 44.28930 | -88.25219 | 2017 |
| La Crosse - DOT Building 55-063-0012 La Crosse 3550 Mormon Coulee Rd La Crosse 43.77750 -91.22690 2005 Lake DuBay 55-073-0012 Marathon 1804 Bergen Rd Mosinee 44.70735 -89.77192 1991 Madison University Ave Well #6 55-025-0047 Dane 2757 University Ave Madison 43.07378 -89.43595 1992 Madison - East ⁴ 55-025-0041 Dane 2302 Hoard St Madison 43.10101 -89.35768 1999 Manitowoc WdInd Dunes³ 55-071-0007 Manitowoc 2193E Goodwin Rd Two Rivers 44.13862 -87.61612 1994 Milwaukee - College Ave. NR ⁶ 55-079-0056 Milwaukee 1400 W. College Ave Milwaukee 42.93257 -87.93434 2013 Milwaukee Sixteenth St. Health Center ^{2,3,4} 55-079-0010 Milwaukee 1337 S. 16th St Milwaukee 43.01724 -87.93369 1997 Milwaukee UWM UPark³ 55-079-0068 Milwaukee 4372 N. Humboldt Blvd Milwaukee 43.09456 -87.90144 2021 | Kenosha - Water Tower ³ | 55-059-0025 | Kenosha | 4504 64th Ave | Kenosha | 42.59560 | -87.88576 | 2013 |
| Lake DuBay 55-073-0012 Marathon 1804 Bergen Rd Mosinee 44.70735 -89.77192 1991 Madison University Ave Well #6 55-025-0047 Dane 2757 University Ave Madison 43.07378 -89.43595 1992 Madison - East ⁴ 55-025-0041 Dane 2302 Hoard St Madison 43.10101 -89.35768 1999 Manitowoc Wdlnd Dunes³ 55-071-0007 Manitowoc 2193E Goodwin Rd Two Rivers 44.13862 -87.61612 1994 Milwaukee - College Ave. NR ⁶ 55-079-0056 Milwaukee 1400 W. College Ave Milwaukee 42.93257 -87.93434 2013 Milwaukee Sixteenth St. Health Center ^{2,3,4} 55-079-0010 Milwaukee 1337 S. 16th St Milwaukee 43.01724 -87.93369 1997 Milwaukee UWM UPark³ 55-079-0068 Milwaukee 4372 N. Humboldt Blvd Milwaukee 43.09456 -87.90144 2021 Newport Park³ 55-029-0004 Door 475 Newport Park Rd. Ellison Bay 45.23840 -86.99400 1989 | Kewaunee | 55-061-0002 | Kewaunee | 1630 Milwaukee St. | Kewaunee | 44.44312 | -87.50525 | 1994 |
| Madison University Ave Well #6 55-025-0047 Dane 2757 University Ave Madison 43.07378 -89.43595 1992 Madison – East ⁴ 55-025-0041 Dane 2302 Hoard St Madison 43.10101 -89.35768 1999 Manitowoc WdInd Dunes³ 55-071-0007 Manitowoc 2193E Goodwin Rd Two Rivers 44.13862 -87.61612 1994 Milwaukee - College Ave. NR6 55-079-0056 Milwaukee 1400 W. College Ave Milwaukee 42.93257 -87.93434 2013 Milwaukee Sixteenth St. Health Center ^{2,3,4} 55-079-0010 Milwaukee 1337 S. 16th St Milwaukee 43.01724 -87.93369 1997 Milwaukee UWM UPark³ 55-079-0068 Milwaukee 4372 N. Humboldt Blvd Milwaukee 43.09456 -87.90144 2021 Newport Park³ 55-029-0004 Door 475 Newport Park Rd. Ellison Bay 45.23840 -86.99400 1989 | La Crosse - DOT Building | 55-063-0012 | La Crosse | 3550 Mormon Coulee Rd | La Crosse | 43.77750 | -91.22690 | 2005 |
| Madison – East ⁴ 55-025-0041 Dane 2302 Hoard St Madison 43.10101 -89.35768 1999 Manitowoc WdInd Dunes ³ 55-071-0007 Manitowoc 2193E Goodwin Rd Two Rivers 44.13862 -87.61612 1994 Milwaukee - College Ave. NR ⁶ 55-079-0056 Milwaukee 1400 W. College Ave Milwaukee 42.93257 -87.93434 2013 Milwaukee Sixteenth St. Health Center ^{2,3,4} 55-079-0010 Milwaukee 1337 S. 16th St Milwaukee 43.01724 -87.93369 1997 Milwaukee UWM UPark ³ 55-079-0068 Milwaukee 4372 N. Humboldt Blvd Milwaukee 43.09456 -87.90144 2021 Newport Park ³ 55-029-0004 Door 475 Newport Park Rd. Ellison Bay 45.23840 -86.99400 1989 | Lake DuBay | 55-073-0012 | Marathon | 1804 Bergen Rd | Mosinee | 44.70735 | -89.77192 | 1991 |
| Manitowoc WdInd Dunes³ 55-071-0007 Manitowoc 2193E Goodwin Rd Two Rivers 44.13862 -87.61612 1994 Milwaukee - College Ave. NR6 55-079-0056 Milwaukee 1400 W. College Ave Milwaukee 42.93257 -87.93434 2013 Milwaukee Sixteenth St. Health Center²,3,4 55-079-0010 Milwaukee 1337 S. 16th St Milwaukee 43.01724 -87.93369 1997 Milwaukee UWM UPark³ 55-079-0068 Milwaukee 4372 N. Humboldt Blvd Milwaukee 43.09456 -87.90144 2021 Newport Park³ 55-029-0004 Door 475 Newport Park Rd. Ellison Bay 45.23840 -86.99400 1989 | Madison University Ave Well #6 | 55-025-0047 | Dane | 2757 University Ave | Madison | 43.07378 | -89.43595 | 1992 |
| Milwaukee - College Ave. NR ⁶ 55-079-0056 Milwaukee 1400 W. College Ave Milwaukee 42.93257 -87.93434 2013 Milwaukee Sixteenth St. Health Center ^{2,3,4} 55-079-0010 Milwaukee 1337 S. 16th St Milwaukee 43.01724 -87.93369 1997 Milwaukee UWM UPark ³ 55-079-0068 Milwaukee 4372 N. Humboldt Blvd Milwaukee 43.09456 -87.90144 2021 Newport Park ³ 55-029-0004 Door 475 Newport Park Rd. Ellison Bay 45.23840 -86.99400 1989 | Madison – East ⁴ | 55-025-0041 | Dane | 2302 Hoard St | Madison | 43.10101 | -89.35768 | 1999 |
| Milwaukee Sixteenth St. Health Center ^{2,3,4} 55-079-0010 Milwaukee 1337 S. 16th St Milwaukee 43.01724 -87.93369 1997 Milwaukee UWM UPark³ 55-079-0068 Milwaukee 4372 N. Humboldt Blvd Milwaukee 43.09456 -87.90144 2021 Newport Park³ 55-029-0004 Door 475 Newport Park Rd. Ellison Bay 45.23840 -86.99400 1989 | Manitowoc Wdlnd Dunes ³ | 55-071-0007 | Manitowoc | 2193E Goodwin Rd | Two Rivers | 44.13862 | -87.61612 | 1994 |
| Center ^{2,3,4} 55-079-0010 Milwaukee 1337 S. 16th St Milwaukee 43.01724 -87.93369 1997 Milwaukee UWM UPark³ 55-079-0068 Milwaukee 4372 N. Humboldt Blvd Milwaukee 43.09456 -87.90144 2021 Newport Park³ 55-029-0004 Door 475 Newport Park Rd. Ellison Bay 45.23840 -86.99400 1989 | Milwaukee - College Ave. NR ⁶ | 55-079-0056 | Milwaukee | 1400 W. College Ave | Milwaukee | 42.93257 | -87.93434 | 2013 |
| Newport Park³ 55-029-0004 Door 475 Newport Park Rd. Ellison Bay 45.23840 -86.99400 1989 | | 55-079-0010 | Milwaukee | 1337 S. 16th St | Milwaukee | 43.01724 | -87.93369 | 1997 |
| | Milwaukee UWM UPark ³ | 55-079-0068 | Milwaukee | 4372 N. Humboldt Blvd | Milwaukee | 43.09456 | -87.90144 | 2021 |
| Potawatomi 55-041-0007 Forest 7474 Air Site Rd. Crandon 45.56498 -88.80859 2002 | Newport Park ³ | 55-029-0004 | Door | 475 Newport Park Rd. | Ellison Bay | 45.23840 | -86.99400 | 1989 |
| | Potawatomi | 55-041-0007 | Forest | 7474 Air Site Rd. | Crandon | 45.56498 | -88.80859 | 2002 |

| | | | | | | | Year |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-----------|--|------------------|----------|-----------|-------------|
| Site name | AQS Site ID | County | Address | City | Latitude | Longitude | Established |
| Potosi | 55-043-0009 | Grant | 128 Hwy 61, Potosi Township | Potosi | 42.69302 | -90.69813 | 1999 |
| Racine – Payne & Dolan | 55-101-0020 | Racine | 4500 Charles St | Racine | 42.77719 | -87.79675 | 2015 |
| Rhinelander Tower | 55-085-0996 | Oneida | 434 High St | Rhinelander | 45.64510 | -89.41848 | 1981 |
| Sheboygan – Haven ³ | 55-117-0009 | Sheboygan | N7563 Hwy 42 | Sheboygan | 43.81560 | -87.79223 | 2014 |
| Sheboygan Kohler Andre | 55-117-0006 | Sheboygan | 1020 Beach Park Rd | Sheboygan | 43.66737 | -87.71631 | 1997 |
| Trout Lake ⁵ | 55-125-0001 | Vilas | Trout Lake State Forestry HQ, 4125 Forest Headquarters Rd | Boulder Junction | 46.05200 | -89.65405 | 1973 |
| Waukesha - Cleveland Ave. | 55-133-0027 | Waukesha | 1310 Cleveland Ave | Waukesha | 43.02012 | -88.21505 | 1989 |

Monitoring networks

¹NCore

²UATM

³ EOM

⁴ CSN

⁵ NADP – operated by DNR

⁶ Near Road

Figure 1: 2025 Air Monitoring Sites in Wisconsin

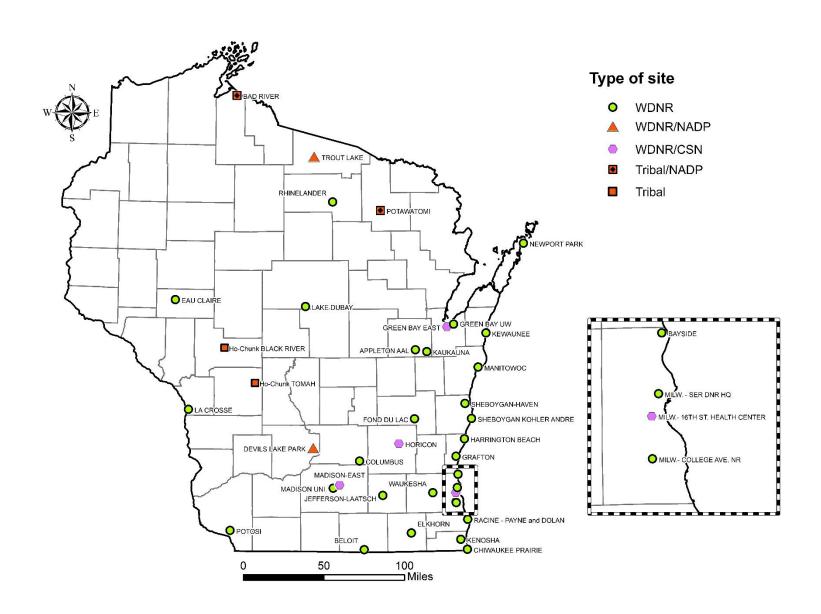


Table 3: 2025 Site Parameters

| | | | | 2.5 | 10 | PM _{10-2.5} | | | | Meteorological | | Metals (PM ₁₀) | /OC-Carbonyl | Hg (GEM) | _ | No | MDN (DNR) | NTN (DNR) | Aethalometer |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|---|-------------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------|-----------------|----|----------------|-----|----------------------------|--------------|----------|-----|------|-----------|-----------|--------------|
| Site Name | AQS Site ID | County | õ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | Δ | SO 2 | NO ₂ | 8 | Me | NO. | Me | Ŏ | Hg (| CSN | AMoN | MD | Ž Ž | Aet |
| Appleton AAL | 55-087-0009 | Outagamie | S | Сс | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bad River Tribal School – Odanah | 55-003-0010 | Ashland | Υ | С | | | | | | Y, RF | | | | | | Υ | | | |
| Bayside | 55-079-0085 | Milwaukee | S | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Beloit-Converse | 55-105-0030 | Rock | S | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Chiwaukee Prairie Stateline | 55-059-0019 | Kenosha | S | С | | | | S | | Y, RF | | | | | | | | | |
| Columbus | 55-021-0015 | Columbia | S | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Devils Lake Park | 55-111-0007 | Sauk | S | С | С | С | | | | Υ | | | | | | | Υ | Υ | |
| Eau Claire - DOT Sign Shop | 55-035-0014 | Eau Claire | S | С | С | С | | | | Υ | | | | | | | | | |
| Elkhorn | 55-127-0006 | Walworth | S | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fond Du Lac | 55-039-0006 | Fond Du Lac | S | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Grafton | 55-089-0008 | Ozaukee | S | | | | | | | S | | | | | | | | | |
| Green Bay East High | 55-009-0005 | Brown | | С | | | | | | | | | | | Υ | | | | |
| Green Bay UW | 55-009-0026 | Brown | S | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Harrington Beach Park | 55-089-0009 | Ozaukee | S | С | | | | | | Υ | | | | | | | | | Υ |
| Ho-Chunk Nation-Black River Falls | 55-053-2002 | Jackson | | С | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ho-Chunk Nation-Tomah | 55-081-2001 | Monroe | | С | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Horicon Wildlife Area | 55-027-0001 | Dodge | Υ | C, F | С | С | HS | | HS | Y, RF | HS | | | | Υ | | | | |
| Jefferson - Laatsch | 55-055-0009 | Jefferson | S | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Kaukauna | 55-087-0015 | Outagamie | | | | | Υ | | | Υ | | | | | | | | | |
| Kenosha - Water Tower | 55-059-0025 | Kenosha | S | | | | | | | S | | | | | | | | | |
| Kewaunee | 55-061-0002 | Kewaunee | S | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| La Crosse - DOT Building | 55-063-0012 | La Crosse | S | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Site Name | AQS Site ID | County | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | PM _{10-2.5} | 502 | NO ₂ | 03 | Meteorological | NOv | Metals (PM ₁₀) | VOC-Carbonyl | Hg (GEM) | CSN | AMON | MDN (DNR) | NTN (DNR) | Aethalometer |
|--|-------------|-----------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----------------------|-----|-----------------|----|----------------|-----|----------------------------|--------------|----------|-----|------|-----------|-----------|--------------|
| Lake DuBay | 55-073-0012 | Marathon | S | С | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |] |
| Madison University Ave Well #6 | 55-025-0047 | Dane | | С | С | С | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Madison - East | 55-025-0041 | Dane | S | C, F | | | | | | Y, RF | | | | | Υ | | | | |
| Manitowoc Wdlnd Dunes | 55-071-0007 | Manitowoc | S | | | | | | | S | | | | | | | | | |
| Milwaukee - College Ave. NR | 55-079-0056 | Milwaukee | | С | С | С | | Υ | HS | Υ | | | | | | | | | Υ |
| Milwaukee Sixteenth St. Health Center | 55-079-0010 | Milwaukee | S | C, F | Fc | | | | | | | Fc | Υ | Υ | Υ | | | | |
| Milwaukee UWM UPark | 55-079-0068 | Milwaukee | S | | | | Υ | Υ | | Υ | | | | | | | | | |
| Newport Park | 55-029-0004 | Door | S | | | | | | | S | | | | | | | | | |
| Potawatomi | 55-041-0007 | Forest | Υ | С | | | | | | Υ | | | | | | | Υ | Υ | |
| Potosi | 55-043-0009 | Grant | | С | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Racine - Payne and Dolan | 55-101-0020 | Racine | S | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rhinelander Tower | 55-085-0996 | Oneida | | | | | Υ | | | Υ | | | | | | | | | |
| Sheboygan - Haven | 55-117-0009 | Sheboygan | S | | | | | | | S | | | | | | | | | |
| Sheboygan Kohler Andre | 55-117-0006 | Sheboygan | S | | | | | | | S | | | | | | | | | |
| Trout Lake | 55-125-0001 | Vilas | S | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Υ | Υ | |
| Waukesha - Cleveland Ave. | 55-133-0027 | Waukesha | S | C, F | С | С | | | | Υ | | | | | | | | | |

- C Continuous
- F Federal Reference Method
- c With a collocated monitor of same type
- HS High Sensitivity
- RF Precipitation for National Weather Service
- S Seasonal monitoring
- Y Year-round monitoring

Table 4: Methods and Equipment

| Monitoring Parameter | Methods and Equipment | Analyzing Agency |
|------------------------------------|---|---------------------|
| Acid Deposition | Wet-only precipitation collection, Chromatography analysis | NADP |
| Black Carbon | Optical attenuation-Magee AE33 Aethalometer | DNR |
| Carbonyls | High Performance Liquid Chromatography – DNR Canister-Cartridge | WSLH |
| СО | Gas Filter Correlation – Teledyne API Model T300U | DNR |
| Mercury (Elemental) | Cold Vapor Atomic Fluorescence Spectrometry – Tekran 2537 | DNR |
| Mercury Deposition | Wet-only precipitation collection, Inductively Coupled Argon Plasma analysis | NADP |
| Metals | Inductively Coupled Plasma Mass Spectroscopy – Tisch 6070V Hi-Vol sampler for PM ₁₀ with quartz filters | WSLH |
| Meteorological Data | Various meteorological sensors | DNR |
| NO/NOx | Cavity Attenuated Phase Shift Spectroscopy - Teledyne Model N500U | DNR |
| NO/NO _y trace level | Chemiluminescence – Teledyne API Model T200U | DNR |
| NO_2 | Cavity Attenuated Phase Shift Spectroscopy - Teledyne Model N500 and T500U | DNR |
| O ₃ | Ultraviolet Absorption – Teledyne API Models T400 | DNR |
| PM ₁₀ – FEM | Scattered Light Spectroscopy – Teledyne T640X | DNR |
| PM ₁₀ – FRM | Gravimetric – Tisch 6070V Hi-Vol sampler for PM ₁₀ with quartz fiber | WSLH |
| PM _{10-2.5} – FEM | Scattered Light Spectroscopy – Teledyne T640X | DNR |
| PM _{2.5} - FEM | Scattered Light Spectroscopy – Teledyne T640 or T640X | DNR |
| PM _{2.5} - FRM | Gravimetric –MetOne E-SEQ PM2.5 Sequential Air Samplers | WSLH |
| PM _{2.5} Speciation - CSN | Gravimetric, GC/MS, Ion Chromatography – MetOne Instruments SASS Speciation Sampler; URG3000N Carbon Samplers | EPA |
| Precipitation Deposition | National Trend Network (NTN): Precipitation collection, pH and ion analysis | NADP |
| SO ₂ | Pulsed Fluorescence – Teledyne API Models T100 | DNR |
| SO ₂ trace level | Pulsed Fluorescence – Teledyne API Model T100U | DNR |
| VOCs | Gas Chromatography and Mass Spectrometry – DNR Canister- Cartridge | ERG |

Minimum Monitoring Requirements

The EPA set the minimum number of monitoring sites needed to meet national ambient air quality monitoring objectives. Appendix D of 40 CFR Part 58 outlines the requirements and vary based on the specific criteria pollutant (e.g., ozone, PM_{2.5}) or objective based (e.g., NCore, Toxics). The minimum monitoring requirements are determined using factors such as population size, measured concentrations and air pollution emissions data. Wisconsin currently meets all minimum air monitoring requirements. Appendices A and B provide a detailed discussion of these requirements, including any applicable waivers.

Monitoring Objectives

Since it is not possible to monitor everywhere in the state, monitoring sites are established according to federal rule to maximize spatial coverage. The concept of spatial scales is used to clarify the link between monitoring objectives and the physical location of the monitor. When designing an air monitoring network one or more of the following six objectives should be determined:

- 1. Highest concentrations expected to occur in the area covered by the network
- 2. Representative concentrations in areas of high population density
- 3. Impact of specific sources on ambient pollutant concentrations
- 4. General background concentration levels
- 5. Extent of regional transport among populated areas and in support of secondary standards
- 6. Welfare-related impacts in the more rural and remote areas

Site Selection

The selection of air monitoring sites is based on at least one of these basic monitoring objectives:

- Determine representative concentrations and exposure in areas of high population density
- Determine the highest concentrations of pollutants in an area based on topography and/or wind patterns
- Judge compliance with and/or progress made towards meeting the NAAQS
- Track pollution trends
- Determine the highest concentrations of pollutants within the state based on the known atmospheric chemistry of specific pollutants and wind patterns
- Determine the extent of regional pollutant transport to and from populated areas
- Determine how much various sources impact ambient pollution levels
- Validate control strategies designed to prevent or alleviate air pollution
- Provide a database for research and evaluation of air pollution effects
- Determine general background concentration levels

The exact location of a site often depends on the logistical factors, including federal siting criteria, accessibility, security and power availability.

Network Scales

The EPA developed a system which specifies an exclusive area or spatial scale that an air monitor represents. The goal in establishing air monitoring sites is to correctly match the spatial scale that is most appropriate for the monitoring objective of the site (Table 5). The representative measurement scales are:

- Microscale (10-100 m) Defines the concentrations in air volumes associated with area dimensions ranging from several meters up to about 100 meters. Measurements on the micro scale typically include concentrations in street canyons, intersections and areas next to major emission sources.
- Middle Scale (100-1,000 m) Defines the concentration typical of areas up to several city blocks in size with dimensions ranging from about 100 to 1,000 meters.
- Neighborhood Scale (0.5-4 km) Defines concentrations within some extended area of the city that has relatively uniform land use with dimensions in the half kilometer to four kilometers range. Generally, these stations represent areas with moderate to high population densities.
- Urban Scale (4-50 km) Defines the overall, citywide conditions with dimensions on the order of four to 50 kilometers. This scale represents conditions over an entire metropolitan area and is useful in assessing city-wide trends in air quality.
- Regional Scale Usually a rural area of reasonably homogeneous geography without large sources and extends from tens to hundreds of kilometers.
- National and global scales—These measurement scales represent concentrations characterizing the nation and the globe as a whole.

Table 5: Monitoring Objectives and Associated Network Scales

| Monitoring Objective | Appropriate Siting Scales |
|---|---|
| Highest Concentration | Micro, Middle, Neighborhood (sometimes Urban or |
| nighest concentration | regional for secondarily formed pollutants) |
| Population Exposure | Neighborhood, Urban |
| Source Impact | Micro, Middle, Neighborhood |
| General/Background & Regional Transport | Urban, Regional (sometimes Neighborhood) |
| Welfare-Related Impacts | Urban, Regional |

Regional Network Assessment

In addition to the air monitoring network plan, the EPA requires states to complete a network assessment every five years. Under the direction of the Lake Michigan Air Directors Consortium (LADCO), DNR collaborated with other states in the region for network assessments in 2010, 2015, 2020 and 2025. The assessment provides a detailed evaluation of the regional air monitoring network. It contains a network history, a re-evaluation of the types of pollutants monitored and an evaluation of the network's objectives and costs. Also, it includes spatial analysis of ambient air monitoring data and a reconsideration of monitor placement based on changes in land use and population. The assessment recommendations provided from LADCO are based on findings from states in Region 5. The DNR reviews the assessment to determine which recommendations are applicable to Wisconsin's network.

For the 2025 Network Assessments, DNR collaborated with other EPA Region 5 states. The results of the 2025 Regional Network Assessment can be found on LADCO's website at https://www.ladco.org/reports/monitoring-reports/.

Recommendations of the 2025 Network Assessment

- Criteria pollutant monitoring networks continue to meet EPA's minimum monitoring criteria.
- Additional monitoring sites could be added only with additional, permanent sources of funding.
- Disinvestment or relocation of existing fine particulate matter (PM_{2.5}) which has an aerodynamic diameter less than 2.5 microns and ozone monitoring sites is very difficult due to stringent EPA criteria for shutdown.
- In 2024 EPA lowered the PM_{2.5} 24-hour NAAQS from 12 μ g/m³ to 9 μ g/m³. Expanding monitoring for the precursors including ammonia, VOCs and SO₂ emissions may help better understand PM_{2.5} concentrations and distribution.
- Monitoring agencies should plan to make networks more resilient to extreme weather events.

Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC) Program

The QA/QC program purpose is to assure the quality of data obtained from the DNR air monitoring sites. The DNR meets or exceeds the QA requirements defined in 40 CFR 58 and all applicable appendices.

The QA/QC program includes but is not limited to the following activities:

- Instrument performance audits
- Monitor siting evaluations
- Zero, precision and span checks
- Bias and comparability determinations
- Flow rate verifications
- Leak checks
- Data validation
- Data certification

For independent quality assurance activities, the DNR participates in EPA's National Performance Audit Program (NPAP) which includes Through the Probe (TTP) audits and the PM_{2.5} Performance Evaluation Program (PEP) program. Additional periodic inter-laboratory comparisons of performance test and exchange samples are performed for air toxics monitoring.

As the PQAO for three partner organizations in Wisconsin, the DNR operates under an EPA approved Quality Management Plan (QMP) and uses Quality Assurance Project Plans (QAPPs) for each statewide monitoring network. The primary purpose of the QAPPs is to provide an overview of the project, describe the need for the measurements and define QA/QC activities used in the project. All other ambient air monitoring initiatives including state, tribal and industrial projects must have a DNR approved monitoring plan for each specific project.

The DNR performs annual audits at each monitoring site to ensure that all applicable EPA siting requirements are met. This includes a safety inspection to assure a safe work environment for staff and that sites are being properly maintained.

Data Processing and Reporting

Except for the Special Studies, CSN, mercury (Hg), NADP and BioWatch data, ambient air quality data are stored in a centralized server housed at the Wisconsin Department of Administration.

Continuous pollutant monitoring data are retrieved hourly and posted to DNR's Air Quality website (https://airquality.wi.gov/) and sent to EPA's AirNow web site (https://gispub.epa.gov/airnow/). The DNR submits continuous data to EPA's Air Quality System (AQS) after data have been evaluated for quality assurance.

The DNR submits discrete data (toxics and some particulate matter) collected over 24-hours to AQS after data have been analyzed and evaluated for quality assurance.

