#### UNSEWERED PROJECT FINANCING

#### **CLEAN WATER FUND PROGRAM**

Projects to construct new sewer systems typically have more complicated financing issues and more timing issues than other types of wastewater projects. When new sewer collection system projects are undertaken by new Sanitary Districts, Lake Districts or Town Utility Districts, there often are management issues associated with the start-up of operations that must be considered. Since most new districts do not have significant financial resources prior to the completion of the sewer project, it becomes critical that the plan for financing the project properly identifies the critical financing issues so that the District does not end up in a position where it cannot meet its payment liabilities. Some projects may not be affordable without substantial grant funding and this determination needs to be made as early as possible. With these thoughts in mind, the following suggestions are offered to districts preparing to build new wastewater collection systems.

## I. Finance Plan for the Project

Consider including in the Finance Plan for the project:

## General Background -

- Why is the project needed?
- What is the estimated total cost of the project?
- What is the user composition of the District by user type?
- Are there special issues such as seasonal users?

- Will the District or the users own and maintain the grinder pumps?
- What is the District's debt limit if GO Debt is being considered?
- Is there a draft Intermunicipal Agreement for the District's wastewater to be processed by a treatment plant owned by another municipality?
- What is the estimated income level of the residents in the District?

## Sources of Project Funding -

- How much of the project will be funded by the Clean Water Fund Program?
- What project costs are identified as being funded by the other lenders or grant providers?
- How much of the project will be funded by other lenders or grant providers?
- e.g. sewer lateral, treatment plant buy-in charge, financial liability for remaining value of septic systems<sup>1</sup>, user owned grinder pumps... Is 100% of the total project cost covered by the proposed financing sources?

#### Revenues to Pay Project Debt Service -

- Will the District use property tax levies, user 

   Does the District plan to use meters to charges, special assessments, or a combination to pay the project debt payments?
  - measure sewer use?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 60.726, Wisconsin Statutes, provides for sanitary districts that are constructing a municipal sewer system to compensate property owners for the remaining value of their septic system or holding tank if it is less than 10 years old.

- Will connection fees be charged?
- How will the amount of each of these charges be determined?
- Will the fixed portion of the user charge be used for debt payments so it is not subject to declines based on water usage?
- Will seasonal residents pay sewer user charges year-round?
- What term is proposed for the payment of special assessments on the installment plan?

## Total Cost for Typical Household -

- What are all of the sewer system costs that the typical household will pay? Include: annual property tax, annual user charge, annual special assessment installment, septic abandonment charge, connection fee, private lateral cost, grinder pump maintenance, etc.
- Are residents able and willing to pay these costs?
- What is the projected annual sewer cost per household as a percent of the District's Median Household Income?

#### Timing of Revenues & Debt Payments -

- When will the District's revenue stream(s) start?
- When will the project debt payments start?
- Will interest on the project loan(s) need to be capitalized until District revenues are available?
- When will the 90-day appeal period for the special assessments expire?
- When will the first special assessment installment be collected?
- How will the money from people paying their special assessments in full be applied?

Cash Flow Projection – For projects with special assessments or multiple revenue sources and multiple project debts, a cash flow projection should be prepared. The cash flow projection should lay out the annual revenues available for debt service and the annual debt payments in order to demonstrate that the planned revenues of the District will be sufficient to cover the debt payments (and debt coverage) each year. The projected debt payment schedule should be based on whether the loan amortization is on a level principal & interest basis or on a level principal basis. The cash flow projection should highlight any need for interest to be capitalized to the loan balance while the project is under construction. The District Commissioners should all review the cash flow projection to ensure that the plan is understood and agreed to by all the District Commissioners. [sample Cash flow Projection and sample Loan Payment Schedules are attached for illustration purposes]

### II. Timeline – Project Milestones

- Discuss project feasibility with engineer (including estimated project cost per user and estimated annual sewer charge per household)
- Submit Facility Plan to DNR Bureau of Watershed Management
- Submit Intent to Apply ("ITA") form to DNR Bureau of Community Financial Assistance (CFA) if CWFP funding is anticipated
- ♦ Pass IRS Reimbursement Resolution
- Prepare preliminary Finance Plan
- Complete Archaeological Study (if any)
- ♦ Submit Plans & Specifications to DNR Bureau of Watershed Management
- Obtain easements & land opinion
- ♦ Have attorney prepare 60.726 Financial Liability Opinion (sanitary districts)
- Start Special Assessment proceedings [send copy of all docs to Bond Counsel as completed]
- DNR approval of Facility Plan
- Submit loan application to DNR CFA
- ◆ DNR approval of Plans & Specifications
- DNR approval of Parallel Cost Percentage
- ◆ DNR approval of 2/3rds Rule findings<sup>2</sup>
- Let bids for project construction
- Pass resolution to accept specific bid
- ♦ Finalize Finance Plan based on bid results
- Adopt user charge rates
- Execute construction contracts
- Collect money from people paying Special Assessment in full
- Close loan(s) for funding construction
- Start construction
- Start user connections
- Date user connections mostly done
- Date loan payments start

## III. Other Issues

Disclosure of Costs to Sewer System Users - As a lender, the State has an interest in knowing that a reasonable effort was made by the District to inform sewer users of the estimated amounts they will be paying to cover costs associated with the proposed sewer system. [See section above titled Total Cost for Typical Household] This effort may include such things as: a public meeting, direct mailings, articles in the local newspaper and one-on-one meetings with individual property owners. The District should retain evidence of this effort and if requested provide a copy to the Department of Administration. Given that new sewer systems tend to be high cost projects, it is important that the size of the annual sewer charges are known by District residents in advance so that they can budget accordingly. Is there broad support for the project at the cost level most recently disclosed by the District?

**Sewer User Ordinance** – The Sewer Use Ordinance provides a strong incentive for users to connect to the sewer system. If District's can implement their Sewer Use Ordinance on a timely basis the connection fees and user charge revenues will start on time. Sufficient financial penalty for untimely connections should be considered in order to ensure that the District has sufficient revenues to meet its payment liabilities.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The 2/3rds Rule is used to determine if an unsewered project, or portions of that project, are eligible for subsidized interest rate financing based on the age of the residences in the project area. See s. 281.58(8)(c), Wis. Stats.

**Prepaid Special Assessments** – Special Assessments may be levied for the project to pay for costs associated with that specifically identified project. The money collected from special assessments must be used only for the specific project that it was levied for. Special assessments may not be used for other projects or to pay for operating expenses. Prepaid special assessments should be used to prepay project debt so that the District's remaining special assessment revenue stay in balance with its debt payment schedule.

## IV. General Project Suggestions

- Consider a Town Utility District form of operation if administrative costs and staffing are issues...i.e. the Town may already have accounting & administrative systems as well as staff.
- Get a rough estimate of the project cost per user and annual sewer cost per household from the engineer as early as possible to determine whether the proposed project is affordable.
   How much can the typical household in the District afford to pay for sewer service each year?
- Publicize the proposed project so sanitary District residents do not install new septic systems shortly before a municipal sewer system is constructed which would increase the sanitary District's 60.726 financial liability.
- Discuss the preliminary Finance Plan with the lender(s) after the facility plan has been prepared to make sure that the plan is workable. Update the Finance Plan numbers after the Plans & Specs are prepared to make sure that the project is still affordable.
- For complicated projects like many of the new sewer systems, the District may need to hire a
  Financial Advisor to deal with the project finance and timing issues if the District does not have
  the in-house expertise or time to devote to financing issues.
- Obtain DNR approval of the Plans & Specs prior to letting the bids for the project to avoid the risk of having to sign construction contracts without having DNR plan approval.
- Make sure that a workable finance plan is developed before letting bids and executing construction contracts.
- Structure any Interim Project Debt so that it can be paid-off at the time that the permanent funding is expected to be available. This may require including a 30-day call provision in the Interim Project Debt instrument.
- Make sure that a reasonable amount of time is factored in for residents to connect to the sewer system so that the District will have sufficient revenues on hand by the time the first debt payment is scheduled.

#### V. Management Issues for Districts Starting Operations

**Accounting System** - Is there an adequate accounting system in place for project accounting, user charge billings, special assessment principal & interest installments, special assessment partial payments, special assessment prepayments, connection fees, operating expenses and debt payments?