The federal contract laboratory for CSN is responsible for reporting the results directly to AQS. However, DNR is responsible reviewing the data.

The DNR collects ambient mercury outside the NADP program. The DNR submits this data to AQS after quality assuring the data.

The BioWatch and the NADP data are processed and reviewed by separate national programs and housed within their internal systems.

Criteria Pollutants Network

The DNR monitors criteria pollutants established by the 1970 CAA to ensure compliance with the NAAQS. Beyond compliance, the criteria pollutants network serves several purposes, including public air quality reporting, tracking pollution trends, monitoring specific emissions sources and investigating background conditions. The criteria pollutants include particulates ($PM_{2.5}$ and PM_{10}), Pb, O_3 , NO_2 , SO_2 and CO. The DNR works with adjacent states to meet the criteria pollutant requirements. The DNR has Memorandums of Agreement (MOAs) found in Appendix C detailing these cooperative efforts.

The EPA identifies a primary and a secondary NAAQS for each of the criteria pollutants. Primary standards are set to protect public health, while secondary standards are set to protect the environment and public welfare (i.e., visibility, crops, animals, vegetation, and buildings).

The CAA requires the EPA to review the scientific basis of these standards every five years to ensure they are protective of public health and the environment. Table 6, found on the EPA website at https://www.epa.gov/criteria-air-pollutants/naags-table, describes the NAAQS.

Table 6: National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS)

| Pollutant | | Primary / Secondary | Averaging Time | Level | Form |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|---|
| Carbon Monoxi | de (CO) | Primary | 8 hours | 9 ppm | Not to be exceeded more than once |
| Carbon Monoxi | ue (co) | T Tillial y | 1 hour | 35 ppm | per year |
| Lead (Pb) | | Primary and | Rolling 3-month | 0.15 μg/m ^{3 (1)} | Not to be exceeded |
| Lead (1 b) | | Secondary | average | 0.13 μg/III | Not to be exceeded |
| Nitrogen Dioxid | le (NO ₂) | Primary | 1 hour | 100 ppb | 98 th percentile of 1-hour daily maximum concentrations, averaged over 3 years |
| | | Primary and Secondary | 1 year | 53 ppb ⁽²⁾ | Annual mean |
| Ozone (O ₃) | | Primary and Secondary | 8 hours | 0.070 ppm ⁽³⁾ | Annual fourth-highest daily maximum 8-hour concentration, averaged over 3 years |
| | | Primary | 1 year | 9.0 μg/m ⁽⁵⁾ | Annual mean, averaged over 3 years |
| | DN4 | Secondary | 1 year | 15.0 μg/m ⁽⁵⁾ | Annual mean, averaged over 3 years |
| <u>Particle</u> <u>Matter (PM)</u> | PM _{2.5} | Primary and Secondary | 24 hours | 35 μg/m ⁽⁵⁾ | 98 th percentile, averaged over 3 years |
| | PM ₁₀ | Primary and | 24 hours | 150 μg/m ⁽⁵⁾ | Not to be exceeded more than once |
| | 1 14110 | Secondary | 24 110013 | 130 μg/111 | per year on average over 3 years |
| | | | | | 99 th percentile of 1-hour daily |
| | | Primary | 1 hour | 75 ppb ⁽⁴⁾ | maximum concentrations, averaged |
| Sulfur Dioxide (| <u>SO₂)</u> | | | | over 3 years |
| | | Secondary | 3 hours | 0.5 ppm | Not to be exceeded more than once per year |

⁽¹⁾ In areas designated nonattainment for the Pb standards prior to the promulgation of the current (2008) standards, and for which implementation plans to attain or maintain the current (2008) standards have not been submitted and approved, the previous standards (1.5 μ g/m³ as a calendar quarter average) also remain in effect.

- (3) Final rule signed October 1, 2015, and effective December 28, 2015. The previous (2008) O_3 standards additionally remain in effect in some areas. Revocation of the previous (2008) O_3 standards and transitioning to the current (2015) standards will be addressed in the implementation rule for the current standards.
- (4) The previous SO_2 standards (0.14 ppm 24-hour and 0.03 ppm annual) will additionally remain in effect in certain areas: (1) any area for which it is not yet 1 year since the effective date of designation under the current (2010) standards, and (2) any area for which an implementation plan providing for attainment of the current (2010) standard has not been submitted and approved and which is designated nonattainment under the previous SO_2 standards or is not meeting the requirements of a SIP call under the previous SO_2 standards (40 CFR 50.4(3)).
- (5) February 7, 2024, EPA finalized the health-based NAAQS for particle pollution. The annual NAAQS for PM2.5 was lowered from 12 μ g/m3 to 9 μ g/m3. The EPA retained the PM2.5 24-hour standard at 35 μ g/m3 and the PM10 24-hour standard at 150 μ g/m3. Final rule will be implemented May of 2024.

⁽²⁾ The level of the annual NO_2 standard is 0.053 ppm. It is shown here in terms of ppb for the purposes of clearer comparison to the 1-hour standard level.

Criteria monitor types include:

- SLAMS largely determined by monitoring requirements for NAAQS comparisons and the needs
 of monitoring organizations to meet respective tribal implementation plan (TIP) or state
 implementation plan (SIP) requirements
- SPMs provide for special studies needed by the monitoring organizations to support TIPs/SIPs and other air program activities; these monitors are not counted towards the monitoring organizations minimum requirements but may be used for regulatory purposes if operated for more than two years
- Tribal monitors that are operated by tribal partners working within DNR's PQAO
- Industrial monitors operated by DNR or industrial partners that are in place due to an industry specific federal monitoring requirement

Particulate Matter

Particulate matter is not a single pollutant but rather a mixture of solid particles and liquid droplets distributed among numerous gases that interact with solid and liquid phases. The DNR monitors three particle size fractions:

- PM_{2.5.} particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than 2.5 microns
- PM_{10-2.5} a coarse particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter between 2.5 to 10 microns
- PM₁₀ particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than 10 microns

 $PM_{2.5}$ and PM_{10} are regulated under the NAAQS. While total suspended particulate matter (TSP) was previously regulated, TSP is primarily used for lead sampling. Since Wisconsin is no longer required to operate any lead monitoring sites, the TSP method is currently not used.

On February 7, 2024, EPA finalized the primary NAAQS for particle pollution. The annual NAAQS for PM_{2.5} was lowered from 12 μ g/m³ to 9 μ g/m³. The EPA retained the PM_{2.5} 24-hour standard at 35 μ g/m³ and the PM₁₀ 24-hour standard at 150 μ g/m³. There are currently no air quality standards for PM_{10-2.5}. In addition to lowering the annual PM_{2.5} standard, EPA modified the PM_{2.5} monitoring network design criteria to account for proximity of populations at increased risk of PM_{2.5} related health effects.

PM_{2.5} Network

Wisconsin operates 18 $PM_{2.5}$ sites, including four tribal sites (Figure 2). Two types of regulatory $PM_{2.5}$ monitors operate in Wisconsin:

- <u>Federal Reference Method (FRM) samplers</u>- Collect 24-hour PM_{2.5} samples on Teflon filters once every three or six days
- <u>Federal Equivalent Method (FEM) continuous analyzers</u>- Provide hourly PM_{2.5} data for real-time monitoring and public reporting

Since January 2019, the DNR has operated a primary FEM network, with four sites maintaining collocated FRMs for quality assurance. The Teledyne T640/T640X monitors that collect and report hourly $PM_{2.5}$ concentrations:

- Demonstrate compliance with the PM_{2.5} NAAQS
- Calculate the air quality index (AQI)
- Allow for the protection of public health through forecasts and Air Quality Advisories
- Provide real-time data to Wisconsin's Air Quality website (https://airquality.wi.gov/), EPA's AIRNow website (https://gispub.epa.gov/airnow/)

The FRM monitors collect a 24-hour mass sample of PM_{2.5} on Teflon filters. The DNR uses FRM monitors to meet FEM monitor collocation requirements. The FRMs sample either once every three days or once every six days (Table 7). The DNR uses all PM_{2.5} FRM data for quality assurance purposes. The data can serve as a substitute for primary monitor data and is comparable to the NAAQS.

Collocated FRM and FEM methods ensure consistency, with FEM monitors required to measure concentrations within a certain calculated limit of FRM data. If the data does not meet calculated comparability standards between the two instruments as identified through data certification, the CAA allows for the application of a mathematical formula to better align the FEM with the FRM data.

In 2023 EPA approved a method alignment for the T640/T640X monitors that was distributed via firmware update in Wisconsin on July 10, 2023. On February 15, 2024, the EPA released the "Proposal to Update PM_{2.5} Data from T640/T640x PM Mass Monitors" acknowledging bias in T640/T640x monitors compared to FRMs. To address this bias, the EPA retroactively applied an updated algorithm.

As of May 6, 2024, a monitoring site meets the annual PM_{2.5} NAAQS if the three-year annual average of PM_{2.5} concentration is less than or equal to 9.0 μ g/m³. Figure 3 shows the average of the 2022 through 2024 annual average PM_{2.5} concentrations across Wisconsin sites and compares the values to the standard. Wisconsin averages range from 5.1 μ g/m³ at Bad River to 8.4 μ g/m³ at Milwaukee 16th Street.

A site meets the 24-hour $PM_{2.5}$ NAAQS if the 98^{th} percentile of the 24-hour $PM_{2.5}$ concentrations in a year, averaged over three years, is less than or equal to $35 \mu g/m^3$. Figure 4 shows the average of 2022 through 2024, 98^{th} percentile of the daily $PM_{2.5}$ averages at Wisconsin sites and compares them to the standard. Wisconsin averages ranged from $18 \mu g/m^3$ at Bad River to $28 \mu g/m^3$ at Appleton. Therefore, all sites are below the $PM_{2.5}$ 24-hour standard.

Table 7: PM_{2.5} FRM Monitors Sampling Frequencies

| Monitoring Site | AQS Site ID | Sampling Frequency | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| Horicon Wildlife Area | 55-027-0001 | 1 in 3 | | | |
| Madison East | 55-025-0041 | 1 in 6 | | | |
| Milwaukee Sixteenth St. Health Center | 55-079-0010 | 1 in 3 | | | |
| Waukesha - Cleveland Ave. | 55-133-0027 | 1 in 6 | | | |

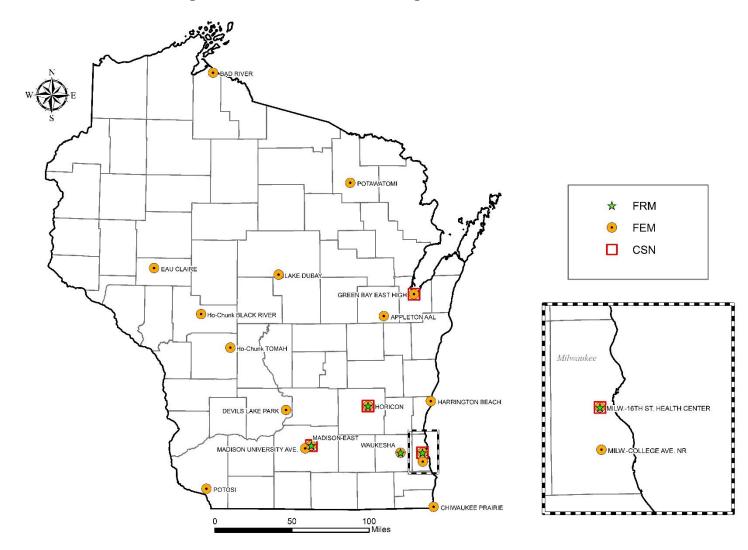
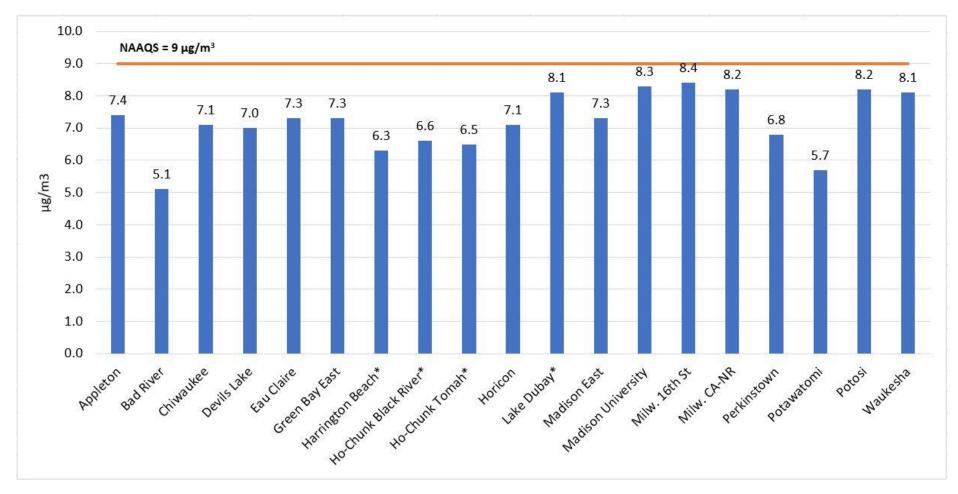
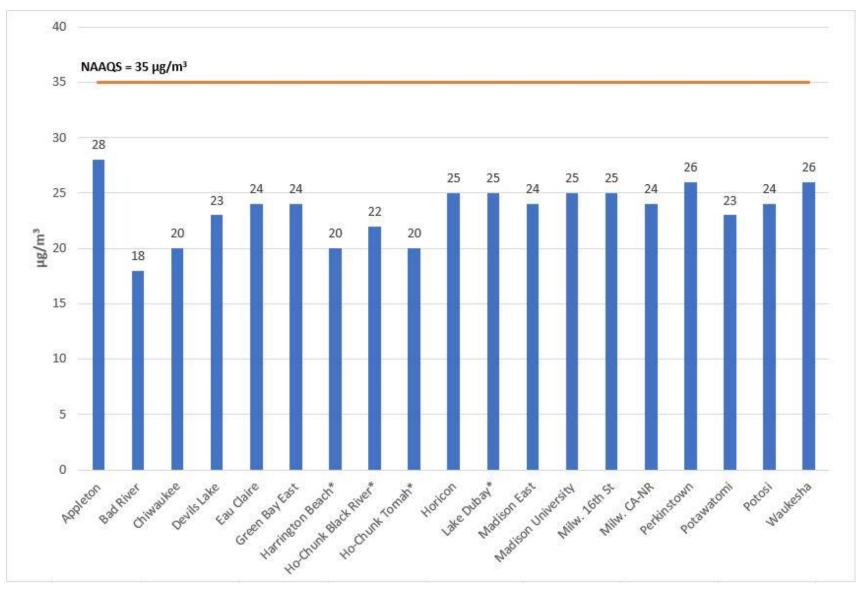


Figure 2: 2025 PM_{2.5} Monitoring Sites in Wisconsin









^{*}Harrington Beach 2022 data incomplete. Lake Dubay began monitoring December 20, 2023. Ho-Chunk Nation 2024 data incomplete.

PM_{10-2.5} Network

The national monitoring requirements defined in Appendix D of 40 CFR Part 58 contain a requirement for $PM_{10-2.5}$ mass monitoring at NCore multipollutant monitoring sites. The DNR monitors for $PM_{10-2.5}$ at the Horicon NCore site as well as five additional sites (Devils Lake, Eau Claire, Madison University, Milwaukee – College Ave. NR and Waukesha) for a total of six sites.

PM₁₀ Network

The DNR operates continuous PM_{10} FEM monitors that measure hourly concentrations at six sites: Devils Lake, Eau Claire, Horicon Wildlife Area, Madison University, Milwaukee – College Ave. NR and Waukesha. At these sites, a monitor measures PM_{10} and calculates concentrations in both local conditions (LC) and at standard temperature and pressure (STP). The LC measurements are appropriate for calculating coarse particulate concentrations but are not appropriate for comparison with the NAAQS. The STP measured values are comparable to the NAAQS.

The DNR also operates two PM_{10} FRM monitors at Milwaukee Sixteenth St. Health Center. The PM_{10} samples collect over a 24-hour period once every six days. Figure 5 shows Wisconsin's PM_{10} monitoring sites.

A monitoring site meets the 24-hour PM₁₀ NAAQS when concentrations do not exceed 150 μ g/m³ more than once per year on average over three years. Sites currently meeting applicable NAAQS for PM₁₀ at Milwaukee 16th Street at 87 μ g/m³ and Eau Claire at 106 μ g/m³.

In 2023, Canadian wildfire smoke significantly impacted air quality in Wisconsin. The smoke events led to six air quality advisories, with the 24-hour PM_{10} concentrations exceeded the NAAQS at five sites ranging from 200 $\mu g/m^3$ at Horicon to 301 $\mu g/m^3$ Devils Lake site. Design values for PM10 in Wisconsin have not exceeded PM_{10} standards. Consequently, there are no PM_{10} nonattainment areas in the state.

FRM **FEM** • EAU CLAIRE Milwankee HORICON ★ MILW.-16TH ST. HEALTH CENTER DEVILS LAKE PARK MADISON UNIVERSITY AVE. • MILW.-COLLEGE AVE NR 100 Miles 50

Figure 5: 2025 PM₁₀ Monitoring Sites in Wisconsin

Lead (Pb)

Lead is a metal found naturally in the environment as well as in manufactured products. The 2008 Pb NAAQS of 0.15 $\mu g/m^3$ for a 3-month period identified one site of interest. The Kohler facility in Sheboygan County monitored from 2010 to 2018 before receiving the EPAs approval to discontinue Pb monitoring (see waiver in Appendix B). The DNR reviews the Wisconsin Air Emission Inventory annually to determine if there are facilities with lead emissions that may require monitoring. Table 8 lists current lead monitor emissions from 2017-2023.

Table 8: 2018-2024 Lead Emissions (tons per year)

| Facility | FID | County | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
|---|-----------|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Ahlstrom-Munskjo NA Specialty Solutions | 744008100 | Oneida | | | 0.25 | 0.34 | | |
| Ardagh Glass Inc | 252005930 | Racine | 0.35 | 0.26 | 0.26 | 0.27 | 0.25 | 0.26 |
| Chippewa CO Hwy Dept | 609042610 | Chippewa | | | | | | 0.27 |
| Kohler Metals Processing Complex | 460032870 | Sheboygan | 0.32 | 0.43 | 0.41 | 0.46 | 0.45 | 0.29 |
| Milwaukee Valve Company | 157061520 | Sauk | 0.26 | 0.26 | 0.21 | 0.22 | 0.21 | 0.22 |
| Murphy Concrete and Construction (MCC) | 998201820 | Winnebago | | | 0.23 | 0.24 | 0.25 | |
| ND Paper Inc - Biron Division | 772009480 | Wood | | | 0.41 | | | |
| Rock Road Companies Inc – Bituma Plant | 999010320 | Rock | | | | | | 0.25 |
| Rock Road Companies Inc – Monroe Plant | 399031820 | Rock | | | 0.34 | 0.39 | 0.29 | |
| Rock Road Companies Inc – Townline Pit | 154079860 | Rock | | | | | 0.28 | |
| Scott Construction Inc – Jackson Quarry | 157007620 | Sauk | | | | 0.20 | | |
| Stark Pavement Corp | 399092980 | Milwaukee | | | 0.34 | 0.40 | 0.31 | 0.28 |
| Uniroyal Global Engineered Products | 113004210 | Dane | | | | | | 0.37 |
| Waupaca Foundry Inc | 438041450 | Marinette | | | | 0.24 | | |
| Wisconsin Rapids Mill | 772010030 | Wood | | | 0.24 | | | |

Based on the 2024 Wisconsin Air Emission Inventory, no DNR regulated facilities had lead emissions greater than 0.5 TPY, the threshold that may initiate a monitoring requirement. Wisconsin sources that reported lead emissions close to the threshold (>90% (0.45 TPY)) were reminded of the threshold.

Ozone (O₃)

Ozone is an odorless, colorless gas composed of three atoms of oxygen (O_3) . Ground-level ozone is not emitted directly into the air but is created through a reaction of oxides of nitrogen (NO_x) and volatile organic compounds (VOC_s) in the presence of sunlight.

In 2015, EPA published its final rule establishing a new 8-hour NAAQS for ozone that set a level of 70 parts per billion (ppb). The rule included changes to ozone monitoring requirements such as:

- Streamlining and modernizing the PAMS network requirements.
- Changing the length of the ozone monitoring season in Wisconsin.

Ozone formation typically requires high temperatures and sunny conditions. Due to this, EPA requires Wisconsin to monitor ozone seasonally with a few exceptions. In 2018, the EPA granted the DNR a

waiver modifying the ozone season to April 1- October 15 (Appendix B). This waiver excludes Kenosha County sites which operate March 1 – October 31 to align with the requirements for the Chicago Core Base Statistical Area (CBSA). Three sites measure ozone year-round: Bad River Tribal School – Odanah (55-003-0010), Horicon Wildlife Area (NCore) (55-027-0001) and Potawatomi (55-041-0007).

The DNR monitors ozone on a continuous basis at 30 monitoring sites (Figure 6) including two tribal sites to determine compliance with the NAAQS. The EPA operates an additional year-round Clean Air Status and Trends Network (CASTNET) monitor located in Perkinstown. Since the DNR does not have any role in this monitor, it is not included in the SLAMS or AQI monitoring networks.

A monitoring site meets the primary ozone NAAQS if the three-year average of the 4th highest daily maximum 8-hour concentration is less than or equal to 70 ppb. Figure 7 shows the 2022 through 2024, design values at Wisconsin sites compared to the standard. Twelve sites had values above the level of the 8-hour standard. Most of these sites are located near the shore of Lake Michigan.

Figure 6: 2025 Ozone Monitoring Sites in Wisconsin

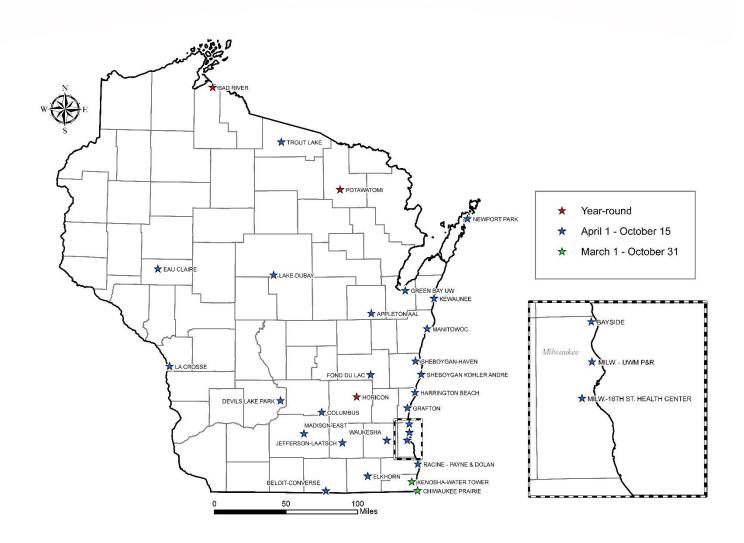
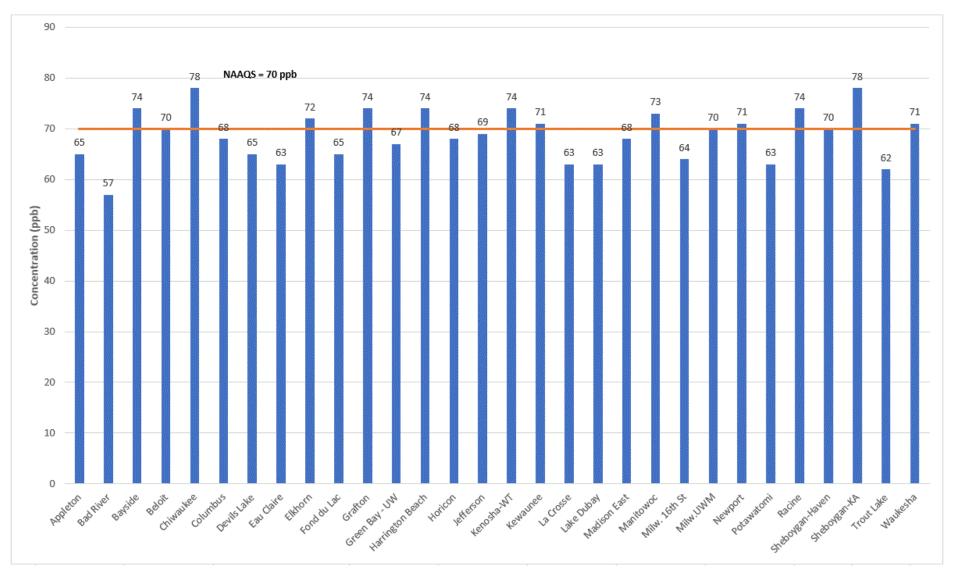


Figure 7: 8-hour Ozone 2022 – 2024 Design Values Compared to the NAAQS



Nitrogen Dioxide (NO₂)

Oxides of nitrogen (NO_x) is the generic term for a group of highly reactive gases, all of which contain nitrogen and oxygen in varying amounts. The two primary components are nitric oxide (NO) and nitrogen dioxide (NO_2) . The regulated pollutant is NO_2 .

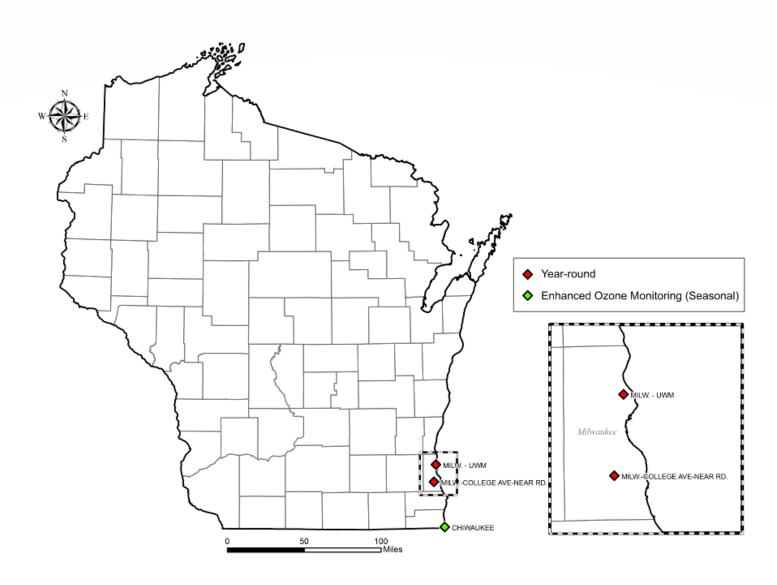
In 2010, EPA finalized the health-based NAAQS for NO₂ at 100 ppb over a 1-hour averaging period and established new ambient air monitoring and reporting requirements. As part of the standard review process, EPA retained the existing annual NO₂ NAAQS. These standards were most recently retained in a review concluded in 2012.