**Management Reporting** – Does the accounting system provide the District Commissioners and officers sufficient financial information on a timely basis for decision-making? Is a monthly or quarterly Income & Expense statement generated for the Commissioners? Do the Commissioners receive a monthly report of delinquent accounts? Is a twelve-month Income & Expense statement generated at year-end?

Annual Budget - Is an annual budget prepared as required by section 65.90, Wisconsin Statutes?

**Property Tax Levy** – Is the District familiar with the deadlines and other requirements for levying a tax on properties within the District in the event that the District has a shortfall in revenues? [Consult with Town or County officials]

**Record Keeping** – Is the record keeping system sufficient for the nature of the District's operation? Are records organized so that more than one officer of the District can find and extract information? Is there a sufficient audit trail for verifying payment due and bills paid? Are Contracts, Intermunicipal Agreements, Debt Transcripts, etc., stored in such a way so that they are available for periodic reference?

If the municipality would like to discuss project or loan eligibility issues, contact the DNR Project Manager @ 608-266-7555 assigned to the project. If the municipality would like to discuss financing issues, call Ed Brinson, Department of Administration, at 608-267-1836.

Total

#### SAMPLE CASH FLOW PROJECTION FOR DEBT PAYMENTS - Level Principal Amortization

### Municipality: Trout Lake San Dist No. 4

**INPUT ITEMS** 1,000,000

Total Principal Amount of Special Assessments

4.500% Interest Rate Charged by Muni on Spec. Assess. (.0XXX) Clean Water Loan Beginning Principal Amount 920,000

3.920% Clean Water Loan Interest Rate Assume: Total Project cost is \$1,133,100

District is levying special assessments with 15 year term 15 Year \$920,000 CWFP Loan with level principal payments

10 year Bank loan @ 6% for \$213,100 buy-in charge & laterals, See [13] Only 4 months of interest due on 2002 Spec. Assess installment payment

		[2]	[3]	[4]	[2]+[3]+[4]	[6]	[2]+[3]+[4]		From [2]			[12]			Income
	Begin	Assumed	Sp. Ass.	Spec. Ass.	Total	Debt	+[6]	Beginning	Excess	CWFP	CWFP	CWFP	[13]	[12]+[13]	Minus
	Special	Prepaid	Collect	Interest	Income	Service	Total Income	CWFP	Special	Principal	Interest	Prin & Int	Bank Debt	Total	Total
	Assessment	Special	Schedule	Charged	from	in User	for Debt	Loan	Assess.	Payment	Payment	Payment	Payments for	Debt	Debt
YEAR ****	Balance	Asses.	[level Prin]	by Muni	Sp. Asses.	Charge	Payments *****	Balance	Applied	[level Prin]	Annual Amt	Annual ******	InEilgibles	Payment(s)	Payment *******
Start	1,000,000	0	NA	NA	-	NA	NA	920,000	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-
2002	1,000,000	0	66,667	15,000	81,667	25,000	106,667	920,000	-	61,333	36,064	97,397	0	97,397	9,26
2003	933,333	0	66,667	42,000	108,667	25,000	133,667	858,667	-	61,333	33,660	94,993	34,096	129,089	4,57
2004	866,667	0	66,667	39,000	105,667	25,000	130,667	797,333	-	61,333	31,255	92,589	32,817	125,406	5,26
2005	800,000	0	66,667	36,000	102,667	25,000	127,667	736,000	-	61,333	28,851	90,185	31,539	121,723	5,94
2006	733,333	0	66,667	33,000	99,667	25,000	124,667	674,667	-	61,333	26,447	87,780	30,260	118,040	6,62
2007	666,667	0	66,667	30,000	96,667	25,000	121,667	613,333	-	61,333	24,043	85,376	28,982	114,358	7,30
2008	600,000	0	66,667	27,000	93,667	25,000	118,667	552,000	-	61,333	21,638	82,972	27,703	110,675	7,99
2009	533,333	0	66,667	24,000	90,667	25,000	115,667	490,667	-	61,333	19,234	80,567	26,424	106,992	8,67
2010	466,667	0	66,667	21,000	87,667	25,000	112,667	429,333	-	61,333	16,830	78,163	25,146	103,309	9,3
2011	400,000	0	66,667	18,000	84,667	25,000	109,667	368,000	-	61,333	14,426	75,759	23,867	99,626	10,04
2012	333,333	0	66,667	15,000	81,667	25,000	106,667	306,667	-	61,333	12,021	73,355	22,589	95,943	10,72
2013	266,667	0	66,667	12,000	78,667	25,000	103,667	245,333	-	61,333	9,617	70,950	0	70,950	32,7
2014	200,000	0	66,667	9,000	75,667	25,000	100,667	184,000	-	61,333	7,213	68,546	0	68,546	32,12
2015	133,333	0	66,667	6,000	72,667	25,000	97,667	122,667	-	61,333	4,809	66,142	0	66,142	31,5
2016	66,667	0	66,667	3,000	69,667	25,000	94,667	61,333	-	61,333	2,404	63,738	0	63,738	30,92
2017 2018															
2019															
2020															
2021															
2021		******	*****	******	*****	******	******		*****	*****	******	******	*****	*****	*****
		0	\$1,000,000	\$330,000	\$1,330,000	\$375,000	\$1,705,000		_	\$920,000	\$288,512	\$1,208,512	\$283,423	\$1,491,935	\$213,0