The DNR NO_2 criteria network consists of a population-oriented NO_2 monitor located in Milwaukee County at Milwaukee UWM UPark (55-079-0068) and a near road monitor at the Milwaukee – College Ave. NR site (55-079-0056); both sites operate year-round and fulfill Wisconsin's NO_2 monitoring requirement. A seasonal NO_2 monitor is located at Chiwaukee Prairie site (55-059-0019) as part of the Enhanced Ozone Monitoring (EOM) plan. Figure 8 shows the monitoring locations for NO_2 in Wisconsin in 2025. The DNR also monitors NO_Y at Horicon to meet NCore requirements.

A monitoring site meets the annual NAAQS for NO_2 if the annual NO_2 average is less than or equal to 53 ppb. The Milwaukee UWM UPark (55-079-0068) and the Milwaukee – College Ave. NR site (55-079-0056) monitor for NO_2 year-round and are comparable with the NAAQS. The 2024 annual averages for the two sites are 10.8 ppb and 4.8 ppb. Therefore, Wisconsin currently meets the annual NAAQS NO_2

To meet the hourly standard, the three-year average of the annual 98^{th} percentile daily maximum 1-hour NO_2 concentration must not exceed 100 ppb. The Milwaukee UWM UPark site (55-079-0068) and Milwaukee – College Ave. NR site (55-079-0056) monitor for NO_2 year-round and are comparable with the NAAQS. The 2022-2024 averages of the annual 98^{th} percentile daily maximum 1-hour NO_2 concentrations for the two sites are 32 ppb and 43 ppb. Therefore, all Wisconsin sites currently meet the 1-hour NAAQS for NO_2 .

Figure 8: 2025 NO₂ Monitoring Sites in Wisconsin



Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂)

Sulfur dioxide (SO_2) belongs to the family of sulfur oxide gases. SO_2 reacts with other chemicals in the air to form sulfate particles. The DNR monitors SO_2 on a continuous basis and reports data in hourly and 5-minute increments. Hourly data are used to determine compliance with the NAAQS.

The DNR monitors SO_2 at four sites shown in Figure 9. Trace level SO_2 monitoring at the Horicon NCore site helps researchers understand the role of SO_2 at levels far below the NAAQS. Standard monitoring at the background site Milwaukee (urban) allows DNR to understand Wisconsin background concentrations relative to NAAQS. Source oriented monitors (Kaukauna and Rhinelander) help regulators and facility managers work together to understand middle-scale impacts. Potawatomi ceased monitoring SO_2 monitoring at the end of 2024.

In 2010, the EPA finalized revisions to the primary SO_2 NAAQS. EPA established a 1-hour standard which is met if the three-year average of the annual 99^{th} percentile daily maximum 1-hour SO_2 concentration is less than or equal to 75 ppb. In addition to creating the new 1-hour standard, the EPA revoked the existing 24-hour and annual standards. These standards were most recently retained without revision on March 18, 2019. Figure 10 describes the 2022-2024 average 99th percentile 1-hour SO_2 concentration and compares them to the 1-hour standard. Wisconsin averages ranged from 2 ppb at Potawatomi and Horicon to 43 ppb in Kaukauna. Wisconsin currently meets the 2010 SO_2 NAAQS statewide.

The EPA made initial area designations for the 2010 1-hour SO₂ NAAQS in stages. The EPA designated part of Oneida County as nonattainment of the NAAQS in 2013 based on data from the Rhinelander monitor. The EPA finalized approval of a redesignation request for this area to attainment on January 12, 2022.

In 2017, EPA designated all remaining areas of Wisconsin as attainment/unclassifiable for the NAAQS, except for Outagamie County. In December 2020, based on 2017-2019 data, the EPA made an initial area designation for Outagamie County as nonattainment. This designation was updated to attainment/unclassifiable in April 2021 based on 2018-2020 data.

Wisconsin is required to provide an annual assessment of SO₂ emissions for any areas that were designated in this round based on modeling of actual source emissions; this assessment is included as Appendix G.

Figure 9: 2025 SO₂ Monitoring Sites in Wisconsin

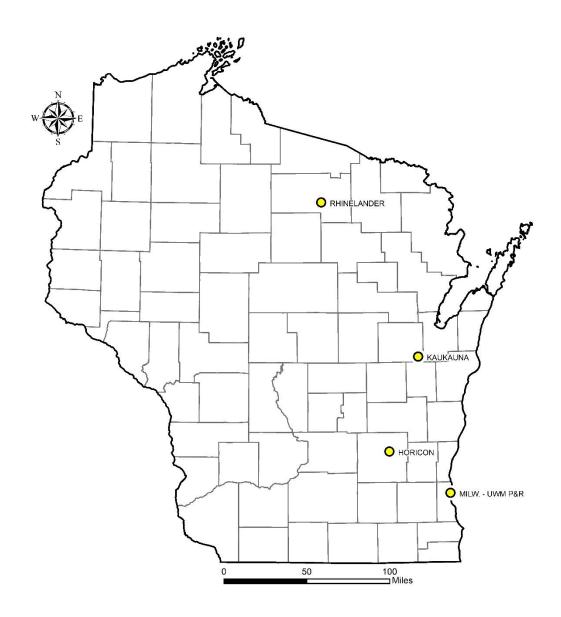


Figure 10: 1-hour SO₂ 2022-2024 Design Values Compared to the NAAQS

Carbon Monoxide (CO)

Carbon monoxide is a colorless and odorless toxic gas formed when carbon in fuels is not completely burned. Carbon monoxide oxidizes to form carbon dioxide (CO₂) which contributes to the formation of ground-level ozone.

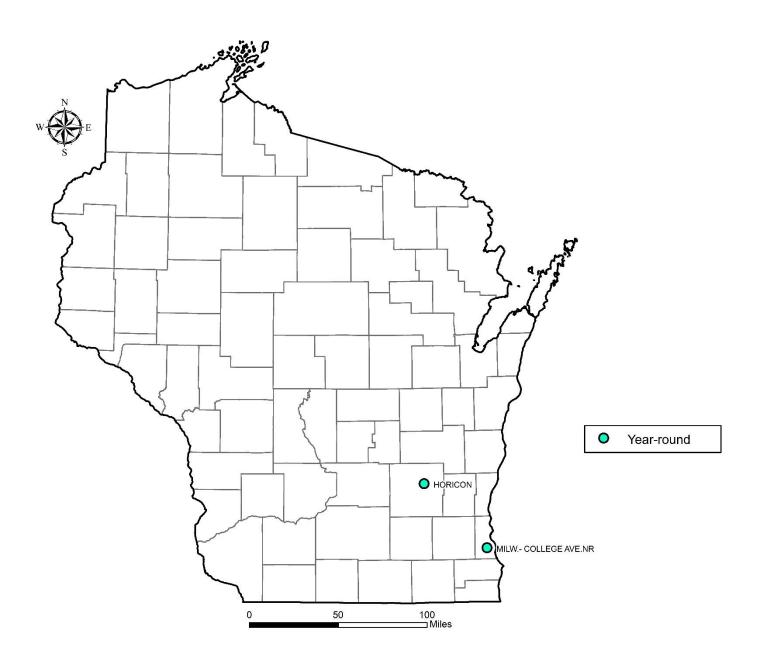
In 2011, EPA finalized a rule to retain the existing NAAQS for CO and revise the monitoring requirements for CO. The rule required CO monitors to be sited near highly trafficked roads in certain urban areas having a population of one million or more. The EPA required collocation of these CO monitors with NO₂ near-road monitors. To meet the requirements, Wisconsin added one CO monitor at the near-road monitoring site in Milwaukee on January 1, 2014.

The DNR monitors trace level CO at two sites in Wisconsin on a continuous basis; data are reported in hourly increments to determine compliance with the NAAQS and to report the AQI. Trace level CO analyzers help research partners understand the role of CO at levels far below the NAAQS.

Currently, Wisconsin meets applicable NAAQS for CO. A monitoring site meets the 8-hour CO NAAQS when the level of 9 parts per million (ppm) is not exceeded more than once per year. The Horicon Wildlife Area (55-027-0001) and the Milwaukee – College Ave. NR (55-079-0056) sites monitor for CO. The 2024 Max 8-hr averages for the two sites are 0.354 ppm and 0.679 ppm.

The 1-hour CO NAAQS is met when the level of 35 ppm is not exceeded more than once per year. The Horicon Wildlife Area (55-027-0001) and the Milwaukee – College Ave. NR (55-079-0056) sites monitor for CO. The 2024 max 1-hr averages for the two sites are 0.521 ppm and 1.691 ppm.

Figure 11: 2025 CO Monitoring Sites in Wisconsin



Non-Criteria Pollutant Networks

National Core Monitoring Network (NCore)

The NCore multi-pollutant sites are part of an overall strategy to integrate multiple monitoring networks and measurements. Each state (i.e., the fifty states, District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands) and some local government entities are required to operate at least one NCore site. Monitors at NCore multi-pollutant sites measure particulates (PM_{2.5}, speciated PM_{2.5}, PM₁₀, PM_{10-2.5}), O₃, SO₂, CO, NO_y and basic meteorology.

The NCore objective is to locate sites in broadly representative urban (about 63 sites) and rural (about 17 sites) locations throughout the country to help characterize regional and urban patterns of air pollution. In many cases, monitoring organizations collocate these sites with CSN sites measuring speciated PM_{2.5} components and PAMS sites already measuring ozone precursors. By combining these monitoring programs at a single location, the EPA and its partners maximize the multi-pollutant information available. This provides the foundation for future health studies, NAAQS revisions, validation of air quality models, assessment of emission reduction programs, and studies of air pollution on ecosystem impacts.

Wisconsin's NCore site (Horicon Wildlife Area) is in Dodge County representing a rural area. High sensitivity NO_y , CO and SO_2 began operating at Mayville located in Dodge County in 2005-2006 and moved to Horicon in 2010.

Near-Road Air Quality Monitoring

In 2010, the EPA introduced a new air monitoring network to measure air pollution levels near heavily trafficked roadways. Near-road air monitoring sites are required to be located within 50 meters of the busiest roadways across the country. Near-road monitoring sites are required to measure hourly levels of NO₂, CO and PM_{2.5}. In 2016, EPA finalized "The Revision to Near-Road Ambient Nitrogen Dioxide (NO₂) Monitoring Requirements" which eliminated Phase 3 of this requirement. Phase 3 would have required a second monitoring station in Madison.

In Wisconsin, the DNR installed one required near-road monitoring site. It began operating along the Chicago/Kenosha/Milwaukee corridor near I-94 in Milwaukee on January 1, 2014. The DNR collects additional particulate matter (PM) size fractions to better characterize near-road environments (Table 9).

Table 9: Near-Road Parameters

| Site Name | AQS Site ID | City | 00 | NO ₂ | PM _{2.5} FEM | Other Parameters |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-----------|----|-----------------|-----------------------|---|
| Milwaukee - College Ave. NR | 55-079-0056 | Milwaukee | х | х | х | PM ₁₀ , PM _{10-2.5} , Black Carbon, Meteorological |

Air Toxics

Air toxics include, but are not limited to, the 188 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) specified in the 1990 CAA Amendments and updates (see https://www.epa.gov/haps/initial-list-hazardous-air-pollutants-modifications for a list of HAPs). In 1999, EPA finalized the Urban Air Toxics Strategy (UATS). The UATS states that emissions data are needed to quantify the sources of air toxics impacts and aid in the development of control strategies, while ambient monitoring data are needed to understand the behavior and concentration of air toxics in the atmosphere after they are emitted.

The DNR monitored metals, VOCs, polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAHS) and carbonyls at Horicon Wildlife Area (55-027-0001) which operated as a rural NATTS site on a one in six-day schedule. Sampling continued through 2023 after which sampling for all NATTS parameters ceased due to funding constraints.

The Milwaukee Sixteenth St. Health Center (55-079-0010) continues to monitor for metals, VOCs and carbonyls as an Urban Air Toxics Monitoring (UATM) site on a one in six-day schedule. The DNR uses the federal contract lab (Easter Research Group, Inc) for VOC analysis and the Wisconsin State Laboratory of Hygiene (WSLH) for all other analyses.

Metals

Metals are extracted from PM_{10} filters and analyzed using inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry (ICP-MS) following an EPA method. Table 10 lists the six metals analyzed by WSLH and reported by the DNR.

Table 10: 2025 Metals Monitored in Wisconsin

| Parameter | EPA Parameter Codes |
|----------------|------------------------|
| Arsenic (As) | 82103 |
| Beryllium (Be) | 82105 |
| Cadmium (Cd) | 82110 |
| Lead (Pb) | 82128 |
| Manganese (Mn) | 82132 |
| Nickel (Ni) | 82136 |

VOCs

The DNR collects VOCs for air toxics compounds as whole air samples in evacuated stainless-steel canisters using EPA compendium method TO-15A and analyzed using gas chromatography and mass spectrometry. Table 11 lists the 59 VOCs analyzed by ERG and reported to AQS by DNR. Ethylene oxide analysis at Milwaukee Sixteenth St. Health Center site started in 2021.

Table 11: 2025 VOCs Monitored in Wisconsin

| Parameter | CAS# | EPA Parameter Code |
|---------------------------|------------|---------------------------|
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | 71-55-6 | 43814 |
| 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | 79-34-5 | 43818 |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | 79-00-5 | 43820 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | 75-34-3 | 43813 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | 75-35-4 | 43826 |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 120-82-1 | 45810 |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 95-63-6 | 45208 |
| 1,2-Dibromoethane | 106-93-4 | 43843 |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 107-06-2 | 43815 |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | 78-87-5 | 43829 |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | 108-67-8 | 45207 |
| 1,3-Butadiene | 106-99-0 | 43218 |
| Acetonitrile | 75-05-8 | 43702 |
| Acetylene | 74-86-2 | 43206 |
| Acrolein | 107-02-8 | 43505 |
| Acrylonitrile | 107-13-1 | 43704 |
| Benzene | 71-43-2 | 45201 |
| Bromochloromethane | 74-97-5 | 43836 |
| Bromodichloromethane | 75-27-4 | 43828 |
| Bromoform | 75-25-2 | 43806 |
| Bromomethane | 74-83-9 | 43819 |
| Carbon Disulfide | 75-15-0 | 42153 |
| Carbon Tetrachloride | 56-23-5 | 43804 |
| Chlorobenzene | 108-90-7 | 45801 |
| Chloroethane | 75-00-3 | 43812 |
| Chloroform | 67-66-3 | 43803 |
| Chloromethane | 74-87-3 | 43801 |
| Chloroprene | 126-99-8 | 43835 |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene | 156-59-2 | 43839 |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | 10061-01-5 | 43831 |
| Dibromochloromethane | 124-48-1 | 43832 |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane | 75-71-8 | 43823 |
| Dichloromethane | 75-09-2 | 43802 |
| Dichlorotetrafluoroethane | 76-14-2 | 43208 |
| Ethyl Acrylate | 140-88-5 | 43438 |
| Ethyl tert-Butyl Ether | 637-92-3 | 43396 |

| Parameter | CAS# | EPA Parameter Code |
|----------------------------|------------|---------------------------|
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 45203 |
| Ethylene oxide | 75-21-8 | 43601 |
| Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene | 87-68-3 | 43844 |
| m-Dichlorobenzene | 541-73-1 | 45806 |
| Methyl Isobutyl Ketone | 108-10-1 | 43560 |
| Methyl Methacrylate | 80-62-6 | 43441 |
| Methyl tert-Butyl Ether | 1634-04-4 | 43372 |
| | 108-38-3, | |
| m,p-Xylene | 106-42-3 | 45109 |
| n-Octane | 111-65-9 | 43233 |
| o-Dichlorobenzene | 95-50-1 | 45805 |
| o-Xylene | 95-47-6 | 45204 |
| p-Dichlorobenzene | 106-46-7 | 45807 |
| Propylene | 115-07-1 | 43205 |
| Styrene | 100-42-5 | 45220 |
| tert-Amyl Methyl Ether | 994-05-8 | 43373 |
| Tetrachloroethylene | 127-18-4 | 43817 |
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | 45202 |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene | 156-60-5 | 43838 |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 10061-02-6 | 43830 |
| Trichloroethylene | 79-01-6 | 43824 |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | 75-69-4 | 43811 |
| Trichlorotrifluoroethane | 76-13-1 | 43821 |
| Vinyl chloride | 75-01-4 | 43860 |

Carbonyls

Carbonyls are collected on sorbent tubes using EPA Compendium method TO-11A and are analyzed using high performance liquid chromatography. Table 12 lists Carbonyls analyzed by WSLH then reported by DNR.

Table 12: 2025 Carbonyls Monitored in Wisconsin

| Parameter | CAS # | EPA Parameter Code |
|---------------------|----------|--------------------|
| Acetaldehyde | 75-07-0 | 43503 |
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | 43551 |
| Benzaldehyde | 100-52-7 | 45501 |
| Formaldehyde | 50-00-0 | 43502 |
| Hexaldehyde | 66-25-1 | 43517 |
| Isovaleraldehyde | 590-86-3 | 43513 |
| Methyl ethyl ketone | 78-93-3 | 43552 |
| Propionaldehyde | 123-38-6 | 43504 |
| Valeraldhyde | 110-62-3 | 43518 |

Enhanced Ozone Monitoring (EOM) and Photochemical Assessment Monitoring Stations (PAMS)

The chief objective of enhanced ozone monitoring is to provide an air quality database that assists air pollution control agencies in evaluating, tracking the progress of and refining control strategies for attaining the ozone NAAQS. The data helps ensure the implementation of the most effective regulatory controls. Federal regulations require an EOM plan for ozone nonattainment areas classified as moderate or above.

On October 26, 2015, EPA published its final 2015 Ozone NAAQS rule. This rule included new PAMS directives that removed the requirement and funding for a PAMS site in Milwaukee. However, this rule also required states with moderate or above ozone nonattainment areas to implement an EOM plan describing enhanced ozone and ozone precursor monitoring activities. The DNR's enhanced ozone monitoring plan is outlined in Appendix E.

Chemical Speciation Network (CSN)

The CSN network is an EPA effort to gather data on the chemical composition of $PM_{2.5}$ and to provide a long-term record of the concentration levels of selected ions, metals, carbon species and organic compounds found in $PM_{2.5}$. The current EPA network consists of approximately 50 STN sites and 100 supplemental sites. The CSN data is useful for assessing trends and developing mitigation strategies to reduce emissions and ambient concentrations.

Currently, there are four CSN sites in Wisconsin: Green Bay East High, Horicon Wildlife Area, Madison East and Milwaukee Sixteenth St. Health Center. The Milwaukee Sixteenth St. Health Center site is an STN site which requires a collocated $PM_{2.5}$ FRM sampler operating on a 1 in 3-day schedule. The other sites are considered supplemental sites and do not require collocated samplers for the purpose of CSN. Figure 2 shows the locations of these sites.

National Atmospheric Deposition Program (NADP)

The NADP is a cooperative effort between federal, state, tribal and local governmental agencies, educational institutions, private companies and non-governmental agencies that measures atmospheric pollutants (i.e. acids, nutrients, and base cations) deposited to land and surface water in wet and dry form. NADP consists of five networks: National Trends Network (NTN), Mercury Deposition Network (MDN), Atmospheric Integrated Monitoring Network (AIRMON), Atmospheric Mercury Network (AMNet) and Ammonia Monitoring Network (AMON). Data are available on the NADP website: http://nadp.slh.wisc.edu/. Wisconsin has NTN, MDN and AMON sites.

National Trends Network (NTN)

The purpose of the NTN network is to collect data on the chemistry of precipitation for monitoring of geographical and long-term trends. Seven NTN sites operate in Wisconsin. The DNR operates two NTN sites at Trout Lake and Devils Lake Park. Additionally, five sites operate independent of DNR. The U.S. Forest Service (USFS) operates sites at Spooner and Ashland; EPA operates a site at Perkinstown. Forest County Potawatomi Community (FCPC) operates a site at Potawatomi and WSLH operates a site in Madison. These sites are highlighted in Figure 12.

Site operators follow standard procedures to ensure NTN data comparability and representativeness. Site operators collect and send samples weekly to the designated NTN laboratory, which is WSLH. The WSLH reviews field and laboratory data and delivers all data and information to the NADP office, which applies a final set of checks and resolves remaining discrepancies. The NTN website can be found at https://nadp.slh.wisc.edu/networks/national-trends-network/.

Mercury Deposition Network (MDN)

The MDN measures atmospheric mercury deposition on land and surface water in the form of precipitation. All MDN sites follow standard procedures and have uniform precipitation chemistry collectors and gauges. The objective of the MDN is to provide a nationally consistent survey of mercury in precipitation so that atmospheric loading to surface water can be quantified and long-term changes can be detected. Wisconsin has five MDN sites. The DNR operates two sites at Trout Lake and Devils Lake Park. The other three sites are operated by FCPC, WSLH and USFS. See Figure 12.

Site operators collect and send samples to the designated MDN laboratory which is WSLH. The WSLH reviews field and laboratory data and delivers all data and information to the NADP Program Office for final checks and resolution of remaining discrepancies. The MDN website can be found at https://nadp.slh.wisc.edu/networks/mercury-deposition-network/.

Ammonia Monitoring Network (AMoN)

The AMoN measures ammonia (NH₃) gas concentrations across the United States. There are three AMoN sites located in Wisconsin. The EPA operates the Perkinstown site. Bad River is operated by the Bad River tribe and WSLH operates a site in Madison. See Figure 12.

Site operators collect and send samples bi-weekly to the designated AMON laboratory which is WSLH. The WSLH reviews field and laboratory data and delivers all data and information to the NADP office, which applies a final set of checks and resolves remaining discrepancies. The AMON website can be found at https://nadp.slh.wisc.edu/networks/ammonia-monitoring-network/.

SPOONER

PERKINSTOWN

NTN

MDN

AMON

Figure 12: 2025 NADP Sites in Wisconsin

Industrial Monitoring for State Permit Conditions

In Wisconsin, air pollution control permits are required to legally operate certain industrial facilities, to begin construction on new facilities or to modify certain facilities. Air pollution control permits contain state and federal requirements to minimize the adverse impacts of air emissions from these facilities. Some federal programs specify performance standards for certain types of facilities or processes within a facility. Others address the impact of newly constructed facilities or modifications to existing facilities on ambient air quality.

Facilities that are required by state regulations to monitor ambient air quality receive assistance from the DNR through monitoring plan review, siting evaluations and data review. These facilities are responsible for operating sampling equipment, sample analysis and additional QA/QC activities. Table 13 lists the current industrial monitoring sites.

Table 13: Industrial Monitoring Sites in Wisconsin

| Facility* | AQS Site ID | County | Pollutants |
|---|-------------|-------------|------------------|
| MetalTek International, Wisconsin Centrifugal | 55-133-0039 | Waukesha | TSP |
| Smart Sands – Blair | 55-121-1004 | Trempealeau | PM ₁₀ |
| Smart Sands – Hixton | 55-053-1002 | Jackson | PM ₁₀ |
| Smart Sands – Oakdale | 55-081-1001 | Monroe | PM ₁₀ |
| AMI Silica - Hixton | 55-053-1003 | Jackson | PM ₁₀ |

^{*} Industrial monitoring sites may start up or shut down in 2025-2026 as warranted by permits issued/updated and variances granted.

BioWatch

BioWatch, operated through the Department of Homeland Security, is an early warning system designed to detect the release of biological agents in the air through a comprehensive protocol of monitoring and laboratory analysis. Given the nature of the program, few details are available publicly.

The goals of BioWatch are to:

- Provide early warning of a biological attack by expeditiously identifying the bio-agent, thereby, minimizing casualties in the affected area.
- Assist in establishing forensic evidence on the source, nature and extent of a biological attack to aid law enforcement agents in identifying the perpetrators.

Meteorological Data

Air pollution concentrations are strongly influenced by atmospheric conditions. Meteorological data can be an important tool for understanding and interpreting concentration data. The DNR collects hourly wind speed and wind direction data at 20 sites and temperature data at 19 sites, including two tribal sites. Relative humidity and solar radiation data are collected at a few sites. See Figure 13 for details.

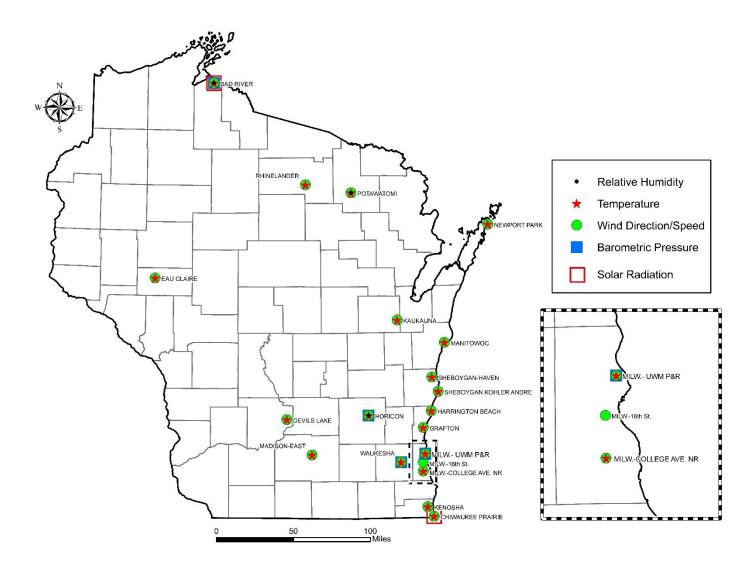


Figure 13: 2025 Meteorological Sites in Wisconsin

Network Changes

Changes to the DNR Air Monitoring Network are intended to improve the effectiveness of monitoring efforts, ensure compliance with the EPA National Ambient Air Monitoring Strategy and leverage resources to ensure the strategy can be facilitated in Wisconsin. The DNR plans some changes well in advance and are detailed in the Network Plan each year. This section of the document contains all changes that are planned for May 1, 2025 through December 31, 2026. In Appendix F, the planned and actual changes from the 2025 network plan are detailed.

Some changes cannot be anticipated and are due to unforeseen circumstances including severe weather, legislation, administrative directives, land-use and ownership changes, loss of funding, enforcement actions or complaints. If resources are available and state law is satisfied, DNR will attempt to revive the impacted site. If the site must be moved, DNR will attempt to find a nearby location satisfying all siting criteria that can replace the problematic site.

Proposed Network Changes (May 1, 2025 – December 31, 2026)

Table 14 lists the proposed network changes from May 1, 2025 to December 31, 2026 by parameter network. Details of the proposed changes are presented below.