NOTES: Above schedule assumes that the user charge will cover O&M&R cost plus \$25,000 for debt service annually. No special assessment delinquencies are assumed and no adjustment for special assessment prepayments is included. Fin\_Plan\_Attach#1.xls

## \*\*\*SAMPLE PAYMENT SCHEDULE\*\*\*

# based on level total Principal & Interest Payments each bond year Assumed Date of Loan: November 1, 2001

				Principal	Bond Year
		Interest		and	Debt
Date	Principal	Rate	Interest	Interest	Service
01-May-02	49,941.10	4.000%	20,000.00	\$69,941.10	\$69,941.10
01-Nov-02			19,001.18	19,001.18	
01-May-03	51,938.74	4.000%	19,001.18	70,939.92	89,941.10
01-Nov-03			17,962.40	17,962.40	
01-May-04	54,016.29	4.000%	17,962.40	71,978.70	89,941.10
01-Nov-04			16,882.08	16,882.08	
01-May-05	56,176.95	4.000%	16,882.08	73,059.02	89,941.10
01-Nov-05			15,758.54	15,758.54	
01-May-06	58,424.02	4.000%	15,758.54	74,182.56	89,941.10
01-Nov-06			14,590.06	14,590.06	
01-May-07	60,760.98	4.000%	14,590.06	75,351.04	89,941.10
01-Nov-07			13,374.84	13,374.84	
01-May-08	63,191.42	4.000%	13,374.84	76,566.26	89,941.10
01-Nov-08			12,111.01	12,111.01	
01-May-09	65,719.08	4.000%	12,111.01	77,830.09	89,941.10
01-Nov-09			10,796.63	10,796.63	
01-May-10	68,347.84	4.000%	10,796.63	79,144.47	89,941.10
01-Nov-10			9,429.67	9,429.67	
01-May-11	71,081.76	4.000%	9,429.67	80,511.43	89,941.10
01-Nov-11			8,008.04	8,008.04	
01-May-12	73,925.03	4.000%	8,008.04	81,933.06	89,941.10
01-Nov-12			6,529.54	6,529.54	
01-May-13	76,882.03	4.000%	6,529.54	83,411.56	89,941.10
01-Nov-13			4,991.89	4,991.89	
01-May-14	79,957.31	4.000%	4,991.89	84,949.21	89,941.10
01-Nov-14			3,392.75	3,392.75	
01-May-15	83,155.60	4.000%	3,392.75	86,548.35	89,941.10
01-Nov-15			1,729.64	1,729.64	
01-May-16	86,481.83	4.000%	1,729.64	88,211.46	89,941.10

Each 12 month period ending May 1st has level principal & interest payments

Total	\$1,000,000.00	\$329,116.51	\$1,329,116.51	\$1,329,116.51

Net Interest Rate4.000%Bond Years8,227.913Average Life8.228

07-Oct-03 Wisconsin Department of Administration