- Implement EOM Plan per Appendix E
- Shutdown and start-up of industrial monitors as needed
- Shutdown and start-up of SPM monitors associated with Enhanced Ozone Monitoring
- Adding meteorological parameters to Milwaukee Sixteenth St. Health Center

Table 14: Proposed Network Changes

May 1, 2025 – December 31, 2026

| Monitoring Site | AQS Site ID | Site | Ozone | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | PM _{10-2.5} | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | 03 | VOV | Meteorological | Metals (PM ₁₀) | VOC / Carbonyl | Ян | MDN | NTN | CSN |
|--|-------------|------|-------|-------------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----|-----|----------------|----------------------------|----------------|----|-----|-----|-----|
| Milwaukee Sixteenth St. Health Center | 55-079-0010 | | | | | | | | | | M1 | | | | | | |
| Chiwaukee Prairie Stateline | 55-059-0019 | | | | | | | | Т | | | | | | | | |

A = Addition

1 = Temperature

M = Modification

T = Termination

Appendix A:

Minimum Monitoring Requirements and 2026 Monitor Classifications

Summary

The EPA establishes the minimum number of monitoring sites required to meet national ambient monitoring objectives. The minimum monitoring requirements are codified in Appendix D of 40 CFR Part 58. Minimum requirements are specific to each individual pollutant (e.g., ozone, PM_{2.5}) or objective based (e.g., NCore, PAMS) monitoring network. Minimum monitoring requirements typically rely on population and/or air pollution emissions data. Wisconsin currently meets all minimum air monitoring requirements. This appendix provides a detailed description of these requirements, as well as tables that describe each monitor's scale, objective, method, and collocation where required. There are no Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) monitors in Wisconsin.

Federal Regulation

40 CFR § 58.10(a)(1) Beginning July 1, 2007, the state, or where applicable local agency shall submit to the Regional Administrator an annual monitoring network plan which shall provide for the documentation of the establishment and maintenance of an air quality surveillance system that consists of a network of SLAMS monitoring stations that can include FRM, FEM, and ARM monitors that are part of SLAMS, NCore, CSN, PAMS, and SPM stations. The plan shall include a statement of whether the operation of each monitor meets the requirements of appendices A, B, C, D, and E of this part, where applicable. The Regional Administrator may require additional information in support of this statement. The annual monitoring network plan must be made available for public inspection and comment for at least 30 days prior to submission to the EPA and the submitted plan shall include and address, as appropriate, any received comments.

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PM_{2.5}

Fine Particle (PM_{2.5}) Monitoring Requirements

The minimum monitoring requirements for PM $_{2.5}$ are established in Appendix D of 40 CFR Part 58 and are summarized in Tables 1 and 2. In addition to these population-based requirements, PM $_{2.5}$ monitoring is required at NCore and near-road air monitoring sites. Wisconsin currently meets all PM $_{2.5}$ monitoring requirements (see Table 2). Design values (DVs) used in Table 3 are the certified valid 2024 DVs calculated using the AQS AMP480 report generated on April 29, 2025. Scales and objectives of DNR and tribal PM $_{2.5}$ monitors are summarized in Table 4. Scales and objectives of monitors have been updated using current information. Table 5 summarizes the sampling frequencies, durations, methods and collocations of DNR and Tribal PM $_{2.5}$ monitors.

The DNR's primary monitors include fourteen T640 scattered light spectroscopy Federal Equivalent Method (FEM) analyzers with a method code of 636 and six T640X scattered light spectroscopy FEM analyzers with a method code of 638. The DNR meets the collocation requirements by operating three Met One ESEQ filter based FRM samplers with a method code of 545 and one FEM T640 with a method code of 636. DNR also operates one Met One ESEQ FRM sampler to meet NCore requirements that does not meet collocation siting. Based on Table 3, the collocation requirements and monitors satisfying them are listed below:

- Three method 636 collocations (23% collocation)
 - o 55-025-0041-88101-3 collocated with 55-025-0041-88101-1 (FEM-FRM)
 - o 55-079-0010-88101-3 collocated with 55-079-0010-88101-2 (FEM-FRM)
 - 55-087-0009-88101-3 collocated with 55-087-0009-88101-4 (FEM-FEM)
- One method 638 collocation (16.7% collocation)
 - 55-133-0027-88101-3 collocated with 55-0133-027-88101-2 (FEM-FRM)

Table 1: PM2.5 Minimum Monitoring Requirements

| MSA Population ^{1,2} | Most recent 3-year design value ≥ 85% of any PM2.5 NAAQS ³ | Most recent 3-year design value ≤ 85% of any PM2.5 NAAQS ^{3,4} |
|-------------------------------|--|---|
| > 1,000,000 | 3 | 2 |
| 500,000 - 1,000,000 | 2 | 1 |
| 50,000 - < 500,000 | 1 | 0 |

^{1 =} Minimum monitoring requirement applies to the Metropolitan statistical area (MSA).

^{2 =} Population based on latest available census figures.

^{3 =} The PM_{2.5} National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) levels and forms are defined in 40 CFR part 50.

^{4 =} These minimum monitoring requirements apply in the absence of a design value.

^{5 =} Metropolitan statistical areas (MSA) must contain an urbanized area of 50,000 or more population.

Table 2: PM2.5 Collocation Requirements Demonstrated Using the Collocation Procedure with a PQAO Having One Type of Primary and Multiple Primary FEMs¹⁻⁴

| # Primary FEMS of a unique method designation | # Collocated | # Collocated with an FRM | # Collocated with the same method designation |
|--|--------------|-----------------------------|---|
| 1 - 9 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 10 - 16 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 17 - 23 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 24 - 29 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| 30 - 36 | 5 | 3 | 2 |
| 37 - 43 | 6 | 3 | 3 |

^{1 =} A primary monitor designated as an EPA FRM shall be collocated with a quality control monitor having the same EPA FRM method designation.

^{2 =} For each primary monitor designated as an EPA FEM used by the PQAO, 50 percent of the monitors designated for collocation, or the first if only one collocation is necessary, shall be collocated with a FRM quality control monitor and 50 percent of the monitors shall be collocated with a monitor having the same method designation as the FEM primary monitor.

^{3 =} If an odd number of collocated monitors is required, the additional monitor shall be a FRM quality control monitor.

^{4 =} A site can only count for the collocation of the method designation of the primary monitor at that site.

Table 3: Wisconsin PM_{2.5} Monitoring Requirements

| Metropolitan Statistical Area | 2024 Population Estimate | Maximum 2024 Annual DV as % of Standard (9 μg/m³) | Maximum 2024 Daily DV as % of Standard (35 µg/m³) | Minimum Requirement | 2024 Sites with FRM or FEM monitor |
|--|--------------------------|---|---|------------------------|--|
| • | | | | Requirement | |
| Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-Wl ¹ | 3,757,952 | 93 | 77 | 3 | 11 |
| Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, WI ² | 1,574,452 | 98 | 71 | 3 | 4 |
| Madison, WI ³ | 707,606 | 92 | 71 | 2 | 2 |
| Green Bay, WI ⁴ | 334,697 | 81 | 69 | 0 | 1 |
| Duluth, MN-WI ⁵ | 281,815 | 63 | 57 | 0 | 4 |
| Appleton, WI ⁶ | 248,992 | 82 | 80 | 0 | 1 |
| Racine, WI ⁷ | 198,651 | - | - | 0 | 0 |
| Eau Claire, WI ⁸ | 176,153 | 81 | 69 | 0 | 1 |
| Oshkosh-Neenah, WI ⁹ | 173,307 | - | - | 0 | 0 |
| La Crosse-Onalaska, WI-MN ¹⁰ | 170,763 | - | - | 0 | 0 |
| Kenosha, WI Metro Area ¹¹ | 168,754 | 79 | 57 | 0 | 1 |
| Janesville-Beloit, WI ¹² | 165,461 | - | - | 0 | 0 |
| Wausau, WI ¹³ | 139,091 | 90 | 71 | 0 | 1 |
| Sheboygan, WI ¹⁴ | 118,331 | - | - | 0 | 0 |
| Fond du Lac, WI ¹⁵ | 104,269 | - | - | 0 | 0 |
| NCore (Horicon) | | Not a population-based requ | 1 | 1 | |
| Near-road phase 2 (Milwaukee) | | Not a population-based requ | uirement | 1 | 1 |

^{1 =} Counties include: Anoka (MN), Carver (MN), Chisago (MN), Dakota (MN), Hennepin (MN), Isanti (MN), Le Sueur (MN), Mille Lacs (MN), Ramsey (MN), Scott (MN), Sherburne (MN), Washington (MN), Wright (MN), Pierce (WI), St. Croix (WI)

^{2 =} Counties include: Milwaukee (WI), Ozaukee (WI), Washington (WI) and Waukesha (WI)

^{3 =} Counties include: Columbia (WI), Dane (WI), Green (WI), Iowa (WI)

^{4 =} Counties include: Brown (WI), Kewaunee (WI), Oconto (WI)

^{5 =} Counties include: Carlton (MN), St. Louis (MN), Douglas (WI)

^{6 =} Counties include: Calumet (WI), Outagamie (WI)

^{7 =} Counties include: Racine (WI)

^{8 =} Counties include: Chippewa (WI), Eau Claire (WI)

^{9 =} Counties include: Winnebago (WI)

^{10 =} Counties include: Houston (MN), La Crosse (WI), Vernon (WI)

^{11 =} Counties include: Kenosha (WI)

^{12 =} Counties include: Rock (WI)

^{13 =} Counties include: Marathon (WI)

^{14 =} Counties include: Sheboygan (WI)

^{15 =} Counties include: Fond du Lac (WI)

Table 4: Scales and Objectives of PM_{2.5} Monitors

| Site Name | AQS Monitor ID | Monitor | Darameter Description | Measurement Scale | Monitor Objective Type |
|---|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|---|
| APPLETON – AAL | 55-087-0009-88101-3 | Type SLAMS | PM2.5 - Local Conditions | Urban | Monitor Objective Type Highest Concentration |
| APPLETON – AAL | 55-087-0009-88101-4 | SLAMS | PM2.5 - Local Conditions | Urban | |
| | | | | | Quality Assurance |
| BAD RIVER TRIBAL SCHOOL – ODANAH | 55-003-0010-88101-3 | Tribal | PM2.5 - Local Conditions | Regional | General/Background |
| CHIWAUKEE PRAIRIE STATELINE | 55-059-0019-88101-3 | SLAMS | PM2.5 - Local Conditions | Regional | Regional Transport |
| DEVILS LAKE PARK | 55-111-0007-88101-7 | SLAMS | PM2.5 - Local Conditions | Regional | General/Background |
| EAU CLAIRE – DOT SIGN SHOP | 55-035-0014-88101-3 | SLAMS | PM2.5 - Local Conditions | Urban | Population Exposure |
| GREEN BAY EAST HIGH | 55-009-0005-88101-3 | SLAMS | PM2.5 - Local Conditions | Urban | Highest Concentration |
| HARRINGTON BEACH PARK | 55-089-0009-88101-3 | SLAMS | PM2.5 - Local Conditions | Urban | Regional Transport |
| HO-CHUNK NATION BLACK RIVER FALLS | 55-053-2002-88101-3 | Tribal | PM2.5 - Local Conditions | Regional | General/Background |
| HO-CHUNK NATION TOMAH | 55-081-2001-88101-3 | Tribal | PM2.5 - Local Conditions | Regional | General/Background |
| HORICON WILDLIFE AREA | 55-027-0001-88101-1 | Tribal | PM2.5 - Local Conditions | Regional | General / Background |
| HORICON WILDLIFE AREA | 55-027-0001-88101-3 | SLAMS | PM2.5 - Local Conditions | Regional | General / Background |
| LAKE DUBAY | 55-073-0012-88101-3 | SLAMS | PM2.5 - Local Conditions | Regional | General/Background |
| MADISON - UNIVERSITY AVE WELL #6 | 55-025-0047-88101-3 | SLAMS | PM2.5 - Local Conditions | Urban | Highest Concentration |
| MADISON EAST | 55-025-0041-88101-1 | SLAMS | PM2.5 - Local Conditions | Urban | Quality Assurance |
| MADISON EAST | 55-025-0041-88101-3 | SLAMS | PM2.5 - Local Conditions | Urban | Population Exposure |
| MILWAUKEE – COLLEGE AVE. NR | 55-079-0056-88101-3 | SLAMS | PM2.5 - Local Conditions | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| MILWAUKEE – SIXTEENTH ST. HEALTH CENTER | 55-079-0010-88101-2 | SLAMS | PM2.5 - Local Conditions | Urban | Quality Assurance |
| MILWAUKEE – SIXTEENTH ST. HEALTH CENTER | 55-079-0010-88101-3 | SLAMS | PM2.5 - Local Conditions | Urban | Highest Concentration |
| POTAWATOMI | 55-041-0007-88101-3 | Tribal | PM2.5 - Local Conditions | Regional | General/Background |
| POTOSI | 55-043-0009-88101-3 | SLAMS | PM2.5 - Local Conditions | Regional | Regional Transport |
| WAUKESHA – CLEVELAND AVE | 55-133-0027-88101-2 | SLAMS | PM2.5 - Local Conditions | Neighborhood | Quality Assurance |
| WAUKESHA – CLEVELAND AVE | 55-133-0027-88101-3 | SLAMS | PM2.5 - Local Conditions | Neighborhood | Highest Concentration |

Table 5: Sampling Frequencies, Durations, Methods and Collocations of PM_{2.5} monitors

| Site Name | AQS Monitor ID | Monitor Type | Method Code | Sample Analysis Description | Sample Duration | Collection Frequency | Collocation Primary Monitor Indicator | Distance from Primary Monitor |
|---|---------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| APPLETON – AAL | 55-087-0009-88101-3 | SLAMS | 636 | Light Spectroscopy | 1 hour | Every Day | Р | n/a |
| APPLETON – AAL | 55-087-0009-88101-4 | SLAMS | 636 | Light Spectroscopy | 1 hour | Every Day | С | 1.8 |
| BAD RIVER TRIBAL SCHOOL – ODANAH | 55-003-0010-88101-3 | TRIBAL | 636 | Light Spectroscopy | 1 hour | Every Day | Р | n/a |
| CHIWAUKEE PRAIRIE STATELINE | 55-059-0019-88101-3 | SLAMS | 636 | Light Spectroscopy | 1 hour | Every Day | Р | n/a |
| DEVILS LAKE PARK | 55-111-0007-88101-7 | SLAMS | 638 | Light Spectroscopy | 1 hour | Every Day | Р | n/a |
| EAU CLAIRE – DOT SIGN SHOP | 55-035-0014-88101-3 | SLAMS | 638 | Light Spectroscopy | 1 hour | Every Day | Р | n/a |
| GREEN BAY EAST HIGH | 55-009-0005-88101-3 | SLAMS | 636 | Light Spectroscopy | 1 hour | Every Day | Р | n/a |
| HARRINGTON BEACH PARK | 55-089-0009-88101-3 | SLAMS | 636 | Light Spectroscopy | 1 hour | Every Day | Р | n/a |
| HO-CHUNK NATION BLACK RIVER FALLS | 55-053-2002-88101-3 | Tribal | 636 | Light Spectroscopy | 1 hour | Every Day | Р | n/a |
| HO-CHUNK NATION TOMAH | 55-081-2001-88101-3 | Tribal | 636 | Light Spectroscopy | 1 hour | Every Day | Р | n/a |
| HORICON WILDLIFE AREA | 55-027-0001-88101-1 | SLAMS | 545 | Gravimetric | 24 hours | Every 3rd Day | n/a | n/a |
| HORICON WILDLIFE AREA | 55-027-0001-88101-3 | SLAMS | 638 | Light Spectroscopy | 1 hour | Every Day | Р | n/a |
| LAKE DUBAY | 55-073-0012-88101-3 | SLAMS | 636 | Light Spectroscopy | 1 hour | Every Day | Р | n/a |
| MADISON – UNIVERSITY AVE WELL #6 | 55-025-0047-88101-3 | SLAMS | 638 | Light Spectroscopy | 1 hour | Every Day | Р | n/a |
| MADISON EAST | 55-025-0041-88101-1 | SLAMS | 545 | Gravimetric | 24 hours | Every 6th Day | С | 1.0 |
| MADISON EAST | 55-025-0041-88101-3 | SLAMS | 636 | Light Spectroscopy | 1 hour | Every Day | Р | n/a |
| MILWAUKEE – COLLEGE AVE. NR | 55-079-0056-88101-3 | SLAMS | 638 | Light Spectroscopy | 1 hour | Every Day | Р | n/a |
| MILWAUKEE – SIXTEENTH ST. HEALTH CENTER | 55-079-0010-88101-2 | SLAMS | 545 | Gravimetric | 24 hours | Every 3rd Day | С | 3.2 |
| MILWAUKEE – SIXTEENTH ST. HEALTH CENTER | 55-079-0010-88101-3 | SLAMS | 636 | Light Spectroscopy | 1 hour | Every Day | Р | n/a |
| POTAWATOMI | 55-041-0007-88101-3 | Tribal | 636 | Light Spectroscopy | 1 hour | Every Day | Р | n/a |
| POTOSI | 55-043-0009-88101-3 | SLAMS | 636 | Light Spectroscopy | 1 hour | Every Day | Р | n/a |
| WAUKESHA – CLEVELAND AVE | 55-133-0027-88101-2 | SLAMS | 545 | Gravimetric | 24 hours | Every 6th Day | С | 3.5 |
| WAUKESHA – CLEVELAND AVE | 55-133-0027-88101-3 | SLAMS | 638 | Light Spectroscopy | 1 hour | Every Day | Р | n/a |

PM₁₀

PM₁₀ Monitoring Requirements

The minimum monitoring requirements for PM_{10} are established in Appendix D of 40 CFR Part 58 and are summarized in Table 6. In addition to these population-based requirements, PM_{10} monitoring is required at NCore sites. Currently, Wisconsin meets all PM_{10} monitoring requirements (see Table 6). PM_{10} values used in Table 7 were downloaded from AQS on April 29, 2025. Scales and objectives of DNR and tribal PM_{10} monitors; and industrial monitors are summarized in Tables 8 and 9. Scales and objectives of monitors have been updated using current information. Finally, Tables 10 and 11, summarize sampling frequencies, durations, methods and collocations of DNR and industrial PM_{10} monitors.

Currently, DNR's primary monitors consist of six T640X scattered light spectroscopy FEMs with a method code of 638 and one gravimetric FRM sampler with a method code of 141. Collocation requirements for PM_{10} only apply to FRM monitors. At least 15% of the primary FRM monitors must be collocated. The collocated FRMs at Milwaukee 16th St. Health Care Center (55-079-0010) meet this requirement.

- One method 141 collocation (100% collocation)
 - o 55-079-0010-81102-1 collocated with 55-079-0010-81102-2 (FRM-FRM)

Table 6: PM₁₀ Minimum Monitoring Requirements (number of stations per MSA)¹

| Population Category | High Concentration ² | Medium Concentration ³ | Low Concentration ^{4,5} |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| >1 million | 6-10 | 4-8 | 2-4 |
| 500,000 – 1 million | 4-8 | 2-4 | 1-2 |
| 250,000 – 500,000 | 3-4 | 1-2 | 0-1 |
| 100,000 – 250,000 | 1-2 | 0-1 | 0 |

^{1 =} Selection of urban areas and actual numbers of stations per area within the ranges shown in this table will be jointly determined by EPA and the State Agency.

^{2 =} High concentration areas are those for which ambient PM_{10} data show ambient concentrations exceeding the PM_{10} NAAQS by 20 percent or more.

^{3 =} Medium concentration areas are those for which ambient PM₁₀ data show ambient concentrations exceeding 80 percent of the PM₁₀ NAAQS.

^{4 =} Low concentration areas are those for which ambient PM₁₀ data show ambient concentrations less than 80 percent of the PM₁₀ NAAQS.

^{5 =} These minimum monitoring requirements apply in the absence of a design value.

Table 7: Wisconsin PM₁₀ Monitoring Requirements

| Metropolitan Statistical Area | 2024 Population Estimate | 2022-2024 Days greater than 80% of the NAAQS (120 µg/m ³) ¹⁶ | Minimum Requirement | 2024 Sites |
|--|--------------------------|---|------------------------|---------------|
| Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI ¹ | 3,757,952 | 0 | 4-8 | 8 |
| Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, WI ² | 1,574,452 | 3 | 2-4 | 4 |
| Madison, WI ³ | 707,606 | 3 | 1-2 | 1 |
| Green Bay, WI ⁴ | 334,697 | - | 0-1 | 0 |
| Duluth, MN-WI ⁵ | 281,815 | 1 | 3-4 | 3 |
| Appleton, WI ⁶ | 248,992 | - | 0 | 0 |
| Racine, WI ⁷ | 198,651 | - | 0 | 0 |
| Eau Claire, WI ⁸ | 176,153 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Oshkosh-Neenah, WI ⁹ | 173,307 | - | 0 | 0 |
| La Crosse-Onalaska, WI-MN ¹⁰ | 170,763 | - | 0 | 0 |
| Kenosha, WI Metro Area ¹¹ | 168,754 | | 0 | 0 |
| Janesville-Beloit, WI ¹² | 165,461 | - | 0 | 0 |
| Wausau, WI ¹³ | 139,091 | - | 0 | 0 |
| Sheboygan, WI ¹⁴ | 118,331 | - | 0 | 0 |
| Fond du Lac, WI ¹⁵ | 104,269 | - | 0 | 0 |
| NCore (Horicon) | Not a popula | ation-based requirement | 1 | 1 |

^{1 =} Counties include: Anoka (MN), Carver (MN), Chisago (MN), Dakota (MN), Hennepin (MN), Isanti (MN), Le Sueur (MN), Mille Lacs (MN), Ramsey (MN), Scott (MN), Sherburne (MN), Washington (MN), Wright (MN), Pierce (WI), St. Croix (WI)

^{2 =} Counties include: Milwaukee (WI), Ozaukee (WI), Washington (WI) and Waukesha (WI)

^{3 =} Counties include: Columbia (WI), Dane (WI), Green (WI), Iowa (WI)

^{4 =} Counties include: Brown (WI), Kewaunee (WI), Oconto (WI)

^{5 =} Counties include: Carlton (MN), St. Louis (MN), Douglas (WI)

^{6 =} Counties include: Calumet (WI), Outagamie (WI)

^{7 =} Counties include: Racine (WI)

^{8 =} Counties include: Chippewa (WI), Eau Claire (WI)

^{9 =} Counties include: Winnebago (WI)

^{10 =} Counties include: Houston (MN), La Crosse (WI), Vernon (WI)

^{11 =} Counties include: Kenosha (WI)

^{12 =} Counties include: Rock (WI)

^{13 =} Counties include: Marathon (WI)

^{14 =} Counties include: Sheboygan (WI)

^{15 =} Counties include: Fond du Lac (WI)

¹⁶⁼ This count excludes PM₁₀ monitoring results from an industrial area of North Minneapolis (27-053-0909 and 27-053-0910)

Table 8: Scales and Objectives of DNR PM₁₀ Monitors

| Site Name | AQS Monitor ID | Monitor Type | Parameter Description | Measurement Scale | Monitor Objective Type |
|---|---------------------|-----------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| DEVILS LAKE PARK | 55-111-0007-81101-3 | SLAMS | PM10 Total 0-10 μm STP | Regional Scale | General/Background |
| EAU CLAIRE DOT | 55-035-0014-81101-3 | SLAMS | PM10 Total 0-10 μm STP | Urban Scale | Population Exposure |
| HORICON WILDLIFE AREA | 55-027-0001-81102-1 | SLAMS | PM10 Total 0-10 µm STP | Regional Scale | General/Background |
| MADISON - UNIVERSITY AVE WELL #6 | 55-025-0047-81102-3 | SLAMS | PM10 Total 0-10 μm STP | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| MILWAUKEE - COLLEGE AVE. NR | 55-079-0056-81102-3 | SLAMS | PM10 Total 0-10 µm STP | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| MILWAUKEE - SIXTEENTH ST. HEALTH CENTER | 55-079-0010-81102-1 | SLAMS | PM10 Total 0-10 μm STP | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| MILWAUKEE - SIXTEENTH ST. HEALTH CENTER | 55-079-0010-81102-2 | SLAMS | PM10 Total 0-10 μm STP | Neighborhood | Quality Assurance |
| WAUKESHA - CLEVELAND AVE | 55-133-0027-81102-3 | SLAMS | PM10 Total 0-10 μm STP | Middle Scale | Highest Concentration |

Table 9: Scales and Objectives of Industrial PM₁₀ Monitors

| Site Name | AQS Monitor ID | Monitor Type | Parameter Description | Measurement Scale | Monitor Objective Type |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| Smart Sands – Blair | 55-121-1004-81102-1 | Industrial | PM10 Total 0-10 µm STP | Middle Scale | Source Oriented |
| Smart Sands – Hixton | 55-053-1002-81102-1 | Industrial | PM10 Total 0-10 μm STP | Middle Scale | Source Oriented |
| Smart Sands – Oakdale | 55-081-1001-81102-1 | Industrial | PM10 Total 0-10 μm STP | Middle Scale | Source Oriented |
| Wisconsin AProppants – Alma #11 | 55-053-1004-81102-1 | Industrial | PM10 Total 0-10 μm STP | Middle Scale | Source Oriented |
| Wisconsin Proppants – Alma #21 | 55-019-1001-81102-1 | Industrial | PM10 Total 0-10 μm STP | Middle Scale | Source Oriented |
| AMI Silica | 55-053-1003-81102-1 | Industrial | PM10 Total 0-10 μm STP | Middle Scale | Source Oriented |

^{1 =} Monitoring sites currently inactive due to no production at the facility, will start up if/when facility becomes active

Table 10: Sampling Frequencies, Durations, Methods and Collocations of DNR PM₁₀ Monitors

| | | Monitor | Method | Sample Analysis | Sample | Collection | Collocation Primary Monitor | Distance from Primary |
|---|---------------------|---------|--------|--------------------|----------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Site Name | AQS Monitor ID | Туре | Code | Description | Duration | Frequency | Indicator | Monitor |
| DEVILS LAKE PARK | 55-111-0007-81102-3 | SLAMS | 639 | Light Spectroscopy | 1 hour | Every Day | Р | n/a |
| EAU CLAIRE DOT | 55-035-0014-81102-3 | SLAMS | 639 | Light Spectroscopy | 1 hour | Every Day | Р | n/a |
| HORICON WILDLIFE AREA | 55-027-0001-81102-3 | SLAMS | 639 | Light Spectroscopy | 1 hour | Every Day | n/a | n/a |
| MADISON - UNIVERSITY AVE WELL #6 | 55-025-0047-81102-3 | SLAMS | 639 | Light Spectroscopy | 1 hour | Every Day | Р | n/a |
| MILWAUKEE - COLLEGE AVE. NR | 55-079-0056-81102-3 | SLAMS | 639 | Light Spectroscopy | 1 hour | Every Day | Р | n/a |
| MILWAUKEE - SIXTEENTH ST. HEALTH CENTER | 55-079-0010-81102-1 | SLAMS | 141 | Gravimetric | 24 hours | Every 6 th Day | Р | n/a |
| MILWAUKEE - SIXTEENTH ST. HEALTH CENTER | 55-079-0010-81102-2 | SLAMS | 141 | Gravimetric | 24 hours | Every 6 th Day | С | 2.1 |
| WAUKESHA - CLEVELAND AVE | 55-133-0027-81102-1 | SLAMS | 639 | Light Spectroscopy | 1 hour | Every Day | Р | n/a |

Table 11: Sampling Frequencies, Durations, Methods and Collocations of Industrial PM₁₀ Monitors

| Site Name | AQS Monitor ID | Monitor Type | Method Code | Sample Analysis Description | Sample Duration | Collection Frequency | Collocation Primary Monitor Indicator | Distance from Primary Monitor |
|--|---------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| Smart Sands – Blair | 55-121-1004-81102-1 | Industrial | 141 | Gravimetric | 24 hours | Every 6th Day | Р | n/a |
| Smart Sands – Hixton | 55-053-1002-81102-1 | Industrial | 141 | Gravimetric | 24 hours | Every 6th Day | Р | n/a |
| Smart Sands – Oakdale | 55-081-1001-81102-1 | Industrial | 141 | Gravimetric | 24 hours | Every 6th Day | Р | n/a |
| Wisconsin Proppants – Alma #1 ¹ | 55-053-1004-81102-1 | Industrial | 141 | Gravimetric | 24 hours | Every 6th Day | Р | n/a |
| Wisconsin Proppants – Alma #21 | 55-019-1001-81102-1 | Industrial | 141 | Gravimetric | 24 hours | Every 6th Day | Р | n/a |
| AMI Silica | 55-053-1003-81102-1 | Industrial | 141 | Gravimetric | 24 hours | Every 6th Day | Р | n/a |

^{1 =} Monitoring sites currently inactive due to no production at the facility, will start up if/when facility becomes active

TSP

TSP Monitoring Requirements

TSP was one of the original NAAQS; however, it was replaced in 1987 by the PM_{10} standard at the national level. In Tables 12 and 13; sampling frequencies, durations, methods and collocations of DNR, tribal and industrial PM_{10} monitors are summarized. Currently, there are no federal requirements to monitor TSP. There is one TSP industrial site located in Waukesha which is the reason for TSP's inclusion in this appendix.

Table 12: Scales and Objectives of DNR and Industrial TSP Monitors

| Site Name | AQS Monitor ID | Monitor Type | Parameter Description | Measurement Scale | Monitor Objective Type |
|---|---------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| MetalTek International - Wisconsin Centrifugal Division | 55-133-0039-11101-1 | Industrial | Total Suspended Particulate | Middle Scale | Source Oriented |

Table 13: Sampling Frequencies, Durations, Methods and Collocations of DNR TSP Monitors

| Site Name | AQS Monitor ID | Monitor Type | Method Code | Sample Analysis Description | Sample Duration | Collection Frequency | Collocation Primary Monitor Indicator | Distance from Primary Monitor |
|---|-------------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| MetalTek International - Wisconsin Centrifugal Division | 55-133-0039- 11101-1 | Industrial | 091 | Gravimetric | 24 hours | Every 6th Day | Р | n/a |

Lead

Lead Monitoring Requirements

The minimum monitoring requirements for lead are established in Appendix D of 40 CFR Part 58. The lead monitoring requirements are based on annual lead emissions. This source-oriented network requires lead monitoring for non-airport sources which emit 0.5 tons per year and for each airport which emits 1.0 or more tons per year based on either the most recent National Emission Inventory or other scientifically justifiable methods and data.

Based on the 2023 Wisconsin Air Emission Inventory, no DNR regulated facilities had lead emissions greater than 0.5 TPY, the threshold that may initiate a monitoring requirement. Wisconsin sources that reported lead emissions close to the threshold (>90% (0.45 TPY)) were reminded of the threshold.

Ozone

Ozone Monitoring Requirements

The minimum monitoring requirements for ozone are established in Section 4.1 of Appendix D of 40 CFR part 58 and are summarized in Table 15. In addition to these population-based requirements, ozone monitoring is required at NCore sites. Wisconsin currently meets all ozone monitoring requirements (see Table 14). Design values (DVs) used in Table 15 were downloaded from AQS on April 29, 2025. Scales, objectives, seasons and methods of ozone monitors are summarized in Tables 16 and 17. Scales and objectives of monitors have been updated using current information. All ozone monitors continuously collect hourly observations.

Table 14: Ozone Minimum Monitoring Requirements

| MSA Population ^{1,2,5} | Most recent 3-year design value concentrations ≥ 85% of any O ₃ NAAQS ³ | Most recent 3-year design value concentration < 85% of any O ₃ NAAQS ^{3,4} |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| >10 million | 4 | 2 |
| 4-10 million | 3 | 1 |
| 350,000 - <4 million | 2 | 1 |
| 50,000 - <350,000 | 1 | 0 |

^{1 =} Minimum monitoring requirements apply to the Metropolitan statistical area (MSA).

^{2 =} Population based on latest available census figures.

^{3 =} The ozone (O₃) National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) levels and forms are defined in 40 CFR part 50.

^{4 =} These minimum monitoring requirements apply in the absence of a design value.

^{5 =} Metropolitan statistical areas (MSA) must contain an urbanized area of 50,000 or more population.

Table 15: Wisconsin Ozone Monitoring Requirements

| | 2024 Population | Maximum 2022- 2024 8-Hour DV as % of Standard (70 | Minimum | 2024 |
|--|--------------------|---|-------------|-------|
| Metropolitan Statistical Area | Estimate | ppb) | Requirement | Sites |
| Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI ¹ | 3,757,952 | 94 | 2 | 7 |
| Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, WI ² | 1,574,452 | 106 | 2 | 6 |
| Madison, WI ³ | 707,606 | 97 | 2 | 2 |
| Green Bay, WI ⁴ | 334,697 | 96 | 1 | 2 |
| Duluth, MN-WI ⁵ | 281,815 | 83 | 1 | 3 |
| Appleton, WI ⁶ | 248,992 | 93 | 1 | 1 |
| Racine, WI ⁷ | 198,651 | 106 | 1 | 1 |
| Eau Claire, WI ⁸ | 176,153 | 90 | 1 | 1 |
| Oshkosh-Neenah, WI ⁹ | 173,307 | - | 0 | 0 |
| La Crosse-Onalaska, WI-MN ¹⁰ | 170,763 | 90 | 1 | 1 |
| Kenosha, WI Metro Area ¹¹ | 168,754 | 111 | 1 | 2 |
| Janesville-Beloit, WI ¹² | 165,461 | 100 | 1 | 1 |
| Wausau, WI ¹³ | 139,091 | 90 | 0 | 1 |
| Sheboygan, WI ¹⁴ | 118,331 | 111 | 1 | 2 |
| Fond du Lac, WI ¹⁵ | 104,269 | 93 | 1 | 1 |
| NCore (Horicon) | Not a population | on-based requirement | 1 | 1 |

^{1 =} Counties include: Anoka (MN), Carver (MN), Chisago (MN), Dakota (MN), Hennepin (MN), Isanti (MN), Le Sueur (MN), Mille Lacs (MN), Ramsey (MN), Scott (MN), Sherburne (MN), Washington (MN), Wright (MN), Pierce (WI), St. Croix (WI)

- 11 = Counties include: Kenosha (WI)
- 12 = Counties include: Rock (WI)
- 13 = Counties include: Marathon (WI)
- 14 = Counties include: Sheboygan (WI)
- 15 = Counties include: Fond du Lac (WI)

^{2 =} Counties include: Milwaukee (WI), Ozaukee (WI), Washington (WI) and Waukesha (WI)

^{3 =} Counties include: Columbia (WI), Dane (WI), Green (WI), Iowa (WI)

^{4 =} Counties include: Brown (WI), Kewaunee (WI), Oconto (WI)

^{5 =} Counties include: Carlton (MN), St. Louis (MN), Douglas (WI)

^{6 =} Counties include: Calumet (WI), Outagamie (WI)

^{7 =} Counties include: Racine (WI)

^{8 =} Counties include: Chippewa (WI), Eau Claire (WI)

^{9 =} Counties include: Winnebago (WI)

^{10 =} Counties include: Houston (MN), La Crosse (WI), Vernon (WI)

Table 16: Scales and Objectives of Ozone Monitors

| | | Monitor | Parameter | Measurement | |
|---|---------------------|---------|-------------|--------------|--|
| Site Name | AQS Monitor ID | Туре | Description | Scale | Monitor Objective Type |
| APPLETON – AAL | 55-087-0009-44201-1 | SLAMS | Ozone | Urban | Max Ozone Concentration |
| BAD RIVER TRIBAL SCHOOL – ODANAH | 55-003-0010-44201-1 | Tribal | Ozone | Regional | General/Background |
| BAYSIDE | 55-079-0085-44201-1 | SLAMS | Ozone | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| BELOIT – CONVERSE | 55-105-0030-44201-1 | SLAMS | Ozone | Urban | Regional Transport and Max Ozone Concentration |
| CHIWAUKEE PRAIRIE STATELINE | 55-059-0019-44201-1 | SLAMS | Ozone | Neighborhood | Regional Transport and Max Ozone Concentration |
| COLUMBUS | 55-021-0015-44201-1 | SLAMS | Ozone | Regional | Max Ozone Concentration |
| DEVILS LAKE PARK | 55-111-0007-44201-1 | SLAMS | Ozone | Regional | General / Background |
| EAU CLAIRE – DOT SIGN SHOP | 55-035-0014-44201-1 | SLAMS | Ozone | Urban | Max Ozone Concentration |
| ELKHORN | 55-127-0006-44201-1 | SLAMS | Ozone | Regional | Regional Transport |
| FOND DU LAC | 55-039-0006-44201-1 | SLAMS | Ozone | Regional | Max Ozone Concentration |
| GRAFTON | 55-089-0008-44201-1 | SLAMS | Ozone | Neighborhood | Regional Transport and Max Ozone Concentration |
| GREEN BAY – UW | 55-009-0026-44201-1 | SLAMS | Ozone | Urban | Population Exposure |
| HARRINGTON BEACH PARK | 55-089-0009-44201-1 | SLAMS | Ozone | Urban | Max Ozone Concentration |
| HORICON WILDLIFE AREA | 55-027-0001-44201-2 | SLAMS | Ozone | Regional | General/Background |
| JEFFERSON – LAATSCH | 55-055-0009-44201-1 | SLAMS | Ozone | Regional | Regional Transport and General/Background |
| KENOSHA – WATER TOWER | 55-059-0025-44201-1 | SPM | Ozone | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| KEWAUNEE | 55-061-0002-44201-1 | SLAMS | Ozone | Neighborhood | Regional Transport and Max Ozone Concentration |
| LACROSSE – DOT BUILDING | 55-063-0012-44201-1 | SLAMS | Ozone | Regional | Max Ozone Concentration |
| LAKE DUBAY | 55-073-0012-44201-1 | SLAMS | Ozone | Regional | General/Background |
| MADISON EAST | 55-025-0041-44201-1 | SLAMS | Ozone | Urban | Population Exposure |
| MANITOWOC – WDLND DUNES | 55-071-0007-44201-1 | SLAMS | Ozone | Neighborhood | Regional Transport |
| MILWAUKEE – SIXTEENTH ST. HEALTH CENTER | 55-079-0010-44201-2 | SLAMS | Ozone | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| MILWAUKEE – UWM UPark | 55-079-0068-44201-1 | SLAMS | Ozone | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| NEWPORT PARK | 55-029-0004-44201-1 | SLAMS | Ozone | Neighborhood | Regional Transport |
| POTAWATOMI | 55-041-0007-44201-1 | Tribal | Ozone | Regional | General/Background |
| RACINE – PAYNE AND DOLAN | 55-101-0020-44201-1 | SLAMS | Ozone | Neighborhood | Regional Transport and Max Ozone Concentration |
| SHEBOYGAN – HAVEN | 55-117-0009-44201-1 | SPM | Ozone | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |
| SHEBOYGAN – KOHLER ANDRAE | 55-117-0006-44201-1 | SLAMS | Ozone | Neighborhood | Regional Transport and Max Ozone Concentration |
| TROUT LAKE | 55-125-0001-44201-1 | SLAMS | Ozone | Regional | General/Background |
| WAUKESHA – CLEVELAND AVE | 55-133-0027-44201-1 | SLAMS | Ozone | Urban | Population Exposure |

Table 17: Methods and Season of Ozone Monitors

| | | Monitor | Method | Sample Analysis | |
|---|---------------------|---------|--------|------------------------|----------------|
| Site Name | AQS Monitor ID | Type | Code | Description | Season |
| APPLETON – AAL | 55-087-0009-44201-1 | SLAMS | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Apr 1 – Oct 15 |
| BAD RIVER TRIBAL SCHOOL – ODANAH | 55-003-0010-44201-1 | Tribal | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Year Round |
| BAYSIDE | 55-079-0085-44201-1 | SLAMS | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Apr 1 – Oct 15 |
| BELOIT – CONVERSE | 55-105-0030-44201-1 | SLAMS | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Apr 1 – Oct 15 |
| CHIWAUKEE PRAIRIE STATELINE | 55-059-0019-44201-1 | SLAMS | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Mar 1 – Oct 31 |
| COLUMBUS | 55-021-0015-44201-1 | SLAMS | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Apr 1 – Oct 15 |
| DEVILS LAKE PARK | 55-111-0007-44201-1 | SLAMS | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Apr 1 – Oct 15 |
| EAU CLAIRE – DOT SIGN SHOP | 55-035-0014-44201-1 | SLAMS | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Apr 1 – Oct 15 |
| ELKHORN | 55-127-0006-44201-1 | SLAMS | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Apr 1 – Oct 15 |
| FOND DU LAC | 55-039-0006-44201-1 | SLAMS | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Apr 1 – Oct 15 |
| GRAFTON | 55-089-0008-44201-1 | SLAMS | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Apr 1 – Oct 15 |
| GREEN BAY – UW | 55-009-0026-44201-1 | SLAMS | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Apr 1 – Oct 15 |
| HARRINGTON BEACH PARK | 55-089-0009-44201-1 | SLAMS | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Apr 1 – Oct 15 |
| HORICON WILDLIFE AREA | 55-027-0001-44201-2 | SLAMS | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Year Round |
| JEFFERSON – LAATSCH | 55-055-0009-44201-1 | SLAMS | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Apr 1 – Oct 15 |
| KENOSHA – WATER TOWER | 55-059-0025-44201-1 | SPM | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Mar 1 – Oct 31 |
| KEWAUNEE | 55-061-0002-44201-1 | SLAMS | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Apr 1 – Oct 15 |
| LACROSSE – DOT BUILDING | 55-063-0012-44201-1 | SLAMS | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Apr 1 – Oct 15 |
| LAKE DUBAY | 55-073-0012-44201-1 | SLAMS | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Apr 1 – Oct 15 |
| MADISON EAST | 55-025-0041-44201-1 | SLAMS | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Apr 1 – Oct 15 |
| MANITOWOC – WDLND DUNES | 55-071-0007-44201-1 | SLAMS | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Apr 1 – Oct 15 |
| MILWAUKEE – SIXTEENTH ST. HEALTH CENTER | 55-079-0010-44201-2 | SLAMS | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Apr 1 – Oct 15 |
| MILWAUKEE – UWM UPark | 55-079-0068-44201-1 | SLAMS | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Apr 1 – Oct 15 |
| NEWPORT PARK | 55-029-0004-44201-1 | SLAMS | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Apr 1 – Oct 15 |
| POTAWATOMI | 55-041-0007-44201-1 | Tribal | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Year Round |
| RACINE – PAYNE AND DOLAN | 55-101-0020-44201-1 | SLAMS | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Apr 1 – Oct 15 |
| SHEBOYGAN – HAVEN | 55-117-0009-44201-1 | SPM | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Apr 1 – Oct 15 |
| SHEBOYGAN – KOHLER ANDRAE | 55-117-0006-44201-1 | SLAMS | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Apr 1 – Oct 15 |
| TROUT LAKE | 55-125-0001-44201-1 | SLAMS | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Apr 1 – Oct 15 |
| WAUKESHA – CLEVELAND AVE | 55-133-0027-44201-1 | SLAMS | 087 | Ultraviolet Absorption | Apr 1 – Oct 15 |

Carbon Monoxide

Carbon Monoxide Monitoring Requirements

The minimum monitoring requirements for carbon monoxide (CO) are established in Appendix D of 40 CFR Part 58. These requirements include CO monitoring at NCore sites and at one near-road air monitoring site in CBSAs having a population of 1,000,000 or more persons. In addition to these minimum requirements, the Regional Administrator may require additional monitors in situations where data or other information suggests that CO concentrations may be approaching or exceeding the NAAQS. Wisconsin currently meets the minimum CO monitoring requirements. (See Table 18). All CO monitors continuously collect hourly observations. Scales, objectives and methods of CO monitors are summarized in Tables 19 and 20.

Table 18: Wisconsin Carbon Monoxide Monitoring Requirements

| | 2024 Population | lation Required | | 2024 Monitors | | |
|--|--|-----------------|-------|---------------|-------|-------|
| Core Based Statistical Area > 1 million | Estimate | Near-Road | NCore | Near-Road | NCore | Other |
| Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI ¹ | 3,757,952 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, WI ² | 1,574,452 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| DNR Rural NCore (Horicon) | Not a population- based requirement | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |

^{1 =} Counties include: Anoka (MN), Carver (MN), Chisago (MN), Dakota (MN), Hennepin (MN), Isanti (MN), Le Sueur (MN), Mille Lacs (MN), Ramsey (MN), Scott (MN), Sherburne (MN), Washington (MN), Wright (MN), Pierce (WI), St. Croix (WI) 2 = Counties include: Milwaukee (WI), Ozaukee (WI), Washington (WI) and Waukesha (WI)

Table 19: Scales and Objectives of Carbon Monoxide Monitors

| Site Name | AQS Monitor ID | Monitor Type | Parameter Description | Measurement Scale | Monitor Objective Type |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| HORICON WILDLIFE AREA | 55-027-0001- 42101-1 | SLAMS | Carbon Monoxide | Regional | General/Background |
| MILWAUKEE – COLLEGE AVE. NR | 55-079-0056- 42101-1 | SLAMS | Carbon Monoxide | Neighborhood | Max Precursor Emissions Impact |

Table 20: Methods of Carbon Monoxide Monitors

| Site Name | AQS Monitor ID | Monitor Type | Method Code | Sample Analysis Description |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------------------------|
| HORICON WILDLIFE AREA | 55-027-0001-42101-1 | SLAMS | 593 | Gas Filter Correlation |
| MILWAUKEE – COLLEGE AVE. NR | 55-079-0056-42101-1 | SLAMS | 593 | Gas Filter Correlation |

Mille Lacs (MN), Ramsey (MN), Scott (MN), Sherburne (MN), Washington (MN), Wright (MN), Pierce (WI), St. Croix (WI)

Nitrogen Dioxide

Nitrogen Dioxide Monitoring Requirements

The minimum monitoring requirements for nitrogen dioxide (NO_2) are established in Appendix D of 40 CFR Part 58. There are two primary monitoring objectives for NO_2 including monitoring near roads and population based (area-wide). Table 21 summarizes the minimum monitoring requirements for NO_2 . In addition to these minimum requirements, the Regional Administrator may require additional monitoring in areas where NO_2 is expected to be near the level of the NAAQS. Currently, Wisconsin meets all NO_2 monitoring requirements and operates two additional seasonal NO_2 monitors for the purpose of its enhanced ozone monitoring plan (Table 22). Scales, objectives and methods of NO_2 monitors are summarized in Tables 23 and 24. Scales and objectives of monitors have been updated using current information.

Table 21: Nitrogen Dioxide Minimum Monitoring Requirements

| CBSA Population | Near-Road Monitors | Area-Wide Monitors |
|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| > 1,000,000 | 1 | 1 |
| > 2,500,000 | 2 | 1 |

Table 22: Wisconsin Nitrogen Dioxide Monitoring Requirements

| | | Required | | 2024 Monitors | | |
|--|--|-----------|---------------|---------------|--------------|-------|
| Core Based Statistical Area > 1 million | 2024 Population Estimate | Near-Road | Area- Wide | Near-Road | Area Wide | Other |
| Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI ¹ | 3,757,952 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 1 |
| Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, WI ² | 1,574,452 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Kenosha, WI Metro Area ³ | 168,754 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| DNR Rural NCore (Horicon) | Not a population- based requirement | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |

^{1 =} Counties include: Anoka (MN), Carver (MN), Chisago (MN), Dakota (MN), Hennepin (MN), Isanti (MN), Le Sueur (MN), Mille Lacs (MN), Ramsey (MN), Scott (MN), Sherburne (MN), Washington (MN), Wright (MN), Pierce (WI), St. Croix (WI)

^{2 =} Counties include: Milwaukee (WI), Ozaukee (WI), Washington (WI) and Waukesha (WI)

Mille Lacs (MN), Ramsey (MN), Scott (MN), Sherburne (MN), Washington (MN), Wright (MN), Pierce (WI), St. Croix (WI)

^{3 =} Counties include: Kenosha (WI)

Table 23: Scales and Objectives of Nitrogen Dioxide Monitors

| Site Name | AQS Monitor ID | Monitor Type | Parameter Description | Measurement Scale | Monitor Objective Type |
|------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|--|-------------------|------------------------|
| CHIWAUKEE PRAIRIE STATELINE* | 55-059-0019-42602-1 | SPM | Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂) | Regional | Regional Transport |
| HORICON WILDLIFE AREA | 55-027-0001-42612-4 | SLAMS | Reactive Oxides of Nitrogen (NO _y) | Regional | General/Background |
| MILWAUKEE – COLLEGE AVE. NR | 55-079-0056-42602-1 | SLAMS | Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂) | Microscale | Highest Concentration |
| MILWAUKEE – UWM UPARK | 55-079-0068-42602-1 | SLAMS | Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂) | Neighborhood | Population Exposure |

^{*}Operates May-August to support enhanced ozone monitoring

Table 24: Methods of DNR Nitrogen Dioxide Monitors

| Site Name | AQS Monitor ID | Monitor Type | Method Code | Sample Analysis Description |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|--------------|-------------|--------------------------------|
| CHIWAUKEE PRAIRIE STATELINE | 55-059-0019-42602-1 | SPM | 256 | Cavity Attenuation Phase Shift |
| HORICON WILDLIFE AREA | 55-027-0001-42612-4 | SLAMS | 699 | Chemiluminescence |
| MILWAUKEE – COLLEGE AVE. NR | 55-079-0056-42602-1 | SLAMS | 212 | Cavity Attenuation Phase Shift |
| MILWAUKEE – UWM UPARK | 55-079-0068-42602-1 | SLAMS | 256 | Cavity Attenuation Phase Shift |

Sulfur Dioxide

Sulfur Dioxide Monitoring Requirements

The minimum monitoring requirements for SO₂ are established in Appendix D of 40 CFR Part 58. The SO₂ monitoring requirement is based on the Population Weighted Emissions Index (PWEI) for all Core Based Statistical Areas (CBSAs). The PWEI is calculated by multiplying the population of each CBSA, using the most recent census data or estimates, and the total amount of SO₂ in tons per year emitted within the CBSA area, using an aggregate of the most recent county level emissions data available in the National Emissions Inventory (NEI) for each county in each CBSA. The resulting value is divided by one million providing a PWEI value. The units are million person-tons per year. The minimum monitoring requirements based on PWEI are summarized in Tables 25 and 26. For NCore sites, SO₂ monitoring is required independent of population-based requirements.

Table 25: Sulfur Dioxide Minimum Monitoring Requirements

| PWEI | Required Sites |
|------------------------|----------------|
| ≥1 million | 3 |
| 100,000 to < 1 million | 2 |
| 5,000 to < 100,000 | 1 |

Table 26: Wisconsin Sulfur Dioxide Monitoring Requirements

| | 2024 Population | 2020 NEI SO ₂ | | Minimum | 2024 |
|--|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------|-------------|-------|
| Core Based Statistical Area | Estimate | (tons/year) | PWEI | Requirement | Sites |
| Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI ¹ | 3,757,952 | 730.6 | 2746 | 1 | 6 |
| Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, WI ² | 1,574,452 | 302 | 475 | 0 | 1 |
| Madison, WI ³ | 707,606 | 208.5 | 148 | 0 | 0 |
| Green Bay, WI ⁴ | 334,697 | 115.1 | 39 | 0 | 0 |
| Duluth, MN-WI ⁵ | 281,815 | 174.1 | 49 | 0 | 1 |
| Appleton, WI ⁶ | 248,992 | 83.8 | 21 | 0 | 1 |
| Racine, WI ⁷ | 198,651 | 44.6 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| Eau Claire, WI ⁸ | 176,153 | 82.3 | 14 | 0 | 0 |
| Oshkosh-Neenah, WI ⁹ | 173,307 | 75.3 | 13 | 0 | 0 |
| La Crosse-Onalaska, WI-MN ¹⁰ | 170,763 | 81.9 | 14 | 0 | 0 |
| Kenosha, WI Metro Area ¹¹ | 168,754 | 36.5 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| Janesville-Beloit, WI ¹² | 165,461 | 49.9 | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| Wausau, WI ¹³ | 139,091 | 81.9 | 11 | 0 | 0 |
| Sheboygan, WI ¹⁴ | 118,331 | 40.4 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Fond du Lac, WI ¹⁵ | 104,269 | 37.7 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| Horicon, WI DNR Rural NCore | Not a por | oulation-based red | quirement | 1 | 1 |
| Rhinelander, WI Source Based Monitor | | oulation-based rec | • | 0 | 1 |

^{1 =} Counties include: Anoka (MN), Carver (MN), Chisago (MN), Dakota (MN), Hennepin (MN), Isanti (MN), Le Sueur (MN), Mille Lacs (MN), Ramsey (MN), Scott (MN), Sherburne (MN), Washington (MN), Wright (MN), Pierce (WI), St. Croix (WI)

```
2 = Counties include: Milwaukee (WI), Ozaukee (WI), Washington (WI) and Waukesha (WI)
3 = Counties include: Columbia (WI), Dane (WI), Green (WI), Iowa (WI)
4 = Counties include: Brown (WI), Kewaunee (WI), Oconto (WI)
5 = Counties include: Carlton (MN), St. Louis (MN), Douglas (WI)
6 = Counties include: Calumet (WI), Outagamie (WI)
7 = Counties include: Racine (WI)
8 = Counties include: Chippewa (WI), Eau Claire (WI)
9 = Counties include: Winnebago (WI)
10 = Counties include: Houston (MN), La Crosse (WI), Vernon (WI)
11 = Counties include: Rock (WI)
12 = Counties include: Marathon (WI)
14 = Counties include: Sheboygan (WI)
15 = Counties include: Fond du Lac (WI)
```

In addition to the minimum monitoring requirements above, on August 21, 2015, EPA published its final Data Requirements Rule (DRR) for the 2010 1-hour SO₂ NAAQS (80 Fed. Reg. 51052). On July 1, 2016, DNR notified EPA that the department would be characterizing the air quality around one DRR-listed source (The Ahlstrom-Munksjo facility (formerly Expera) in Kaukauna) using ambient monitoring. This monitor was installed and was operational by January 1, 2017. The Kaukauna site operations were administered by the facility but transferred to the DNR in February 2020 per state statute.

There are two source-oriented sites (Kaukauna and Rhinelander Tower), two non-source-oriented sites (Milwaukee-UWM UPark and Potawatomi) and one NCore site (Horicon Wildlife Area). Scales, objectives and methods of SO₂ monitors are summarized in Tables 27 and 28. Scales and objectives of monitors have been updated using current information.

Table 27: Scales and Objectives of DNR and Industrial Sulfur Dioxide Monitors

| | | Monitor | Parameter | Measurement | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| Site Name | AQS Monitor ID | Type | Description | Scale | Monitor Objective Type |
| KAUKAUNA | 55-087-0015-42401-1 | Industrial | Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂) | Neighborhood | Highest Concentration and Source Oriented |
| HORICON WILDLIFE AREA | 55-027-0001-42401-1 | SLAMS | Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂) | National/Global | General/Background |
| MILWAUKEE – UWM UPARK | 55-079-0068-42401-1 | SLAMS | Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂) | Urban | Population Exposure |
| POTAWATOMI | 55-041-0007-42401-1 | Tribal | Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂) | Regional | General/Background |
| RHINELANDER TOWER | 55-085-0996-42401-1 | SLAMS | Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂) | Neighborhood | Highest Concentration and Source Oriented |

Table 28: Methods of DNR and Industrial Sulfur Dioxide Monitors

| Site Name | AQS Monitor ID | Monitor Type | Method Code | Sample Analysis Description |
|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| KAUKAUNA | 55-087-0015-42401-1 | Industrial | 100 | Ultraviolet Fluorescence |
| HORICON WILDLIFE AREA | 55-027-0001-42401-1 | SLAMS | 600 | Ultraviolet Fluorescence |
| MILWAUKEE – UWM UPARK | 55-079-0068-42401-1 | SLAMS | 100 | Ultraviolet Fluorescence |
| POTAWATOMI | 55-041-0007-42401-1 | Tribal | 100 | Ultraviolet Fluorescence |
| RHINELANDER TOWER | 55-085-0996-42401-1 | SLAMS | 100 | Ultraviolet Fluorescence |

Appendix B: Waivers and Approvals

Summary

The EPA establishes minimum requirements for air monitoring networks. However, the EPA can waive many of these requirements. For example, the EPA establishes the minimum sampling frequencies for PM_{2.5} monitors. Deviations from these minimums may be granted by submitting requests to the EPA Regional Administrator based on factors including the historical PM_{2.5} data quality assessments, the location of current PM_{2.5} design value sites and regulatory data needs. Approved deviations from the minimum sampling frequencies are formalized in waivers. This appendix contains air monitoring waivers and any associated approvals.

Federal Regulation

Specific types of waivers appear in a number of sections in 40 CFR § 58.

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Waivers and Approvals

PM_{2.5} / PM₁₀ Network

- Numerous changes have occurred to the DNR PM_{2.5} and PM₁₀ networks as they have transitioned to a primary continuous FEM network. These changes have been communicated with EPA throughout the process. The annual network plan approvals are considered sufficient to document these changes in the network which included:
 - Shut down of FRM units in favor of continuous FEMs.
 - \circ Added/terminated/relocated collocated monitors to ensure 15% collocation per primary PM_{2.5} method and 15% of manual PM₁₀ sites are being met and are located at sites that measure among the highest in the state.

Kenosha - Water Tower (55-059-0025)

• The EPA approved that after 24-months of operation the ozone monitor will retain a monitor type of SPM and the monitor measurements will be considered comparable to the ozone NAAQS. See Figure 1.

Sheboygan - Haven (55-117-0009)

• The EPA approved that after 24 months of operation the ozone monitor will retain a monitor type of SPM and the monitor measurements will be considered comparable to the ozone NAAQS. See Figure 2.

Sheboygan County, Lead Monitoring Waiver (55-117-0009)

• The EPA approved the request to discontinue lead monitoring near the Kohler facility in Sheboygan County and granted a waiver to allow the site to be shutdown. Since beginning operation in 2010, the Kohler lead site never recorded an exceedance of the standard and recorded reductions in monitored lead concentrations, emissions, design values and variability. Data collection ended December 31, 2018. In 2024, the waiver expired and will not need to be renewed because emissions have not exceeded 0.5 TPY.

Ozone Season Waiver

- The EPA approved DNR's request to alter ozone monitoring season for the majority of the DNR monitoring sites based on historical monitoring data. See figure 3. All ozone monitors will operate from April 1 October 15 with the exception of:
 - Year round sites
 - Kenosha county sites which are a part of the Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, IL-IN-WI MSA which will operate from March 1 – October 31

Lake Geneva/Elkhorn Ozone Data Combination Approval

• The EPA approved the DNR's request to combine ozone data from the Lake Geneva and Elkhorn sites in Walworth County. See Figure 5.

Edgewater Station Annual Emissions Assessment Waiver

• The EPA approved the DNR's modeling analysis based on allowable emissions for the Wisconsin Power and Light Edgewater Generating Station in Sheboygan, WI (Edgewater Station). This approval waives the requirement to do an annual emissions assessment for this facility as part of Appendix G. See Figure 6.

Figure 1: Kenosha - Water Tower Ozone Monitor Approval



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 5 77 WEST JACKSON BOULEVARD CHICAGO, IL 60604-3590

MAR 3 1 2015

REPLY TO THE ATTENTION OF

Bart Sponseller Deputy Division Administrator Air, Waste, Remediation, and Redevelopment Division Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources 101 South Webster Street Madison, Wisconsin 53703

Subject: Kenosha Water Tower Special Purpose Monitor (Site ID: 55-059-0025)

Dear Mr. Sponseller:

As background, Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (WDNR), began operating the seasonal ozone special purpose monitoring (SPM) site at Kenosha – Water Tower (Site ID: 55-059-0025) in May, 2013, in response to significant public and industry concern regarding the partial Kenosha County nonattainment area for the 2008 ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS). The monitor also helps WDNR and the Lake Michigan Air Directors Consortium understand ozone formation and transport in southeastern Wisconsin and along the Lake Michigan lakeshore. For these reasons, WDNR would like to continue operating the Kenosha – Water Tower monitor for one or more additional ozone seasons as a SPM.

The Environmental Protection Agency confirms that WDNR may continue to operate the special purpose Kenosha – Water Tower ozone monitoring site (site ID: 55-059-0025) beyond 24 months. As a special purpose monitor (SPM), it will not be required to meet shutdown criteria in 40 CFR Part 58.14(c)(2). WDNR should include this monitor in the annual air monitoring network plan as an SPM, noting that WDNR may re-evaluate the need to continue this monitoring site after the conclusion of the 2015 ozone season. Although this site will continue to be considered a SPM, data collected from this monitor after 24 months of operation may be utilized for comparison to the applicable NAAQS, as described in 40 CFR Part 58.20.

If you have any additional questions about this matter, please contact Michael Compher, of my staff, at (312) 886-5745.

Sincerely,

Mary Pat Tyson Branch Chief

Region 5 Air Toxics and Assessment Branch

Figure 2: Sheboygan - Haven Ozone Monitor Approval

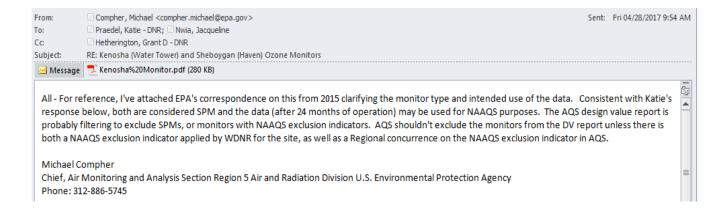


Figure 3: Sheboygan County Lead Monitoring Waiver



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION 5 77 WEST JACKSON BOULEVARD CHICAGO, IL 60604-3590

MAR 2 2 2019

REPLY TO THE ATTENTION OF

Ms. Gail Good Director, Bureau of Air Management Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources P.O. Box 7921 Madison, Wisconsin 53707-7921

Dear Ms. Good:

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency received the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources' (WDNR's) request of February 28, 2019 to discontinue ambient air monitoring for lead (Pb) at the Kohler site (55-17-0008) in Sheboygan County and to waive the Pb monitoring requirements of 40 CFR Appendix D, section 4.5(a)(ii) near the Kohler facility.

The request to discontinue a State/Local Air Monitoring Station monitor was reviewed by EPA against the system modification criteria in 40 CFR part 58.14(c). Based on air quality data collected at this monitoring station and reported to the EPA's Air Quality System, the Kohler Pb site satisfies the shut-down criteria because it has been in attainment of the Pb National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) from 2014 through 2018, and it has less than a 10% probability of exceeding 80% of the Pb NAAQS during the next three years (2019-2021).

For WDNR to continue to meet the network requirements, this letter also waives the Pb monitoring requirements near the Kohler facility, consistent with 40 CFR Appendix D, section 4.5(a)(ii), because WDNR demonstrates that Kohler will not contribute to a maximum Pb concentrations in ambient air greater than 50 percent of the NAAQS (based on historical monitoring data, modeling, or other means). This Pb monitoring waiver must be renewed once every 5 years as part of the WDNR annual network plan required under 40 CFR Part 58.10.

If you have any questions or comments regarding this letter, please contact Michael Compher, Air Monitoring and Analysis Section Chief, at (312) 886-5745.

Sincerely,

Edward Nam Director

Air and Radiation Division

Figure 4: Ozone Season Waiver



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 5 77 WEST JACKSON BOULEVARD CHICAGO, IL 60604-3590

DEC 2 1 2018

REPLY TO THE ATTENTION OF:

Ms. Gail Good Director, Bureau of Air Management Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources P.O. Box 7921 Madison, Wisconsin 53707-7921

Dear Ms. Good:

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency has reviewed the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources' (WDNR) request of November 19, 2018 to waive ambient ozone monitoring between March 1 and March 31 for 26 ozone monitors.

EPA approves the request for 24 of the 26 ozone monitors identified in Table 1 of the WNDR's November 19, 2018 letter. EPA is disapproving the WDNR's request to waive ozone monitoring requirements in March for the Chiwaukee Prairie (55-059-0019) and Kenosha Water Tower (55-059-0025) monitoring sites in Kenosha County. These two ozone monitoring sites should continue to monitor from March 1 through October 31 (extension to October 31 was approved on December 5, 2017) to maintain consistency with both the Illinois and Indiana ozone monitoring season, since it is part of the Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, IL-IN-WI metropolitan statistical area, and Memorandum of Agreement (signed in 2017 and contained in Appendix C of Wisconsin's Annual Network Monitoring Plan) between the three states regarding monitoring in multi-state areas.

EPA is approving the shortening of the ozone season, eliminating March for most sites, because the data demonstrates that elevated ozone levels in Wisconsin during the month of March are rare. The analysis included a review of ozone data from 2012 through 2018 and consideration of the criteria in 40 C.F.R. Part 58, Appendix D, Section 4.1(i), including frequency of ozone exceedances in March, occurrences of the moderate air quality index level in March, regional consistency, and logistical issues, such as site access. In reviewing your request, EPA also considered the document "Guidelines for Selecting and Modifying the Ozone Monitoring Season Based on an 8-Hour Ozone Standard."

To reiterate EPA's prior decision conveyed in our December 5, 2017 letter to WDNR, the ozone monitoring season for the Chiwaukee Prairie and Kenosha Water Tower monitors in Kenosha County extends to October 31, which is two weeks past the end of the ozone season for most of

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¹ Guidelines for Selecting and Modifying the Ozone Monitoring Season, EPA's Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards (June 1998)

the other ozone monitors in Wisconsin. This two-week extension provides consistency with the States of Illinois and Indiana ozone seasons where other monitors are operated within the Chicago-Naperville, IL-IN-WI ozone nonattainment area, as well as the Memorandum of Agreement signed by all three states contained in Appendix C of WDNR's 2019 annual network plan.

If you have any questions or comments regarding this approval, please contact Michael Compher, Air Monitoring and Analysis Section Chief, at (312) 886-5745.

Sincerely,

Edward Nam

Director

Air and Radiation Division

Figure 5: Lake Geneva/Elkhorn Ozone Data Combination Approval



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 5 77 WEST JACKSON BOULEVARD CHICAGO, IL 60604-3590

MAR 0 2 2020

REPLY TO THE ATTENTION OF

Ms. Gail Good Director, Bureau of Air Management Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources P.O. Box 7921 Madison, Wisconsin 53707-7921

Dear Ms. Good:

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency received the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources' (WDNR) request of February 19, 2020 to combine the monitoring data for the Walworth County ozone monitoring site for design value calculations, following a site relocation from Lake Geneva (55-127-0005) to Elkhorn (55-127-0006). The relocation of the monitoring site was proposed in WDNR's 2019 Annual Air Monitoring Network Plan and approved by EPA on September 20, 2018. EPA approves WDNR's request to combine data from the two sites to allow for a contiguous data set and calculation of design values for Walworth County.

The request to combine monitoring data was reviewed by EPA against criteria in 40 CFR Part 50, Appendix U.2(c). Based on similarities between the two sites including proximity, monitoring scale, and monitoring objective, and similar local meteorology and emissions, the Elkhorn monitoring site satisfies the criteria for combining the monitoring data.

If you have any questions or comments regarding this letter, please contact Michael Compher, Air Monitoring and Analysis Section Chief, at (312) 886-5745.

Sincerely,

John Mooney Acting Director

Air and Radiation Division

Figure 6: Edgewater Station Annual Emissions Assessment Waiver



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION 5 77 WEST JACKSON BOULEVARD CHICAGO, IL 60604-3590

REPLY TO THE ATTENTION OF

MAR 0 4 2020

Ms. Gail Good
Director, Air Management
Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources
101 S. Webster Street, Box 7921
Madison, Wisconsin 53707-7921

Dear Ms. Good:

I am writing in response to the sulfur dioxide (SO₂) dispersion modeling analysis included in your "SO₂ Data Requirements Rule Emissions Assessment", submitted as Appendix G in your "Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources 2020 Air Monitoring Network Plan". We have reviewed your assessment and agree that no further action is needed for the Edgewater Station under the Data Requirements Rule.

The Data Requirements Rule provides that "[f]or any area where modeling of actual SO₂ emissions serve as the basis for designating such area as attainment for the 2010 SO₂ [National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS)], the air agency shall submit an annual report to the [U.S. Environmental Protection Agency] Regional Administrator" providing specified types of information, including a recommendation as to the need for further modeling to assess whether the area is continuing to attain the NAAQS. See 40 CFR 51.1205(b)... However, "[a]ny air agency that demonstrates that an area would meet the 2010 SO₂ NAAQS with allowable emissions is not required pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section to submit future annual reports for the area." See 40 CFR 51.1205(c).

EPA has reviewed your modeling analysis for the Wisconsin Power and Light Edgewater Generating Station in Sheboygan, Wisconsin (Edgewater Station), using allowable emissions and finds that it meets the modeling requirements of Appendix W to 40 CFR 51 and demonstrates attainment in accordance with the regulatory provisions of 40 CFR 51.1205(c). As previously mentioned, we agree that no further annual emissions assessments are required under the Data Requirements Rule for the Edgewater Station.

Thank you for your work on this area. If you have any questions, please contact me at (312) 886-6043 or Sarah Arra of my staff at (312) 886-9401.

Sincerely,

John Mooney

Acting Director

Air and Radiation Division

Appendix C: Memorandums of Agreement

Summary

Due to the geographic monitoring boundaries determined by the EPA, Wisconsin is working collaboratively with adjacent states to meet 40 CFR 58 Appendix D, Section 2(e) minimum monitoring requirements. Memorandums of Agreement (MOAs) are designed to reaffirm that we are meeting monitoring requirements established by the EPA. The two following MOAs constitute this reaffirmation.

The DNR reconfirmed with Minnesota Pollution Control Agency's monitors are meeting minimum monitoring requirements. Due to the age of the MOA, an updated Minnesota-Wisconsin MOA will be developed to reflect current monitoring configurations.

Federal Regulation

40 CFR § 58 Appendix D to Part 58 2(e) This appendix uses the statistical-based definitions for metropolitan areas provided by the Office of Management and Budget and the Census Bureau. These areas are referred to as metropolitan statistical areas (MSA), micropolitan statistical areas, core-based statistical areas (CBSA), and combined statistical areas (CSA). A CBSA associated with at least one urbanized area of 50,000 population or greater is termed a Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA). A CBSA associated with at least one urbanized cluster of at least 10,000 population or greater is termed a Micropolitan Statistical Area. CSA consist of two or more adjacent CBSA. In this appendix, the term MSA is used to refer to a Metropolitan Statistical Area. By definition, both MSA and CSA have a high degree of integration; however, many such areas cross State or other political boundaries. MSA and CSA may also cross more than one air shed. The EPA recognizes that State or local agencies must consider MSA/CSA boundaries and their own political boundaries and geographical characteristics in designing their air monitoring networks. The EPA recognizes that there may be situations where the EPA Regional Administrator and the affected State or local agencies may need to augment or to divide the overall MSA/CSA monitoring responsibilities and requirements among these various agencies to achieve an effective network design. Full monitoring requirements apply separately to each affected State or local agency in the absence of an agreement between the affected agencies and the EPA Regional Administrator.

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Memorandum of Agreement with Minnesota

Docusign Envelope ID: 14C43970-3EC8-4841-A807-97AD14CB8649

Memorandum of Agreement
Air Quality Monitoring for Criteria Pollutants for the
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI;
Duluth, MN-WI; and
La Crosse-Onalaska, WI-MN
Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA)

Date: May 2025

Participating Agencies:

Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) Environmental Analysis and Outcomes Division

Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (WDNR) Air Management Program

I. Purpose, Objectives and Goals

40 CFR Part 58 Appendix D Section 2 paragraph (e) states "[t]he [United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)] recognizes that State or local agencies must consider MSA/CSA boundaries and their own political boundaries and geographical characteristics in designing their air monitoring networks. The EPA recognizes that there may be situations where the EPA Regional Administrator and the affected State or local agencies may need to augment or to divide the overall MSA/CSA monitoring responsibilities and requirements among these various agencies to achieve an effective network design. Full monitoring requirements apply separately to each affected State or local agency in the absence of an agreement between the affected agencies and the EPA Regional Administrator."

The purpose of this Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) is to establish a Criteria Pollutants Air Quality Monitoring Agreement between MPCA and WDNR (individually a "Party" and together, the "Parties") for three Metropolitan Statistical Areas (the MSAs) (Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington MN-WI; Duluth MN-WI; and La Crosse-Onalaska WI-MN) with populations greater than 50,000 that cross State boundaries between Minnesota and Wisconsin so the Parties may collectively achieve the EPA's minimum monitoring requirements for the following criteria pollutants:

- Particles of an aerodynamic diameter of 10 micrometer and less (PM₁₀)
- Particles of an aerodynamic diameter of 2.5 micrometer and less (PM_{2.5})
- Ozone (O₃)
- Nitrogen Dioxide (NO₂)
- Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂)
- Carbon Monoxide (CO)

Lead (Pb)

a. Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington MN-WI MSA

According to U.S. Census data, the Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington MN-WI MSA had an estimated population of 3,757,952 in 2024. The MSA consists of 14 counties in Minnesota (Anoka, Carver, Chisago, Dakota, Hennepin, Isanti, Le Sueur, Mille Lacs, Ramsey, Scott, Sherburne, Sibley, Washington, Wright) and two counties in Wisconsin (Pierce, St. Croix). In 2011, MPCA and WDNR established an air monitoring MOA that included only the Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington MN-WI MSA. This updated MOA will replace the 2011 MOA for the Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington MN-WI MSA.

The minimum monitoring requirements according to 40 CFR Part 58, Appendix D for the estimated population of the Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington MN-WI MSA are provided below along with the current number of monitors as of 2024.

| Parameter | Monitors Required | 2024 Monitors |
|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|
| PM _{2.5} | 2 | 19 |
| PM ₁₀ | 4-8 | 8 |
| Ozone | 2 | 7 |
| Sulfur Dioxide | 1 | 6 |
| Carbon Monoxide | 1 Near-Road, 1 NCore | 2 Near-Road, 1 NCore, 3 others |
| Nitrogen Dioxide | 2 Near-Road, 1 Area-Wide | 2 Near-Road, 3 Area-Wide |
| Lead | Determined by annual | 20 |
| | emissions | |

To meet the minimum monitoring requirements for the Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington MN-WI MSA, the following sites will collect the required parameters during the 2025-2029 monitoring years:

| County | AQS ID | Site name | **PM2.5 | **PMio | Ozone | Sulfur Dioxide | Carbon Monoxide | Nitrogen Dioxide | *Lead/TSP |
|--------|-------------|--------------------------|---------|--------|-------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| Anoka | 27-003-1001 | Cedar Creek | | | X | | | | |
| Anoka | 27-003-1002 | Anoka County Airport | FCS | С | X | X | X | X | X |
| Anoka | 27-003-6021 | Federal Cartridge | | | | | | | Xx |
| Dakota | 27-037-0020 | Flint Hills Refinery 420 | | | | X | X | X | Xx |
| Dakota | 27-037-0423 | Flint Hills Refinery 423 | | | | X | X | X | X |
| Dakota | 27-037-0443 | Flint Hills Refinery 443 | | | | X | | | |
| Dakota | 27-037-0465 | Gopher Resources | | | | | | | Xxx |
| | | | | | | | | | |

| Dakota | 27-037-0470 | Apple Valley | Cc | | | | | | |
|------------|-------------|------------------------------|-----|----|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dakota | 27-037-0480 | Near Road I-35 | С | | | | Х | Х | |
| Hennepin | 27-053-0909 | Lowry Avenue | | С | | | | | X |
| Hennepin | 27-053-0910 | Pacific Street | | С | | | | | X |
| Hennepin | 27-053-0954 | Hennepin Center for the Arts | | | | Х | Х | | |
| Hennepin | 27-053-0962 | Near Road I-35/I-94 | С | | Х | | Х | Х | X |
| Hennepin | 27-053-0963 | Anderson School | FCS | | | | | | X |
| Hennepin | 27-053-0966 | City of Lakes Building | | F | | | | | Х |
| Hennepin | 27-053-1007 | Humbolt Avenue | | | | | | | X |
| Hennepin | 27-053-1904 | Greenway Neighborhood | С | | | | | | Х |
| Hennepin | 27-053-1909 | Bottineau/Marshall Ter | | С | | | | | X |
| Hennepin | 27-053-2006 | St. Louis Park City Hall | Ff | | | | | | |
| Ramsey | 27-123-0866 | Red Rock Road | | Ff | | | | | |
| Ramsey | 27-123-0868 | Ramsey Health Center | F | С | | | | | |
| Ramsey | 27-123-0871 | Harding High School | FfC | | | | | | X |
| Ramsey | 27-123-0875 | West Side | | | | | | | X |
| Ramsey | 27-123-0890 | Northern Iron | | | | | | | X |
| Scott | 27-139-0505 | B.F. Pearson School | С | | X | | | | |
| Washington | 27-163-0436 | St. Paul Park Refinery 436 | | | | X | | | |
| Washington | 27-163-6016 | St. Croix Research Station | | | Х | | | | |
| Wright | 27-171-3201 | St. Michael Elem. School | С | | X | | | | |
| Forest | 27-095-3051 | Mille Lacs Band | | | X | | | | |

X=representative of a single monitor

b. Duluth MN-WI MSA

According to U.S. Census data, the Duluth MN-WI MSA had an estimated population of 281,815 in 2024. The MSA consists of 2 counties in Minnesota (Carlton, St. Louis) and 1 county in Wisconsin (Douglas).

The minimum monitoring requirements according to 40 CFR Part 58, Appendix D for the estimated population of the Duluth MN-WI MSA are provided below along with the current number of monitors as of 2024.

^{**}S = PM_{2.5} Speciation *x= Collocated lead/TSP monitor

| Parameter | Monitors Required | 2024 monitors |
|-------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| PM _{2.5} | 0 | 5 |
| PM_{10} | 1-2 | 3 |
| Ozone | 1 | 3 |
| Sulfur Dioxide | 0 | 1 |
| Carbon Monoxide | 0 | 0 |
| Nitrogen Dioxide | 0 | 1 |
| Lead | Determined by annual | 4 |
| | emissions | |

To meet the minimum monitoring requirements for the Duluth MN-WI MSA, the following sites will collect the required parameters during the 2025-2029 monitoring years:

| County | AQS ID | Site name | **PM2.5 | **PMI0 | Ozone | Sulfur Dioxide | Carbon Mon oxide | Nitrogen Dioxide | Lead/TSP |
|-------------|-------------|---------------------------|---------|--------|-------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------|
| Saint Louis | 27-137-0032 | Oneota Street | | Ff | | | | | |
| Saint Louis | 27-137-7001 | Virginia City Hall | С | F | | X | | X | X |
| Saint Louis | 27-137-7549 | Michigan Street | | | | | | | X |
| Saint Louis | 27-137-7550 | U of M-Duluth | С | | X | | | | |
| Saint Louis | 27-137-7555 | Waseca Road | | | | | | | Xx |
| Saint Louis | 27-137-7554 | Laura McArthur School | С | | | | | | |
| Carlton | 27-017-7417 | Fond du Lac Band | С | | X | | | | |
| Saint Louis | 27-137-0034 | Voyageurs NP-Sullivan Bay | S | | Х | | | | |

X=representative of a single monitor

**C = PM25 Continuous monitor **c = Collocated PM25 Continuous monitor

c. LaCrosse-Onalaska WI-MN MSA

According to U.S. Census data, the LaCrosse-Onalaska WI-MN MSA had an estimated population of 170,763 in 2024. The MSA consists of 1 county in Minnesota (Houston) and 1 county in Wisconsin (La Crosse).

The minimum monitoring requirements according to 40 CFR Part 58, Appendix D for the estimated population of the LaCrosse-Onalaska WI-MN MSA are provided below along with the current number of monitors as of 2024.

| PM2.5 | 0 | 0 |
|------------------|----------------------|---|
| PM_{10} | 0 | 0 |
| Ozone | 1 | 1 |
| Sulfur Dioxide | 0 | 0 |
| Carbon Monoxide | 0 | 0 |
| Nitrogen Dioxide | 0 | 0 |
| Lead | Determined by annual | 0 |
| | emissions | |

To meet the minimum monitoring requirements for the La Crosse WI-MN MSA, the following sites will collect the required parameters during the 2025-2029 monitoring years:

| County | AQS ID | Site name | **PM ₂₅ | **PM10 | Охопе | Sulfur Dioxide | Carbon Monoxide | Nitrogen Dioxide | ^Lead/TSP |
|-----------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|--------|-------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| La Crosse | 55-063-0012 | La Crosse DOT | | | X | | | | |

X=representative of a single monitor

II. Responsibilities/Actions

The Parties commit to conducting appropriate monitoring in their respective jurisdictions of the MSAs. Each Party is responsible for ensuring that its obligations under the MOA are met. As conditions warrant, the Parties may communicate to discuss monitoring activities for the MSAs. Each Party shall notify the other Party of any monitoring changes occurring within its jurisdiction in any of the MSAs as soon as practicable after learning of the need for the change(s) or prior to making the change(s). Such changes may include evictions of monitoring sites, destruction of monitoring sites due to natural disasters, or any occurrences that result in an extended (greater than a quarter) or permanent change to the monitoring network.

III. Limitations

- All commitments made in the MOA are subject to the availability of appropriated funds and each Party's budget priorities. Nothing in the MOA obligates the Parties to expend appropriations or enter any contract, assistance agreement, interagency agreement, or other financial obligation.
- The MOA is neither a fiscal nor a funds obligation document. Any endeavor involving reimbursement or contribution of funds between the Parties will be subject to separate agreements that will be affected in writing by representatives of the Parties.

- This MOA does not create any right or benefit enforceable by law or equity against the Parties, their officers or employees, or any other person. This MOA does not apply to any entity outside of the MPCA or the WDNR.
- No proprietary information or intellectual property is anticipated to arise out of this MOA.

IV. Points of Contact

The following individuals may be contacted with questions regarding this Agreement.

Ben Wolf, Air Monitoring Section Manager
Air Management-Department of Natural Resources
Phone: (414) 216-1082
Benjamin.wolf@wisconsin.gov

Kurt Anderson, Air Monitoring Unit Supervisor
Environmental Analysis and Outcomes Division-Minnesota Pollution Control Agency
Phone: (651) 757-2192; (952) 221-3910
Kurt.anderson@state.mn.us

V. Termination

This MOA will be effective when signed by all Parties (the "effective date"). This MOA may be amended at any time by the mutual written consent of both Parties. The Parties agree to review this MOA every 5 years from the effective date to determine whether the MOA should be revised, renewed, or terminated. Each Party reserves the right to terminate this MOA at any time for any reason by giving a thirty (30) days written notice prior to the date of termination.

Approvals

Minnesota Pollution Control Agency



Sandeep R. Burman, PG

Director, Environmental Analysis & Outcomes Division Minnesota Pollution Control Agency

Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources



Gail E. Good Director, Air Management Program Department of Natural Resources

Memorandum of Agreement with Illinois and Indiana

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES AND INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT, OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY

This Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) is made and entered into by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (Illinois EPA), Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (WDNR), and Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM) Office of Air Quality (OAQ), who shall be collectively referred to as the PARTIES.

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this MOA is to document the means by which the PARTIES collectively meet United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) minimum air quality monitoring requirements in the Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, IL-IN-WI Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) for criteria pollutants. These include particles of an aerodynamic diameter of 10 micrometers and less (PM10), particles of an aerodynamic diameter of 2.5 micrometers and less (PM2.5), ozone, and other criteria pollutants for which monitoring is deemed necessary. According to 40 CFR Part 58, Appendix D, the Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, IL-IN-WI MSA minimum monitoring requirements (based on a population of 9,537,289 from a 2013 estimate using Census 2010) are three (3) ozone monitors, two to four (2-4) PM10 monitors, three (3) Federal Equivalent Method (FEM) continuous or Federal Reference Method (FRM) PM2.5 monitors, two (2) collocated continuous PM2.5 monitors with the FRM PM2.5 monitors, three (3) sulfur dioxide monitors, two (2) near-road nitrogen dioxide monitors, one (1) area-wide nitrogen dioxide monitor, one (1) carbon monoxide monitor, and one (1) lead monitor.

II. UNDERSTANDING

It is mutually agreed upon and understood among the PARTIES to this MOA that, as a whole, the PARTIES meet USEPA minimum monitoring requirements. This MOA shall be effective upon execution of a Signature Page by all PARTIES. This MOA may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original to all PARTIES of this MOA. The current number of monitors in each county for the MSA monitoring network is provided in the tables below. A map of the monitor locations is also provided below. It is understood by all PARTIES that each PARTY may, on its own accord, make changes within its jurisdiction of the MSA, consistent with applicable regulations and as approved by USEPA, without any additional requirements being imposed by this MOA.

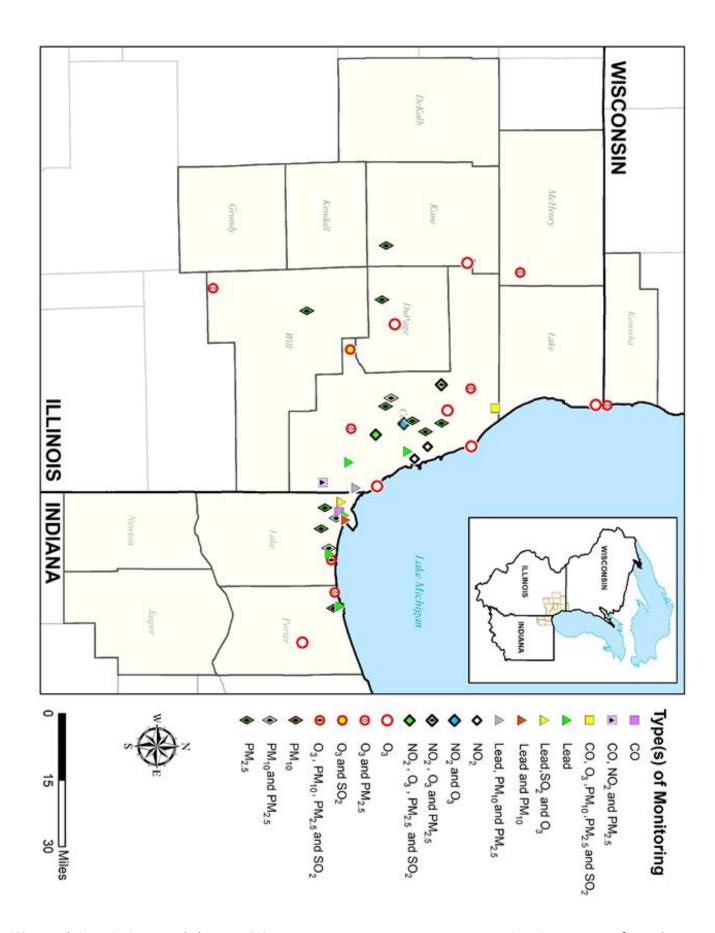
Criteria Air Pollutant MSA Monitoring Network Excluding PM2.5

| State / | County / | PM10 | O ₃ | NO2 Near- | NO2 | CO | SO ₂ | LEAD |
|----------------|----------------|------|----------------|-----------|----------------|----|-----------------|------|
| FIPS State ID | FIPS County ID | | | Road | Community Wide | | | |
| Illinois / 17 | Cook / 031 | 3 | 10 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| Illinois / 17 | DeKalb / 037 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Illinois / 17 | DuPage / 043 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Illinois / 17 | Grundy / 063 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Illinois / 17 | Kane / 089 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Illinois / 17 | Kendall / 093 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Illinois / 17 | Lake / 097 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Illinois / 17 | McHenry / 111 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Illinois / 17 | Will / 197 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Indiana / 18 | Jasper / 073 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Indiana / 18 | Lake / 089 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| Indiana / 18 | Newton / 111 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Indiana / 18 | Porter / 127 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Wisconsin / 55 | Kenosha / 059 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tota | Totals | | 22 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 9 |
| Federal Rec | quirement | 2-4 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 |

PM2.5 MSA Monitoring Network

| State / FIPS State ID | County / FIPS County ID | Federal Reference Method PM2.5 | Federal Equivalent Method Continuous PM2.5 | Speciation PM2.5 | Collocated PM2.5 |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---------------------|---------------------|
| Illinois / 17 | Cook / 031 | 11 | 6 | 3 | 3 |
| Illinois / 17 | DeKalb / 037 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Illinois / 17 | DuPage / 043 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Illinois / 17 | Grundy / 063 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Illinois / 17 | Kane / 089 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Illinois / 17 | Kendall / 093 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Illinois / 17 | Lake / 097 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Illinois / 17 | McHenry / 111 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Illinois / 17 | Will / 197 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Indiana / 18 | Jasper / 073 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Indiana / 18 | Lake / 089 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Indiana / 18 | Newton / 111 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Indiana / 18 | Porter / 127 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Wisconsin / 55 | Kenosha / 059 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tot | als | 21 | 12 | 5 | 4 |
| Federal Re | quirement | 3* | 3* | 2 | 2 |

^{*}Requirement for either FRM or FEM monitors.



III. LIMITATIONS

- a. All commitments made in this MOA are subject to the availability of appropriated funds and each agency's budget priorities. Nothing in this MOA obligates any of the PARTIES to expend appropriations or to enter into any contract, assistance agreement, interagency agreement, or other financial obligation.
- b. This instrument is neither a fiscal nor a funds obligation document. Any endeavor or transfer of anything of value involving reimbursement or contribution of funds between PARTIES to this instrument shall be handled in accordance with applicable laws, regulations, and procedures including those for government procurement. Such endeavors will be outlined in separate agreements that shall be made in writing by representatives of the PARTIES and shall be independently authorized by appropriate statutory authority. This instrument does not provide such authority. Specifically, this instrument does not establish authority for noncompetitive award to the cooperator of any contract or other agreement. Any contract or agreement for work or other services must fully comply with all applicable requirements for competition.
- c. This MOA does not bind the PARTIES to any requirements to which each PARTY would not otherwise be subject but for this MOA.
- d. This MOA does not create any right or benefit enforceable by law or equity against the PARTIES, their officers or employees, or any other person. This MOA does not apply to any entity outside the PARTIES.
- No proprietary information or intellectual property is anticipated to arise out of this MOA.

IV. TERMINATION

This MOA is effective through December 31, 2021, unless revised or terminated. This MOA may be revised upon the mutual written consent of all the PARTIES. Each party reserves the right to terminate this MOA. Such action will terminate this MOA for all affected agencies. A thirty (30) day written notice must be given prior to the date of termination.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the PARTIES hereto have executed this agreement:

| BY: | Environmental Protection Agency Alec Messina | |
|---------|--|--|
| TITLE: | Director, Illinois Environmental Protection Agency | |
| DATE: . | 4 14 17 | |

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the PARTIES hereto have executed this agreement:

| Office | of Air Quali | ty | |
|--------|--------------|---------|--|
| BY: | Keith | Banques | |

BY: Keith Baugues

Keith Baugues

TITLE: Assistant Commissioner, Office of Air Quality

DATE: 6-5-17

Indiana Department of Environmental Management

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the PARTIES hereto have executed this agreement:

| Wiscons | in Department of Natural Resources | |
|---------|--|---|
| BY:/_ | 484 | |
| 1 | athy L. Stepp | |
| TITLE: | Secretary, Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources | _ |
| DATE: | May 25, 2017 | _ |

Appendix D

2025 Air Monitoring Site Descriptions

Summary

This appendix provides details on the monitoring sites operated by the DNR. Each site page includes the site name, AQS site ID, county, city, address, operating schedule, latitude, longitude, elevation and year established. A state map at the top of the page provides the approximate location of the monitoring site. A smaller scale map at the bottom of the page indicates the major roadways or other geographic features that are near the site. A table of monitoring parameters tracked in the annual network plan indicates which parameters operate at the site along with their season, frequency and monitoring objectives. A short description of the site is included along with a picture. If there are any proposed changes to a site, an additional section detailing those changes is included.

Federal Regulation

40 CFR § 58.10(a)(1) Beginning July 1, 2007, the state, or where applicable local, agency shall submit to the Regional Administrator an annual monitoring network plan which shall provide for the documentation of the establishment and maintenance of an air quality surveillance system that consists of a network of SLAMS monitoring stations that can include FRM, FEM, and ARM monitors that are part of SLAMS, NCore, CSN, PAMS, and SPM stations. The plan shall include a statement of whether the operation of each monitor meets the requirements of appendices A, B, C, D, and E of this part, where applicable. The Regional Administrator may require additional information in support of this statement. The annual monitoring network plan must be made available for public inspection and comment for at least 30 days prior to submission to the EPA and the submitted plan shall include and address, as appropriate, any received comments.

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Appleton AAL

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-087-0009

County: Outagamie

City: Appleton

Address: 4579 N Meade St.



Operation: Year-round

Latitude: 44.30738

Longitude: -88.39509

Elevation: 240 (m)

Year Established: 1995

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | SC | YC, YC | | | | | | | |
| Objectives | Р | G, Q | | | | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments: PM_{2.5} is collocated FEM/FEM

Site Description:

This urban site is in an Appleton neighborhood. The sample inlets are about 5 meters above ground level and 9-10.3 meters from nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





Bad River Tribal School-Odanah

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-003-0010

County: Odanah

City: Ashland

Address: 53751 Pine St.



Operation: Year-round

Latitude: 46.60234

Longitude: -90.65615

Elevation: 188 (m)

Year Established: 2002

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | YC | YC | | | | | YC* | | * |
| Objectives | G | G | | | | | | | |

Frequency: Y = Year-round, S = Seasonal, C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration,

M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport, S = Source Oriented

Comments: Met includes WS/WD, BP, RH, temperature, solar radiation and precipitation; Other includes NADP biweekly composite AMoN

Site Description:

This tribal site is located on the Bad River Reservation adjacent to the Tribal School. The sample inlets are 220 meters from the nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





Bayside

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-079-0085

County: Milwaukee

City: Bayside

Address: 601 E. Ellsworth Ln.



Operation: Seasonal

Latitude: 43.181792

Longitude: -87.900976

Elevation: 204 (m)

Year Established: 1984

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | SC | | | | | | | | |
| Objectives | Р | | | | | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments:

Site Description:

This urban site is in Milwaukee County in the community of Bayside. This site is located inside the Bayside Middle School. The sample inlet is 15 meters above ground level and 258 meters from the nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





Beloit-Converse

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-105-0030

County: Rock

City: Beloit

Address: 1501 Ritsher St.



Operation: Seasonal

Latitude: 42.51831

Longitude: -89.06360

Elevation: 243(m)

Year Established: 2013

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | SC | | | | | | | | |
| Objectives | M, R | | | | | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

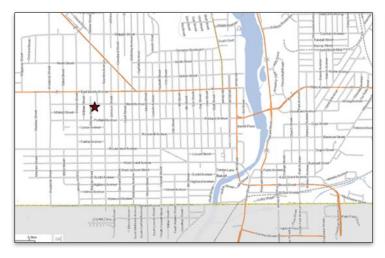
P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments:

Site Description:

This suburban site is located near Converse Elementary School in Beloit. The sample inlet is 5 meters above ground level and 4.9 meters from nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





Chiwaukee Prairie Stateline

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-059-0019

County: Kenosha

City: Pleasant Prairie

Address: 11838 First Court



Operation: Year-round

Latitude: 42.50472

Longitude: -87.80930

Elevation: 179 (m)

Year Established: 1988

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | SC | YC | | | | SC | YC* | | |
| Objectives | M, R | R | | | | S, R | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments: Met includes WS/WD, temperature, solar radiation and seasonal precipitation

Site Description:

This rural site is in the Chiwaukee Prairie, a rural area near the Wisconsin-Illinois border. The sample inlet is 8.5 meters above ground level and 13.7 meters from the nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





New shelter install planned for 2025

Columbus

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-021-0015

County: Columbia

City: Columbus

Address: N 1045 Wendt Rd.



Operation: Seasonal

Latitude: 43.31551

Longitude: -89.10889

Elevation: 307 (m)

Year Established: 1988

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | SC | | | | | | | | |
| Objectives | М | | | | | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12, 30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration,
M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments:

Site Description:

This rural site is in Columbia County on Wendt Road. The sample inlet is 5 meters above ground level and 10 meters from nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





Devil's Lake Park

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-111-0007

County: Sauk

City: Baraboo

Address: E12886 Tower Rd.



Operation: Year-round

Latitude: 43.43510

Longitude: -89.67979

Elevation: 383 (m)

Year Established: 1995

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | SC | YC | YC | | | | YC* | | γ* |
| Objectives | G | G | G | | | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments: Met includes WS/WD, and temperature; Other includes MDN and NTN composite samples collected weekly

Site Description:

This rural site is located at Devils Lake State Park. The sample inlets range from 5-6.4 meters from the ground. The inlets are 200 meters from the nearest rural road and 1,380 meters from the nearest state road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





Eau Claire - DOT Sign Shop

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-035-0014

County: Eau Claire

City: Eau Claire

Address: 5509 Highway 53 South



Operation: Year-round

Latitude: 44.76249

Longitude: -91.41445

Elevation: 277 (m)

Year Established: 2011

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | SC | YC | YC | | | | YC* | | |
| Objectives | М | Н | Н | | | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments: Met includes WS/WD and temperature

Site Description:

This site is in the corner of the Wisconsin State Patrol office parking lot, next to the DOT sign shop. The sample inlets range from 5.0 to 6.2 meters above ground level and 145 meters from the nearest roadway. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G





Elkhorn

Site Information

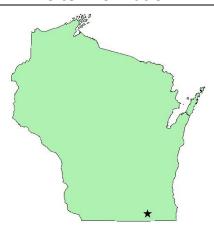
AQS Site ID: 55-127-0006

County: Walworth

City: Elkhorn

Address: Near W3905 County

Road NN



Operation: Seasonal

Latitude: 42.66218

Longitude: -88.48703

Elevation: 316 (m)

Year Established: 2019

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | SC | | | | | | | | |
| Objectives | М | | | | | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12, 30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments:

Site Description:

This site is located on the eastern edge of Elkhorn in a rural area. The sample inlet is 5.2 meters above ground level and 44 meters from the nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





Fond du Lac

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-039-0006

County: Fond du Lac

City: Byron

Address: N4010 Kelly Rd.



Operation: Seasonal

Latitude: 43.68740

Longitude: -88.42205

Elevation: 322 (m)

Year Established: 1994

Monitoring Parameters

| | 0 | | | | | | | | |
|------------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
| Frequency | SC | | | | | | | | |
| Objectives | М | | | | | | | | |

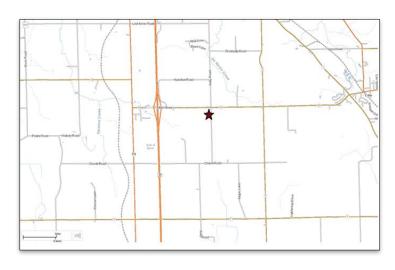
Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12, 30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly **Objectives:** G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other, P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments:

Site Description:

This rural site is in a farm field in the town of Byron. The sample inlet is 5 meters above ground level and 32.5 meters from nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





New shelter install planned for 2025

Grafton

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-089-0008

County: Ozaukee

City: Grafton

Address: 1866 N. Port Washington

Rd



Operation: Year-round

Latitude: 43.34317

Longitude: -87.92087

Elevation: 230 (m)

Year Established: 1994

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | SC | | | | | | SC* | | |
| Objectives | R | | | | | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration,

M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport, S = Source Oriented

Comments: Met includes WS/WD, BP, temperature with seasonal precipitation

Site Description:

This rural site is located off Highway I-43, next to the WE Energies landfill. The sample inlet is 5 meters above ground level and 44 meters from nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





Green Bay East High

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-009-0005

County: Brown

City: Green Bay

Address: 1415 Walnut St.



Operation: Year-round

Latitude: 44.50729

Longitude: -87.99344

Elevation: 180 (m)

Year Established: 1971

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | | YC | | | | | | | Y,6 |
| Objectives | | Н | | | | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

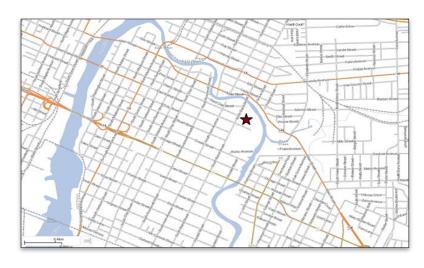
P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments: Other includes CSN on a 1/6 schedule

Site Description:

This site is located on the rooftop of Green Bay East High School. The sample inlets are 11-15 meters above the ground and 85 meters from nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





Green Bay UW

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-009-0026

County: Brown

City: Green Bay

Address: E. Circle Drive



Operation: Seasonal

Latitude: 44.53098

Longitude: -87.90799

Elevation: 213 (m)

Year Established: 1994

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | SC | | | | | | | | |
| Objectives | Р | | | | | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments:

Site Description:

This site is located behind the University of Wisconsin—Green Bay campus. The sample inlet is 5 meters above ground level and 600 meters from nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G





Harrington Beach Park

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-089-0009

County: Ozaukee

City: Belgium

Address: 531 Hwy D



Operation: Year-round

Latitude: 43.49830

Longitude: -87.81020

Elevation: 208 (m)

Year Established: 1994

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | SC | YC | | | | | YC | | YC* |
| Objectives | М | R | | | | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments: Met includes WS/WD, and temperature; Other includes aethalometer measuring black carbon and UVPM

Site Description:

This rural site is located at Harrington Beach State Park. The sample inlets range from 3-5 meters above ground level and 34 meters from nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





Ho-Chunk Nation Black River Falls

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-053-2002

County: Jackson

City: Black River Falls

Address: N7289 Five Horned Ave



Operation: Year-round

Latitude: 44.33466

Longitude: -90.78680

Elevation: 264 (m)

Year Established: 2020

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | | YC | | | | | | | |
| Objectives | | G | | | | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments:

Site Description:

This tribal site is located on the Ho-Chunk Nation reservation northeast of Black River Falls. The sample inlet is 5 meters above ground level and 46 meters from nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





Ho-Chunk Nation Tomah

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-081-2001

County: Monroe

City: Tomah

Address: 10750 County Hwy N



Operation: Year-round

Latitude: 44.02086

Longitude: -90.40161

Elevation: 282 (m)

Year Established: 2020

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | | YC | | | | | | | |
| Objectives | | G | | | | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

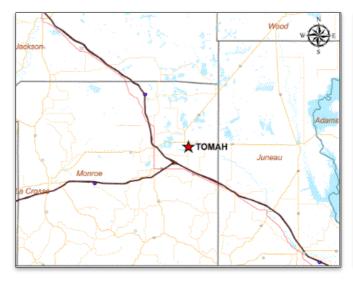
P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments:

Site Description:

This tribal site is located on the Ho-Chunk Nation reservation east of Tomah. The sample inlet is 5 meters above ground level and 210 meters from nearest state road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





Horicon Wildlife Area

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-027-0001

County: Dodge

City: Horicon

Address: 1298 N. Palmatory St.



Operation: Year-round

Latitude: 43.46611

Longitude: -88.62111

Elevation: 267 (m)

Year Established: 1982

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | YC | YC, Y3* | YC | YC | YC | | YC* | | |
| Objectives | G | G, Q | G | G | G | | | | |

Frequency: Y = Year-round, S = Seasonal, C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments: PM_{2.5} FEM primary, FRM secondary for NCore requirement; Met includes WS/WD, RH, barometric pressure, temperature with seasonal precipitation; Other includes year-round continuous NO_y; CSN on a 1/3 schedule.

Site Description:

This rural site is located at the Horicon Marsh State Wildlife Area. The sample inlets range from 3-10 meters above ground level and are 42 meters from a rural road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





Jefferson-Laatsch

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-055-0009

County: Jefferson

City: Jefferson

Address: N4440 Laatsch Ln.



Operation: Seasonal

Latitude: 43.00340

Longitude: -88.82830

Elevation: 240 (m)

Year Established: 1994

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | SC | | | | | | | | |
| Objectives | G, R | | | | | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments:

Site Description:

This site is at the end of Laatsch Lane and west of Jefferson Elementary School. The sample inlet is 4 meters above ground level and 90 meters from nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





Kaukauna

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-087-0015

County: Outagamie

City: Kaukauna

Address: 601 Plank Rd.



Operation: Year-round

Latitude: 44.28930

Longitude: -88.25219

Elevation: 205 (m)

Year Established: 2017

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | | | | | YC | | YC* | | |
| Objectives | | | | | S | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments: Met includes WS/WD, temperature

Site Description:

This site is located north of the Ahlstrom-Munksjo Kaukauna facility at a quarry entrance on Plank Road. Model results identified this location to be the highest normalized design value for SO₂. The sample inlet is 5.8 meters above ground level and 10 meters from the nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





Kenosha-Water Tower

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-059-0025

County: Kenosha

City: Kenosha

Address: 4504 64th Ave.



Operation: Seasonal

Latitude: 42.59560

Longitude: -87.88576

Elevation: 222 (m)

Year Established: 2013

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | SC | | | | | | SC* | | |
| Objectives | Р | | | | | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments: Met includes WS/WD and temperature

Site Description:

This site is located just east of Green Bay Road and north of the City of Kenosha. The sample inlet is 5 meters above ground level and 36 meters from the nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices A, C, D, E and G.





Kewaunee

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-061-0002

County: Kewaunee

City: Kewaunee

Address: 1630 Milwaukee St.



Operation: Seasonal

Latitude: 44.44312

Longitude: -87.50525

Elevation: 203 (m)

Year Established: 1994

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|--------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|-------|
| Frequency | SC | | | | | | | | |
| Objectives | R, M | | | | | | | | |
| Frequency: S | S = Seasonal, | Y = Year-round | | Objectives: | G = General, | /Background | , H = Highest | Concentratio | n, |

C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments:

Site Description:

This site is located on a bluff over Lake Michigan. The sample inlet is 6 meters above ground level and 83 meters from nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements Of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





La Crosse-DOT Building

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-063-0012

County: La Crosse

City: La Crosse

Address: 3550 Mormon Coulee

Rd.



Operation: Year-round

Latitude: 43.77750

Longitude: -91.2269

Elevation: 201 (m)

Year Established: 2005

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | SC | | | | | | | | |
| Objectives | М | | | | | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments:

Site Description:

This site is located on a Wisconsin Department of Transportation lot. The sample inlets range from 5-6 meters above ground level and are 113 meters from nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





Lake DuBay

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-073-0012

County: Marathon

City: Mosinee

Address: 1804 Bergen Rd.



Operation: Seasonal

Latitude: 44.70735

Longitude: -89.77192

Elevation: 383 (m)

Year Established: 1991

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | SC | С | | | | | | | |
| Objectives | G | G | | | | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

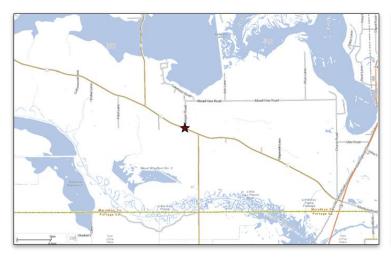
P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments:

Site Description:

This site is located near Lake DuBay in Marathon County. The sample inlet is 5.4 meters above ground level and 16.8 meters from the nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





New shelter install planned for 2025

Madison East

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-025-0041

County: Dane

City: Madison

Address: 2302 Hoard St.



Operation: Year-round

Latitude: 43.10101

Longitude: -89.35768

Elevation: 259 (m)

Year Established: 1999

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | SC | YC, Y6 | | | | | YC* | | Y6 |
| Objectives | Р | P, Q | | | | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments: PM_{2.5} FEM is collocated FEM/FRM; Met includes WS/WD, temperature and seasonal precipitation, Other includes CSN on a 1/6 schedule

Site Description:

This urban site is located next to the Madison East High School sports field. The sample inlets range from 5-6.1 meters above ground level and 43 meters from nearest public road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





Madison University Avenue Well #6

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-025-0047

County: Dane

City: Madison

Address: 2757 University Ave.



Operation: Year-round

Latitude: 43.07378

Longitude: -89.43595

Elevation: 266 (m)

Year Established: 1992

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | | YC | YC | | | | | | |
| Objectives | | Н | Р | | | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments:

Site Description:

This urban site is located on top of a City of Madison building. The sample inlet is 5 meters above ground level and 12 meters from nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





Manitowoc Woodland Dunes

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-071-0007

County: Manitowoc

City: Two Rivers

Address: 200 ft east of 2193 E Goodwin Rd.



Operation: Seasonal

Latitude: 44.13862

Longitude: -87.61612

Elevation: 183 (m)

Year Established: 1994

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | SC | | | | | | SC* | | |
| Objectives | R | | | | | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

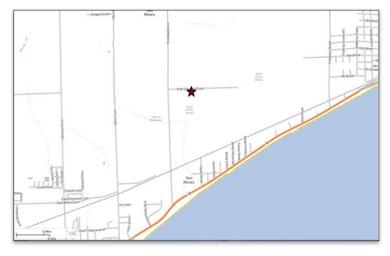
P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments: Met includes WS/WD and temperature

Site Description:

This rural site is located at the Woodland Dunes Nature Center & Preserve in Two Rivers. The sample inlet is 6 meters above ground level and 20 meters from nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





Milwaukee-College Ave. NR

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-079-0056

County: Milwaukee

City: Milwaukee

Address: 1400 W. College Ave.



Operation: Year-round

Latitude: 42.93257

Longitude: -87.93434

Elevation: 228 (m)

Year Established: 2013

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | | YC | YC | YC | | YC | YC* | | YC* |
| Objectives | | Р | Р | М | | Н | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments: Met includes WS/WD and temperature; Other includes aethalometer measuring black carbon and UVPM

Site Description:

This near-road site is located near the I-94 entrance ramp at College Avenue in the Park and Ride area. The sample inlets are 5 meters above ground level and 14 meters from nearest road. Given its proximity to a major interstate, this site is influenced by transportation pollution sources. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





Milwaukee Sixteenth St. Health Center

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-0079-0010

County: Milwaukee

City: Milwaukee

Address: 1337 S. 16th St



Operation: Year-round

Latitude: 43.01724

Longitude: -87.93369

Elevation: 192 (m)

Year Established: 1997

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | YC | YC, Y3 | Y6, Y6 | | | | | Υ* | Y,6* |
| Objectives | Р | H, Q | P, Q | | | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12, 30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly **Objectives:** G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments: $PM_{2.5}$ is collocated FEM/FRM; $PM_{2.5}$ FRM on a 1/3 frequency due to being an STN CSN site; PM_{10} is collocated FRM/FRM; Toxics include VOCs, carbonyls and metals on a 1/6 schedule and QC samples as prescribed in the applicable QAPPs; Other includes CSN on a 1/3 schedule and Hg monitoring

Site Description:

This urban site is located on the roof of the Health Center Building on the corner of S Cesar E. Chavez Dr. (16th St.) and Greenfield Ave. Sample inlets are 10-14 meters above ground level and 12 meters from the nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





Milwaukee UWM UPark

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-079-0068

County: Milwaukee

City: Milwaukee

Address: 4372 N. Humboldt Blvd.



Operation: Year-round

Latitude: 43.09456

Longitude: -87.90144

Elevation: 184 (m)

Year Established: 2021

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | SC | | | | YC | YC | YC* | | |
| Objectives | Р | | | | Р | P, H | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments: Met includes WS/WD, temperature and barometric pressure

Site Description:

This urban site is installed in the UW-Milwaukee Park & Ride lot. Sample inlets are 5 meters above ground and 119 meters from the nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





Newport Park

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-029-0004

County: Door

City: Ellison Bay

Address: 475 Newport Park Rd



Operation: Seasonal

Latitude: 45.23840

Longitude: -86.99400

Elevation: 192 (m)

Year Established: 1989

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | SC | | | | | | SC* | | |
| Objectives | R | | | | | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments: Met includes WS/WD, and temperature

Site Description:

This rural site is located inside Newport State Park. The sample inlet is 12 meters above ground level and 250 meters from the nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





Potawatomi

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-041-0007

County: Forest

City: Crandon

Address: 7474 Air Site Rd.



Operation: Year-round

Latitude: 45.56498

Longitude: -88.80859

Elevation: 556 (m)

Year Established: 2002

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | YC | YC | | | | | Υ* | | * |
| Objectives | G | G | | | | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

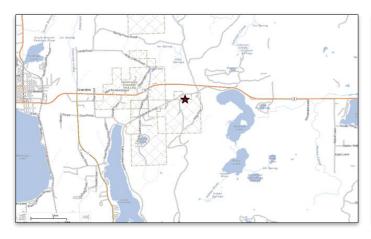
P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments: Met includes WS/WD, RH, and temperature; Other includes NTN and MDN composite samples collected weekly

Site Description:

This tribal site is located on the Forest County Potawatomi Community reservation. The sample inlets range from 2-6 meters above ground level and are 200 meters from the nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





Potosi

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-043-0009

County: Grant

City: Potosi

Address: 128 Hwy 61



Operation: Year-round

Latitude: 42.69302

Longitude: -90.69813

Elevation: 298 (m)

Year Established: 1999

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | | YC | | | | | | | |
| Objectives | | R | | | | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

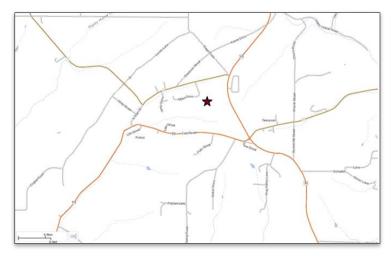
P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments:

Site Description:

This site is located at the Potosi High School grounds. The sample inlets are 5 meters above ground level and 100 meters from the nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





New shelter install planned for 2025

Racine-Payne and Dolan

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-101-0020

County: Racine

City: Racine

Address: 4500 Charles St.



Operation: Seasonal

Latitude: 42.77719

Longitude: -87.79675

Elevation: 190 (m)

Year Established: 2015

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | SC | | | | | | | | |
| Objectives | M, R | | | | | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

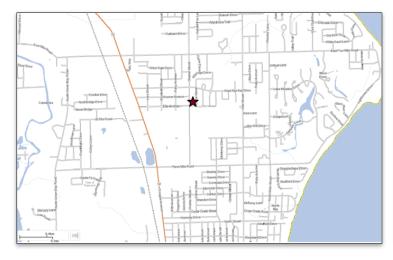
P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments:

Site Description:

This site is located next to a farm field in the rural village of Caledonia. The sample inlet is 4.9 meters above ground level and 20 meters from the nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





Rhinelander

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-085-0996

County: Oneida

City: Rhinelander

Address: 434 High St.



Operation: Year-round

Latitude: 45.64510

Longitude: -89.41848

Elevation: 490 (m)

Year Established: 1981

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | | | | | YC | | YC* | | |
| Objectives | | | | | H, S | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments: Met includes WS/WD and temperature

Site Description:

This site is located next to the Water Tower property accessed on Morrill St. The sample inlet is 5 meters above ground level and 30.5 meters from the nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





Sheboygan Haven

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-117-0009

County: Sheboygan

City: Sheboygan

Address: N7563 Hwy 42



Operation: Seasonal

Latitude: 43.81560

Longitude: -87.79223

Elevation: 224 (m)

Year Established: 2014

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | SC | | | | | | SC* | | |
| Objectives | Р | | | | | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments: Met includes WS/WD, and temperature

Site Description:

This site is located at a rural setting. The sample inlet is 5 meters above ground level and 61 meters from nearest public road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices A, C, D, E and G.





Sheboygan Kohler Andrae

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-117-0006

County: Sheboygan

City: Sheboygan

Address: 1020 Beach Park Rd.



Operation: Seasonal

Latitude: 43.66737

Longitude: -87.71631

Elevation: 180 (m)

Year Established: 1997

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | SC | | | | | | SC* | | |
| Objectives | R, M | | | | | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

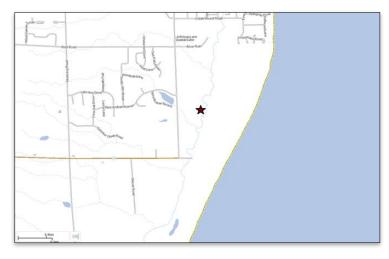
P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments: Met includes WS/WD and temperature

Site Description:

This site is located inside the nature center along the shore of Lake Michigan at Kohler-Andrae State Park. The sample inlet is 6.4 meters above ground level and 482 meters from the nearest service road and 747 meters from the nearest public road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirements of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





Trout Lake

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-125-0001

County: Vilas

City: Boulder Junction

Address: Trout Lake State Forestry

HQ

4125 Forest Headquarter Rd



Operation: Year-round

Latitude: 46.05200

Longitude: -89.65405

Elevation: 500 (m)

Year Established: 2002

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | SC | | | | | | | | * |
| Objectives | G | | | | | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport, S = Source Oriented

ita samplas callacted weekly

Comments: Other includes MDN and NTN composite samples collected weekly

Site Description:

This rural site is in a field at the DNR Forestry Site on County M, Boulder Junction. The sample inlets range from 5-6 meters above ground level and 36.5 meters from the nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirement of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G





Waukesha-Cleveland Ave.

Site Information

AQS Site ID: 55-133-0027

County: Waukesha

City: Waukesha

Address: 1310 Cleveland Ave.



Operation: Year-round

Latitude: 43.02012

Longitude: -88.21505

Elevation: 262 (m)

Year Established: 1989

Monitoring Parameters

| | O ₃ | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | СО | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | Met | Toxics | Other |
|------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|-------|
| Frequency | SC | YC, Y6 | YC | | | | YC* | | |
| Objectives | | H. Q | Н | | | | | | |

Frequency: S = Seasonal, Y = Year-round C = Continuous, 1 = Daily, 3 = 1/3, 6 = 1/6, 12 = 1/12,

30 = Monthly, 60 = Bimonthly, 90 = Quarterly

Objectives: G = General/Background, H = Highest Concentration, M = Max Ozone Concentration, NA = Not Applicable, O = Other,

P = Population Exposure, Q = Quality Assurance, R = Regional Transport,

S = Source Oriented

Comments: PM_{2.5} is collocated FEM/FRM; Met includes WS/WD, temperature and barometric pressure

Site Description:

This urban site is in a fenced-in area on a city lot in Waukesha County. The sample inlets are 5 meters above ground level and 6 meters from the nearest road. Verified through annual DNR audits, the site meets the requirement of 40 CFR 58, Appendices C, D, E and G.





Appendix E:

Enhanced Ozone Monitoring Plan

Introduction

As required by 40 CFR Part 58 Appendix D 5(h), DNR is providing an enhanced ozone monitoring plan (EMP). Appendix D (5)(h) states, in part:

The EMP will include monitoring activities deemed important to understanding the Ozone (O_3) problems in the state. Such activities may include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (1) Additional O₃ monitors beyond the minimally required under paragraph 4.1 of this appendix,
- (2) Additional NO_X or NO_Y monitors beyond those required under 4.3 of this appendix,
- (3) Additional speciated VOC measurements including data gathered during different periods other than required under paragraph 5(g) of this appendix, or locations other than those required under paragraph 5(a) of this appendix, and
- (3) Enhanced upper air measurements of meteorology or pollution concentrations.

Overview

The EPA approved an enhanced ozone monitoring plan as part of its approval of Wisconsin's 2020-2025 Annual Network Plans (ANPs). As part of its continued requirement to perform enhanced ozone monitoring, DNR plans to:

- Continue the operation of ozone and ozone precursor monitors (NO_x, carbonyls and VOCs) beyond those minimally required.
- Engage and support external partners collecting ozone-related data.

Details on these activities are provided below. These efforts provide:

- Additional insights into the mechanisms and dynamics of ozone formation and transport along Wisconsin's Lake Michigan lakeshore.
- Advances into DNR's understanding of the ozone challenges in Wisconsin.
- Improved modeling in the region.
- Support for future regulatory submittals related to ozone.

Monitoring of ozone and ozone precursors beyond federal requirements

In advance of each ozone season, DNR works with EPA and external partners to review data generated by enhanced ozone monitoring and to focus resources for the upcoming ozone season. This review is completed with research and policy decisions in mind, to meet Wisconsin's EMP goals.

The DNR is conducting enhanced ozone monitoring at two sites located inland from the Lake Michigan shoreline: Sheboygan Haven (55-117-0009) and Kenosha Water Tower (55-059-0025). These sites are not required by federal rule to meet minimum monitoring requirements (see Appendix A Minimum Monitoring Requirements and Appendix B: Waivers and Approvals). DNR has been monitoring ozone at these locations since 2013 (Kenosha Water Tower) and 2014 (Sheboygan Haven) for the purpose of better understanding the lakeshore impact on ozone concentrations along Lake Michigan's western shoreline. These sites are located 3.2 to 3.6 miles inland from monitors along the shoreline. Ozone concentration gradients have been extrapolated from the comparison of the shoreline vs. inland monitors.

Monitoring ozone precursors provides insight to contributing conditions of ozone formation near the lakeshore. Milwaukee UWM UPark site (55-079-0068) is a population-based site that operates a year-round NOx (CAPS) monitor. The Chiwaukee site (55-059-0019) operates a seasonal NO_2 (CAPS) monitor from May to August.

The DNR continues long term monitoring of the concentrations of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and carbonyls at Milwaukee 16th Street Health Center (55-079-0010). The Milwaukee 16th Street Health Center site is part of the Urban Air Toxics Monitoring program (UATM). The site provides critical data on formaldehyde and acetaldehyde, which are key ozone precursors. Comparing these data sets with past collected lakeshore VOC and carbonyl measurements helps contextualize air quality dynamics across urban and lakeshore areas.

Data analysis of speciated ozone event-based VOC and carbonyls has shown limitations of speciated sampling in a rural environment and has helped policymakers in the region understand the over-lake NO_x/VOC gradient dynamics. Further data analysis will continue. The DNR does not intend to include ozone event-based VOC or carbonyl sample collections in the 2025 EMP.

Engaging and supporting external partners conducting ozone research studies

The DNR continues to engage external partners and agencies that are researching ozone issues in Wisconsin through field research campaigns. The specific activities that will be undertaken each year are subject to partner resource availability and program priorities, but have historically included the following:

- Collection of ozone-related data using nontraditional methods, such as drones and ships.
- Operation of Pandora and Aeronet monitors at lakeshore locations to help determine the levels of NO₂ and formaldehyde in the boundary layer column.
- Wind lidar measurements to help determine emission mapping and trajectories.
- Real time continuous VOC monitoring using Proton Transfer Reaction Mass Spectrometry (PTR-MS).
- RO3QET Trailer with ozone lidar to help determine vertical ozone gradients; also included meteorological and ozone sondes deployments

Historical enhanced ozone collaborations and campaigns

In 2017, the LMOS campaign was a collaborative, multi-agency field study of ozone chemistry and meteorology along the Wisconsin-Illinois Lake Michigan shoreline using a combination of aircraft, ground-based and ship-based measurements. Field activities were conducted May 22 through June 22, 2017. The campaign was conducted by researchers from three federal agencies and five research universities, in collaboration with the Lake Michigan Air Directors Consortium. Measurements focused on the Lake Michigan shoreline between Sheboygan, WI and Chicago, IL and addressed all four types of measurement suggested in 40 CFR Appendix D (5)(h).

In 2019, the DNR deployed its mobile air monitoring trailer (MAML) at two different locations with the goal to better understand lakeshore gradients in WI. Event based VOC samples were collected and analyzed for photochemical assessment monitoring station (PAMS) compounds. In 2020, the mobile trailer was deployed near the lakeshore in Sheboygan paired with additional VOC sampling capability at Chiwaukee, but equipment availability due to COVID-19 limited the state to carbonyl sampling only.

In 2022 and 2023, the DNR partnered with researchers from the University of Wisconsin and Great Lakes Environmental Research Laboratory (GLERL) to conduct mobile marine based air monitoring onboard the Viking Octantis research vessel. This vessel traversed Lake Michigan twice monthly during ozone season to capture O_3 and NO_2 (CAPS) data directly over central areas of the lake.

In 2023, the DNR hosted researchers near the Chiwaukee Prairie site. Specifically, the DNR participated in National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) with the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) AGES+ campaign. This campaign was the AEROMMA/STAQs focus which included five days of low-altitude flights over Lake Michigan. The University of Alabama-Huntsville's Rocket-city Ozone Quality Evaluation in the Troposphere (RO3QET) monitoring platform gathered tropospheric ozone profiles using an ozone lidar. The researchers also deployed 36+ wind sondes and 15 ozone sondes. Additionally, a SeaRay plane provided by researchers had 15+ flights over nine days capturing data on O_3 and NO_2 over Lake Michigan. Researchers also deployed drones over multiple days and flights to collect data over land.

To better understand ozone precursors, CO was monitored at the Chiwaukee Prairie site from 2022 to 2024 from May to August as an air mass tracing pollutant. It has since been determined that the CO data collected has been of limited use for better understanding Wisconsin's unique lakeshore ozone formation. As a result, CO monitoring will cease at Chiwaukee beginning in 2025.

Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC) Program

The purpose of the QA/QC program is to assure the quality of data obtained from the DNR air monitoring sites. The DNR meets or exceeds the QA requirements defined in 40 CFR 58 and all applicable appendices.

The QA/QC program includes but is not limited to the following activities:

Monitor siting evaluations

- Zero, precision and span checks
- Bias determinations
- Flow rate audits
- Leak checks
- Data validation

As the Primary Quality Assurance Organization (PQAO) for ambient air monitoring activities in Wisconsin, the DNR operates under an EPA approved Quality Management Plan (QMP) and uses Quality Assurance Project Plans (QAPP) for each statewide monitoring network. The primary purpose of the QAPP is to provide an overview of the project, describe the need for the measurements, and define QA/QC activities to be applied to the project. All other ambient air monitoring initiatives including state, tribal, and industrial projects must have a DNR approved monitoring plan for each specific project.

Data produced by external research partners may use equipment and methods that are not commonly used by the DNR. The DNR may cooperate with or provide some oversight of these activities. The external partners are expected to operate independently to produce usable data and maintain their own quality documentation. The DNR may use this data in its decision making, as deemed appropriate.

Data Processing and Reporting

Ambient air quality data are stored in a centralized server located at the Wisconsin Department of Administration. Continuous pollutant monitoring data are retrieved hourly and posted to the DNR Air Quality website (https://airquality.wi.gov/) and sent to the EPA's AirNow web site (https://gispub.epa.gov/airnow/).

Due to the interest from the public and researchers the DNR began sharing EOM data via the Widen platform. The data collection primarily consists of raw data sets and interim draft analysis. The EOM Collection portal to Widen is available on the DNR Air Quality Monitoring website. (https://wi-dnr.widencollective.com/portals/iwvftorq/AirMonitoringData)

Network Changes

Changes to the Enhanced Ozone Monitoring Network are intended to improve the effectiveness of monitoring efforts. This section of the document contains all changes that are planned for May 1, 2025 through December 31, 2026.

Proposed Network Changes (May 1, 2025 – December 31, 2026)

Enhancements needed to support Wisconsin's enhanced ozone monitoring efforts during the 2025 ozone season are detailed in this section. Following the conclusion of the 2025 ozone season, data will be reviewed to determine the configuration of the enhanced ozone monitoring network for the 2026 ozone season. This approach allows DNR to ensure an up-to-date, scientific approach to this critical work.

Appendix F:

Planned and Actual Changes from the 2025 Air Monitoring Network Plan

Summary

Each annual network plan includes anticipated changes to the network since the last network plan during approximately the next eighteen months ending on December 31 of the year specified in the network plan title. Table 1 lists the proposed network changes from the 2025 Network Plan by parameter network. Table 2 lists the actual network changes that occurred through April 1, 2025 by parameter network.

Federal Regulation

Requirements to submit network change information are found in a number of places in 40 CFR including: §58.10(a)(2), §58.10(e), §58.10(b)(5), §58.14(a), §58.14(b) and §58.14(c).

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Table 1: Planned Network Changes from the 2025 Air Monitoring Network Plan

May 1, 2024 – December 31, 2025

| Monitoring Site | AQS Site ID | Site | Ozone | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | PM _{10-2.5} | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | 00 | NOy | Meteorological | Metals (PM ₁₀) | VOC / Carbonyl | Ян | AmoN | MDN | NTN | CSN |
|-----------------|-------------|------|-------|-------------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----|-----|----------------|----------------------------|----------------|----|------|-----|-----|-----|
| Eau Claire | 55-035-0014 | | | | | | | | | | A1 | | | | | | | |
| Ho-Chunk Nation | 55-053-2002 | А3 | | Α | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ho-Chunk Nation | 55-081-2001 | А3 | | А | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lake Dubay | 55-063-0012 | | | | | | | | | | A2 | | | | | | | |
| Potawatomi | 55-041-0007 | | | | | | Т | | | | | | | | | | | |

A = Addition

1 = Outdoor Temperature

M = Modification

2 = WS, WD, Temp

T = Termination

3 = Wisconsin PQAO partner

Table 2: Actual Network Changes from the 2025 Air Monitoring Network Plan

| Monitoring Site | AQS Site ID | Site | Ozone | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | PM _{10-2.5} | SO ₂ | NO ₂ | 00 | ΛΟΝ | Meteorological | Metals (PM ₁₀) | VOC / Carbonyl | Ян | NDM | NTN | CSN |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|------|-------|-------------------|------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----|-----|----------------|----------------------------|----------------|----|-----|-----|-----|
| Eau Claire | 55-035-0014 | | | | | | | | | | A1 | | | | | | |
| Ho-Chunk Nation Black River Falls | 55-053-2002 | A2 | | Α | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ho-Chunk Nation Tomah | 55-081-2001 | A2 | | Α | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Potawatomi | 55-041-0007 | | | | | | Т | | | | | | | | | | |

A = Addition

M = Modification

T = Termination

1 = Outdoor Temperature

2 = Wisconsin PQAO partner

Appendix G: SO₂ Data Requirements Rule Emissions Assessment

Section 51.1205(b) of EPA's SO_2 Data Requirements Rule (DRR) (40 CFR 51 Subpart BB) requires Wisconsin to submit an annual report to the Regional Administrator that documents the annual SO_2 emissions of each applicable source in each area where modeling of actual SO_2 emissions served as the basis for designating such area as attaining the 2010 1-hour SO_2 NAAQS. This report is to be submitted by July 1 of each year and must provide an assessment of the cause of any emissions increases and a recommendation regarding the need for additional modeling to determine if the areas are still meeting the 2010 1-hour SO_2 NAAQS.

Marathon County is the only attainment/unclassifiable area in Wisconsin that remains subject to this annual DRR verification requirement. As recommended by the EPA, the DNR has elected to submit the annual assessment for this area as part of this network plan.

The table below shows actual SO_2 emissions for Marathon County for 2013 through 2015 (the years used in the modeling of this area submitted to the EPA in January 2016) and the most recent three years of data. Annual SO_2 emissions are listed for the DRR-identified source in the area—the WPSC-Weston Plant—along with the two other sources that were included in the DRR modeling.

SO₂ emissions data for Marathon County (tons per year)

| FID | FACILITY NAME | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
|-----------|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 737009020 | WISCONSIN PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATION (WPSC) - WESTON PLANT | 7120 | 5521 | 4099 | 676 | 529 | 597 |
| 737009570 | AHLSTROM MOSINEE, LLC (FORMERLY, 'EXPERA SPECIALTY SOLUTIONS - MOSINEE') | 1381 | 1461 | 1498 | 1106 | 983 | 1063 |
| 737010450 | DOMTAR PAPER COMPANY, LLC | 28 | 27 | 29 | 19 | 18 | 20 |
| | AREA TOTAL | 8529 | 7009 | 5626 | 1832 | 1582 | 1680 |

As shown in the table, SO_2 emissions in Marathon County have declined significantly since these sources were modeled for the DRR. SO_2 emissions from the modeling domain attainment/unclassifiable area totaled 1680 tons in 2024. This is 80% lower than emissions in 2013 and 70% lower than emissions in 2015 (the years modeled to satisfy Round 3 DRR requirements). Due to sources' operational variability, annual emissions are expected to fluctuate, as indicated by the minor increases in emissions at the modeled sources for the 2024 data year. However, given the general significant decrease in SO_2 emissions and emissions below the standard, the DNR concludes that no additional modeling for the Marathon County attainment/unclassifiable area is necessary to satisfy ongoing DRR compliance requirements.